

BOSTON REGION METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION

Jamey Tesler, MassDOT Secretary and CEO and MPO Chair Tegin L. Teich, Executive Director, MPO Staff

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

DATE: January 20, 2022

TO: Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization]

FROM: Seth Asante, MPO Staff

RE: Selection of FFY 2022 LRTP Priority Corridor Study Location

1 BACKGROUND

During the development of the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO) Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), *Destination 2040*, the MPO staff identified existing needs for all transportation modes in the region. The results were compiled in the LRTP Needs Assessment, which is used to guide the MPO's decision-making process for selecting transportation projects to fund in future Transportation Improvement Programs (TIP). The MPO's goals that guided the development of the LRTP Needs Assessment include the following:

- Safety—make all modes safe
- Preservation—maintain and modernize the system and plan for its resiliency
- Capacity Management and Mobility—use existing facility capacity more efficiently and increase healthy transportation capacity
- Clean Air/Clean Communities—create an environmentally friendly transportation system
- Transportation Equity—ensure that all people receive comparable benefits from, and are not disproportionately burdened by, MPO investments, regardless of race, color, national origin, age, income, ability, or sex
- Economic Vitality—ensure our transportation network serves as a strong foundation for economic vitality

Based on previous and ongoing transportation-planning work, including the MPO's Congestion Management Process (CMP) and planning studies, MPO staff identified several priority arterial roadway segments that require maintenance,

Civil Rights, nondiscrimination, and accessibility information is on the last page.

¹ Destination 2040: The New Long-Range Transportation Plan of the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization was adopted by the Boston Region MPO in August 2019.

modernization, and safety and mobility improvements. These locations are documented in the LRTP Needs Assessment.

To address problems on some of these arterial segments, the *Addressing Priority Corridors from the Long-Range Transportation Plan Needs Assessment* study was included in the federal fiscal year (FFY) 2022 Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP).² This memorandum presents the results of the selection process and provides a recommended study location for the MPO board's review.

By focusing on arterial segments, planners can evaluate multimodal transportation needs comprehensively (with the goal of creating Complete Streets).³ A holistic approach to analyzing problems and forming recommendations ensures that the needs of all transportation users are considered. Ultimately, this approach will result in roadways where it is safe to cross the street and walk, or bicycle to shops, schools, train stations, and recreational facilities, and where buses can run on time. Typically, the recommended improvements are within a roadway's right-of-way and the interests and support of stakeholders are also considered.

2 SELECTION PROCEDURE

The process for selecting study locations consisted of three steps.

- MPO staff gathered and assembled data about the arterial segments from the LRTP Needs Assessment and used the data to identify and prioritize segments in need of improvement.
- 2. Staff examined the arterial segments more closely by applying specific criteria.
- 3. Staff scored each arterial segment and assigned a priority of *low*, *medium*, or *high* to each segment.

Details about each step in the process are provided below.

² The FFY 2022 UPWP was endorsed by the Boston Region MPO on August 19, 2021. The FFY 2022 UPWP was reviewed by the MPO's federal partners and went into effect on October 1, 2021.

³ A Complete Street is one that provides safe and accessible options for all travel modes, such as walking, biking, transit, and vehicles, for people of all ages and abilities.

2.1 Gathering Data and Identifying Potential Arterial Segments

MPO staff identified 43 arterial segments in 33 municipalities in the Boston region based on the following data sources:

- The Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT) Road Inventory File and 2014–18 crash database was used to assemble the following information for each arterial segment: roadway jurisdiction, National Highway System status, average daily traffic (ADT), high-crash locations, and crashes involving people walking or biking
- The MPO's CMP data on arterial congestion were used to determine average travel speeds, travel-time index (travel time in the peak period divided by travel time during free-flow conditions), and speed index (average travel speed divided by the speed limit) on each arterial segment
- The MPO's data on gaps in the bicycle network and data on the location of bicycle facilities were used to identify the needs of people who bicycle, including locations where connectivity between bicycle facilities and accommodations could be improved⁴
- Data on Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) bus service performance and passenger loads were used to determine the percentage of bus trips that do not adhere to the schedule (such as providing late service) or do not adhere to passenger load standards (resulting in crowding)
- Data on MBTA bus routes, subway lines, and commuter rail lines were used to identify which arterial segments serve MBTA buses or stations
- Data on the MPO's transportation equity analysis zones were used to identify areas of concern as relates to transportation equity
- Data selected from MassDOT's Project Information database, the MPO's FFYs 2022–26 TIP project database, MPO planning studies and other studies, and municipal websites were used to obtain data on projects, studies, and TIP projects that are planned or programmed for each arterial segment

Table 1, located at the end of the memorandum, presents the data and information gathered about each of the arterial segments:

Community

⁴ Beth Isler, Bicycle Network Evaluation (Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization, May 2014).

https://www.ctps.org/data/pdf/programs/livability/MPO 0515 Bicycle Network.pdf.

- Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC) subregion
- Jurisdiction
- MassDOT district office
- National Highway System
- Number of crash clusters that are eligible for Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) funding
- Transit service performance
- Proximity to a transportation equity analysis zone (within one-half mile distance)
- · Relevant studies or projects within or near the segment

Table 1 also includes the score and priority rating that was determined by applying the selection criteria. The processes for scoring and assigning priority ratings to segments are described below.

2.2 Selection Criteria

MPO staff examined the arterial segments closer by applying the following six criteria and assigning points based on the number of criteria that apply to each location.

- 1. Safety Conditions, 0–4 points (each of the four criteria is worth one point)
 - Location has a higher-than-average crash rate for its functional class
 - Location contains an HSIP-eligible crash cluster
 - Location is identified in the Massachusetts Top High-Crash Locations Report
 - Location has a significant number of pedestrian and bicycle crashes per year (two or more per mile) or contains one or more HSIP-eligible bicycle-pedestrian crash cluster
- 2. Congested Conditions, 0–2 points (each of the two criteria is worth one point)
 - Travel-time index is at least 1.3
 - Travel-time index is at least 2.0
- 3. Multimodal Significance, 0–3 points (each of the three criteria is worth one point)
 - Location currently supports transit, bicycle, or pedestrian activities
 - Location needs to have improved transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities
 - Location has a high volume of truck traffic serving regional commerce

- 4. Regional Significance, 0–4 points (each of the four criteria is worth one point)
 - Location is in the National Highway System
 - Location carries a significant portion of regional traffic (ADT is greater than 20,000)
 - Location lies within 0.5 miles of a transportation equity analysis zone
 - Location is essential for the region's economic, cultural, or recreational development
- 5. Regional Equity, 0–2 points (each of the two criteria is worth one point)
 - Location is in an MAPC subregion where there has not been a priority corridors study
 - Location is in an MAPC subregion where there has not been a priority corridors study in the previous three years
- 6. Implementation Potential, 0–3 points (each of the three criteria is worth one point)
 - Location is proposed or endorsed for study by the agency that administers the roadway
 - Location is proposed or endorsed by its MAPC subregional group and is a priority for that subregional group
 - Other stakeholders strongly support improvements for the location

2.3 Rating Potential Roadways

MPO staff rated arterial segments with a total score of 11 or fewer points as *low* priority; those with a score of 12 to 13 points as *medium* priority; and those with a total score of 14 or more points as *high* priority. Staff gave six arterial segments a high-priority rating based on safety and operational needs, multimodal and regional significance, regional equity, and support for improvements from agencies and municipalities. Staff then examined high-priority segments more closely and excluded arterials for which there were projects that covered a substantial length of the corridor or if the segments met any of the following criteria excluding it from further consideration: recently completed, in construction, in design, under study, or programmed in the TIP with the 25 percent design completed.

The arterial segment of Route 1 in Norwood received the highest score. Staff also evaluated walking and biking accommodations and safety improvement needs for the segment with the highest score by applying the MPO's Pedestrian Report Card Assessment and Bicycle Level-of-Service Metric (Bicycle Report

Card).⁵ Based on the assessments, accommodations for people who walk or bicycle on Route 1 in Norwood were rated poor. The location highly qualifies for study based on accommodation for people who walk or bicycle, or safety and operation improvement requirements. Appendix A (attached) contains detailed results of the assessments for Route 1 in Norwood. Based on this evaluation, staff recommends studying the segment on Route 1 in Norwood. Figure 1, located at the end of the memorandum, shows the study area with five HSIP intersection crash clusters.

3 ARTERIAL SEGMENT SELECTED FOR STUDY: ROUTE 1 IN NORWOOD

The arterial segment on Route 1 in Norwood received a total score of 16, based on the selection criteria. Route 1 runs north and south through Norwood, and it serves residential, commercial, industrial, educational, and recreational areas. Within the selected corridor, there are several transportation equity zones that exceed the threshold of the MPO, including minority, limited English proficiency, and carless households.

Being a principal arterial, Route 1 carries local and commuter traffic to and from Boston and connects major east-west roads—Everett Street, Neponset Street, Dean Street, Summer Street, Morse Street, and Union Street. Staff's evaluation indicates that there are safety and mobility problems in the segment. Five locations along the segment contain HSIP-eligible crash clusters, one of which is in the top 200 of intersection crash clusters in Massachusetts. Also, accommodation for people who bicycle is poor and better bicycle connections are needed in the corridor. Accommodations for people who walk need improvement as there are gaps in the sidewalk network.

MassDOT Highway District 5 has been fielding inquiries about improving the safety of people walking and biking along the corridor. MAPC has been working with the Neponset Valley Transportation Management Association and communities along the Route 1 corridor from Dedham to Foxborough on addressing job and transit access. They are recommending various transit pilot projects, but the long-term recommendation is to make the Route 1 corridor more friendly for people walking, biking, and taking the bus. Appendix B (attached) includes various letters of support for studying Route 1. MassDOT District 5, MAPC, and The Town of Norwood also support studying Route 1 in Norwood to identify solutions to these problems.

⁵ Ryan Hicks and Casey-Marie Claude, Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization, Pedestrian Level-of-Service Memorandum, January 19, 2017; Casey-Marie Claude, Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization, Development of a Scoring System for Bicycle Travel in the Boston Region, November 8, 2018.

For the study, MPO staff would focus on segments of the corridor that would benefit the most, especially regarding safety and for people walking or biking. Staff would also work with stakeholders directly to identify problems and develop solutions. This recommendation meets the selection criteria and supports the transportation improvement policies of the MPO's LRTP.

4 NEXT STEPS

MPO staff will present the recommended study location to the MPO board. MPO staff will meet with officials from Norwood, MAPC, MassDOT, and other stakeholders to discuss the study specifics, conduct field visits, collect data, identify needs, and develop solutions.

TABLE 1

Arterial Segments Considered for Study: Priority Corridors for Long-Range Transportation Plan Needs Assessment Study

Arterial Segm	ent Community	MAPC Subregion	MassDO*	T Jurisdiction	National Highway System	Number of Top 200 High-Crash Locations 2015–17		or Late	Equity Priority		Safety Conditions***	Congested Conditions***	Multimodal Significance***	Regional Significance***	Regional Equity***	Implementation Potential***	Score	Priority Rating	Summary of Comments
Route 1	Norwood	TRIC	5	MassDOT	Yes	1	5	N/A	Yes	MassDOT's I-95 South Corridor Study provided a comprehensive evaluation of the I-95 and Route 1 corridors south of Route 128 that included a recommended plan of short-term and long-term improvements; June 2010. MassDOT Project #609371, Median jersey barrier and fencing upgrade; completed in 2020. MassDOT Project #608052, Route 1 at Morse Street; in design stage. MassDOT Project #608599, Stormwater improvements along Route 1 and I-95; programmed in FFY 2022. MassDOT Project #6065857, Route 1 at University Avenue and Everett Street; programmed FFY 2025. MassDOT Project #606545, Median jersey barrier and fencing upgrade; completed in 2012.	3	2	3	4	1	3	16	High	MPO staff recommends studying Route 1 in Norwood to address safety, congestion, and multimodal transportation. This four-mile arterial segment serves mixed land uses and has pressing need for safe accommodations for people walking and biking. There are gaps in the sidewalk network and sections of the existing sidewalks are in poor conditions. The existing 6- to 10-foot shoulders need improvements to provide a safe environment for people biking. In addition, safety and operations are concerns, as five locations along the segment contain HSIP-eligible crash clusters, one of which is in the top 200 of intersection crash clusters in Massachusetts. Finally, MAPC has been working with the Neponset Valley Transportation Management Association and communities along the Route 1 corridor from Dedham to Foxborough on addressing job/transit access. They are recommending various transit pilot projects but their long-term recommendation is to make the Route 1 corridor more transit, pedestrian, and bicycle friendly.
Route 37	Braintree	ssc	6	MassDOT	Yes	1	2	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608651, Adaptive traffic signal control on Route 37 (Granite Street). Installation of adaptive traffic control signal equipment, vehicle detection, communication equipment, and managing software at seven traffic signals on Route 37; in construction. MassDOT Project #607684, Bridge replacement, B-21-017, Washington Street (Route 37) over MBTA/CSX railroad; preliminary design.	3	2	2	4	2	2	15	High	The arterial segment has a 5- to 6-foot shoulder on either side of the roadway for most of the corridor. There are sidewalks on either side of the roadway throughout the corridor. However, the corridor needs upgrades of its infrastructure for safe accommodations of people walking, biking, or taking transit. MassDOT recently completed installing adaptive traffic control signal equipment, vehicle detection, communication equipment, and managing software at seven traffic signals on Route 37.
Route 3A	Burlington	NSPC	4	MassDOT	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608068, Installation of an adaptive traffic control signal system on Cambridge Street, Middlessex Turnpike, and Burlington Mall Road. The project includes the installation of compatible traffic signal control equipment, video detection, communication devices and software to integrate 11 MassDOT and 16 town-owned traffic signal locations into one adaptive signal system; in construction.	3	1	3	4	2	1	14	High	On this segment, there are no accommodations for bicycles, gaps in the sidewalk network, and travel lanes that are very wide (drivers form two lanes in each direction). Land use is mixed along the corridor. There are three MBTA bus routes operating in the corridor. Pedestrian and bicycle crashes have occurred in the corridor. The installation of an adaptive traffic control signal system is underway on Cambridge Street, Middlessex Turnpike, and Burlington Mall Road to integrate 11 MassDOT and 16 townowned traffic signal locations into one adaptive signal system.
Route 9	Framingham and Natick	MWRC	3	MassDOT	Yes	2	6	No data	Yes	MassDOT Project #609402, Framingham-Natick resurfacing and related work on Route 9; programmed FFY 2025; construction slated to begin summer 2026. MassDOT Project #607732, Framingham-Natick Cochituate Rail Trail. The project involves construction of 2.4 miles of rail trail and includes a grade separated crossing at Routes 9 and 30; in construction. MassDOT Project #608006, Framingham Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon Installation at Route 9 and Maynard Road and the Framingham Fire Station; in design. MassDOT Project #608281, Installation of adaptive traffic control signal equipment, vehicle detection, and communication equipment at five traffic signals in Framingham and Natick on Route 9; in construction. MassDOT Project #608836, Drainage improvements on Route 9 at Route 126 interchange and salt shed relocation (Phase 1); advertised for bids as of June 2021.	3	2	3	4	1	1	14	High	The FFY 2021 Priority Corridors for LRTP Needs Assessment Study and several MassDOT projects in the corridor will address issues.
Route 16	Medford	ICC	4	MassDOT	Yes	1	2	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #604660, Everett-Medford-Bridge Replacements, Revere Beach Parkway (Route 16), E-12- 004=M-12-018 over the Malden River (Woods Memorial Bridge) and M-12-017 over MBTA and Rivers Edge Drive; under construction. MassDOT Project #605531, Structure maintenance, E-12- 004=M-12-018, Revere Beach Parkway (Route 16) over the Malden River (Woods Memorial Draw Bridge); in construction.	3	2	3	4	0	2	14	High	In FFY 2019, MPO staff studied Route 16 in Chelsea and Everett and suggested improvements to address safety, congestion, multimodal transportation, and pedestrian and bicycle accommodations. The section of Route 16 in Medford has five HSIP intersection clusters, including two pedestrian clusters. The roadway experiences congestion and high truck volumes. It also carries vehicular, pedestrian, and bicycle traffic to Wellington Station. Studying this segment in Medford will provide MassDOT with improvement concepts to comprehensively address safety, capacity management and mobility, and accommodations for people walking or biking in the corridor.
Route 18	Weymouth	ssc	6	MassDOT	Yes	3	8	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #601630, Reconstruction and widening on Route 18 (Main Street) from Highland Place to Route 139 (4.0 miles) includes replacing W-32-013, Route 18 over the Old Colony Railroad (MBTA); in construction.	4	2	2	4	2	0	14	High	This arterial segment was not selected because a MassDOT project, currently in construction, would address problems in the entire segment.
Route 2A/3	Arlington	ICC	4	Arlington	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	None	3	2	3	4	0	1	13	Medium	None
Route 203	Boston	ICC	6	MassDOT	Yes	5	12	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #606318, Intersection improvements at Gallivan Boulevard (Route 203) and Morton Street; in construction. MassDOT Project #608755, Intersection improvements Morton Street (Route 203) at Blue Hill Ave, at Courtland Road/Havelock Street, and at Havard Street; programmed in the FFY 2019 TIP; in design. MassDOT Project #606896, Reconstruction on (Route 203) Gallivan Boulevard, from Neponset Circle to east of Morton Street intersection; in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #606897, Improvements on (Route 203) Morton Street, from west of Gallivan Boulevard to Shea Circle; in preliminary design.		2	2	4	0	1	13	Medium	The FFY 2012 Priority Corridors for LRTP Needs Assessment Study and several MassDOT projects in the corridor will address issues.

Arterial Segme	nt Community	MAPC Subregion	MassDOT District	Jurisdiction	National Highway System		- Number of HSIP-Eligible Crash Clusters 2015–17**		In or Near Transportation Equity Priority Area	Study, Project, or TIP Project	Safety Conditions**	Congested * Conditions**	Multimodal ** Significance***	Regional * Significance***	Regional	Implementation Potential***	Score	Priority Rating	Summary of Comments
Route 2A	Cambridge	ICC	6	Cambridge and DCR	Yes	1	5	Yes	Yes	The City has been transforming the Route 2A corridor to improve safety for people walking, biking, or riding transit and improve travel times and reliability of bus transit service. The City has implemented separated bike lanes, bus lanes, and parking/loading changes throughout the corridor.	4	2	2	4	0	1	13	Medium	The City has implemented several projects to transform Route 2A corridor into a route for everyone and improve safety for people walking, biking, or riding transit. The improvements include separated bike lanes, bus lane, parking/loading times, and traffic signal phase intervals to accomodate people biking.
Route 16	Chelsea and Everett	ICC	4	MassDOT	Yes	7	8	Yes	Yes	FFY 2019 Priority Corridor for LRTP Needs Assessment Study (Chelsea and Everett)	4	1	3	4	0	1	13	Medium	The FFY 2019 Priority Corridors for LRTP Needs Assessment Study and several MassDOT projects will address issues.
Route 135	Framingham	MWRC	3	Framingham	Yes	1	2	No data	Yes	MassDOT Project #606109, Intersection improvements at Route 126/135/MBTA and CSX railroad; in preliminary design.	4	1	2	4	1	1	13	Medium	MassDOT Project #606109, Intersection improvements at Route 126/135/MBTA and CSX railroad. Roadway has received improvements to address congestion and make it multimodal (accommodation for people walking or biking).
Route 107	Lynn	ICC	4	MassDOT and Lynn	Yes	4	10	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #808817, Resurfacing of Route 107 and related improvements; programmed FFY 2021. MassDOT Project #608927, Reconstruction of Route 107 in Lynn and Salem; in preliminary design. MassDOT project #609246, Rehabilitation of Western Avenue (Route 107); in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #604952, Bridge Replacement, Route 107 over the Saugus River; programmed 2019. MassDOT Project #26710, Bridge Replacement, Route 107 over the Saugus River (Fox Hill Bridge); completed spring 2013.	4	1	3	4	0	1	13	Medium	This arterial segment was the subject of a Route 107 Corridor Study in Lynn and Salem, which was completed by MassDOT in 2016. The proposed improvements would be addressed under Project #608927; currently in design.
Route 16	Milford	SWAP	3	MassDOT and Milford	Yes	0	3	No data	Yes	MassDOT Project #607428, Resurfacing and intersection improvements on Route 16 (Main Street), from Water Street west to approximately 120 feet west of the Milford/Hopedale town line and the intersection of Route 140; programmed FFY 2019. MassDOT Project #606142, Signal and intersection improvements on Route 16 (Main Street and East Main Street) at six locations; completed in 2013.	3	2	2	4	1	1	13	Medium	This corridor received improvements in 2013 based on a CTPS study, and a MassDOT resurfacing and intersection improvement project was programmed for FFY 2019.
Route 3A	Quincy	ICC	6	MassDOT, DCR, and Quincy	Yes	1	10	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608569, Intersection improvements at Route 3A (Southern Artery) and Broad Street; programmed FFY 2022 TIP. MassDOT Project #605729, Intersection and signal improvements at Hancock Street and East/West Squantum streets; completed in 2015. An FFY 2012 CTPS safety and operations study addressed problems at the Route 3A and Coddington Street intersection.	4	2	2	4	0	1	13	Medium	Route 3A (Hancock Street and Southern Artery) has received several improvement projects and was the focus of a CTPS study. The location was suggested in the 2017 MPO Outreach Program.
Route 28	Randolph	TRIC	6	MassDOT and Randolp	Yes	3	9	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #609399, Resurfacing and related work on Route 28; in preliminary design. Arterial Coordination Study, CTPS study (2010).	4	2	2	4	0	1	13	Medium	The location has a potential MassDOT resurfacing project and could benefi from some upgrades for safe accommodations for people walking, biking, o riding bus transit.
Route 114	Salem	NSTF	4	MassDOT and Salem	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608521, Bridge Maintenance, North Street (Route 114) over Bridge Street (Route 107) and MBTA; in construction. MassDOT Project #605332, Bridge Replacement (Route 114) North Street over North River; in design stage.	3	2	2	4	1	1	13	Medium	This roadway has had Complete Streets improvements, including sidewalks and bicycle lanes on either side of the roadway. The section that requires improvements to address safety, capacity management and mobility, and accommodate bicycles is between Bridge Street (Route 107) and Route 128.
Route 16	Wellesley	MWRC	6	MassDOT and Wellesle	Yes	0	0	N/A	Yes	MassDOT Project #94762, Bridge Rehabilitation, Br# W-13-014 Route 16 (Washington Street) over Route 9 including relocation of retaining wall; completed.		2	2	4	1	1	13	Medium	The location was suggested in 2014 LRTP outreach through verbal comments at a 495/MetroWest Partnership meeting.
Route 3A	Weymouth	SSC	6	MassDOT	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608231, Reconstruction of Route 3A including pedestrian and traffic signal improvements; in design. MassDOT Project #604382, Route 3A (Washington Street) Bridge; in construction. MassDOT Project #608483, Work consists of resurfacing on Route 3A; in preliminary design.	2	2	2	4	2	1	13	Medium	A road safety audit was completed for Route 3A in Weymouth in Septembe 2016. The audit identified the problems and needs on the roadway, and suggested short-, medium-, and long-term improvements. MassDOT Project #608321, in design, will address problems and needs identified in the corridor.
Routes 38/129	Wilmington	NSPC	4	MassDOT and Wilmington	Yes	0	3	N/A	Yes	MassDOT Project #608051, Reconstruction of Route 38 from Route 62 to the Woburn city line, add bike lanes, sidewalks, and turn lanes, and upgrade signals; programmed FFY 2024. MassDOT Project #609253, Intersection improvements at Lowell Street (Route 129) and Woburn Street; programmed FFY 2024. MassDOT Project #601732, Rehabilitation, Route 129 (Lowell Street) from Route 38 (Main Street) to Woburn Street; completed in 2009.		2	2	4	2	1	13	Medium	Several sections of the arterial have projects that are currently in design. These MassDOT projects would address problems in the corridor.

Arterial Segment	Community	MAPC Subregion	MassDO District	T Jurisdiction	National Highway System	Number of Top 200 High-Crash Locations 2015–17		rs or Late	Equity Priority		Safety Conditions***	Congested	Multimodal Significance***	Regional * Significance***	Regional Equity***	Implementation Potential***	Score	Priority Rating	Summary of Comments
Route 2/3/3A/16	Cambridge	ICC	6	DCR	Yes	3	4	Yes	Yes	DCR conducted a traffic study of several intersections along Mount Auburn Street and Fresh Pond Parkway, in partnership with the City of Cambridge, MassDOT, and the MBTA. MassDOT Project #608806, Multiuse Path Contruction (Phase II), Create a multiuse greenway on the former B&M railroad righ of-way extending from Concord Avenue in Cambridge through the Fresh Pond Reservation, under Huron Avenue and Mount Auburn Street and into Watertown; this project is in construction. MassDOT Project #609290, Intersection improvements at Fresl Pond Parkway/Gerrys Landing Road, from Brattle Road to Memorial Drive.	3	2	2	4	0	1	12	Medium	DCR and the City of Cambridge studied the portion of the corridor at and south of Mount Auburn Street . The study focused on safety measures, bus prioritization, and accessibility.
Route 2	Concord	MAGIC	4	MassDOT	Yes	0	3	N/A	Yes	MassDOT Project #602984, Crosby's Corner (Route 2 at Route 2A) improvements; completed. MassDOT Project #608015, Reconstruction and widening on Route 2, from Sandy Pond Road to Bridge over MBTA/B&M railroad; in preliminary design MassDOT Project #602091, Concord Rotary; in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #604069, Bridge Replacement over Sudbury River; in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #606223: Bruce Freeman Rail Trail Construction (Phase II-B) in Acton and Concord; in construction	2	2	2	4	1	1	12	Medium	FFY 2013 Priority Corridors for LRTP Needs Assessment Study (Concord and Lincoln) Route 2 was suggested during MPO outreach as a route experiencing congestion that affects MAGIC communities and Cambridge. There are many projects and studies conducted for this corridor, including the Route 2 (Crosby's Corner) improvements and Concord Rotary upgrade and improvements.
Route 99	Everett	ICC	4	Everett	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #602383, Reconstructed Route 99 with a traffic signal upgrade, from Second Street to the Malden city line; completed in 2008. MassDOT Project #602382, Reconstructed Route 99 from Sweetser Circle to the Alford Street Bridge in 2013; completed spring 2013.	2	2	3	4	0	1	12	Medium	This roadway is not recommended for study because MassDOT completely reconstructed Route 99 with signal improvements from the Alford Street Bridge to the Malden city line. Route 99 (Lower Broadway) has also received improvements, including pedestrian and bicycle accommodation, as a result of the Encore Boston Harbor mitigation improvements.
Route 3A	Hingham	ssc	5	MassDOT	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #605168, Improvements on Route 3A from Otis Street/Cole Road including Summer Street and rotary and Rockland Street to George Washington Boulevard; in design.	2	1	2	4	2	1	12	Medium	In FFY 2015, a subregional priority roadway study was conducted for Rout 3A in Hingham and Hull. The location received strong support from the Towns of Hingham and Hull, as well as the South Shore Coalition and the MassDOT Highway Division District 5 Office.
Route 28	Milton	ICC and TRI	C 6	MassDOT and Milton	Yes	1	3	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #607342, Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 28 (Randolph Avenue) and Chickatawbut Road; programmed FFY 2022. MassDOT Project #609396, Resurfacing and related work on Route 28; programmed FFY 2024. MassDOT Project # 106901, Reconstruction on Route 28 (Randolph Avenue) from Reedsdale Road to Quincy town line; completed in 2008.	4	2	3	3	0	0	12	Medium	This arterial segment was studied in FFY 2020. There are four HSIP intersection clusters in the segment. There is no accommodation for bicycles in the segment, which presents a significant connectivity problem because several of the side streets have bicycle lanes. There are peak period traffic congestion problems that create safety, operations, and mobility issues for the residents. In addition, recommendations from the study could be incorporated into MassDOT Project #609396 or a new project.
Route 114	Peabody	NSTF	4	MassDOT and Peabody	, Yes	0	2	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project # 608567, Improvements at Route 114 at Sylvan Street, Cross Street, Northshore Mall, Loris Road, Route 128 Interchange, and Esquire Drive; in design.	∋ 3	2	2	3	1	1	12	Medium	Route 114 in Peabody was listed as a potential corridor in need of signal progression and improvements to accommodate people who walk and bike However, the arterial segment was not selected because, according to MassDOT Highway District 4, a road safety audit was completed for the segment in August 2016, and a consultant has started design work as part of Project #608567; in design.
Route 16 (Revere Beach Parkway)	Revere	ICC	4	MassDOT	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	None	2	2	3	4	0	1	12	Medium	This location is not recommended for study because the Suffolk Downs Redevelopment project is evaluating several scenarios that would affect traffic on Route 16 and Route 1A.
Route 107	Salem	NSTF	4	MassDOT and Salem	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	Route 107 Corridor Study in Salem and Lynn; completed in 2016. MassDOT Project #608059, Stormwater improvements along Route 107 (Salem Bypass Road); in construction. MassDOT Project #608650, Adaptive Signal Controls on Route 107 (Highland Avenue); in construction. MassDOT Project #608817, Resurfacing and related work on Route 107; in construction. MassDOT Project #608927, Reconstruction of Route 107; in preliminary design.	3	2	2	4	1	0	12	Medium	The Route 107 corridor in Lynn and Salem was studied in 2016 and many of the recommendations have advanced into MassDOT projects. The proposed improvements would be addressed under Project #608927; currently in design.
Route 1A	Salem	NSTF	4	MassDOT and Salem	Yes	0	0	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #605146, Reconstruction of Canal Street from Washington Street and Mill Street to Loring Avenue (Route 1A) and Jefferson Street; completed in 2018. MassDOT Project #601017, Reconstruction of Route 1A (Bridgs Street) from the Beverly/Salem Bridge to Washington Street (6,000 feet); completed in 2013.	2	1	2	4	1	1	12	Medium	The southern end of this arterial segment was included in the study of Route 1A at Vinnin Square in Marblehead and in Swampscott, this location was selected as the subject of the FFY 2016 Priority Corridors Study. The intersection of Route 1A and Jefferson Street and Canal Street was reconstructed in 2018.
Route 16	Sherborn	SWAP	3	Sherborn	Yes	0	2	N/A	Yes	None	2	2	1	4	1	2	12	Medium	This location was suggested during 2014 LRTP outreach at a 495/MetroWest Partnership meeting. The section that experiences the most crashes and congestion is in the town center, where Route 16 and Route 27 combine and split.

Arterial Segmen	nt Community	MAPC Subregion	MassDOT District	Jurisdiction	National Highway System	Number of Top- 200 High-Crash Locations 2015–17	HSIP-Eligible Crash Clusters		Equity Priority	Study, Project, or TIP Project	Safety Conditions**	Congested * Conditions***	Multimodal * Significance***	Regional Significance***	Regional Equity***	Implementation Potential***	Score	Priority Rating	Summary of Comments
Route 20	Waltham	ICC	6	MassDOT and Waltham	Yes	0	3	Yes	Yes	City of Waltham Transportation Master Plan, January 2017.	3	2	2	4	0	1	12	Medium	This location had been studied and improvements proposed in the Waltham Transportation Master Plan.
Route 20	Weston	MWRC	6	MassDOT	Yes	0	3	Yes	No	Intersection improvements on Boston Post Road (Route 20) at Wellesley Street; in design stage.	3	2	2	3	1	1	12	Medium	A suggestion to study this location was resubmitted in a comment on the Draft FFY 2014 UPWP and during the 2017 MPO Outreach Program.
Route 60	Arlington	ICC	4	Arlington	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	CTPS and MAPC Community Transportation Technical Assistance Program evaluated the high-crash location at the intersection at Massachusetts Avenue in March 2010. MassDOT Project #606885, Reconstructed the intersection of Route 3 and Route 60; completed in 2017.	2	2	3	3	0	1	11	Low	None
Route 16	Holliston	MWRC	3	MassDOT and Holliston	Yes	0	2	No data	No	2011 CTPS study, Route 126 Corridor: Transportation Improvement Study. 2008 CTPS study, Washington Street (Route 16/126) at Hollis Street.	2	1	2	3	1	2	11	Low	This location has MassDOT projects and CTPS studies, which have not been implemented. The 495/MetroWest Partnership expressed interest in a Route 16 study. The section that experiences the most crashes is the town center portion (under Holliston jurisdiction). A road safety audit was performed for the town center portion in December 2012.
Route 60	Medford	ICC	4	Medford	No	0	1	Yes	Yes	None	3	2	3	2	0	1	11	Low	None
Route 138	Milton	ICC and TRIC	6	MassDOT	Yes	0	1	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608484, Roadway Improvements on Route 138; programmed FFY 2020. FFY 2018 LRTP Priority Corridor Study	2	2	2	4	0	1	11	Low	FFY 2018 Priority Corridors for LRTP Needs Assessment Study. MassDOT Project #608484, Roadway Improvements on Route 138, will address problems and needs in the corridor.
Route 9	Newton	ICC	6	MassDOT	Yes	0	4	Yes	Yes	MassDOT Project #608821, Resurfacing and related work on Route 9; in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #604327, Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 9 (Boylston Street) from the Wellesley/Newton city line to Newton/Brookline city line; completed in summer 2012. MassDOT Project #606635, Reconstruction of Highland Avenue, Needham Street, and Charles River Bridge, from Webster Street to Route 9; programmed FFY 2019.	2	2	2	4	0	1	11	Low	According to MassDOT District 6, improvements were recently made to accommodate new developments. An analysis of the new existing conditions would be helpful to compare with the future projected conditions.
Route 129	Reading	NSPC	4	MassDOT and Reading	Yes	0	0	Yes	Yes	No projects	3	1	2	2	2	1	11	Low	None
Route 9	Wellesley	MWRC	6	MassDOT	Yes	0	3	No data	Yes	MassDOT Project #608180, Resurfacing on Route 9, from limit of add-a-lane to east of Overbrook intersection; in construction. MassDOT Project #606530, Drainage improvements along Route 9 Boulder Brook Culvert (design only); in design. MassDOT Project #607340, Resurfacing and related work on Route 9 from Dearborn Street to Natick town line; in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #609402, Resurfacing and related work on Route 9; in preliminary design. MassDOT Project #94762, Bridge Rehabilitation, Route 16 (Washington Street) over Route 9, including relocation of retaining wall; completed summer 2010. MAPC Land Use/Corridor Study (fall 2013).	2	1	2	4	1	1	11	Low	MassDOT Project #609402 has completed a preliminary assessment of this corridor that will develop into 25 percent design plans for roadway improvements. This project is planned to be funded through the 2026 TIP.
Route 1	Westwood	TRIC	6	MassDOT	Yes	0	0	N/A	Yes	MassDOT's I-95 South Corridor Study provided a comprehensive evaluation of the I-95 and Route 1 corridors south of Route 128 and included a recommended plan of short-term and long-term improvements; June 2010. MassDOT Project #603162, Route 128 Add-a-Lane Bridges (Bridge III), Route 1 and 1A over I-95/128; completed in 2012.	2	2	2	4	0	1	11		This arterial segment serves mixed land uses but there are no safe accommodations for people walking or biking as there are no sidewalks in the segment and the existing 6- to 10-foot shoulders need improvements to provide safe environment for people biking. MAPC has been working with the Neponset Valley Transportation Management Association and communities along the Route 1 corridor from Dedham to Foxborough on addressing job/transit access are recommending long-term improvements to make Route 1 corridor more transit, pedestrian, and bicycle friendly.
Route 62	Concord	MAGIC	4	Concord	Yes	0	2	N/A	Yes	MassDOT Project #604646, Reconstruction of Main Street (Route 62) from Water Street to the Acton town line; completed 2010.	2	2	2	2	1	1	10	Low	None

Arterial Segm	nent Community	MAPC Subregion	MassDOT District	Jurisdiction	National Highway n System	Number of Top- 200 High-Crash Locations 2015–17	HSIP-Eligible Crash Clusters		In or Near Transportation Equity Priority Area	Study, Project, or TIP Project	Safety Conditions**	Congested * Conditions***		Regional Significance***	Regional Equity***	Implementation Potential***	Score	Priority Rating	Summary of Comments
Route 135	Natick	MWRC	3	MassDOT and Natick	Yes	0	1	No data	Yes	MassDOT Project #600573, Reconstructed Route 135 in Natick in 2008. More extensive improvements were proposed in the downtown area, on East Central Street between North Main Street and Union Street, including signal upgrades, new sidewalks, pavement rehabilitation, and shoulders; all construction operations were suspended (as of June 30, 2007). 2010 CTPS study, West Central Street (Route 135) at Speen Street.	3	1	2	2	1	1	10	Low	There is congestion in the downtown area and the likely focus area would be on the intersection of Route 135 at Route 27 and the intersection of Route 135 at Speen Street due to the crash history of those locations.
Route 1	Walpole	TRIC	5	MassDOT	Yes	0	3	N/A	No	MassDOT's I-95 South Corridor Study presented a comprehensive evaluation of the I-95 and Route 1 corridors south of Route 128 and included a recommended plan of short-term and long-term improvements; June 2010. MassDOT Project #608480, Resurfacing and related work on Route 1; programmed FFY 2020.	2	1	3	3	0	1	10	Low	This arterial segment serves mixed land uses but there are no safe accommodations for people walking or biking as there are no sidewalks in the segment and the existing 6- to 10-foot shoulders need improvements to provide safe environment for people biking. MAPC has been working with the Neponset Valley Transportation Management Association and communities along the Route 1 corridor from Dedham to Foxborough on addressing job/transit access. They are recommending long-term improvements to make Route 1 corridor more transit, pedestrian, and bicycle friendly.
Route 117	Bolton	MAGIC	3	Bolton		0	0	N/A	Yes	None	1	1	2	3	1	1	9	Low	None

**Number of HSIP-eligible crash clusters

EPDO is a method of combining the number of crashes with the severity of crashes based on a weighted scale. Since 2018, MassDOT applied a new EPDO method (where actual crash costs are factored in) to rank high-crash locations in the state. All of the fatal and injury crashes were weighted together (about 30 percent of all crashes in Massachusetts), which resulted in any crash resulting in an injury (including fatal, incapacitating, non-incapacitating, and possible injuries) having a weighting factor of 21 compared to a crash that resulted in property damage only, which would have a weighting factor of one.

***Selection Criteria

Safety Conditions: Segment has a high crash rate for its functional class, contains an HSIP-eligible crash location, a top-200 high-crash location, and/or a significant number or HSIP-eligible clusters of pedestrian or bicycle crashes. Congested Conditions: Segment has a Travel Time Index of at least 1.3 and/or of at least 2.0, that is, which signify that it experiences delays during peak periods.

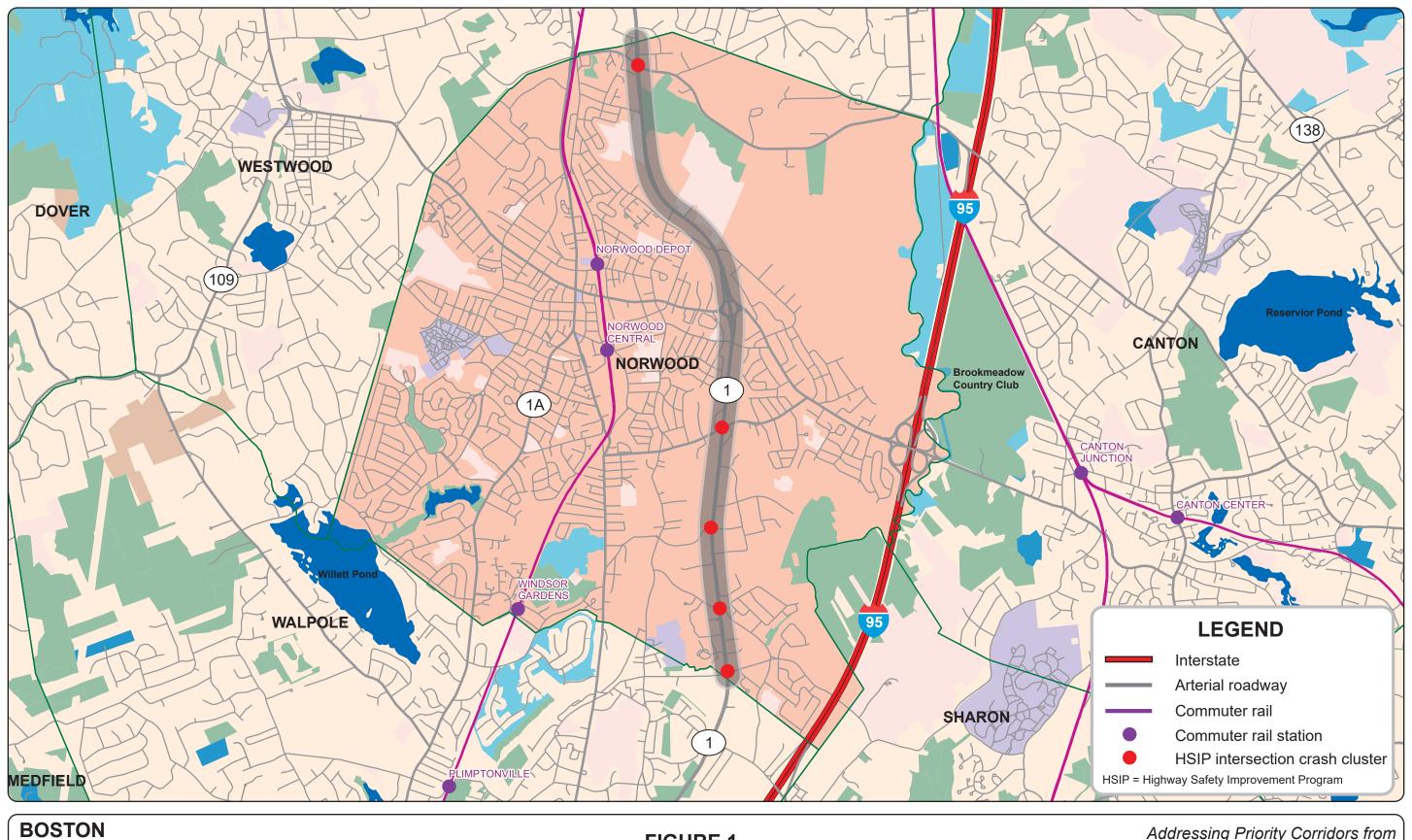
Multimodal Significance: Segment supports transit or bicycle or pedestrian activities, has a need to improve these activities, and/or has a high volume of truck traffic serving regional commerce.

Regional Significance: Segment is in the National Highway System, carries a significant proportion of regional traffic, lies within 0.5 miles of environmental justice transportation analysis zones, and/or is essential for regional economic, cultural, or recreational development in the area.

Regional Equity: Location is in a subregion that has not had a priority corridor study before, or location is in a subregion that has not had a priority corridor study in the last three years.

Implementation Potential: Improvements to the segment are proposed or endorsed by the roadway administrative agency (agencies), proposed or endorsed by the subregion and are a priority for the subregion, and/or have strong support ADA = Americans with Disabilities Act. BAT = Brockton Area Transit Authority. CTPS = Central Transportation Planning Staff. DCR = Department of Conservation and Recreation. EPDO = Equivalent Property Damage Only. FFY = federal fiscal year. HSIP = Highway Safety Improvement Program. I-95 = Interstate 95. ICC = Inner Core Committee. LRTP = Long-Range Transportation Plan. MAGIC = Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination. MAPC = Metropolitan Area Planning Council. MassDOT = Massachusetts Department of Transportation Authority. MPO = Metropolitan Planning Organization. MWRC = MetroWest Regional Transportation. MBTA = Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority. MPO = Metropolitan Planning Organization. MWRC = MetroWest Regional Transportation. MSTF = North Shore Task Force. PRC = Project Review Committee. SSC = South Shore Coalition. SWAP = South West Advisory Planning Committee. TIP = Transportation Improvement Program. TRIC = Three Rivers Interlocal Council. UPWP = Unified Planning Work Program.

Source: Central Transportation Planning Staff.



BOSTON
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Study Area

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Title VI Specialist Boston Region MPO 10 Park Plaza, Suite 2150 Boston, MA 02116 civilrights@ctps.org

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857.702.3702 (voice)

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Central Transportation Planning Staff (CTPS) to the Boston Region MPO: www.ctps.org | 857.702.3700 | ctps@ctps.org

Ryan Hicks, Congestion Management Process Manager:

www.ctps.org/cmp | 857.702.3661 | rhicks@ctps.org

Casey Claude, Bicycle and Pedestrian Program Manager:

www.ctps.org/bicycle-pedestrian-activities | 857.702.3707 | cclaude@ctps.org

Appendix A Pedestrian Report Card Assessment (PRCA):

Roadway Segment

Roadway Segment Location

Route 1 in Norwood: Existing Conditions

Grading Categories ^[1]	Score	Rating
Safety	1.2	Poor
System Preservation	1.0	Poor
Capacity Management and Mobility	1.0	Poor
Economic Vitality	2.0	Fair

Transportation	Equity ^[2]
High Priority Area	Yes
Moderate Priority Area	
Low Priority Area	

^[1] Poor = 0 to 1.7; Fair = 1.7 < 2.3; Good = 2.3 to 3.0

^[2] Low = 0 or 1 Factor; Moderate = 2 or 3 Factors; High = 4 or 5 Factors

Grading Categories: Scoring Breakdown Roadway Segment

Capacity Managen	nent a	nd M	obility
Performance Measure ^[1]	Percentage	Score (out of 3.0)	Rating
Sidewalk Presence	50%	1	Poor
Crosswalk Presence	33%	1	Poor
Walkway Width	17%	1	Poor
GRADING CATEGORY TOTAL ^[2] (Sidewalk Presence Score * 0.5) + (Crosswalk Presence Score * 0.33) + (Walkway Width Score * 0.17)	100%	1.0	Poor

Economic Vitality										
Performance Measure ^[1]	Percentage	Score (out of 3.0)	Rating							
Pedestrian Volumes	50%	2	Fair							
Adjacent Bicycle Accommodations	50%	2	Fair							
GRADING CATEGORY TOTAL ^[2] (Pedestrian Volumes Score * 0.5) + (Adjacent Bicycle Accommodations Score * 0.5)	100%	2.0	Fair							

- [1] Poor = 1.0; Fair = 2.0; Good = 3.0
- [2] Poor = 0 to 1.7; Fair = 1.7 < 2.3; Good = 2.3 to 3.0
- [3] Use these factors to determine Transportation Equity priority level (front)

Safety										
Performance Measure ^[1]	Percentage	Score (out of 3.0)	Rating							
Pedestrian Crashes	60%	1	Poor							
Pedestrian-Vehicle Buffer	20%	2	Fair							
Vehicle Travel Speed	20%	1	Poor							
GRADING CATEGORY TOTAL ^[2] (Pedestrian Crashes Score * 0.6) + (Pedestrian-Vehicle Buffer Score * 0.2) + (Vehicle Travel Speed Score * 0.2)	100%	1.2	Poor							

System Pre	,						
Performance Measure ^[1]	Percentage	Score (out of 3.0)	Rating				
Sidewalk Condition	100%	1.0	Poor				

Transportation Equity Factors ^[3]							
Area Condition	Yes/No						
Low-income Population ≥ 32.32%	No						
Minority Population ≥ 28.19%	Yes						
More than 6.69% of Population > 75 Years of Age	Yes						
More than 16.15% of Households w/o Vehicle	Yes						
Within 1/4 Mile of School/College	Yes						

Roadway Segment Notes

Detailed Performance Measure Information

Grading Category	Performance Measure	Features of Analyzed Locations	
Sidewalk Presence		Large gaps in sidewalk network	
Capacity Management and Mobility	Crosswalk Presence	Roadway with fewer than seven crosswalk per mile	
	Walkway Width	Roadway segment with less than half of the sidewalks measuring at least five feet wide	
Economic	Pedestrian Volumes	Roadway segment traversed by five to 60 pedestrians per hour	
Vitality	Adjacent Bicycle Accommodations	Roadway segments without space for bicycle travel	
	Pedestrian Crashes	rashes Roadway segment with two pedestrian crashes	
Safety	Pedestrian-Vehicle Buffer	Roadway segments with a 5- to 10-foot buffer	
	Vehicle Travel Speed	Roadway segments where average vehicle travel speed is 35 miles per hour or more	
System Preservation	Sidewalk Condition	Roadway segments with less than half of sidewalks in good condition	





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Casey Claude, Bicycle and Pedestrian Program Manager:

www.ctps.org/bicycle-pedestrian-activities | 857.702.3707 | cclaude@ctps.org

Appendix A **Bicycle Report Card**

Roadway Segment Location

Route 1 in Norwood: Existing Conditions

Grading Categories	Score	Grade
Safety	38	F
System Preservation	0	F
Capacity Management and Mobility	17	F
Economic Vitality	50	F

Transportation Equity		
High Priority Area	Yes	
Moderate Priority Area		
Low Priority Area		

<u>Grading</u>

A: 90–100 Excellent **B**: 80–89 Satisfactory **C**: 70–79 Acceptable

D: 60–69 Needs Improvement

F: 59–0 Not recommended for bicycle travel

Transportation Equity Priority

High: Four (4) or Five (5) Factors **Moderate**: Two (2) or Three (3) Factors

Low: Zero (0) or One (1) Factor

Grading Categories: Scoring Breakdown

Capacity Management and Mobility			
Performance Measure	Percentage	Points	Grade
Bicycle Facility Presence	50%	0	F
Proximity to Bike Network	33%	0	F
Proximity to Transit	17%	100	А
Total	100%	17	F

Economic Vitality			
Performance Measure	Percentage	Points	Grade
Bike Rack Presence	50%	0	F
Land Use	50%	100	Α
Total	100%	50	F

Grading

D: 60–69 Needs Improvement

F: 59–0 Not recommended for bicycle travel

Transportation Equity Priority

High: Four (4) or Five (5) Factors **Moderate**: Two (2) or Three (3) Factors

Low: Zero (0) or One (1) Factor

Safety			
Performance Measure	Percentage	Points	Grade
Bicycle Facility Presence	33%	0	F
Absence of Bicycle Crashes	33%	40	F
Bicyclist Operating Space	17%	70	С
Number of Travel Lanes	17%	75	С
Total	100%	38	F

System Preservation			
Performance Measure	Percentage	Points	Grade
Bicycle Facility Continuity	50%	0	F
Bicycle Facility Condition	50%	0	F
Total	100%	0	F

Transportation Equity Priority		
Area Condition	Yes/No	
Low-income Population =/> 32.32%	No	
Minority Population =/> 28.19%	Yes	
18.2%+ of Population < 16 Years Old	Yes	
16.15%+ of Households w/o Vehicle	Yes	
Within 1/4 Mile of School/College	Yes	

Notes

Detailed Performance Measure Information

Goal	Performance Measure	Features of Analyzed Locations
Bicycle Facility Presence		None in the corridor, people biking mostly stay on the shoulder
Capacity Management and Mobility	Proximity to Bike Network	No bicycle facility within one-quarter mile
	Proximity to Transit	Yes, bus route 34E, commuter rail stations Norwood Center, Norwood Depot, and University Station are within one-half mile of the study area
Economic	Bike Rack Presence	None in the corridor
Vitality	Land Use	Land uses in the corridor, including commercial and retail, residential, and recreational, would support biking
	Bicycle Facility Presence	None in the corridor
0-5-4	Absence of Bicycle Crashes	Two bicycle crashes in five years (2014–19)
Safety	Bicyclist Operating Space	People biking mostly stay on the shoulder, but sometimes have to share lane with vehicles at locations where a right-turn lane uses up the shoulder
	Number of Travel Lanes	Two travel lanes each direction
System	Bicycle Facility Continuity	No bicycle facility
Preservation	Bicycle Facility Condition	No bicycle facility

Appendix B: Letters of Support

From: <u>Haznar, Pamela R. (DOT)</u>

To: <u>Seth Asante</u>

Cc: Mark Abbott; Lachance, Barbara A. (DOT)

Subject: RE: Route 1 in Norwood

Date: Friday, November 19, 2021 7:24:27 AM

The District supports a study on Rte 1.

I am cc-ing Barbara Lachance, District Transportiaon Planner as point of contact.

Thank you for this important work

Pam

Pamela Haznar, P.E. District Five Project Development Engineer MassDOT – Highway Division

1000 County Street, Taunton, MA 02780 857-368-5050 (office) | 508-809-0134 (cell)

From: Seth Asante <sasante@ctps.org>
Sent: Thursday, November 18, 2021 3:18 PM

To: Haznar, Pamela R. (DOT) < Pamela. Haznar@dot.state.ma.us>

Cc: Mark Abbott <mabbott@ctps.org>

Subject: Route 1 in Norwood

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Good afternoon Pamela,

The Metropolitan Area Planning Council has been working with the Neponset Valley Transportation Management Association and communities along the Route 1 corridor from Dedham to Foxborough on addressing job/transit access. They are recommending various transit pilot projects but their long-term recommendation is to make that Route 1 corridor more transit, pedestrian, and bicycle friendly.

Also, the Route 1 corridor in Westwood, Norwood, and Walpole was identified in the Boston Region MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan's Needs Assessment as in need of safety improvements and modernization to address multimodal transportation. The MPO's recurring study Addressing Priority Corridors from the Long-Range Transportation Plan Needs Assessment focuses on these corridors, where staff do a detailed analysis and develop improvement concepts of a corridor.

We are currently in the process of selecting a corridor for the FFY 2022 study. However, the length of Route 1 in these three communities is too long to be done in one study, so we could only possibly study one of them—Norwood. Route 1 in

Norwood is the busiest in the three communities, serves mixed land uses, and has the most pressing need for safe pedestrian and bicycle accommodations. In addition, safety and operations are concerns, as there are five HSIP crash clusters in this corridor.

I am contacting you to see if District 5 will support studying Route 1 in Norwood to address the corridor needs.

As usual let us know if you have any questions.

Thank you, Seth

Seth A. Asante
Chief Transportation Planner
Central Transportation Planning Staff
Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization
857.702.3644 | sasante@ctps.org | www.ctps.org
Facebook | YouTube | Twitter | Instagram | LinkedIn

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From: Pollack, Travis

To: Seth Asante; Mark Abbott
Subject: Corridor Long-Range Planning

Date: Monday, November 8, 2021 12:01:32 PM

Seth and Mark,

Hope you are doing well. I am working with the Neponset Valley TMA and communities along the Route 1 corridor from Dedham to Foxborough on addressing job/transit access. We're recommending various transit pilot projects but our draft long-term recommendation is to make that Route 1 corridor more transit/pedestrian friendly, similar to the Providence Highway/VFW Parkway recommendations from Dedham and West Roxbury that was just completed.

Eric B. here asked that we include in that recommendation, information on the Boston MPO ADDRESSING PRIORITY CORRIDORS FROM THE LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN NEEDS ASSESSMENT

https://www.ctps.org/data/calendar/htmls/2021/MPO_1021_Work_Program_LRTP_Priority %20Corridors.html where staff do a very detailed conceptual design of a corridor.

Is this Route 1 corridor already evaluated in this program? What would it take for this corridor to be included in this program?

Also, since this corridor is MassDOT owned, are there other MassDOT funding sources that can be used to do a study and implement multi-modal changes?

Any information would be helpful. Happy to get on a short phone call if that might help. Thanks.

Travis Pollack, AICP – Senior Transportation Planner

Metropolitan Area Planning Council 617-933-0793 tpollack@mapc.org www.mapc.org Pronouns: he, him, his

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