

Endorsed by the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization On May 25, 2017

TRANSPORTATION
IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM
AND AIR QUALITY
CONFORMITY
DETERMINATION:
FEDERAL FISCAL YEARS
2018–22

Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization Staff

Directed by the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization, which is composed of the following:

MassDOT Office of Planning and Programming City of Somerville (Inner Core Committee)

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority City of Woburn (North Suburban Planning Council)

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Advisory Board Town of Arlington (At-Large Town)

MassDOT Highway Department Town of Bedford

Massachusetts Port Authority (Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination)

Metropolitan Area Planning Council Town of Braintree (South Shore Coalition)

Regional Transportation Advisory Council Town of Framingham (MetroWest Regional Collaborative)

City of Boston Town of Lexington (At-Large Town)

City of Beverly (North Shore Task Force)

Town of Medway (South West Advisory Planning Committee)

City of Everett (At-Large City)

Town of Norwood (Three Rivers Interlocal Council)

City of Newton (At-Large City) Federal Highway Administration (nonvoting)

Federal Transit Administration (nonvoting)



BOSTON REGION METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION MUNICIPALITIES

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Please visit www.ctps.org to view the full TIP. To request a copy of the TIP in CD or accessible formats, please contact us by any of the following means:

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This document was funded in part through grants from the Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation. Its contents do not necessarily reflect the official views or policy of the U.S. DOT.



Certification of the Boston Region MPO Transportation Planning Process

310 CMR 60.05: Global Warming Solutions Act Requirements for the Transportation Sector and the Massachusetts Department of Transportation

This will certify that the Transportation Improvement Program and Air Quality Conformity Determination for the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is in compliance with all applicable requirements in the State Regulation 310 CMR 60.05: Global Warming Solutions Act Requirements for the Transportation Sector and the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. The regulation requires MPO to:

- 1. 310 CMR 60.05, 3(b)(1)(a): Evaluate and track the GHG emissions and impacts of RTPs and TIPs;
- 2. 310 CMR 60.05, 3(b)(1)(b): In consultation with MassDOT, develop and utilize procedures to prioritize and select projects in RTPs, TIPs, and STIPs based on factors that include GHG emissions and impacts;
- 3. 310 CMR 60.05, 3(b)(1)(c): Quantify net GHG emissions and impacts resulting from the projects in RTPs and TIPs and have made efforts to minimize GHG emissions and impacts;
- 4. 310 CMR 60.05, 3(b)(1)(d): Determine in consultation with the RPA that the appropriate planning assumptions used for GHG emissions modeling are consistent with local land use policies, or that local authorities have made documented and credible commitments to establishing such consistency;
- 5. 310 CMR 60.05, 4(a)(2)(a): Develop RTPs and TIPs;
- 6. 310 CMR 60.05, 4(a)(2)(b): Ensure that RPAs are using appropriate planning assumptions;
- 7. 310 CMR 60.05, 4(a)(2)(c): Perform regional GHG emissions analysis of RTPs and TIPs;
- 8. 310 CMR 60.05, 4(a)(2)(d): Calculate GHG emissions for RTPs and TIPs;
- 9. 310 CMR 60.05, 4(a)(2)(e): Develop public consultation procedures for GHG reporting and related GWSA requirements consistent with current and approved regional public participation plans;
- 10. 310 CMR 60.05, 4(c): Prior to making final endorsements on the RTPs, TIPs, STIPs, and projects included in these plans, MassDOT and the MPOs shall include the GHG Assessment and information on related GWSA activities in RTPs, TIPs, and STIPs and provide an opportunity for public review and comment on the RTPs, TIPs, and STIPs.
- 11. 310 CMR 60.05, 6(a): After a final GHG assessment has been made by MassDOT and the MPOs, MassDOT and the MPOs shall submit MPO-endorsed RTPs, TIPs or projects within 30 days of endorsement to the Department for review of the GHG assessment.

May 25, 2017

Stephanie Pollack, Secretary and Chief Executive Officer

Massachusetts Department of Transportation

Chair, Boston Region MPO

The signatures of the other MPO members may be found on page 2.

Global Warming Solutions Act: Certification of the Boston Region MPO Transportation Planning Process, page 2

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Advisory Board to the MBTA	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority	Massachusetts Port Authority
Regional Transportation Advisory Council	City of Boston	Entry of Boston
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At Large – City of Everett	At-Large – City of Newton	At-Large – Town of Arlington
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South Shore Coalition – Town of Braintree	SouthWest Advisory Planning Committee –	Three Rivers Interlocal Council – Town of
	Town of Medway	Norwood



Certification of the Boston Region MPO Transportation Planning Process

The Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization certifies that its conduct of the metropolitan transportation planning process complies with all applicable requirements, which are listed below, and that this process includes activities to support the development and implementation of the Regional Long-Range Transportation Plan and Air Quality Conformity Determination, the Transportation Improvement Program and Air Quality Conformity Determination, and the Unified Planning Work Program.

- 1. 23 USC 134, 49 USC 5303, and this subpart.
- 2. Sections 174 and 176 (c) and (d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 USC 7504, 7506 (c) and (d) and 40 CFR Part 93.
- 3. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 USC 2000d-1) and 49 CFR Part 21.
- 4. 49 USC 5332, prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex, or age in employment or business opportunity.
- 5. Section 1101(b) of the SAFETEA-LU (Pub. L. 109-59) and 49 CFR Part 26 regarding the involvement of disadvantaged business enterprises in U.S. DOT-funded projects.
- 6. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 USC 12101 et seq.) and 49 CFR Parts 27, 37, and 38.
- 7. The Older Americans Act, as amended (42 USC 6101), prohibiting discrimination on the basis of age in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.
- 8. Section 324 of Title 23 USC regarding the prohibition of discrimination based on gender.
- 9. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC 794) and 49 CFR Part 27 regarding discrimination against individuals with disabilities.
- 10. Anti-lobbying restrictions found in 49 USC Part 20. No appropriated funds may be expended by a recipient to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any agency, or a member of Congress, in connection with the awarding of any federal contract.

May 25, 2017

Stephanie Pollack, Secretary and Chief Executive Officer

Massachusetts Department of Transportation

Chair, Boston Region MPO

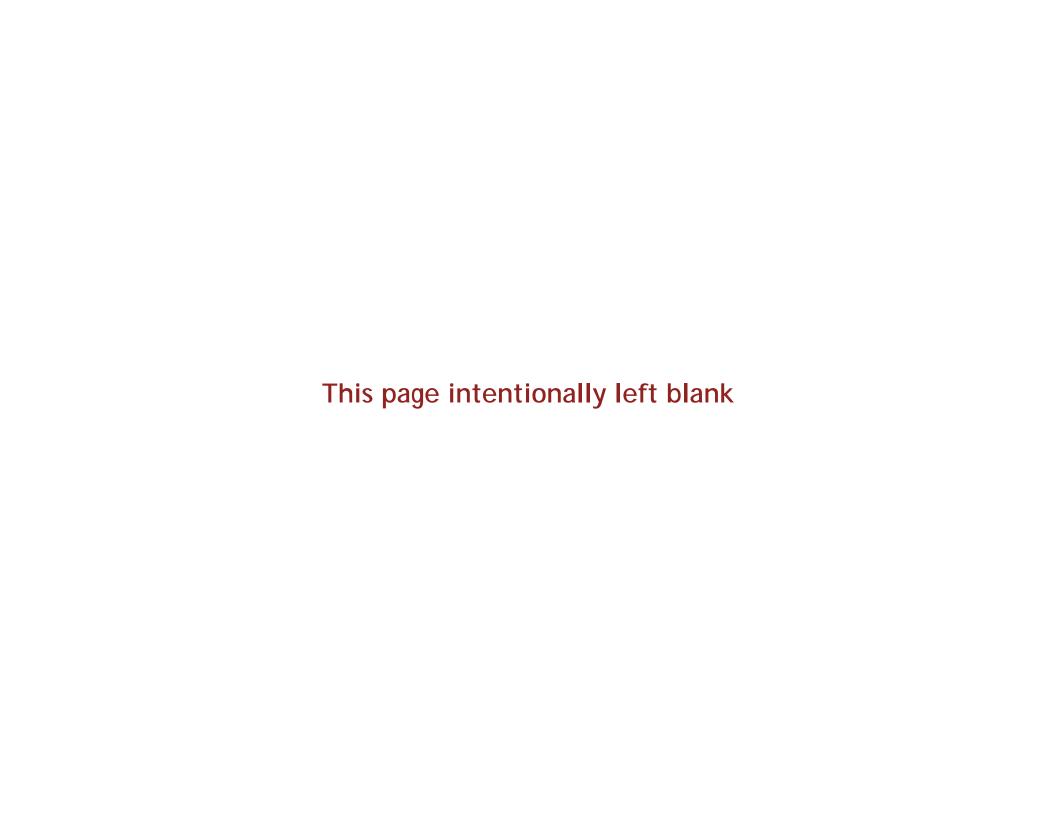
The signatures of the other MPO members may be found on page 2.

Certification of the Boston Region MPO Transportation Planning Process, p. 2

John Khomano		Ti Bur
Massachusetts Department of	Massachusetts Department of	Metropolitan Area Planning Council
Transportation Highway Division	Transportation	
Advisory Board to the MBTA	Cric R. Waaramaa Massachusetts Bay Transportation	Massachusetts Port Authority
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Regional Transportation Advisory Council	Sames E. Yellooly City of Boston	City of Boston
Art-Large – City of Everett	Ollo Sos for Mayor Warren At-Large - City of Newton	At-Large - Town of Arlington
At-Large – Town of Lexington	Inner Core – City of Somerville	MetroWest Regional Collaborative – Town of Framingham
Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination – Town of Bedford	North Shore Task Force - Town of Beverly	North Suburban Planning Council – City of Woburn
South Shore Coalition – Town of Braintree	SouthWest Advisory Planning Committee – Town of Medway	Three Rivers Interlocal Council – Town or Norwood

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Federal Fiscal Years 2018-22 Transportation Improvement Program

INTRODUCTION

The Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization's five-year transportation capital investment plan, the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), is the near-term investment program for the region's transportation system. Guided by the Boston Region MPO's vision, goals, and objectives, the TIP prioritizes investments that preserve the current transportation system in a state of good repair, provide safe transportation for all modes, enhance livability, and improve mobility throughout the region. These investments fund major highway reconstruction, arterial and intersection improvements, maintenance and expansion of the public transit system, bicycle path construction, and improvements for pedestrians.

The Boston Region MPO is a 22-member board with representatives of state agencies, regional organizations, and municipalities; its jurisdiction extends from Boston north to Ipswich, south to Duxbury, and west to Interstate 495. Each year, the MPO conducts a process to decide how to spend federal transportation funds for capital projects. The

Central Transportation Planning Staff (CTPS), which is the staff to the MPO, manages the TIP-development process.

MPO staff coordinate the evaluation of project requests, propose programming of current and new projects based on anticipated funding levels, support the MPO in developing a draft TIP document, and facilitate a public review of the draft before the MPO endorses the final document.

FEDERAL FISCAL YEARS 2018–22 TIP OVERVIEW

The federal fiscal years (FFYs) 2018–22 TIP consists of transportation investments programmed in the Highway Program and Transit Program. These investments reflect the MPO's goal of targeting a majority of transportation resources to preserve and modernize the existing roadway and transit system and maintain them in a state of good repair.

This TIP also devotes a significant portion of funding for the targeted expansion of the rapid transit system and new shared-use paths. In addition, a number of the infrastructure investments in this TIP address needs identified in the MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), *Charting Progress to 2040*, or implement recommendations from past studies and reports that were funded through the MPO's Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) http://www.bostonmpo.org/upwp.

The TIP also supports the strategic priorities of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT):

- Reliability: Maintain and improve the overall condition and reliability of the transportation system
- Modernization: Modernize the transportation system to make it safer and more accessible and to accommodate growth
- Expansion: Expand diverse transportation options for communities throughout the Commonwealth of Massachusetts

FFYS 2018-22 TIP INVESTMENTS

Transit Program

The Transit Program of the TIP provides funding for projects and programs that address the capital needs prioritized by the three transit agencies in the region: the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA), the Cape Ann Transportation Authority (CATA), and the MetroWest Regional Transit Authority (MWRTA). The Transit Program is predominantly dedicated to achieving and maintaining a state of good repair for all assets throughout the transit system.

Highway Program

The Highway Program of the TIP funds the priority transportation projects advanced by MassDOT and the cities and towns within the 101-municipality MPO region. The program is devoted primarily to preserve and modernize the existing roadway network by resurfacing highways, replacing bridges, and reconstructing arterial roadways.

In Massachusetts, Federal-Aid Highway Program funding is portioned out by MassDOT, which allocates funding to Grant Anticipation Notes (GANs) payments, various statewide programs, and the state's MPOs. The "Regional Target" funding provided to the MPOs can be programmed for projects at the discretion of each MPO.

REGIONAL TARGET PROGRAM DETAILS

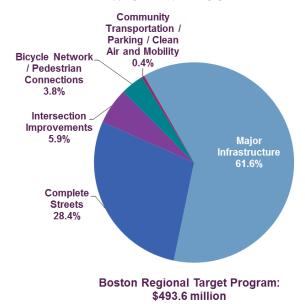
During FFYs 2018–22, the Boston Region MPO plans to fund 32 projects and programs with its Regional Target funding:

- 15 Complete Streets projects, including the reconstruction of Ferry Street in Everett
- Seven Major Infrastructure projects, including the reconstruction of Rutherford Avenue in Boston
- Six Intersection Improvements projects, including improvements to Derby, Whiting, and Gardner Streets in Hingham
- Three Bicycle Network and Pedestrian Connections projects, including the extension of the Canal Street Rail Trail in Salem

 One Community Transportation Program, which will support first-mile/last-mile connections across the region

Figure ES-1 shows how the Regional Target funding for FFYs 2018–22 is distributed across the MPO's investment programs. As the chart shows, the Boston Region MPO's Regional Target Program is devoted primarily to modernizing and expanding the transportation network through Major Infrastructure and Complete Streets investments.

FIGURE ES-1
FFYS 2018-22 TIP REGIONAL TARGET FUNDING,
BY INVESTMENT PROGRAM TYPE

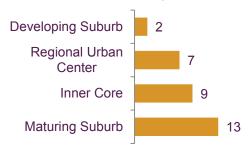


Data Source: CTPS

These investments will be implemented in 31 cities and towns throughout the MPO region, ranging from

high-density, built-out Inner Core communities to Developing Suburbs with large expanses of vacant developable land. Figure ES-2 identifies the type of communities—as defined by the Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC)—that will receive these investments.

FIGURE ES-2 MPO MUNICIPALITIES CONTAINING FFYS 2018-22 TIP PROGRAM PROJECTS, BY MAPC COMMUNITY TYPE



Data Source: CTPS

- Developing Suburb investments consist of roadway reconstruction and corridor improvements in Hopkinton and Walpole
- Regional Urban Center investments include intersection improvements in Beverly and Norwood; roadway reconstruction and corridor improvements in Framingham, Lynn, Milford, and Woburn; and a rail trail extension in Salem
- Inner Core investments include corridor reconstructions in Boston, Brookline, Chelsea, Everett, Newton, and Watertown, and the Green Line Extension in Cambridge, Medford, and Somerville

 Maturing Suburb investments include intersection improvements in Acton, Hingham and Marblehead; rail trail extensions in Bedford and Sudbury; corridor reconstructions in Ashland, Holbrook, Hull, Natick, Needham, and Southborough; corridor widening in Weymouth; and interstate widening in Needham and Wellesley

FINANCING THE FFYS 2018–22 TIP

Transit Program

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) allocates the funds programmed in the TIP Transit Program by formula. The three regional transit authorities in the Boston Region MPO area that are recipients of these funds are the MBTA, CATA, and MWRTA. The MBTA, with its extensive transit program and infrastructure, is the recipient of the preponderance of the region's federal transit funds.

Under the federal transportation legislation, Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act, funding is allocated by the following categories:

- Section 5307 (Urbanized Area Formula Grants): Provides grants to urbanized areas to support public transportation based on the levels of transit service, population, and other factors
- Section 5337 (Fixed Guideway/Bus): Seeks to maintain public transportation systems in a state of good repair through replacement and rehabilitation capital projects

- Section 5339 (Bus and Bus Facilities):
 Provides funding to replace, rehabilitate, and purchase buses and related equipment, and to construct bus-related facilities
- Section 5309 (Fixed-Guideway Capital Investment Grants): Provides grants for new and expanded rail, bus rapid transit, and ferry systems that reflect local priorities to improve transportation options in key corridors
- Section 5310 (Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities): Provides funding to support transportation to meet the special needs of older adults and persons with disabilities

Highway Program

The TIP Highway Program was developed with the assumption that federal funding for the state would range between \$648 million and \$708 million annually over the next five years (these amounts include the funds that would be set aside as payments for the Accelerated Bridge Program and exclude required matching funds).

The process of deciding how to use this federal funding in the Boston region follows several steps. MassDOT first reserves funding for Grant Anticipation Notes (GANs) debt service payments for the Accelerated Bridge Program; annual GANs payments range between \$62 million and \$117 million annually over the five years of this TIP.

The remaining Federal-Aid Highway Program funds are budgeted to support state and regional (i.e., MPO) priorities. In this planning cycle, \$704 million to \$745

million annually was available statewide for programming (these amounts include both federal dollars and the local match). MassDOT customarily provides the local match (which can also be provided by other entities); thus, projects are typically funded with 80 percent federal dollars and 20 percent state dollars, depending on the funding program.

Next, MassDOT allocates funding across the following funding categories:

- Reliability Programs: This includes the Bridge Program—including inspections, systematic maintenance, and National Highway System (NHS) and non-NHS improvements—the Pavement Program, the Roadway Improvements Program, and the Safety Improvements Program
- Modernization Programs: This includes the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Retrofit Program, the Intersection Improvement Program, the Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) Program, and the Roadway Reconstruction Program
- Expansion Programs: This includes the Bicycle and Pedestrian Program and the Capacity Program

After these needs have been satisfied, MassDOT allocates the remaining funding among the state's MPOs for programming. This discretionary funding for MPOs is suballocated by formula to determine the Regional Target amounts. MassDOT develops these targets in consultation with the Massachusetts Association of Regional Planning Agencies. This TIP assumes that the Boston Region MPO will have

between \$95 million and \$101 million annually for Regional Target amounts.

Each MPO may decide how to prioritize their Regional Target funding. Given that the Regional Target funding is a subset of the Highway Program, the MPO typically programs the majority of funding on roadway projects; however, the MPO has flexed portions of its highway funding to the Transit Program for transit expansion projects. The TIP Highway Program details both the projects that will receive Regional Target funding from the Boston Region MPO and statewide infrastructure projects within the Boston region.

THE TIP DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

Overview

In order to determine which projects to fund through the Regional Target funding process, MPO members collaborate with municipalities, state agencies, members of the public, advocacy groups, and other stakeholders. The MPO's project selection process uses evaluation criteria to help identify and prioritize projects that advance the MPO's goals:

- Safety
- System Preservation
- Capacity Management/Mobility
- Clean Air/Clean Communities
- Transportation Equity
- Economic Vitality

These goals also shape a series of MPO investment programs, which are designed to direct Regional

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Target funding towards MPO priority areas over the next 25 years:

- Intersection Improvements
- Complete Streets
- Major Infrastructure
- Bicycle Network and Pedestrian Connections
- Community Transportation/Parking/Clean Air and Mobility

Projects that the MPO will select to receive Regional Target funding through the TIP development process are included in one of the five programs listed above.

Outreach and Data Collection

The outreach process begins early in the federal fiscal year, when cities and towns designate TIP contacts and begin developing a list of priority projects to be considered for federal funding. Each November, MPO staff ask the staff of cities and towns in the region to identify their priority projects.

MPO staff compile the project funding requests into a Universe of Projects, a list of all projects identified as potential candidates to receive funding through the TIP. The Universe includes projects that are fully designed and ready to be advertised for construction, those that are undergoing preliminary engineering and design, as well as projects still in the conceptual or planning stage. MPO staff also collect data on each project in the Universe so that the projects can be evaluated.

Project Evaluation

MPO staff evaluate projects based on how well they address the MPO's goals. To fully evaluate a project, it must be at the 25 percent design stage or the plans must include the level of detail defined in a functional design report. The evaluation results are posted on the MPO's website, allowing project proponents, municipal officials, and members of the public to view them and provide feedback.

TIP Readiness Day

An important step toward TIP programming takes place midway through the TIP development cycle at a meeting, referred to as TIP Readiness Day, attended by MassDOT and MPO staff. At this meeting, MassDOT project managers provide updates about cost and schedule changes related to currently programmed projects. These cost and schedule changes must to be taken into account as MPO staff help the MPO board consider updates to the already programmed years of the TIP as well as the addition of new projects in the outermost year of the TIP.

Staff Recommendation and Draft TIP

Using the evaluation results and information about project readiness (when a project likely would be fully designed and ready for construction), staff prepare the First-Tier List of Projects. This list contains those projects that are supported by a project proponent (a municipality or MassDOT) and that could be made ready for advertising within the TIP's time horizon—the next five federal fiscal years. The projects are ranked based on the evaluation results.

MPO staff then prepare a recommendation or a series of programming scenarios for how to program the Regional Target funding in the TIP based on the First-Tier List of Projects and other considerations, such as whether a project was included in the LRTP, addresses an identified transportation need, or promotes a distribution of transportation investments across the region.

The staff recommendation is always financially constrained, subject to available funding. There was approximately \$493 million of Regional Target funding available to the Boston Region MPO for FFYs 2018–22. This year, the MPO discussed programming scenarios for the discretionary Highway Target Program in March, and developed a final draft recommendation in April.

APPROVING THE TIP

The MPO considers the evaluation results, First-Tier List of Projects, and staff recommendation when prioritizing which projects should receive Regional Target funding. In addition to prioritizing the Regional Target funding, the MPO also reviews the Statewide Infrastructure Items and Bridge Programs that are programmed by MassDOT, as well as the capital programs for the MBTA, CATA, and MWRTA, before voting to release a draft TIP for public review.

In April 2017, the MPO voted to release the draft FFYs 2018–22 TIP for a 21-day public comment period, during which the MPO invited members of the public, regional and local officials, and other stakeholders in the Boston region to review the proposed program. During the public comment period, MPO staff hosted extended "Office Hours," an open-

house style public meeting, to discuss the draft document and elicit additional comments on the draft TIP.

After the public comment period concluded, the MPO reviewed all municipal and public comments and made changes to the document as appropriate. The MPO then endorsed the TIP and submitted it to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the FTA for approval. MassDOT incorporates the MPO-endorsed TIP into the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The FHWA, FTA and US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) review the STIP for certification by September 30, the close of the federal fiscal year.

UPDATES TO THE TIP

Even after the TIP has been finalized, administrative modifications, amendments, and adjustments often must be introduced because of changes in project status, project cost, or available revenues. This may necessitate reprogramming a project to a later funding year or programming additional funds for a project.

Notices of administrative modifications and amendments are posted on the MPO's website. If an amendment is necessary, the Regional Transportation Advisory Council—the public advisory board to the MPO—is informed, and the MPO notifies affected municipalities and other stakeholders via email. The MPO typically holds a 30-day public comment period (in FFY 2017, a 21-day period was used) before taking final action on an amendment. In extraordinary circumstances, the MPO may vote to

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shorten the public comment period to a minimum of 15 days. Administrative modifications and adjustments are generally minor and usually do not warrant a public comment period. See Chapter 2 for more details on what qualifies as an adjustment or an amendment and the process of updating the TIP.

STAY INVOLVED WITH THE TIP

Public input is an important aspect of the transportation-planning process. Please visit www.bostonmpo.org for more information about the MPO, to view the entire TIP, and to submit your comments. You also may wish to sign up for our email news updates and notices by contacting us at publicinfo@ctps.org or signing up at www.ctps.org/subscribe.

To request a copy of the TIP in CD or accessible formats, please contact us by any of the following means:

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¹ The MPO's Public Participation Plan was amended in March 2017 to revise the duration of the public comment period from 30 days to 21 days for FFY 2017.

CHAPTER ONE The 3C Process

INTRODUCTION TO THE 3C PROCESS

Decisions about how to spend transportation funds in a metropolitan area are guided by information and ideas from a broad group of people, including elected officials, municipal planners and engineers, transportation advocates, and other interested persons. Metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs) are the bodies responsible for providing a forum for this decision-making process. Each metropolitan area in the United States with a population of 50,000 or more has an MPO, which decides how to spend federal transportation funds for capital projects and planning studies.

In order to be eligible for federal funds, metropolitan areas are required to maintain a continuous, comprehensive, and cooperative (3C) multimodal, performance-based transportation-planning process that results in plans and programs consistent with the objectives of the metropolitan area. The 3C planning process in the Boston region is the responsibility of the Boston Region MPO, which has established the following objectives for the process:

Identify transportation problems and develop possible solutions

- Balance short- and long-range considerations so that beneficial, incremental actions adequately reflect an understanding of probable future consequences and possible future options
- Represent both regional and local considerations as well as both transportation and nontransportation objectives and impacts when analyzing project issues
- Assist agencies responsible for implementing projects in effecting timely policy and project decisions with adequate consideration of environmental, land use, social, fiscal, and economic impacts, and with adequate opportunity for participation by other agencies, local governments, and members of the public
- Help implementing agencies to prioritize transportation activities in a manner consistent with the region's needs and resources
- Comply with the requirements of Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act); Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA); Clean Air Act; Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations; Executive Order 13330: Human Services Transportation Coordination; and

Section 134 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act and Section 5303 of the Federal Transit Act, as amended.

Executive Order 13166: Improving Access to Services for Persons With Limited English Proficiency

THE BOSTON REGION MPO

The Boston Region MPO is a 22-member board consisting of state agencies and regional and municipal organizations. Its jurisdiction extends from Boston north to Ipswich, south to Duxbury, and west to Interstate 495. There are 101 cities and towns that make up this area. Those municipalities are divided into eight subregional areas (as shown in Figure 1-1).

As part of its 3C planning process, the Boston Region MPO annually produces the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and the Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP). These documents, along with the Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), are required for the MPO to be certified as meeting federal requirements, which, in turn, is a prerequisite for receiving federal transportation funds. These three plans are often referred to as certification documents.

This TIP was developed and approved by the permanent and elected MPO voting members. The following are permanent voting members:

- Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT)
- Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC)
- Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA)
- MBTA Advisory Board
- Massachusetts Port Authority (Massport)
- City of Boston

 Regional Transportation Advisory Council (Advisory Council)

Municipal MPO members are elected by chief elected officials of the 101 municipalities in the MPO region to represent the entire region. There are seats designated for at-large cities and atlarge towns—which, respectively, may be filled by any city and town in the region—as well as seats for cities and towns within specific subregions. The current elected municipal MPO voting members and their respective seats are as follows:

- Town of Arlington: At-Large Town
- Town of Bedford: Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination
- City of Beverly: North Shore Task Force
- Town of Braintree: South Shore Coalition
- City of Everett: At-Large City
- Town of Framingham: MetroWest Regional Collaborative
- Town of Lexington: At-Large Town
- Town of Medway: SouthWest Advisory Planning Committee
- City of Newton: At-Large City
- Town of Norwood: Three Rivers Interlocal Council
- City of Somerville: Inner Core Committee
- City of Woburn: North Suburban Planning Council

FIGURE 1-1: METROPOLITAN AREA PLANNING COUNCIL (MAPC) SUBREGIONAL GROUPS Ipswich Rockport North Suburban Topsfield o Hamilton Planning Council (NSPC) Middleton Wenham Minuteman North Mancheste Reading **Advisory Group Danvers** Beverly North Shore Wilmington on Interlocal Task Force Reading Littleton D Coordination Peabody (NSTF) Carlisle (MAGIC) Wake-Field Marblehead Bedford Burlington Salem Box-Acton Mopum borough Lynn Swampscott Concord Winchester - Nahant Bolton May-nard Stow Lincoln Medford Inner Waltham Hudson Winthrop Core Committee Sudbury Wayland Watertown (ICC) Weston Marlborough Newton MetroWest Framingham Regional South-Wellesley borough Boston Collaborative Natick Needham (MetroWest) Ashland Dedham Quincy Cohasse Sherborn *Milton *Dover South Shore Hopkinton Braintree Weymouth Coalition Scituate Hingham Medfield Holliston (SSC) Norwood Millis Canton Norwell Hol-Milford Medway Walpole brook SouthWest Stoughton Advisory Hanover Marshfield Norfolk Sharon **Planning** Bellingham Franklin Pembroke Committee Three Rivers (SWAP) Foxborough Interlocal Council Duxbury (TRIC)

^{*}Several communities are represented by more than one subregional group. Dover is in TRIC and SWAP; Milton and Needham are in ICC and TRIC.

In addition, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) participate in the MPO as advisory (nonvoting) members. Figure 1-2 is an organization chart of MPO membership and of the MPO's staff, the Central Transportation Planning Staff (CTPS).

More details about the MPO's members are cited below. All members—except for MassDOT and the City of Boston—hold one seat on the MPO board. MassDOT has three seats, including one for the Highway Division. The City of Boston has two seats.

MassDOT was established under Chapter 25 of the Acts of 2009, An Act Modernizing the Transportation Systems of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. MassDOT has four divisions: Highway, Rail and Transit, Aeronautics, and Registry of Motor Vehicles. The MassDOT Board of Directors, comprised of 11 members appointed by the governor, oversees all four divisions and all MassDOT operations, including the MBTA.

The MassDOT Highway Division has jurisdiction over the roadways, bridges, and tunnels formerly overseen by the Massachusetts Highway Department and the Massachusetts Turnpike Authority. It also has jurisdiction over many bridges and parkways previously under the authority of the Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR). The Highway Division is responsible for the design, construction, and maintenance of the Commonwealth's state highways and bridges. It is also responsible for overseeing traffic safety and engineering activities for the state highway system. These

- activities include operating the Highway Operations Control Center to ensure safe road and travel conditions.
- The Rail and Transit Division oversees MassDOT's freight and passenger rail program and provides oversight of Massachusetts' 15 regional transit authorities (RTAs), as well as intercity bus services, MBTA paratransit service (THE RIDE), and the Massachusetts Mobility Management Center, a resource that helps communities develop the capacity to better serve people with mobility challenges.

The MBTA has the statutory responsibility within its district, under the provisions of Chapter 161A of the Massachusetts General Laws (MGLs), for preparing the engineering and architectural designs for transit development projects, constructing and operating transit development projects, and operating the public transportation system. The MBTA district comprises 175 communities, including all of the 101 cities and towns of the Boston Region MPO area. Starting in April 2015, as a result of an action plan to improve the MBTA, a five-member Fiscal and Management Control Board (FMCB) was created to oversee the MBTA's finances and management and to increase accountability over a three-to-five-year period. By statute, the FMCB consists of five members, one with experience in transportation finance, one with experience in mass transit operations, and three who are also members of the MassDOT Board of Directors

The *MBTA Advisory Board* was created by the state legislature in 1964 through the same legislation that

created the MBTA. The Advisory Board consists of representatives from the 175 cities and towns that compose the MBTA district. Cities are represented by either the city manager or mayor, and towns are represented by the chairperson of the board of selectmen. Specific responsibilities of the Advisory Board include providing public oversight of MBTA expenditures; reviewing and offering advice on the MBTA's long-range plan, the Program for Mass Transportation (PMT); evaluating the MBTA's annual budget; evaluating proposed fare changes and substantial changes in transit service; and consulting with the MBTA about service quality standards.

Massport has the statutory responsibility under Chapter 465 of the Acts of 1956, as amended, of planning, constructing, owning, and operating such transportation and related facilities as may be necessary for developing and improving commerce in Boston and the surrounding metropolitan area. Massport owns and operates Boston's Logan International Airport, Conley Freight Terminal, Cruiseport Boston, Hanscom Field, Worcester Regional Airport, and various maritime and waterfront properties, including parks in East Boston, South Boston, and Charlestown.

The *Metropolitan Area Planning Council* is the regional planning agency for the 101 cities and towns in the Boston region. It is composed of the chief executive officer (or their designee) of each city and town in the region, 21 gubernatorial appointees, and 12 ex officio members. MAPC has statutory responsibility for comprehensive regional planning in the region under Chapter 40B of the MGLs. It is the Boston Metropolitan Clearinghouse under Section 204 of the Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan

Development Act of 1966, and Title VI of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1968. MAPC's planning area also has been designated as an economic development district under Title IV of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended. MAPC's responsibilities for comprehensive planning include providing technical assistance to communities, transportation planning, and the development of zoning, land use, and demographic and environmental studies.

The City of Boston, six elected cities (currently Beverly, Braintree, Everett, Newton, Somerville, and Woburn), and six elected towns (currently Arlington, Bedford, Framingham, Lexington, Medway, and Norwood) represent the region's 101 municipalities in the Boston Region MPO. The City of Boston is a permanent MPO member (with two seats). There is one elected municipal seat for each of the eight MAPC subregions, and there are four at-large elected municipalities (two cities and two towns). The elected at-large municipalities serve staggered three-year terms, as do the eight municipalities representing the MAPC subregions.

The Regional Transportation Advisory Council, the MPO's public advisory group, provides the opportunity for transportation-related organizations, agencies, and municipal representatives to become actively involved in the MPO's decision-making processes for planning and programming transportation projects in the region. The Advisory Council reviews, comments on, and makes recommendations on the MPO's certification documents. The Advisory Council also provides information about transportation topics in the region, identifies issues, advocates for ways to address the region's transportation needs, and

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generates interest in the work of the MPO among members of the general public.

Two other members participate in the Boston Region MPO in an advisory (nonvoting) capacity, reviewing the MPO's certification documents to ensure compliance with federal planning and programming requirements: the *FHWA* and *FTA* oversee the highway and transit programs of the US Department of Transportation under the pertinent legislation and the provisions of FAST Act.

Two entities assist the MPO board in carrying out the responsibilities of the MPO's 3C planning process through policy implementation, technical support, and public participation:

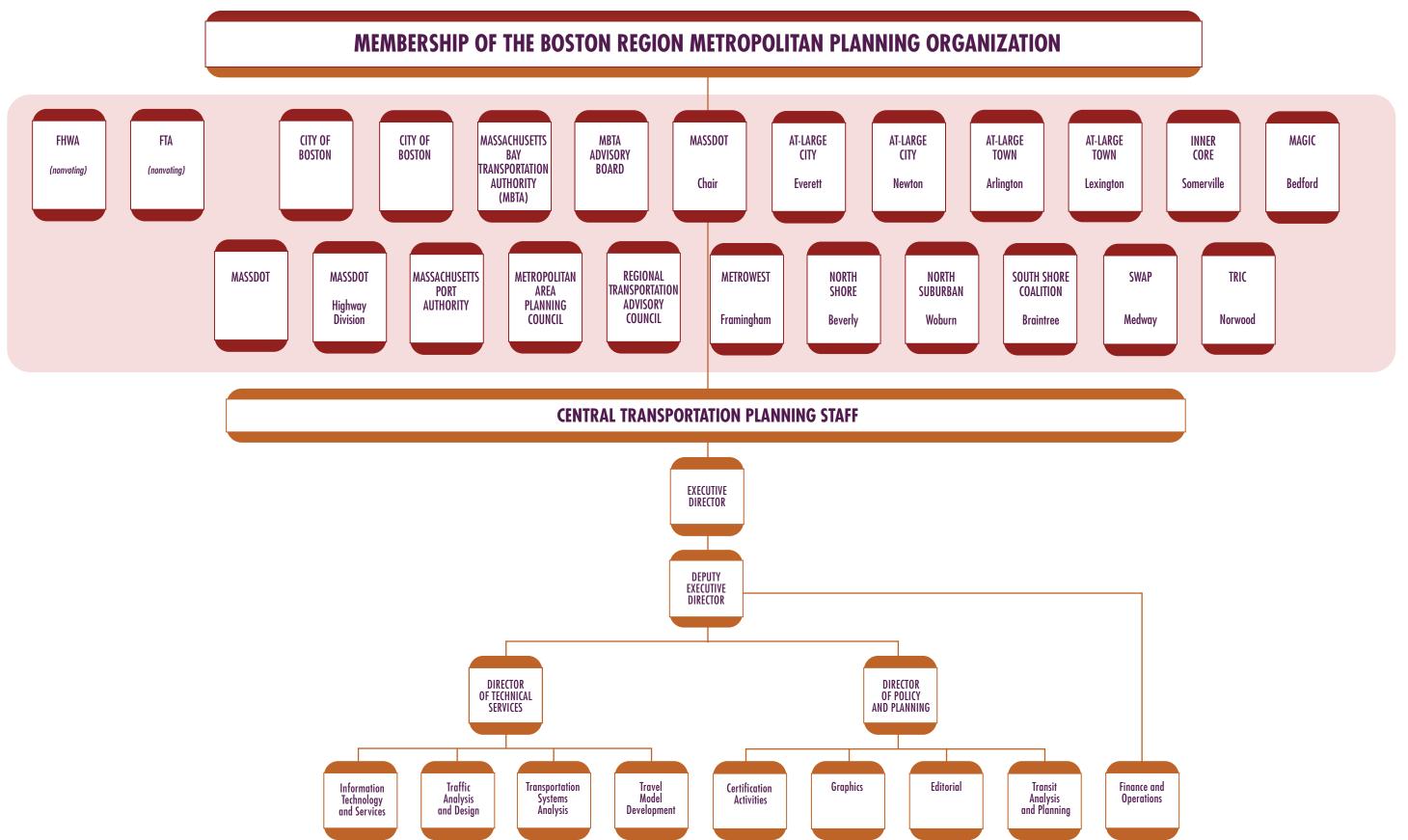
- CTPS was created by the MPO to fulfill general and 3C transportation-planning activities on behalf of the MPO, and to provide MPO member agencies with the analyses required for their decision-making.
- The MAPC staff. MAPC has promoted and supported the formation of subregional groups in order to foster better communication and cooperation among its member communities. These groups have played an important role in the MPO's participatory process, including helping to prioritize transportation projects and studies.

CERTIFICATION DOCUMENTS

The following section briefly describes the three documents produced by the MPO as part of its federally required 3C planning process:

- Quality Conformity Determination (LRTP) guides investment in the transportation system of the Boston metropolitan region for the next 20 years. The LRTP defines an overarching vision of the future of transportation in the region, establishes goals and objectives that will lead to achievement of that vision, and allocates projected revenue to transportation projects and programs consistent with established goals and objectives. The Boston Region MPO produces an LRTP every four years. Charting Progress to 2040, the current LRTP was endorsed by the MPO in 2015 and guides the development of the TIP and UPWP.
- The Transportation Improvement Program and Air Quality Conformity Determination (TIP) is a multiyear program of intermodal transportation improvements consistent with the LRTP. The TIP describes and prioritizes transportation projects that are expected to be implemented during a fiveyear period. The types of projects funded include major highway reconstruction and maintenance, arterial and intersection improvements,

FIGURE 1-2: BOSTON REGION MPO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



public transit expansion and maintenance, bicycle paths and related facilities, and improvements to pedestrian infrastructure. The TIP contains a financial plan that shows the revenue sources, current or proposed, for each project. The TIP serves as the implementation arm of the LRTP; the Boston Region MPO updates the TIP annually. An MPO-endorsed TIP is incorporated into the State Transportation Improvement Program, which in turn is submitted to FHWA, FTA, and the US Environmental Protection Agency for approval.

The Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) contains information about surface transportation planning projects that will be conducted in the Boston metropolitan region. The UPWP has a one-year scope, and is produced annually. The UPWP describes all of the supportive planning activities undertaken by the MPO, including data resources management, preparation of the federally required certification documents, and ongoing transportation planning assistance. The UPWP can be a means to study transportation projects and alternatives before they are advanced for further design, construction, and future programming through the TIP. The studies and work products programmed for funding through the UPWP are integrally related to other planning initiatives conducted by the Boston Region MPO. as well as to initiatives by MassDOT, the MBTA, Massport, MAPC, and the region's municipalities.

CONSISTENCY WITH FEDERAL PLANNING REGULATIONS

FAST Act Legislation

The FAST Act requires all MPOs to fulfill the 3C planning process. To meet this requirement, MPOs must perform the following activities:

- Produce the LRTP, the TIP, and the UPWP
- Establish and oversee the public-participation process in the development of those documents
- Maintain transportation models and data resources to support both air quality conformity determinations and long- and short-range planning work

The FAST Act also maintains national goals for federal highway programs, including the following:

- 1. Safety: Achieve significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads
- Infrastructure condition: Maintain the highway infrastructure asset system in a state of good repair
- Congestion reduction: Achieve significant reduction in congestion on the National Highway System
- 4. System reliability: Improve efficiency of the surface transportation system
- 5. Freight movement and economic vitality: Improve the national freight network,

- strengthen the ability of rural communities to access national and international trade markets, and support regional economic development
- Environmental sustainability: Enhance performance of the transportation system while protecting and enhancing the natural environment
- 7. Reduced project delivery delays: Reduce project costs; promote jobs and the economy; and expedite movement of people and goods by accelerating project completion, eliminating delays in the development and delivery process, lessening regulatory burdens, and improving the work practices of the agencies involved

In addition, the FAST Act maintains the federal planning factors established in the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) and adds two new planning factors. In accordance with the legislation, the MPO shall comply with the following factors:

- Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency
- 2. Increase the safety of the transportation system for all motorized and nonmotorized users
- 3. Increase the ability of the transportation system to support homeland security and to safeguard

- the personal security of all motorized and nonmotorized users
- 4. Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight
- Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and state and local planned growth and economic development patterns
- Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight
- 7. Promote efficient system management and operation
- 8. Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system
- 9. Improve the resiliency and reliability of the transportation system and reduce or mitigate stormwater impacts of surface transportation
- 10. Enhance travel and tourism

Federal guidance dictates that the 3C planning process should facilitate the safe and efficient management, operation, and development of surface transportation systems that will serve the mobility needs of people and freight. The surface transportation system should foster economic growth and development within and between states and urbanized areas, and take into consideration

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resiliency needs while minimizing transportationrelated fuel consumption and air pollution.

The FAST Act continues to emphasize performance-based planning as an integral part of the metropolitan-planning process. States are to develop performance goals, guided by the national goals, and then MPOs will work with state departments of transportation (DOTs) and public transportation providers to develop MPO performance targets. The TIP will integrate the MPOs' performance measures and link transportation investment decisions to progress toward achieving performance goals.

CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER FEDERAL LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS

The Clean Air Act of 1990

Air quality conformity determinations must be performed for LRTPs and TIPs in areas that are classified as in nonattainment for pollutants controlled by national air quality standards. Capital improvement projects that receive federal funding and that are considered regionally significant must be analyzed for their effect on air quality. These determinations must show that the LRTP and TIP will not cause or contribute to any new air quality violations, will not increase the frequency or severity of any existing airquality violations in any area, and will not delay the timely attainment of air quality standards in any area.

A determination must also be performed if there are transportation control measures identified in the Commonwealth's State Implementation Plan for the attainment of air quality standards in the region.

Transportation control measures are federally enforceable and projects that address the identified air quality issues must be given first priority when using federal funds. Such projects previously programmed in past TIPs include parking-freeze programs in Boston and Cambridge, statewide rideshare programs, rapid-transit and commuter-rail extension programs, park-and-ride facilities, residential parking-sticker programs, and operation of high-occupancy-vehicle lanes.

Nondiscrimination Mandates

The Boston Region MPO complies with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the ADA, and other federal and state nondiscrimination statutes and regulations in all of its programs and activities. The MPO does not discriminate based on race, color, national origin, English proficiency, income, religious creed, ancestry, disability, age, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or military service. The major federal requirements are discussed below.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

This statute requires that no person be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or subjected to discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin under any program or activity provided by an agency receiving federal financial assistance.

Executive Order 13166, dated August 11, 2000, extends Title VI protections to persons who, as a result of national origin, have limited English-language proficiency (LEP). Specifically, it calls for improved access to programs and activities conducted or assisted by federal agencies, and it requires MPOs to

develop and implement a system by which LEP persons can meaningfully participate in the transportation-planning process.

Environmental Justice Executive Orders

Executive Order 12898, dated February 11, 1994, further expands upon Title VI, requiring each federal agency to achieve environmental justice by identifying and addressing any disproportionately high adverse human health or environmental effects on minority or low-income populations, including interrelated social and economic effects, resulting from its programs, policies, and activities.

On April 15, 1997, the US Department of Transportation issued its Final Order to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations. Among other provisions, this order calls for programming and planning activities to meet the following requirements:

- Explicitly consider the effects of transportation decisions on minority and low-income populations
- Provide meaningful opportunities for public involvement by members of minority and lowincome populations
- Gather (where relevant, appropriate, and practical) demographic information such as the race, color, national origin, and income level of the populations affected by transportation decisions
- Minimize or mitigate any adverse impact on minority or low-income populations

The Americans with Disabilities Act

Title III of the ADA requires all transportation projects, plans, and programs to be accessible to people with disabilities. At the MPO level, this means that public meetings must be held in accessible buildings and documents must be made available in accessible formats.

Executive Order 13330

Executive Order 13330, dated February 26, 2004, calls for the establishment of the Interagency Transportation Coordinating Council on Access and Mobility, under the aegis of the US Secretary of Transportation. This executive order reinforces both environmental justice and ADA requirements by charging the council with developing policies and methods for improving access for people with disabilities, low-income persons, and older adults.

COORDINATION WITH OTHER MPO PLANNING ACTIVITIES

Long-Range Transportation Plan

The MPO considers the degree to which a proposed TIP project would advance the goals and objectives of its LRTP. The MPO also reviews TIP projects within the context of the recommended projects already included in the LRTP.

Unified Planning Work Program

The MPO aims to implement the findings and recommendations of past studies and reports conducted through the UPWP when developing the TIP.

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Congestion Management Process

The purpose of the Congestion Management Process (CMP) is to monitor and analyze the performance of transportation facilities and services; develop strategies to alleviate congestion; and move these strategies into the implementation stage by providing decision-makers in the region with information and recommendations. The CMP monitors roadways and park-and-ride facilities in the MPO region for safety, congestion, and mobility, and identifies problematic locations. Projects that help address problems identified in the most recent CMP monitoring endeavor were considered for inclusion in this TIP.

CONSISTENCY WITH STATE REQUIREMENTS

Global Warming Solutions Act

The Global Warming Solutions Act (GWSA) makes Massachusetts a leader in setting aggressive and enforceable greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction targets and implementing policies and initiatives to achieve these targets. In keeping with this law, the Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs, in consultation with other state agencies and the public, developed the Massachusetts Clean Energy and Climate Plan for 2020. This implementation plan, released on December 29, 2010 (and updated in 2015), establishes the following targets for overall statewide GHG emission reductions:

 25 percent reduction below statewide 1990 GHG emission levels by 2020 80 percent reduction below statewide 1990 GHG emission levels by 2050

In January 2015, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection promulgated regulation 310 CMR 60.05, Global Warming Solutions Act Requirements for the Transportation Sector and the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. This regulation places a range of obligations on MassDOT and MPOs to support achievement of the Commonwealth's climate change goals through the programming of transportation funds. In particular, MPOs must use GHG impact as a selection criterion when they review projects to be programmed in their TIPs. Appendix C of this document includes information about these requirements and how the Boston Region MPO has addressed them in developing the federal fiscal years (FFYs) 2018-22 TIP.

GREENDOT POLICY

The transportation sector is the single largest contributor of GHGs—accounting for more than one-third of GHG emissions—and therefore is a major focus of the *Massachusetts Clean Energy and Climate Plan for 2020*. MassDOT's approach to fulfilling its part of the plan is presented in its GreenDOT Policy Directive, a comprehensive sustainability initiative that sets three principal objectives:

 Reduce GHG emissions from the transportation sector. MassDOT will achieve this objective by taking GHG emissions into account in all of its responsibilities, including strategic planning, project design and construction, and system operations.

- Promote the healthy transportation modes of walking, bicycling, and taking public transit.
 MassDOT will achieve this objective by pursuing multimodal Complete Streets design standards, providing choices in transportation services, and working with MPOs and other partners to prioritize and program a balance among projects that serve drivers, pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transit riders.
- Support smart-growth development. MassDOT will achieve this objective by working with MPOs and other partners to invest in transportation projects that make denser smart-growth development patterns—which help reduce GHG emissions—possible.

The Commonwealth's 13 MPOs are integrally involved in helping MassDOT achieve its GreenDOT objectives and supporting the GHG reductions mandated under the GWSA. The MPOs seek to realize these objectives by prioritizing projects in the LRTP and TIP that will help reduce emissions from the transportation sector. The Boston Region MPO uses its TIP project evaluation criteria to score projects based on their GHG emissions impacts, multimodal Complete Streets accommodations, and ability to support smart-growth development. Tracking and evaluating GHG emissions by project will enable the MPOs to anticipate GHG impacts of the planned and programmed projects.

COORDINATION WITH OTHER PLANNING ACTIVITIES

The MBTA's Program for Mass Transportation

In 2009, the MBTA adopted its current Program for Mass Transportation (PMT). The PMT was developed with extensive public involvement and was approved by the MBTA Advisory Board.

The next PMT, Focus40, is under development. Focus40 is the 25-year investment plan to position the MBTA to meet the needs of the greater Boston region through 2040. The Focus40 process will create a long-term investment vision that recognizes current infrastructure challenges and the shifting demographics, changing climate, and evolving technology that may alter the role that the MBTA will play in greater Boston in the future. Focus40 will emphasize 1) improving system performance and reliability; 2) supporting economic growth; 3) supporting inclusive growth; 4) climate change mitigation and adaptation; and 5) providing a seamless multimodal experience.

In 2016, the *Focus40* team examined the existing conditions and future context for the transit system, developed goals, and collected feedback and ideas for improvements through an extensive public engagement process. During 2017, the team will finalize the plan's framework and objectives, propose programs and strategies that align with that framework, develop a recommended strategy, and finalize the plan. Recommendations from *Focus40* will support MassDOT's Capital Investment Plan. The Boston MPO continues to monitor the development of

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Focus 40 to inform its decision making about transit capital investments.

MetroFuture

MetroFuture, which was developed by MAPC and adopted in 2008, is the long-range plan for land use, housing, economic development, and environmental preservation in the Boston region. It includes a vision for the region's future and a set of strategies for achieving that future. Its goals and objectives were used in developing the future land-use scenario for Charting Progress to 2040. MetroFuture's goals, objectives, and strategies were considered in the development of this TIP.

youMove Massachusetts and weMove Massachusetts

A statewide initiative designed as a bottom-up approach to transportation planning, *youMove Massachusetts* (YMM) derived 10 core themes from a broad-based public participation process that articulated the expressed concerns, needs, and aspirations of Massachusetts residents related to their transportation network. Those themes have been considered in the development of this TIP.

In May 2014, MassDOT released weMove Massachusetts: Planning for Performance (WMM), the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' 2040 LRTP. WMM is a statewide strategic multimodal plan that is a product of the transportation reform legislation of 2009 and the YMM civic engagement process. It identifies high-level policy priorities that were considered in the development of this TIP. WMM also incorporates performance management into

investment decision-making to calculate the differences in performance outcomes resulting from different funding levels available to MassDOT. In the future, MassDOT will use this scenario-based tool to update and refine investment priorities. The TIP builds on this data-driven method to prioritize transportation investments.

Healthy Transportation Compact

The Healthy Transportation Compact (HTC) is a major requirement of the Massachusetts landmark transportation reform legislation that took effect on November 1, 2009. It is an interagency initiative that will help ensure that the transportation decisions made by the Commonwealth balance the needs of all transportation users, expand mobility, improve public health, support a cleaner environment, and create stronger communities.

The agencies work together to achieve positive health outcomes by coordinating land-use, transportation, and public health policy. HTC membership is made up of the secretary of transportation (co-chair), secretary of health and human services (co-chair), secretary of energy and environmental affairs, secretary of housing and economic development, administrator of transportation for highways, administrator of transportation for mass transit, and the commissioner of public health (each of whom may select a representative to serve in their stead).

The HTC also promotes improved coordination among the public sector, private sector, and advocacy groups, as well as among transportation, land-use, and public health stakeholders. As part of the framework for the HTC, MassDOT established a HTC

Advisory Council comprised of advocates and leaders in the fields of land-use, transportation, and public health policy.

MassDOT Mode Shift Goal

In the fall of 2012, MassDOT announced a statewide mode shift goal to triple the share of travel by bicycling, transit, and walking between 2010 and 2030. The mode shift goal aims to foster improved quality of life by protecting our environment and preserving the capacity of our highway network. In addition, positive public health outcomes will be achieved by providing more healthy transportation options.

On September 9, 2013, MassDOT passed the Healthy Transportation Policy Directive to formalize its commitment to implementing and maintaining transportation networks that serve all mode choices. This directive will ensure that all MassDOT projects are designed and implemented in ways that provide all customers with access to safe and comfortable walking, bicycling, and transit options.

In November 2015, MassDOT released the *Separated Bike Lane Planning & Design Guide*. This guide represents the next—but not the last—step in MassDOT's continuing commitment to Complete Streets, sustainable transportation, and the creation of more safe and convenient transportation options for Massachusetts' residents. This guide may be used by project planners and designers as a resource for considering, evaluating, and designing separated bike lanes as part of a Complete Streets approach.

In *Charting Progress to 2040,* the Boston Region MPO has established investment programs—

particularly its Complete Streets and Bicycle and Pedestrian programs—that support the implementation of Complete Streets projects. These investment programs are reflected in this TIP. The MPO's TIP project selection criteria also support the programming of Complete Streets and bicycle and pedestrian investments.

CONSISTENCY WITH MPO GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

In the development of *Charting Progress to 2040*, the Boston Region MPO updated its vision, goals, and objectives. These updated goals and objectives, listed on the following pages, guided the 2016 update of the TIP evaluation criteria. As such, the investments in the TIP aim to achieve the following:

- Provide safe transportation for all modes
- Maintain the transportation system
- Use existing facility capacity more efficiently
- Increase healthy transportation options
- Create an environmentally friendly transportation system
- Afford comparable access and service quality among communities, regardless of income level or minority population
- Ensure that our transportation network serves as a strong foundation for economic vitality

Chapter 4 demonstrates in detail how transportation investments over the next five years would advance the MPO's goals and objectives.

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FIGURE 1-3: CENTRAL VISION STATEMENT

The Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization envisions a modern transportation system that is safe, uses new technologies, provides equitable access, excellent mobility, and varied transportation options—in support of a sustainable, healthy, livable, and economically vibrant region.

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
SAFETY	
Transportation by all modes will be safe	 Reduce number and severity of crashes, all modes Reduce serious injuries and fatalities from transportation Protect transportation customers and employees from safety and security threats (Note: The MPO action will be to incorporate security investments into capital planning
SYSTEM PRESERVATION	
Maintain the transportation system	 Improve condition of on- and off-system bridges Improve pavement conditions on MassDOT-monitored roadway system Maintain and modernize capital assets, including transit assets, throughout the system Prioritize projects that support planned response capability to existing or future extrem conditions (sea level rise, flooding, and other natural and security-related man-made hazards) Protect freight network elements, such as port facilities, that are vulnerable to climate-change impacts
CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES	
Create an environmentally friendly transportation system	 Reduce greenhouse gases generated in the Boston region by all transportation modes as outlined in the Global Warming Solutions Act Reduce other transportation-related pollutants Minimize negative environmental impacts of the transportation system Support land use policies consistent with smart and healthy growth
TRANSPORTATION EQUITY	
Provide comparable transportation access and service quality among communities, regardless of income level or minority population	 Target investments to areas that benefit a high percentage of low-income and minority populations Minimize any burdens associated with MPO-funded projects in low-income and minori areas Break down barriers to participation in MPO-decision making

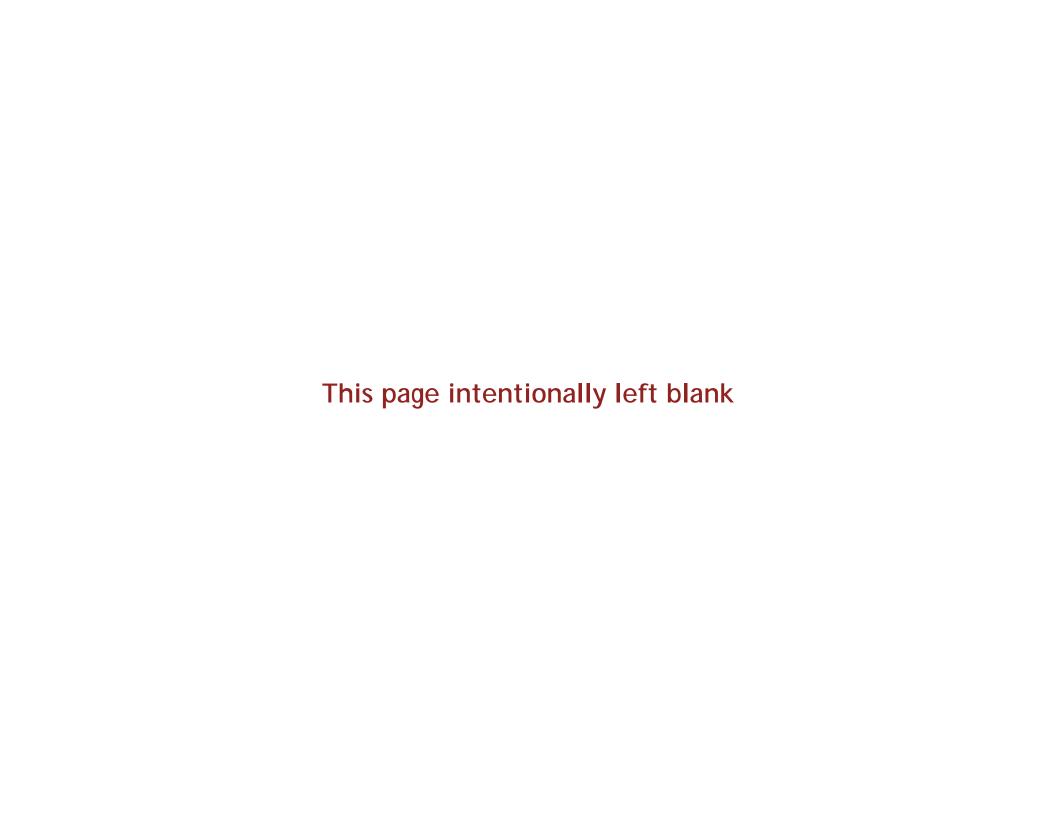
FIGURE 1-3: (CONT.) CENTRAL VISION STATEMENT

The Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization envisions a modern transportation system that is safe, uses new technologies, provides equitable access, excellent mobility, and varied transportation options—in support of a sustainable, healthy, livable, and economically vibrant region.

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
CAPACITY MANAGEMENT/MOBILITY	
Use existing facility capacity more efficiently and increase healthy transportation capacity	 Improve reliability of transit Implement roadway management and operations strategies, constructing improvements to the bicycle and pedestrian network, and supporting community-based transportation Create connected network of bicycle and accessible sidewalk facilities (at both regional and neighborhood scale) by expanding existing facilities and closing gaps Increase automobile and bicycle parking capacity and usage at transit stations Increase percentage of population and places of employment within one-quarter mile of transit stations and stops Increase percentage of population and places of employment with access to bicycle facilities Improve access to and accessibility of transit and active modes Support community-based and private-initiative services and programs to meet last mile, reverse commute and other non-traditional transit/transportation needs, including those of the elderly and persons with disabilities Eliminate bottlenecks on the freight network Enhance intermodal connections Emphasize capacity management through low-cost investments; give priority to projects that focus on lower-cost O&M-type improvements such as intersection improvements and Complete Streets solutions
ECONOMIC VITALITY	

Ensure our transportation network provides a strong foundation for economic vitality

- Respond to the mobility needs of the 25–34-year-old workforce
- Minimize the burden of housing and transportation costs for residents in the region
- Prioritize transportation investments that serve targeted development sites
- Prioritize transportation investments consistent with the compact-growth strategies of MetroFuture



CHAPTER TWO The TIP Process

INTRODUCTION TO THE TIP PROCESS

In planning for its region's future, one of the most important decisions a metropolitan planning organization (MPO) faces is deciding how to allocate limited funds. Transportation improvements form part of the solution to many critical regional, state, national, and even global problems, such as traffic congestion, air pollution, traffic fatalities and injuries, climate change, and environmental justice. Because there is not nearly enough funding available to build all of the necessary and worthy projects that would address these problems, MPO investment choices must be guided by policies that help identify the most viable solutions.

Thus, each year, the Boston Region MPO conducts a Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) development process that prioritizes transportation investments and helps the MPO decide how to spend federal transportation funds for capital projects. The Central Transportation Planning Staff (CTPS) to the Boston Region MPO manages the annual development process for the TIP. MPO staff help evaluate project funding requests, propose programming for new and ongoing projects based on anticipated yearly funding levels, support the MPO by creating a draft TIP document, and facilitate a public

review of the draft before the MPO endorses the final document.

FINANCING THE PROGRAM

Federal Framework

The first step in allocating federal transportation funds is the passage by the United States Congress of a multiyear act that establishes a maximum level of federal transportation funding per federal fiscal year (FFY). The establishment of this level of funding is referred to as an authorization. The most recent authorization act, Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act), was signed into law on December 4, 2015.

Once the authorization level has been established, the United States Department of Transportation allocates funding among the states annually, based on various federal formulas. This allocation is referred to as an apportionment. The annual apportionment rarely represents the actual amount of federal funds that are ultimately committed to a state because of federally imposed limitations on spending in a given fiscal year, referred to as the obligation authority. In Massachusetts, TIPs are developed based on the estimated obligation authority.

Two of the most important distinctions between apportionment and obligation authority are 1) apportionment is allocated on a per program basis, while obligation authority is generally allocated as a lump sum; and 2) unused apportionment carries forward into successive FFYs, but unused obligation authority does not. Unused apportionment that is carried forward is referred to as an unobligated balance. Although a state's unobligated balance can be used to increase the amount of federal aid programmed within a particular funding category in a given FFY, it cannot be used to increase the total amount of the state's highway apportionment.

Federal Highway Program

Federal regulations require states to "provide MPOs with estimates of Federal and State funds which the MPOs shall utilize in developing financial plans" for TIPs.¹

The TIP Highway Program was developed with the assumption that federal funding for the state would range between \$648 million and \$708 million annually over the next five years (these amounts include the funds that would be set aside as payments for the Accelerated Bridge Program and exclude required matching funds).

The process of deciding how to use this federal funding in the Boston Region follows several steps.

MassDOT first reserves funding for Grant Anticipation Notes (GANs) debt service payments for the Accelerated Bridge Program; annual GANs payments

range between \$62 million and \$117 million annually over the five years of this TIP.

The remaining Federal-Aid Highway Program funds are budgeted to support state and regional (i.e., MPO) priorities. In this planning cycle, \$704 million to \$745 million annually was available statewide for programming (these amounts include both federal dollars and the local match). MassDOT customarily provides the local match (which can also be provided by other entities); thus, projects are typically funded with 80 percent federal dollars and 20 percent state dollars, depending on the funding program.

Next, MassDOT allocates the remaining federal funding into the following categories:

- Reliability Programs: This includes the Bridge Program—including inspections, systematic maintenance, and National Highway System (NHS) and non-NHS improvements—the Pavement Program, the Roadway Improvements Program, and the Safety Improvements Program
- Modernization Programs: This includes the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Retrofit Program, the Intersection Improvement Program, the Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) Program, and the Roadway Reconstruction Program
- Expansion Programs: This includes the Bicycle and Pedestrian Program and the Capacity Program

¹ Title 23 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 450.324(e).

• **Regional Targets**: These are projects prioritized by MPOs.

The Regional Targets are discretionary funding for MPOs, suballocated by formula. MassDOT develops these targets in consultation with the Massachusetts Association of Regional Planning Agencies (MARPA). Each MPO in the state can decide how to prioritize its Regional Target funding. Given that the Regional Target funding is a subset of the Highway Program, the MPO typically programs the majority of funding on roadway projects; however the Boston Region MPO has flexed portions of its Highway Program funding to the Transit Program for the Green Line Extension, a transit expansion project.

The MPO discretionary funding typically is used for modernization programs (intersection improvements and roadway reconstruction) and expansion projects (capacity and bicycle and pedestrian facilities), whereas statewide highway items cover the reliability programs (bridges, pavement, safety, and others).

During the next five years, the Boston Region MPO's total Regional Target funding will be approximately \$493 million, an average of \$98 million per year. To decide how to spend its Regional Target funding, the Boston Region MPO engages its 101 cities and towns in an annual TIP development process.

Federal Transit Program

Federal aid for public transit authorities is allocated by formula to urbanized areas (UZAs). MassDOT is the recipient of this federal aid in the Boston UZA. In UZAs with populations greater than 200,000, such as the Boston UZA, the distribution formula factors in passenger-miles traveled, population density, and other factors associated with each transit provider. The three regional transit authorities (RTAs) in the Boston Region MPO area are the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA), MetroWest Regional Transit Authority (MWRTA), and Cape Ann Transportation Authority (CATA). The MBTA, with its extensive transit program and infrastructure, is the recipient of the preponderance of federal transit funds in the region.

Funding Programs

Metropolitan areas require support from many different federal-aid transportation programs, and each program has unique requirements. Federal programs in the FAST Act that fund projects in the FFYs 2018–22 TIP are listed in the following two tables.

TABLE 2-1: FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION PROGRAMS APPLICABLE TO THE FFYS 2018-22 TIP

FAST Act Program	Eligible Uses
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ)	A wide range of projects to reduce congestion and improve air quality in nonattainment and maintenance areas for ozone, carbon monoxide, and particulate matter
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	Implementation of infrastructure-related highway safety improvements.
National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)	Improvements to interstate routes, major urban and rural arterials, connectors to major intermodal facilities, and the national defense network; replacement or rehabilitation of any public bridge; and resurfacing, restoring, and rehabilitating routes on the Interstate Highway System
Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBGP) [formerly the Surface Transportation Program (STP)]	A broad range of surface transportation capital needs, including roads; transit, sea, and airport access; and vanpool, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities
Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP)	A set-aside from the STBGP that funds the construction of infrastructure-related projects (for example, sidewalk, crossing, and on-road bicycle facility improvements)
Metropolitan Planning	For facilities that contribute to an intermodal transportation system, including intercity bus, pedestrian, and bicycle facilities
National Highway Freight Program (NHFP)	For projects that improve the efficient movement of freight on the National Highway Freight Network

TABLE 2-2: FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION PROGRAMS APPLICABLE TO THE FFYS 2018-22 TIP

FAST Act Program	Eligible Uses
Urbanized Area Formula Grants (Section 5307)	Transit capital and operating assistance in urbanized areas
Fixed Guideway/Bus (Section 5337)	Replacement, rehabilitation, and other state-of-good-repair capital projects
Bus and Bus Facilities (Section 5339)	Capital projects to replace, rehabilitate, and purchase buses and related equipment, and to construct bus-related facilities
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities (Section 5310)	Capital expenses that support transportation to meet the special needs of older adults and persons with disabilities
Fixed-Guideway Capital Investment Grants (Section 5309)	Provides grants for new and expanded rail, bus rapid transit, and ferry systems that reflect local priorities to improve transportation options in key corridors

DEVELOPING THE TIP

Highway Discretionary (Regional Target) Funding Project Selection Process

Overview

The MPO's process for selecting projects to receive highway discretionary—or Regional Target—funding involves using evaluation criteria to help identify and prioritize projects that advance the MPO's goals. The criteria are based on the MPO's goals and objectives, which were adopted for its current Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), *Charting Progress to 2040*. All projects are required to show consistency with the LRTP and other statewide and regional plans.

The MPO staff evaluates each project that is considered for inclusion in the TIP based on a set of specific criteria that were developed by the MPO. Other factors considered include the readiness of a project for construction and municipal support for the project. Background information about the TIP project evaluation process is presented in Appendix B.

Outreach and Data Collection (November–February)

The process of reaching out to the public begins early in the FFY, when cities and towns designate TIP contacts and begin developing a list of priority projects to be considered for federal funding. Each November, MPO staff asks the staff of cities and towns in the region to identify their priority projects for consideration for federal funding. The MPO also

elicits input from interested parties and members of the general public.

New projects must be initiated by the MassDOT Highway Division before they can be considered for programming in the TIP. MassDOT details the project initiation process and posts relevant documents on its Project Review Committee's webpage, www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/Departments/Proj ectManagement/ProjectReviewCommittee.aspx. Municipal TIP Contacts and the MPO staff coordinate to update each project's Project Funding Application Form through the MPO's Interactive TIP Database. www.bostonmpo.org/apps/tip11/tip_query.html, which summarizes information about each project's background, infrastructure condition and needs, development status, and ability to help the region attain the MPO's goals and objectives. More information on the Project Funding Application Forms is presented in Appendix B.

MPO staff compiles the project funding requests into a Universe of Projects list, which consists of all identified projects being advanced for possible funding. The Universe includes projects that are fully designed and ready to be advertised for construction, those that are undergoing preliminary engineering and design, and projects still in the conceptual planning stage.

The MPO staff also monitors the anticipated greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions of each planned and programmed project in order to consider these impacts when prioritizing transportation investments. For more information on GHG emission monitoring and evaluation, see Appendix C.

Project Evaluation (February–March)

The MPO uses TIP project evaluation criteria to logically and transparently evaluate and select projects for programming in the TIP that advance the transportation future envisioned by the MPO. This process favors projects that support the following aims:

- Provide safe transportation for all modes
- Maintain the transportation system
- Use existing facility capacity more efficiently and increase the number of healthy transportation options
- Create an environmentally friendly transportation system
- Offer comparable access and service quality across communities, regardless of income level or minority population
- Ensure that our transportation network serves as a strong foundation for economic vitality

The project evaluation criteria consist of 28 questions that relate to six goals. A list of the TIP evaluation criteria (on page 2-9) provides an overview of the goals, criteria, and their point values.

In order for MPO staff to conduct a complete project evaluation, the project must have a functional design report, or be at a 25 percent design stage, or its plans must include the level of detail defined in a functional design report. See MassDOT's *Project Development and Design Guide* for information about what is included in a functional design report. This guide is

available at

www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/DoingBusinessWithUs/ManualsPublicationsForms/ProjectDevelopmentDesignGuide.aspx.

The summary of evaluation results for projects considered for programming in the FFYs 2018–22 TIP is available in Table A-1 in Appendix A. The table contains the total project rating for each project. For more details about the evaluation criteria used to score projects, see Appendix B.

TIP Readiness Day

An important step toward TIP programming takes place midway through the TIP development cycle at a meeting, referred to as TIP Readiness Day, attended by MassDOT and MPO staff. At this meeting, MassDOT project managers provide updates about cost and schedule changes related to currently programmed projects. These cost and schedule changes must to be taken into account as MPO staff help the MPO board consider updates to the already programmed years of the TIP as well as the addition of new projects in the outermost year of the TIP.

Staff Recommendation (March-April)

Using the evaluation ratings and information gathered about project readiness (when a project likely would be fully designed and ready for construction), staff prepares a First-Tier List of Projects. This list cites the projects that both earned the highest ratings in the MPO's evaluation process, and which could be made ready for advertising within the TIP's time horizon—the next five FFYs.

The MPO staff strongly considers the First-Tier List of Projects when preparing a recommendation to the

MPO for projects to program in the TIP. Other factors considered include whether a project was programmed in the LRTP, investment program goals, equity of investments across the region, and whether sufficient funding is available for the proposed projects.

FIGURE 2-1 TIP EVALUATION CRITERIA

GOALS	CRITERIA	
Safety —	Crash Severity Value: EPDO index Crash Severity Rate: EPDO index per VMT Improves truck-related safety issue Improves bicycle safety Improves pedestrian safety Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing	30
System Preservation ——	Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) Improves substandard pavement Improves substandard traffic signal equipment Improves transit asset(s) Improves substandard sidewalk(s) Improves emergency response Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions	29 Project
Capacity Management/ Mobility	Reduces transit vehicle delay Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility Improves bicycle network Improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit Improves truck movement Reduces vehicle congestion	ct Rating
Clean Air/ Clean Communities	Reduces CO ₂ Reduces other transportation-related emissions Addresses environmental impacts Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community"	16
Transportation Equity —	Serves Title VI/non-discrimination populations	12
Economic Vitality —	Serves targeted development site Consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture Provides multimodal access to an activity center Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding)	18

Selection Process for State Prioritized Projects

The process of selecting transit, bridge, and statewide infrastructure projects to be programmed in the TIP draws primarily from MassDOT's Capital Investment Plan (CIP), which is a fully integrated capital plan produced by all MassDOT divisions and the MBTA.

Projects in the CIP are selected from MassDOT's Universe of Projects. They are prioritized based on a process recommended by the independent Project Selection Advisory Council and on data from asset management systems maintained by MassDOT agencies.

Projects that receive the highest priority are those that meet MassDOT's goals for maintaining and improving the overall condition and reliability of the system; modernizing the system to make it safer and more accessible and to accommodate growth; and expanding and diversifying transportation options for communities. The following criteria guide project selection:

- System Preservation: Projects should contribute to a state of good repair on the system.
- Mobility: Projects should provide efficient and effective modal options.
- Cost Effectiveness: Projects should result in benefits commensurate with costs and should be aimed at maximizing the return on the public's investment.

- Economic Impact: Projects should support strategic economic growth in the Commonwealth.
- Safety: Projects should contribute to the safety and security of people and goods in transit.
- Social Equity and Fairness: Projects should equitably distribute both the benefits and the burdens of investments among all communities.
- Environment and Health Impacts: Projects should maximize the potential positive health and environmental aspects of the transportation system.
- Policy Support: Projects should get credit if they support local or regional policies or plans or state policies not addressed through the other criteria.

The transit element of the TIP also includes the federal-aid programs of the other two transit authorities in the region, CATA and MWRTA. CATA and MWRTA coordinate with the MassDOT Rail and Transit Division to develop their capital programs.

APPROVING THE TIP

Approval of the Draft TIP for Public Review

The MPO considers the evaluation results, First-Tier List of Projects, and staff recommendation in prioritizing projects for Regional Target funding. The body also considers public input, regional importance, and other factors in developing the draft TIP. In addition to prioritizing the Regional Target funding, the MPO reviews statewide infrastructure items. the

Bridge Program, and the capital programs for the MBTA, CATA, and MWRTA before voting to release a draft TIP for public review.

The MPO votes to release the draft document for public review and comment and invites members of the public, regional and local officials, and other stakeholders in the Boston region to review the proposed program. MPO staff hosts outreach events, including its *Office Hours* and similar Open House events, during the public comment period to elicit comments on the draft document; summaries of these public comments are listed in Appendix F.

Approval of the Draft TIP

After the comment period ends, the MPO reviews all municipal and public comments and makes changes to the document as appropriate. It then endorses the TIP and submits it to FHWA and FTA for approval. MassDOT incorporates the MPO-endorsed TIP into the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The FHWA, FTA and US Environmental Protection Agency review the STIP for certification by September 30, the FFY end.

UPDATING THE TIP

As discussed in the Executive Summary, the TIP is a dynamic program that may be amended and adjusted throughout the year. Administrative modifications and amendments often must be introduced because of changes in project status (advertisement readiness), project cost, project design scope, or available revenues. An amendment is a revision that requires public review and comment and a demonstration of fiscal constraint.

Consistent with federal guidelines, if a project is valued at \$5 million or less, the threshold for defining an amendment is a change of \$500,000 or more. The threshold for projects valued at greater than \$5 million is 10 percent or more of the project value. Changes that are less than these thresholds may be considered in the form of administrative modifications or adjustments. The MPO acts on administrative modifications or adjustments, and although a public review period is not required, one may be provided at the MPO's discretion.

Affected municipalities and constituencies and the public are notified of pending amendments at the start of an amendment's public review period. The proposed amendments are posted on the MPO's website, www.bostonmpo.org. Public notices are distributed through MPOinfo, the MPO's email contact list, which members of the public may join by signing up on the MPO's website, www.ctps.org/subscribe.

These notices provide a summary of the amendment's contents, dates of the public review period, contact information for submitting a comment to the MPO, and the date, time and location that the MPO will take a vote on that amendment. Also during the public review period, the MPO staff notifies and briefs the Regional Transportation Advisory Council on the amendment and provides comments from the Council to the MPO. Municipal representatives and members of the public are also invited to submit written or oral testimony at the MPO meetings at which amendments are discussed or voted upon.

The MPO typically holds a 30-day comment period (in FFY 2017 the comment period was 21 days) before taking final action on an amendment. In extraordinary

circumstances, the MPO may vote to shorten the public comment period to a minimum of 15 days. The MPO's Public Participation Plan was amended in March 2017 to revise the duration of the public comment period from 30 days to 21 days for FFY 2017.

The MPO's website is the best place to find current information about the TIP. All changes to the draft TIP that have been approved by the MPO, and changes to the endorsed TIP, such as amendments and modifications, that have been approved by the MPO, are available on the TIP webpage on the MPO's website, www.bostonmpo.org/tip.

Comments or questions about the draft materials may be submitted directly through the website, via email, voiced at MPO meetings and other public MPO events, or submitted via US postal mail.

3 CHAPTER THREE Summary of Highway and Transit Programming

The following tables list, by year, the projects and programs funded in FFYs 2018–22.

A description of each project and program funded in the TIP's Highway Program is presented, and programs funded under the Highway Program are listed by municipality.

Amendment / Adjustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼	MassDOT District ▼	Funding Source ▼	Total Programmed Funds ▼	Federal Funds ▼	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning / Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding source used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the nu state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
►Section 1A / Regi		d Projects									
► Regionally Priorit	Roadway reconstruction program	600518	Boston Region	Hingham	HINGHAM- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT DERBY STREET, WHITING STREET (ROUTE 53) AND GARDNER STREET	5	HSIP	\$ 611,547	\$ 550,392	2 \$ 61,155	Construction; STP+HSIP Total Cost = \$2,844,392; MPC Evaluation Score = 28
	Roadway reconstruction program	600518	Boston Region	Hingham	HINGHAM- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT DERBY STREET, WHITING STREET (ROUTE 53) AND GARDNER STREET	5	STP	\$ 2,232,845	\$ 1,786,276	5 \$ 446,569	Construction; STP+HSIP Total Cost = \$2,844,392; MPC Evaluation Score = 28
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	CMAQ	\$ 13,427,220	\$ 10,741,776	6 \$ 2,685,444	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Transit) Total MPO Contribution = \$190,000,000; funding flexed to FTA match provided by local contributions; AC Yr 3 of 6
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	STP	\$ 33,072,780	\$ 26,458,224	4 \$ 6,614,556	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Transit) Tota MPO Contribution = \$190,000,000; funding flexed to FTA match provided by local contributions; AC Yr 3 of 6
	Roadway reconstruction program	604989	Boston Region	Southborough	SOUTHBOROUGH- RECONSTRUCTION OF MAIN STREET (ROUTE 30), FROM SEARS ROAD TO PARK STREET	6	CMAQ	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$7,271,690 MPO Evaluation Score = 42
	Roadway reconstruction program	604989	Boston Region	Southborough	SOUTHBOROUGH- RECONSTRUCTION OF MAIN STREET (ROUTE 30), FROM SEARS ROAD TO PARK STREET	3	TAP	\$ 1,456,250	\$ 1,165,000	\$ 291,250	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$7,271,69 MPO Evaluation Score = 42; TAP project proponent = Southborough
	Roadway reconstruction program	604989	Boston Region	Southborough	SOUTHBOROUGH- RECONSTRUCTION OF MAIN STREET (ROUTE 30), FROM SEARS ROAD TO PARK STREET	3	STP	\$ 4,815,440	\$ 3,852,352	2 \$ 963,088	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$7,271,69 MPO Evaluation Score = 42
	Roadway reconstruction program	605110	Boston Region	Brookline	BROOKLINE- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 9 & VILLAGE SQUARE (GATEWAY EAST)	6	CMAQ	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; TAP+STP+CMAQ+Private Sector Constribution (\$1,000,000) = \$7,000,834; MPO Evaluation Score = 68
	Roadway reconstruction program	605110	Boston Region	Brookline	BROOKLINE- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 9 & VILLAGE SQUARE (GATEWAY EAST)	6	TAP	\$ 1,255,000	\$ 1,004,000	\$ 251,000	Construction; TAP+STP+CMAQ+Private Sector Constribution (\$1,000,000) = \$7,000,834; MPO Evaluatio Score = 68; TAP project proponent = Brookline
	Roadway reconstruction program	605110	Boston Region	Brookline	BROOKLINE- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 9 & VILLAGE SQUARE (GATEWAY EAST)	6	STP	\$ 3,745,834	\$ 2,996,667	7 \$ 749,167	Construction; TAP+STP+CMAQ+Private Sector Constribution (\$1,000,000) = \$7,000,834; MPO Evaluation Score = 68
	Capacity program	601630	Boston Region	Multiple	WEYMOUTH- ABINGTON- RECONSTRUCTION & WIDENING ON ROUTE 18 (MAIN STREET) FROM HIGHLAND PLACE TO ROUTE 139 (4.0 MILES) INCLUDES REPLACING W-32-013, ROUTE 18 OVER THE OLD COLONY RAILROAD (MBTA)	6	STP	\$ 27,631,758	\$ 22,105,406	5 \$ 5,526,352	Construction; STP+NHPP+HSIP+TEA-21 Earmark+BF Total Cost = \$81,812,268; AC Yr 3 of 3 (project original funded into FFY 2019, but all remaining funding was transferred into FFY 2018)
	Capacity program	603711	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM- WELLESLEY- REHAB/REPLACEMENT 0F 6 BRIDGES ON I-95/ROUTE 128: N-04-020, N-04- 021, N-04-022, N-04-026, N-04-027, N-04-037 & W- 13-023 (ADD-A-LANE - CONTRACT V)	. 6	NHPP	\$ 1,988,367	\$ 1,590,694	4 \$ 397,673	Construction; NHPP+BR+Statewide Infrastructure Tota Cost = \$164,919,140 (\$1,988,367 programmed within FF 2018-22 TIP) ; AC Yr 5 of 5
	pedestrians	608352	Boston Region	Salem	SALEM- CANAL STREET RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION (PHASE 2)	4	TAP	\$ 2,787,456	\$ 2,229,965	5 \$ 557,491	Construction; TAP Total Cost = \$2,787,456; MPO Evaluation Score = 37; TAP project proponent = Salem

mendment / djustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼	MassDOT District ▼	Funding Source ▼	Total Programmed Funds ▼	Fed Fun	eral ds ▼	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Design / or Construction used; c) advance const name of entity receiving	s follows, if applicable: a) Planning n; b) total project cost and funding sou ruction status; d) MPO project score; e a transfer; f) name of entity paying the ; g) earmark details; h) TAP project		
Section 1A / Fisca	l Constraint An	alysis													
					Total Regional Federal	Aid Funds P	rogrammed ▶	\$ 95,024,497	\$	95,038,936	∢ Total	\$ 14,439	Target Funds Available		
						STP	programmed >	\$ 73,487,024	\$	77,071,365	■ Max STP	\$ 3,584,341	STP available		
	Column C) Enter	ID from ProjectInf	o; Column E) Choose	Municipality Name	om dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; from dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding Source ultiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of funds being	HSIP	programmed >	\$ 611,547	\$	4,296,710	■ Min. HSIP	\$ 3,685,163	HSIP recommended not me		
	programmed in th change if needed	is fiscal year and for flex. Column F	or each funding source () Non-federal funds a	e; Column J) Feder utocalculates. Pleas	al funds autocalculates. Please verify the amount and only is verify the split/match - if matching an FTA flex, coordinate information as described - please do not use any other format.		programmed ►			10,741,776	■ Min. CMAQ	, (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	CMAQ recommended met		
	with Rail & Transi	Division before pr	rogramming; Column I	L) Enter Additional I			programmed ►		\$	2,929,085	✓ Min. TAP	\$ (2,569,621)	TAP amount exceeded!		
0	Di ti-	O	and a Ducie sta		Remaining HS	IP, CMAQ, a	ind TAP Funds	\$ 14,439							
Section 1B / Earm	ark or Discretic	nary Grant Fl	unded Projects												
Other Federal Aid	Earmark Discretionary	606134	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS ON BLUE HILL AVENUE AND WARREN STREET	6	HPP	\$ 2,501,046	\$	2,000,837	\$ 500,209	Construction; HPP 21	29 (MA155)		
	Earmark Discretionary	Project #	Boston	Municipalities	Description	District	HPP	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -				
		.1			0	ther Federal	Aid subtotal ▶	\$ 2,501,046	\$	2,000,837	\$ 500,209	◀ Funding Split Va	aries by Funding Source		
Section 2A / State	Prioritized Reli	ability Project	ts												
Bridge Program /	nspections														
	Bridge Program	Project #	Statewide	N/A	Bridge Inspection	Multiple	NHPP	-	\$	-	\$ -				
					Bridge Progra	am / Inspect	ions subtotal ▶	-	\$	-	\$ -	■ Funding Split Value The split Va	aries by Funding Source		
Bridge Program /	Off-System														
	Bridge Program	606632	Boston Region	Multiple	HOPKINTON- WESTBOROUGH- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, H-23-006=W-24-016, FRUIT STREET OVER CSX & SUDBURY RIVER	3	STP-BR-OFF	\$ 12,993,071	\$	10,394,457	\$ 2,598,614	Construction			
	Bridge Program	604655	Boston Region	Marshfield	MARSHFIELD- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, M-07-007, BEACH STREET OVER THE CUT RIVER	5	STP-BR-OFF	\$ 4,189,856	\$	3,351,884	\$ 837,971	Construction			
	Bridge Program	607533	Boston Region	Waltham	WALTHAM- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, W-04-006, WOERD AVENUE OVER CHARLES RIVER	4	STP-BR-OFF	\$ 2,197,943	\$	1,758,354	\$ 439,589	Construction			
	•	•	*	*	Bridge Progr	am / Off-Sys	stem subtotal >	\$ 19,380,870	\$	15,504,696	\$ 3,876,174	◀ 80% Federal + 2	20% Non-Federal		
	On Custom /NU	S)													
Bridge Program /	on-system (Nn	1	L	Multiple	LYNN- SAUGUS- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, L-18- 016=S-05-008, ROUTE 107 OVER THE SAUGUS	4	NHPP-On	\$ 51,527,391	\$	41,221,913	\$ 10,305,478	Construction			
Bridge Program /	Bridge Program	604952	Boston Region	Multiple	RIVER (AKA - BELDEN G. BLY BRIDGE)										
3ridge Program /			Boston Region Boston Region	Boston	RIVER (AKA - BELDEN G. BLY BRIDGE) BOSTON-BRIDGE REPLACEMENT B-16-016, NORTH WASHINGTON STREET OVER THE BOSTON INNER HARBOR	6	NHPP-On	\$ 42,000,000	\$	33,600,000	\$ 8,400,000	Construction / AC Ye	ar 2 of 5, Total Cost \$144,066,6		

Participa Program / On-System (Non-NHS) Propert P	Amendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	MassDOT	MassDOT	Funding	Total Pro	grammed	Fede	eral	Non-	Federal	
Bridge Program / Systematic Maintenance	Adjustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ¶		Name ▼		District ▼	Source ▼	Funds ▼		Func	ds ▼	Fund	ls ▼	Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sou used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; c name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project
Bridge Program / On-Systematic Maintenance	► Bridge Program /	On-System (No	n-NHS)												
Bridge Program Systematic Maintenance		Bridge Program	Project #	MPO	N/A							-	7	-	
Bidge Program 607915 Boston Region Multiple MAINTENANCE OF N-12056 & 1 1,596,667 \$ 1,277,334 \$ 319,333 Construction Multiple MAINTENANCE OF N-12056 & N-1						Bridge Program / On-Sys	stem (Non-N	IHS) subtotal ▶	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Bridge Program 607915 Boston Region Multiple MANTENANCE OF N-12-053, N-12-054, N-12-055, & 1 1.596,667 \$ 1.596,667 \$ 1.277,334 \$ 3.19,333 \$ 3.	► Bridge Program /	Systematic Mair	ntenance												
Bridge Program 608521 Boston Region Salem ST114 NORTH STREET OVER (ST 107) BRIDGE 4 NHPP-Off \$ 2,400,000 \$ 1,920,000 \$ 480,000 Construction		Bridge Program	607915	Boston Region	Multiple	MAINTENANCE OF N-12-063, N-12-054, N-12-055 &	6	NHPP-On	\$	1,596,667	\$	1,277,334	\$	319,333	Construction
Interstate Pavement		Bridge Program	608521	Boston Region	Salem	(ST 114) NORTH STREET OVER (ST 107) BRIDGE	4	NHPP-Off	\$	2,400,000	\$	1,920,000	\$	480,000	Construction
Interstate Pavement						Bridge Program / Systema	tic Maintena	ance subtotal >	\$	3,996,667	\$	3,197,334	\$	799,333	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Payement 60823 Boston Region Multiple RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON 1-95 6 NHPP \$ 6,074,640 \$ 5,467,176 \$ 607,464 4 90% Federal + 10% Non-Federal	► Interstate Paveme	ent							<u> </u>						·
Non-Interstate Pavement Non-Interstate 608008 Boston Region Saugus SAUGUS-RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK A NHPP \$ 9,812,880 \$ 7,850,304 \$ 1,962,576 Construction			608823	Boston Region	Multiple		6	NHPP	\$	6,074,640	\$	5,467,176	\$	607,464	Construction
Non-Interstate Pavement 608008 Boston Region Saugus SAUGUS- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK 4 NHPP \$ 9,812,880 \$ 7,850,304 \$ 1,962,576 Construction		1.				Inster	state Paver	nent subtotal >	\$	6,074,640	\$	5,467,176	\$	607,464	■ 90% Federal + 10% Non-Federal
Pavement 608008 Boston Region Saugus ON ROUTE 1 4 NHPP \$ 9,812,890 \$ 7,850,304 \$ 1,962,576 Construction	► Non-Interstate Pa														
Pavement 6084/8 Boston Region Concord ON ROUTE 2 4 NHPP \$ 4,248,000 \$ 3,398,400 \$ 849,600 Construction			608008	Boston Region	Saugus	ON ROUTE 1	4	NHPP	\$	9,812,880	\$	7,850,304	\$	1,962,576	Construction
Non-Interstate Pavement Pave			608478	Boston Region	Concord		4	NHPP	\$	4,248,000	\$	3,398,400	\$	849,600	Construction
Non-Interstate Pavement 608069 Boston Region Multiple ROCKLAND-HINGHAM-RESURFACING & 5			608379	Boston Region	Multiple	CAMBRIDGE- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION ON	4	NHPP	\$	8,437,000	\$	6,749,600	\$	1,687,400	
Roadway Improvements Roadway Improvements Project # Improvements MPO Multiple Description District STP \$ - <			608069	Boston Region	Multiple	ROCKLAND- HINGHAM- RESURFACING &	5	NHPP	\$	13,876,216	\$	11,100,973	\$	2,775,243	
Roadway Project # MPO Multiple Description District STP \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$			1	"	1	Non-Inter	state Paver	nent subtotal >	\$	36,374,096	\$	29,099,277	\$ 7	7,274,819	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Improvements	► Roadway Improv	1			1			1							
Safety Improvements Safety 668291 Bester Paging Multiple ARLINGTON-BELMONT-HIGHWAY LIGHTING 4 STD \$ 9400.506 \$ 7.290.405 \$ 1.920.101 Construction			Project #	MPO	Multiple				· ·	-			, i	-	
Safety 606294 Booton Booton Booton Booton Bellington-BELMONT-HIGHWAY LIGHTING 4 STD \$ 0.100.506 \$ 7.20.405 \$ 1.90.101 Construction						Roadwa	y Improvem	ents subtotal >	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
	 Safety Improvem 										1				
			606381	Boston Region	Multiple		4	STP	\$	9,100,506	\$	7,280,405	\$	1,820,101	Construction

mendment / djustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼		Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project	MassDOT District ▼		Total Programmed Funds ▼	Federal Funds ▼	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼
			Organization ▼		Description ▼						Present information as follows, if applicable; a) Plannin Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding so used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project
											proponent; i) other information
Section 2B / State	Prioritized Mod	lernization Pro	ojects				"				
ADA Retrofits											
	ADA Retrofits	Project #	МРО	Municipalities	Description	District	STP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
						ADA Retro	ofits subtotal ▶	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Intersection Impr	ovements										·
	Intersection Improvements	608651	Boston Region	Braintree	BRAINTREE- ADAPTIVE SIGNAL CONTROLS ON ROUTE 37 (GRANITE STREET)	6	CMAQ	\$ 500,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 100,000	Construction
	improvements					l n Improveme	ents subtotal ▶	\$ 500,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 100,000	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Intelligent Transp	ortation System	IS				<u> </u>					<u></u>
	Intelligent Transportation	Project #	Statewide	Multiple	Description	Multiple	NHPP	\$ -	\$ -	s -	
	Systems	1 Toject#	Clatewide	wattpic	·	, i				Ť	
					Intelligent Transp	ortation Sys	tem subtotal ▶	-	-	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Roadway Recons			1								
	Roadway Reconstruction	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	District	CMAQ	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
					Roadway	Reconstruc	ction subtotal >	-	\$ -	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 2C / State	Prioritized Exp	ansion Projec	ts								
Bicycles and Ped	estrians										
	Bicycles and Pedestrians	607732	Boston Region	Multiple	FRAMINGHAM- NATICK- COCHITUATE RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30	3	CMAQ	\$ 9,770,863	\$ 7,816,690	\$ 1,954,173	Construction / PSAC score 35.5
		607732	Boston Region	Multiple	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30		CMAQ ians subtotal ▶		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Construction / PSAC score 35.5 ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Capacity		607732	Boston Region	Multiple	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Capacity		607732 Project #	Boston Region	Multiple Municipalities	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Capacity	Pedestrians				CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles	and Pedestri	ians subtotal ▶	\$ 9,770,863	\$ 7,816,690	\$ 1,954,173	
. ,	Pedestrians Capacity	Project #	МРО		CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles	and Pedestri	ians subtotal ►	\$ 9,770,863	\$ 7,816,690	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Capacity Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust	Pedestrians Capacity ing / Adjustment	Project #	МРО		CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles	and Pedestri	ians subtotal ►	\$ 9,770,863	\$ 7,816,690	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 3 / Plann	Capacity ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments /	Project #	МРО		CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles	and Pedestri	ians subtotal ►	\$ 9,770,863	\$ 7,816,690	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 3 / Plann	Capacity ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning /	Project #	MPO MPO	Municipalities	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Description	District Capa Multiple	ians subtotal ► CMAQ acity subtotal ►	\$ 9.770.863 \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust	Pedestrians Capacity Ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	Project # S / Pass-throu roughs Project #	MPO MPO	Municipalities	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Description	District Capa Multiple	CMAQ acity subtotal ▶	\$ 9.770.863 \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust	Pedestrians Capacity ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	Project # S / Pass-throu roughs Project #	MPO MPO	Municipalities	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Description	District Capa Multiple	CMAQ acity subtotal ▶	\$ 9.770.863 \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann	Pedestrians Capacity ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	Project # S / Pass-throu roughs Project #	MPO MPO	Municipalities	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Description	District Capa Multiple	CMAQ acity subtotal ▶	\$ 9.770.863 \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust	Pedestrians Capacity ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	Project # Project # Project #	MPO MPO	Municipalities	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Description	District Capa Multiple	CMAQ acity subtotal ▶	\$ 9.770.863 \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust	Pedestrians Capacity Ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs ederally Aided F led Projects	Project # Project # Project #	MPO Statewide	Municipalities Multiple	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Other Description	District Capa Multiple Statewide Ite	CMAQ acity subtotal ► NHPP ems subtotal ►	\$ 9.770.863 \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust Section 4 / Non-Federally Aid	Pedestrians Capacity Ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs ederally Aided F led Projects Non Federal Aid	Project # Project # Project #	MPO Statewide	Municipalities Multiple	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Other Description	District Capa Multiple Statewide Ite	CMAQ acity subtotal NHPP ems subtotal NFA	\$ 9,770.863 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,954,173 \$ - \$ - \$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann Planning / Adjust	Pedestrians Capacity Ing / Adjustment ments / Pass-thi Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs ederally Aided F led Projects Non Federal Aid	Project # Project # Project #	MPO Statewide	Municipalities Multiple	CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE, N-03-014, OVER ROUTE 9 & F-07-033=N- 03-029 OVER ROUTE 30 Bicycles Description Other Description	District Capa Multiple Statewide Ite	CMAQ acity subtotal NHPP ems subtotal NFA	\$ 9,770.863 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ TIP Section 1 - 3: ▼	\$ 7,816,690 \$ - \$ - \$ - TIP Section 4: ▼	\$ 1,954,173 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - Total of All Projects \(\neg \)	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source ■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source

701 CMR 7.00 Use of Road Flaggers and Police Details on Public Works Project / 701 CMR 7.00 (the Regulation) was promulgated and became law on October 3, 2008. Under this Regulation, the CMR is applicable to any Public works Project that is performed within the limits of, or that impact traffic on, any Public Road. The Municipal Limitation referenced in this Regulation is applicable to in your projects where the Municipality is the Awarding Authority. For all projects contained in the TIP, the Commonwealth is the Awarding Authority. Therefore, all projects must be considered and implemented in accordance with 701 CMR 7.00, and the Road Flagger and Police Detail Guidelines. By placing a project on the TIP, the Municipality acknowledges that 701 CMR 7.00 is applicable to its project and design and construction will be fully compliant with this Regulation. This information relative to guidance and implementation of the Regulation can be found at the following link on the MassDOT Highway Division website: http://www.massdot.state.ma.us/Highway/flaggers/main.aspx.

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2018)

	Project		FTA Activity		Carryover	Federal		TD	
FTA Program	Number	Transit Agency	Item	Project Description	(unobligated)	Funds	Funds	C Local Funds	Total Cost
307									
	5307 RTD0005465	Cape Ann Transportation Authority	117A00	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE		\$350,000	\$0		
	5307 RTD0005467	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQ/SOFTWARE MAINT		\$40,000	\$10,000		
	5307 RTD0005469	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114220 ACQUIRE - MISC SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		\$27,267	\$6,817		
	5307 RTD0005473	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQUIPMENT REHAB- SHELTERS Railroad, P&R, Emerson		\$52,000	\$13,000		
	5307 RTD0005474	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		113410 Ave		\$33,600	\$8,400		
	5307 RTD0005475	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		113310 CONSTRUCT - BUS SHELTER-CATA HUB/CO. REHAB/RENOVATE - BUS PASSENGER	A	\$14,400	\$3,600	\$0 \$0	\$18,00
	5307 RTD0005476	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		113410 SHELTERS		\$9,600	\$2,400		
	5307 RTD0005989	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		113403 TERMINAL, INTERMODAL (TRANSIT)		\$150,000	\$37,500		
	5307 RTD0005990	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority	117C00	NON FIXED ROUTE ADA PARA SERV ACQUISITION OF BUS SUPPORT		\$1,300,000	\$325,000	\$0 \$0	\$1,625,00
	5307 RTD0005991	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		114200 EQUIP/FACILITIES		\$248,415	\$62,104	\$0 \$0	\$310,51
	5307 RTD0005992	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation		440000 Mobility Management		\$25,000	\$6,250	\$0 \$0	\$31,25
	5307 RTD0006350	Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation		121200 Revenue Vehicle Program		\$76,000,000	\$0	\$0 \$19,000,000	\$95,000,00
	5307 RTD0006351	Authority (MBTA)		126301 Systemwide Signals Program	Subtotal	\$65,446,986 \$143,697,268	\$0 \$475,071		
5309									
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation							
	5309 RTD0005980	Authority (MBTA)		132303 Green Line Extension Project	Subtotal	\$150,000,000 \$150,000,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$147,878,038 \$0 \$147,878,038	
5310					Subtotal	\$130,000,000	30	30 3147,676,036	3237,878,03
5044					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$
5311					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$
5337									
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation							
	5337 RTD0006352	Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation		122405 Bridge & Tunnel Program		\$72,000,000	\$0	\$0 \$18,000,000	\$90,000,00
	5337 RTD0006353	Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$50,401,533	\$0	\$0 \$12,600,383	\$63,001,91
	5337 RTD0006354	Authority (MBTA)		124400 System Upgrades Program		\$20,000,000	\$0	\$0 \$5,000,000	\$25,000,00
					Subtotal	\$142,401,533	\$0	\$0 \$35,600,383	\$178,001,91
5339									
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation							
	5339 RTD0006355	Authority (MBTA)		111400 Bus Program		\$5,318,786	\$0	\$0 \$1,329,696	\$6,648,48
					Subtotal	\$5,318,786	\$0	\$0 \$1,329,696	\$6,648,48
5320									
Other Federal					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$
Other rederal					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$
Other Non-Federal									
Other Non-Federal	RTD0006002	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		115320 CONSTRUCT MISC ELEC/POWER EQUIP		\$0	\$750,000		
					Subtotal	\$0	\$750,000	\$0 \$0	\$750,00
					Total	\$441,417,587	-		

2019	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	rtation Improveme	MassDOT		Total Prog	rammed	Federal		Non-Federal	
Adjustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ▼		Name ▼	Project Description ▼		Source ▼	Funds ▼	grammeu	Funds ▼		Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning / Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used: c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the no state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
► Section 1A / Regi	onally Prioritize	d Projects											
► Regionally Priorit	ized Projects	1	1									T	1
	Roadway reconstruction program	607428	Boston Region	Multiple	HOPEDALE- MILFORD- RESURFACING & INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 16 (MAIN STREET), FROM WATER STREET WEST TO APPROXIMATELY 120 FEET WEST OF THE MILFORD/HOPEDALE T.L AND THE INTERSECTION OF ROUTE 140.	3	HSIP	\$	1,940,476	\$ 1,7	46,428	\$ 194,048	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP Total Cost = \$2,727,881; MPt Evaluation Score = 54
	Roadway reconstruction program	607428	Boston Region	Multiple	HOPEDALE- MILFORD- RESURFACING & INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 16 (MAIN STREET), FROM WATER STREET WEST TO APPROXIMATELY 120 FEET WEST OF THE MILFORD/HOPEDALE T.L AND THE INTERSECTION OF ROUTE 140.	3	CMAQ	\$	787,405	\$ 6	29,924	\$ 157,481	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP Total Cost = \$2,727,881; MPC Evaluation Score = 54
	Roadway reconstruction program	607652	Boston Region	Everett	EVERETT- RECONSTRUCTION OF FERRY STREET, SOUTH FERRY STREET AND A PORTION OF ELM STREET	4	HSIP	\$	1,448,825	\$ 1,3	03,943	\$ 144,883	Cosntruction; CMAQ+STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$16,599,002; MPO Evaluation Score = 73
	Roadway reconstruction program	607652	Boston Region	Everett	EVERETT- RECONSTRUCTION OF FERRY STREET, SOUTH FERRY STREET AND A PORTION OF ELM STREET	4	CMAQ	\$	1,275,588	\$ 1,0	20,470	\$ 255,118	Cosntruction; CMAQ+STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$16,599,002; MPO Evaluation Score = 73
	Roadway reconstruction program	607652	Boston Region	Everett	EVERETT- RECONSTRUCTION OF FERRY STREET, SOUTH FERRY STREET AND A PORTION OF ELM STREET	4	TAP	\$	724,412	\$ 5	79,530	\$ 144,882	Cosntruction; CMAQ+STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$16,599,002; MPO Evaluation Score = 73; TAP project proponent = Everett
	Roadway reconstruction program	607652	Boston Region	Everett	EVERETT- RECONSTRUCTION OF FERRY STREET, SOUTH FERRY STREET AND A PORTION OF ELM STREET	4	STP	\$	13,150,177	\$ 10,5	20,142	\$ 2,630,035	Cosntruction; CMAQ+STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$16,599,002; MPO Evaluation Score = 73
	Roadway reconstruction program	606043	Boston Region	Hopkinton	HOPKINTON- SIGNAL & INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 135	3	HSIP	\$	1,275,206	\$ 1,1	47,685	\$ 127,521	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP+STP Total Cost = \$8,174,400
	Roadway reconstruction program	606043	Boston Region	Hopkinton	HOPKINTON- SIGNAL & INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 135	3	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 8	00,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP+STP Total Cost = \$8,174,400
	Roadway reconstruction program	606043	Boston Region	Hopkinton	HOPKINTON- SIGNAL & INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 135	3	TAP	\$	5,899,194	\$ 4,7	19,355	\$ 1,179,839	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP+STP Total Cost = \$8,174,400 TAP project proponent = Hopkinton
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	CMAQ	\$	13,427,220	\$ 10,7	41,776	\$ 2,685,444	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Transit) Total MF Contribution = \$190,000,000; AC Yr 4 of 6; funding flexed to FTA; match provided by local contributions
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	STP	\$	27,072,780	\$ 21,6	58,224	\$ 5,414,556	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Transit) Total MF Contribution = \$190,000,000; AC Yr 4 of 6; funding flexed t FTA; match provided by local contributions
	Roadway reconstruction program	605034	Boston Region	Natick	NATICK- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 27 (NORTH MAIN STREET), FROM NORTH AVENUE TO THE WAYLAND T.L.	3	CMAQ	\$	2,415,334	\$ 1,9	32,267	\$ 483,067	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$12,688,000 MPO Evaluation Score = 60
	Roadway reconstruction program	605034	Boston Region	Natick	NATICK- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 27 (NORTH MAIN STREET), FROM NORTH AVENUE TO THE WAYLAND T.L.	3	TAP	\$	1,318,933	\$ 1,0	55,146	\$ 263,787	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$12,688,000 MPO Evaluation Score = 60
	Roadway reconstruction program	605034	Boston Region	Natick	NATICK- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 27 (NORTH MAIN STREET), FROM NORTH AVENUE TO THE WAYLAND T.L.	3	STP	\$	8,953,733	\$ 7,1	62,986	\$ 1,790,747	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$12,688,000 MPO Evaluation Score = 60

stment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼		Funding Source ▼	Total F Funds		Federal Funds ▼		Non-Federal Funds ▼	Design / or Cor used; c) advan- name of entity	nation as follo nstruction; b) to ce construction receiving a trainal match; g) e	ows, if applicable: a) Potal project cost and fundin status; d) MPO project sansfer; f) name of entity pararmark details; h) TAP programmer of the project sammark details; h) TAP project sammark details det
	Roadway reconstruction program	605789	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD	6	STP	\$	7,348,506	\$ 5,87	8,805	\$ 1,469	Construction;		rk Total Cost = \$24,792 tion Score = 59
	Roadway reconstruction program	606635	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM-NEWTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE, NEEDHAM STREET & CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE, N-04-002, FROM WEBSTER STREET (NEEDHAM) TO REOUT 9 (NEWTON)	6	HSIP	\$	2,319,644	\$ 2,08	7,680	\$ 231			HSIP+TAP+STP Total of 2; MPO Evaluation So
	Roadway reconstruction program	606635	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM-NEWTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE, NEEDHAM STREET & CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE, N-04-002, FROM WEBSTER STREET (NEEDHAM) TO REOUT 9 (NEWTON)	6	CMAQ	\$	2,000,000	\$ 1,60	0,000	\$ 400			HSIP+TAP+STP Total of 2; MPO Evaluation So
	Roadway reconstruction program	606635	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM-NEWTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE, NEEDHAM STREET & CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE, N-04-002, FROM WEBSTER STREET (NEEDHAM) TO REOUT 9 (NEWTON)	6	TAP	\$	1,546,492	\$ 1,23	7,194	\$ 309		AC Yr 1 of 2	+HSIP+TAP+STP Total t; MPO Evaluation Scor ponent = Needham
	Roadway reconstruction	606635	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM-NEWTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE, NEEDHAM STREET & CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE, N-04-002, FROM	6	STP	\$	4,851,064	\$ 3,88	0,851	\$ 970			-HSIP+TAP+STP Total of 2; MPO Evaluation So
	program				WEBSTER STREET (NEEDHAM) TO REOUT 9 (NEWTON)										
					(NEWTON)	oritized Pro	ojects subtotal ▶	\$	6,176,706	\$ 5,280	,295	\$ 896,	11 ⋖ 80% Fed	eral + 20%	Non-Federal
ection 1A / Fisca	al Constraint An		mplete Name) Change	P. Regional Name fro	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal	Aid Funds		\$	98,754,989 61,376,260	\$ 98,794	,261	\$ 896, Total Budge Max STP	\$	39,272	Non-Federal Target Funds Ava STP available
ection 1A / Fisca	al Constraint An Section 1A instri Column C) Enter	uctions: MPO Ter	; Column E) Choose	Municipality Name fr	Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal . Im dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; rom dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding	Aid Funds STP	Programmed ▶	\$ \$	98,754,989	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826	,261	∢ Total Budge	\$ \$	39,272 9,450,430	Target Funds Ava
ection 1A / Fisc	Section 1A Instru Column C) Enter Source being user funds being progra	uctions: MPO Ter ID from ProjectInfo d for the project - if ammed in this fisca	b; Column E) Choose I f multiple funding source al year and for each fun	Municipality Name for es are being used en ading source; Colum	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal Im dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; rom dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding reter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of mu) Federal Rinds autocalculates. Please verify the	Aid Funds STF HSIF	Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶	\$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826 \$ 4,296	, 261 ,690	▼Total Budge ▼ Max STP	\$ \$ 1 \$ \$	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441)	Target Funds Ava
ction 1A / Fisc	Section 1A Instru Column C) Enter Source being user funds being programount and only o	uctions: MPO Ter ID from ProjectInfo d for the project - if ammed in this fisce change if needed fo ate with Rail & Tran	b; Column E) Choose of multiple funding source al year and for each funder flex. Column K) Non	Municipality Name for es are being used ending source; Column n-federal funds autor	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal . Im dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; orn dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding nter multiple lines; Column II here the total amount of	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC	Programmed	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826 \$ 4,296 \$ 10,74	, 261 ,690 ,710		\$ \$ 1 \$ (1	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 0,163,771)	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende
	Section 1A instru Column O; Enter Source being user funds being programmount and output FTA flex, coordina not use any other	uctions: MPO Tel ID from ProjectInfo d for the project - if ammed in this fisca change if needed fo ate with Rail & Tran format.	b; Column E) Choose if multiple funding source al year and for each fur or flex. Column K) Nor sit Division before prog	Municipality Name for es are being used ending source; Column n-federal funds autor	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal Im dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding neter multiple lines; Column I Finet rhe total amount of an J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the palkulates.	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC	Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826 \$ 4,296 \$ 10,74	, 261 ,690 ,710	◆Total Budge ◆ Max STP ◆ Min. HSIP ◆ Min. CMAQ	\$ \$ 1 \$ (1	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 0,163,771)	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende
ction 1B / Earn	Section 1A instru Column O; Enter Source being used funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordina not use any other	uctions: MPO Tel ID from ProjectInfo d for the project - if ammed in this fisca change if needed fo ate with Rail & Tran format.	b; Column E) Choose if multiple funding source al year and for each fur or flex. Column K) Nor sit Division before prog	Municipality Name for es are being used ending source; Column n-federal funds autor	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal Im dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding neter multiple lines; Column I Finet rhe total amount of an J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the palkulates.	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC	Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826 \$ 4,296 \$ 10,74	, 261 ,690 ,710	◆Total Budge ◆ Max STP ◆ Min. HSIP ◆ Min. CMAQ	\$ \$ 1 \$ (1	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 0,163,771)	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende
ction 1B / Earn	Section 1A instru Column O; Enter Source being user funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordina not use any other	uctions: MPO Tel ID from ProjectInfo d for the project - if ammed in this fisca change if needed fo ate with Rail & Tran format.	b; Column E) Choose if multiple funding source al year and for each fur or flex. Column K) Nor sit Division before prog	Municipality Name for es are being used ending source; Column n-federal funds autor	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal m dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding neter multiple lines; Column I Finet the total amount of an J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the palculates. Pl	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC	Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶ Programmed ▶	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,824 \$ 4,296 \$ 10,74 \$ 2,928	, 261 ,690 ,710	▼Total Budge Max STP Min. HSIP Min. CMAQ Min. TAP	\$ 1 \$ (1 \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (2) \$ (39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 0,163,771) 6,559,946)	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende CMAQ recommend TAP amount excee
ction 1B / Earn	al Constraint An Section 1A Instr Column C) Entire Source being uses funds being programount and only to FTA flex, coordina not use any other ark or Discretic Earmark Discretionary Earmark	uctions: MPO Ter ID from ProjectInf of for the project - if ammed in this fisca change if needed for tate with Rail & Tran format.	cy; Column E) Choose I multiple funding source Jyear and for each fur or flex. Column K) Nor sit Division before prog	Municipality Name fres are being used e diding source; Colum frederal funds autor gramming; Column frederal	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal Imm dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; from dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding inter multiple lines; Column H) Choose the Funding inter multiple lines; Column H) Enter the total amount of in J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the acticulates. Please verify the spillmatch - if matching an L) Enter Additional Information as described - please do Remaining HS BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULLEVARD BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC TAF	Programmed	\$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031 39,272	\$ 98,79 \$ 80,826 \$ 4,296 \$ 10,74 \$ 2,926	, 261 ,690 ,710 ,776 ,085	▼Total Budge ▼ Max STP ▼ Min. HSIP ▼ Min. CMAQ ▼ Min. TAP \$ 1,001	\$ 1 \$ (1 \$ (1 Construction;	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 0,163,771) 6,559,946) HPP 4284 (fi	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende CMAQ recommenc TAP amount excee
ction 1B / Earn	al Constraint An Section 1A instrt Column O) Enter Source being user funds being profit amount and only FTA flex, coordina not use any other ark or Discretic Earmark Discretionary	uctions: MPO Ter ID from ProjectInfo f for the project - if ammed in this cammed in the schange if needed fo tte with Rail & Tran format. ponary Grant Ft 605789	p: Column E) Choose i multiple funding source al year and for each fur or flex. Column K) Nor sit Division before programmed Projects Boston Region	Municipality Name frees are being used e see are being used e idning source; Colum- rederal funds autoor pramming; Column I	Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal m dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding inter multiple lines; Column H inter the total amount of in. J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the calculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an L) Enter Additional Information as described - please do Remaining HS BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAG TAP	Programmed	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031 39,272	\$ 98,79 \$ 80,826 \$ 10,74 \$ 2,929 \$ 4,00 \$ 2,16	, 261 ,690 ,710 ,776 ,085	■Total Budge ■ Max STP ■ Min. HSIP ■ Min. CMAQ ■ Min. TAP \$ 1,001 \$ 540	\$ 1 \$ 1 \$ (1 \$ \$ (1 \$ \$ (1 \$ \$) \$ Construction; 797 Construction;	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 10,163,771) 6,559,946) HPP 4284 (fraction of the control of the cont	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende CMAQ recommend TAP amount excee
ction 1B / Earn	Section 1A instrt Column O) Enter Source being user funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordina not use any other Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark	uctions: MPO Ter ID from ProjectInfo for the project - if ammed in this project - if ammed in this change if needed fo tate with Rail & Tran format. Darry Grant Fu 605789	o: Column E) Choose! I multiple funding sourc al year and for each fur or flex. Column K) Nor sit Division before prog unded Projects Boston Region Boston Region	Municipality Name fieses are being used to did not successful to the did not successful the	(NEWTON) Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal m dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding inter multiple lines; Column H inter the total amount of in. J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the calculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an L) Enter Additional Information as described - please do Remaining HS BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC TAP	Programmed	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031 39,272 5,007,375 2,703,983	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826 \$ 10,74 \$ 2,926 \$ 4,00 \$ 2,16 \$ 5,00	, 261 ,,690 ,,710 ,,776 ,,085 ,,900 3,186	■Total Budge ■ Max STP ■ Min. HSIP ■ Min. CMAQ ■ Min. TAP \$ 1,001 \$ 540 \$ 1,251	\$ 1 \$ (1 \$ (1 \$ Construction; 297 Construction; 244 Construction;	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 0,163,771) 6,559,946) HPP 4284 (n = \$ HPP 756 (N = \$ tion; (MA154 stion; (MA154	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende CMAQ recommend TAP amount excee WA203); STP+Earmarks 24,792,845 (A126); STP+Earmarks 24,792,845 (); STP+Earmarks TOTAL
	al Constraint An Section 1A Instru Column () Enter Source being user funds being programount and option of TTA flex, coordina not use any other Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark	uctions: MPO Tel ID from ProjectInfo d for the project - if ammed in this fisce change if needed fo tee with Rail & Tran format. 605789 605789 605789	Docume E) Choose in multiple funding source al year and for each fun or flex. Column K) Nor six Division before programmed Projects Boston Region Boston Region Boston Region	Municipality Name it es are being used e diding source; Colum I-federal funds autorramming; Column I Boston Boston Boston	Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal m dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding nter multiple lines; Column H inter the total amount of n. J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the salculates. Please verify the spill/match - if matching an L) Enter Additional Information as described - please do Remaining HS BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC TAF P, CMAQ, 6 6 6	Programmed	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031 39,272 5,007,375 2,703,983 6,259,219	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,826 \$ 10,74* \$ 2,926 \$ 4,00 \$ 2,16 \$ 5,00 \$ 2,76	,261 ,690 ,710 ,776 ,085 ,085	■Total Budge ■ Max STP ■ Min. HSIP ■ Min. CMAQ ■ Min. TAP \$ 1,001 \$ 540 \$ 1,251 \$ 694	\$ 1 \$ (1 \$ (1 \$ Construction; 297 Construction; 244 Construction;	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 10,163,771) 6,559,946) HPP 4284 (f) = \$ HPP 756 (M = \$ tion; (MA154 \$:	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende CMAQ recommend TAP amount excee MA203): STP+Earmark 124,792,845 (A126): STP+Earmarks 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845
ction 1B / Earn	al Constraint An Section 1A Instr Column C) Enter Source being user funds being progr amount and only FTA flex, coordina not use any other Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark	uctions: MPO Tel ID from Projector. ID from Projector. Id for the projector. Id mamed in this fisce change if needed for the with Rail & Tran format. Onary Grant Ft 605789 605789 605789	Docume E) Choose in multiple funding source al year and for each fun or flex. Column K) Nor six Division before prog six Division before prog and the column K of the column K	Municipality Name I see are being valued es autorated funds autoramming; Column I Boston Boston Boston Boston	Regionally Pr Total Regional Federal m dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding nter multiple lines; Column I Finet the total amount of n. J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the alaculates. Please verify the spillmatch: if matching an L) Enter Additional Information as described - please do Remaining HS BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD MILTON- DECK RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD MILTON- DECK RECONSTRUCTION OF MELNEA CASS BOULEVARD MILTON- DECK RECONSTRUCTION OVER SE EXPRESSWAY (EAST MILTON SQUARE), INCLUDES PARKING & NEW LANDSCAPED	Aid Funds STF HSIF CMAC TAF 6 6 6	Programmed	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	98,754,989 61,376,260 6,984,151 20,905,547 9,489,031 39,272 5,007,375 2,703,983 6,259,219 3,473,764	\$ 98,794 \$ 80,824 \$ 10,744 \$ 2,925 \$ 4,00 \$ 2,16 \$ 5,00 \$ 2,77	,261 ,690 ,710 ,776 ,085 ,085 ,085 ,7375	■Total Budge ■ Max STP ■ Min. HSIP ■ Min. CMAQ ■ Min. TAP \$ 1,001 \$ 540 \$ 1,251 \$ 694	\$ 1 \$ (1 \$ (1 \$ (1 \$) \$ (1 \$) \$ (2 \$ (1 \$) \$ (2 \$) \$ (2 \$) \$ (3 \$ (4 \$) \$ (2 \$) \$ (2 \$) \$ (3 \$) \$ (2 \$) \$ (3 \$) \$ (2 \$) \$ (3 \$	39,272 9,450,430 2,687,441) 10,163,771) 6,559,946) HPP 4284 (frame = \$\frame \text{HPP 756 (M} = \$\frame \text{stion; (MA194} \text{stion; (MA194} \text{stion; (MA194} \text{(MA125)}	Target Funds Ava STP available HSIP recommende CMAQ recommend TAP amount excee MA203): STP+Earmark 124,792,845 (A126): STP+Earmarks 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845 (): STP+Earmarks Total 124,792,845

umendment / Adjustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼	MassDOT District ▼	Source ▼	Funds	Programmed ▼	Federal Funds ▼	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning besign / or Construction, b) total project cost and funding sou used: c) advance construction status: d) MPO project soore; ename of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
Section 2A / State	Prioritized Relia	ability Project	s			<u>'</u>	<u>"</u>					
►Bridge Program / I	nspections					,		,		i		
	Bridge Program	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	NHPP	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
					Bridge Progra	am / Inspec	tions subtotal >	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Bridge Program / (Off-System									!		
•	Bridge Program	608079	Boston Region	Sharon	SHARON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, S-09-003 (40N), MASKWONICUT STREET OVER AMTRAK/MBTA	5	STP-BR-OFF	\$	5,219,900	\$ 4,175,920	\$ 1,043,980	Construction
	Bridge Program	608255	Boston Region	Stow	STOW- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, S-29-011, BOX MILL ROAD OVER ELIZABETH BROOK	3	STP-BR-OFF	\$	1,482,000	\$ 1,185,600	\$ 296,400	Construction
	<u>'</u>				Bridge Progr	am / Off-Sy	stem subtotal >	\$	6,701,900	\$ 5,361,520	\$ 1,340,380	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Bridge Program / 0	On-System (NHS	5)										
	Bridge Program	604173	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT B-16-016, NORTH WASHINGTON STREET OVER THE BOSTON INNER HARBOR	6	NHPP-On	\$	42,000,000	\$ 33,600,000	\$ 8,400,000	AC Year 3 of 5, Total Cost \$144,066,616
	•	•			Bridge Program / O	n-System (I	NHS) subtotal ▶	\$	42,000,000	\$ 33,600,000	\$ 8,400,000	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Bridge Program /	On-System (Nor	n-NHS)										
	Bridge Program	Project #	мро	N/A	Description	District	NHPP-Off	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
					Bridge Program / On-Sys	stem (Non-N	NHS) subtotal ▶	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Bridge Program / S	Systematic Main	ntenance						1		I		1
	Bridge Program	608234	Boston Region	Multiple	BOSTON- RANDOLPH- BRIDGE PRESERVATION OF 3 BRIDGES: B-16-165, R- 01-005 & R-01-007	6	NHPP-On	\$	2,303,571	\$ 1,842,857	\$ 460,714	Construction
					Bridge Program / Systema	atic Mainten	ance subtotal >	\$	2,303,571	\$ 1,842,857	\$ 460,714	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Interstate Paveme	nt											
	Interstate Pavement	608219	Boston Region	Multiple	READING- WAKEFIELD- INTERSTATE MAINTENANCE AND RELATED WORK ON I-95	4	NHPP	\$	4,123,392	\$ 3,711,053	\$ 412,339	Construction
					Inste	rstate Pave	ment subtotal >	\$	4,123,392	\$ 3,711,053	\$ 412,339	■ 90% Federal + 10% Non-Federal
Non-Interstate Pay					MADI DODONOM DEGUDEACINO :::							
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608467	Boston Region	Marlborough	MARLBOROUGH- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 20	3	NHPP	\$	9,940,320	\$ 7,952,256	\$ 1,988,064	Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608468	Boston Region	Multiple	PEABODY- DANVERS- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 1	4	NHPP	\$	11,597,040	\$ 9,277,632	\$ 2,319,408	Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608528	Boston Region	Multiple	WESTON- WALTHAM- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 20	4	NHPP	\$	12,026,560	\$ 9,621,248	\$ 2,405,312	Construction
			1	1	DEDHAM- RECONSTRUCTION & RELATED							

Amendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	MassDOT	MassDOT	Fundina	Total P	rogrammed	Federal	Non-Federal	
djustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ▼		Name ▼	Project Description ▼	District ▼		Funds		Funds ▼	Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present Information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning / Design / or Construction: b) total project cost and funding source used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
Doodway Improv	amanta											
► Roadway Improv	Roadway Improvements	608214	Boston Region	Winchester	WINCHESTER- STORMWATER IMPROVEMENTS ALONG ROUTE 3	4	STP	\$	232,960	\$ 186,368	\$ 46,592	Construction
	Roadway Improvements	608599	Boston Region	Multiple	CANTON- SHARON- FOXBOROUGH- NORWOOD-WALPOLE- STORMWATER IMPROVEMENTS ALONG ROUTE 1, ROUTE 1A & INTERSTATE 95	5	STP	\$	526,235	\$ 420,988	\$ 105,247	Construction
				1	Roadwa	y Improveme	nts subtotal >	\$	759,195	\$ 607,356	\$ 151,839	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Safety Improvem	ents											
	Safety Improvements	608608	Boston Region	Braintree	BRAINTREE- HIGHWAY LIGHTING IMPROVEMENTS AT I-93/ROUTE 3 INTERCHANGE	6	STP	\$	7,008,503	\$ 5,606,802	\$ 1,401,701	Construction / Total Project Cost \$9,697,229 / AC YR 1 o
	Safety Improvements	608205	Boston Region	Multiple	READING TO LYNNFIELD- GUIDE AND TRAFFIC SIGN REPLACEMENT ON A SECTION OF I-95 (SR 128)	4	HSIP	\$	4,513,288	\$ 4,061,959	\$ 451,329	Construction
	Safety				CHELSEA TO DANVERS- GUIDE AND					\$ 6,475,576	\$ 710,509	Construction
	Improvements	608206	Boston Region	Multiple	TRAFFIC SIGN REPLACEMENT ON A SECTION OF US ROUTE 1	4	HSIP	\$	7,195,084	\$ 6,475,576		
	Improvements			Multiple	SECTION OF US ROUTE 1		HSIP nts subtotal ▶		7,195,084 18,716,875			■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 2B / State	Improvements			Multiple	SECTION OF US ROUTE 1							
Section 2B / State ADA Retrofits	Improvements			Multiple	SECTION OF US ROUTE 1							
	Improvements			Multiple Multiple	SECTION OF US ROUTE 1					\$ 16,144,337		
	Improvements Prioritized Mod	lernization Pro	ojects		SECTION OF US ROUTE 1	y Improveme	nts subtotal ▶	\$	18,716,875	\$ 16,144,337 \$ -	\$ 2,572,538	
► ADA Retrofits	Improvements Prioritized Mod ADA Retrofits	lernization Pro	ojects		SECTION OF US ROUTE 1 Safet Description	y Improveme	nts subtotal ▶	\$	18,716,875	\$ 16,144,337 \$ -	\$ 2,572,538 \$ -	◀ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
► ADA Retrofits	Improvements Prioritized Mod ADA Retrofits	lernization Pro	ojects		SECTION OF US ROUTE 1	y Improveme	nts subtotal ▶	\$	18,716,875	\$ 16,144,337 \$ - \$ -	\$ 2,572,538 \$ - \$ -	◀ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
	ADA Retrofits ADA Intersection	Project #	ojects Statewide	Multiple	Section of US ROUTE 1 Safet Description BOSTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE VFW PARKWAY &	y Improveme 1 ADA Retro	STP	\$	18,716,875	\$ 16,144,337 \$ - \$ - \$ 877,334	\$ 2,572,538 \$ - \$ - \$ 97,482	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
ADA Retrofits	Improvements Prioritized Mod ADA Retrofits ovements Intersection Improvements Intersection	Project #	Statewide Boston Region	Multiple Boston	Description BOSTON-INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE VFW PARKWAY & SPRING STREET MILTON-INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT 2 LOCATIONS: SR 138 (BLUE HILL AVENUE) AT ATHERTON STREET & BRADLEE ROAD AND SR 138 (BLUE HILL AVENUE) AT MILTON STREET & BOLLAR	y Improveme 1 ADA Retro	STP fits subtotal ► HSIP	\$ \$ \$	- - 974,815	\$ 16,144,337 \$ - \$ 7. \$ 877,334 \$ 1,069,200	\$ 2,572,538 \$ - \$ - \$ 97,482 \$ 118,800	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal Construction / PSAC score 39
► ADA Retrofits	Improvements ADA Retrofits overments Intersection Improvements Intersection Improvements Intersection Improvements	Project # 607759 607763	Statewide Boston Region Boston Region	Multiple Boston Milton	BOSTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE VFW PARKWAY & SPRING STREET MILTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT 2 LOCATIONS: SR 138 (BLUE HILL AVENUE) AT ATHERTON STREET & BRADLEE ROAD AND SR 138 (BLUE HILL AVENUE) AT MILTON STREET & DOLLAR LANE NORWOOD- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT US 1 (PROVIDENCE	y Improveme 1 ADA Retro 6 6	STP fits subtotal ► HSIP	\$ s s s s	974,815 1,188,000	\$ 16,144,337 \$ - \$ 877,334 \$ 877,334	\$ 2,572,538 \$ - \$ 97,482 \$ 97,482	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal Construction / PSAC score 39 Construction / PSAC score 44
► ADA Retrofits	Improvements ADA Retrofits ovements Intersection Improvements Intersection Improvements Intersection Improvements Intersection Improvements Intersection Improvements	Project # 607759 607763	Statewide Boston Region Boston Region Boston Region	Multiple Boston Milton	BOSTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE VFW PARKWAY & SPRING STREET MILTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE VFW PARKWAY & SPRING STREET MILTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT 2 LOCATIONS: SR 138 (BLUE HILL AVENUE) AT ATHERTON STREET & BRADLEE ROAD AND SR 138 (BLUE HILL AVENUE) AT MILTON STREET & DOLLAR LANE NORWOOD- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT US 1 (PROVIDENCE HIGHWAY) & MORSE STREET ACTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS ON SR 2 & SR 111 (MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE) AT PIPER ROAD	y Improveme 1 ADA Retro 6 6	STP fits subtotal HSIP HSIP	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	974,815 1,188,000	\$ 16,144,337 \$ - \$ - \$ 877,334 \$ 1,069,200 \$ 877,334	\$ 2,572,538 \$ - \$ 97,482 \$ 118,800 \$ 97,482	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal Construction / PSAC score 39 Construction / PSAC score 44 Construction / PSAC score 50

Amendment / Adjustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description▼	MassDOT District ▼		Total Fund		Federal Funds ▼		Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Plannir Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding so used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying t state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
Intelligent Transp	ortation System	s											
	Intelligent Transportation Systems	Project #	Statewide	Multiple	Description	Multiple	NHPP	\$		\$		\$	-
					Intelligent Transp	ortation Sys	tem subtotal >	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Roadway Recons	Roadway							1.				_	
	Reconstruction	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	District	CMAQ	\$	-	\$		\$	
Section 2C / State	Prioritized Exp	ansion Projec	te		Roadway	/ Reconstruc	ction subtotal >	1 2	-	D	-	a	- ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Bicycles and Ped		ansion i rojec											
Dicycles and rea	Bicycles and Pedestrians	607888	Boston Region	Multiple	BOSTON- BROOKLINE- MULTI-USE PATH CONSTRUCTION ON NEW FENWAY	6	CMAQ	\$	1,770,722	\$	1,416,578	\$ 354	,144 Construction / PSAC score 41
	Bicycles and Pedestrians	606223	Boston Region	Multiple	ACTON- CONCORD- BRUCE FREEMAN RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDES REPLACING BRIDGE C-19-937, RAIL TRAIL OVER NASHOBA BROOK, NEW BRIDGE C-19- 939, RAIL TRAIL OVER ROUTE 2 & NEW CULVERT C-19-940, ROUTE 2 OVER WILDLIFE CROSSING (PHASE II-B)	4	CMAQ	\$	9,495,746	\$	7,596,597	\$ 1,899	,149 Construction / PSAC score 31.5
	Bicycles and Pedestrians	606316	Boston Region	Brookline	BROOKLINE- PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE REHABILITATION, B-27-016, OVER MBTA OFF CARLTON STREET	6	CMAQ	\$	3,087,238	\$	2,469,790	\$ 617	Construction / Total Project Cost \$3,838,344 w/ add funding from earmark at \$751,106
					Bicycles	and Pedestr	ians subtotal >	\$	11,266,468	\$ 9	,013,174	\$ 2,253,	294 ◀ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Capacity													
	Capacity	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	CMAQ	\$		\$		\$	-
Section 3 / Planni	ing / Adjustment	c / Bacc throu	iaho			Сара	acity subtotal >	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Planning / Adjusti			igns										
riaming / Adjusti	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	Project #	Statewide	Multiple	ABP GANS Repayment	Multiple	NHPP	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Earmark Discretionary	BN0008	Boston Region	Newburyport	Parker River National Wildlife Refuge - Replace Hellcat Trail Boardwalk	4	Other FA	\$	1,200,000	1	960,000		,000 Transfer to Eastern Federal Lands
					Other	olatewide II	ems subtotal ▶	1 2	1,200,000	ļΨ	960,000	φ 240,	000 ✓ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 4 / Non-F	ederally Aided P	rojects											
Non-Federally Aid	ded Projects								•	1		-	
	Non Federal Aid	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	NFA	\$	-			\$	-
019 Sumr	mary					Non-Federa	l Aid subtotal▶	1 *	ection 1 - 3: ▼	TIP Section	4: ▼	\$ Total of All Projects ▼	-
						Fe	Total ► ederal Funds ►	\$	161,223,876 131,704,971	\$	-	\$ 161,223, \$ 131,704,	876 ■ Total Spending in Region ■ Total Federal Spending in Region

701 CMR 7.00 Use of Road Flaggers and Police Details on Public Works Projects / 701 CMR 7.00 (the Regulation) was promulgated and became law on October 3, 2008. Under this Regulation, the CMR is applicable to any Public works Project that is performed within the limits of, or that impact traffic on, any Public Road. The Municipal Limitation referenced in this Regulation is applicable only to projects where the Municipality is the Awarding Authority. Therefore, all projects must be considered and implemented in accordance with 701 CMR 7.00, and the Road Flagger and Police Detail Guidelines. By placing a project on the TIP, the Municipality acknowledges that 701 CMR 7.00 is applicable to its project and design and construction will be fully compliant with this Regulation. This information, and additional information relative to guidance and implementation of the Regulation can be found at the following link on the MassDOT Highway Division website: http://www.massdot.state.ma.us/Highway/Blaggers/main.aspx

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2019)

Project						State			
Number	Transit Agency	Item	Project Description	Carryover (unobligated)	Funds	Funds	TDC	Local Funds	Total Cost
5307 RTD0005466	Cape Ann Transportation Authority	117A00	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	2017 - \$92,000; 2018 - \$450,000	\$542,000	\$0	\$0	\$135,500	\$677,500
5307 RTD0005470	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQ/COMPUTER/SFTWR	2018 - \$44,000	\$44,000				\$55,000
5307 RTD0005471	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114220 ACQUIRE - MISC SUPPORT EQUIPMENT TERMINAL, INTERMODAL (TRANSIT): Facil.	2018 - \$30,055	\$30,055	\$7,514			\$37,569
5307 RTD0005993	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		113303 Improvements	2018 - \$150,000	\$150,000	\$37,500			\$187,500
5307 RTD0005994	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority	117C00	NON FIXED ROUTE ADA PARA SERV ACQUISITION OF BUS SUPPORT	2018 - \$1,300,000	\$1,300,000	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,625,000
5307 RTD0005995	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		114200 EQUIP/FACILITIES	2018 - \$248,415	\$248,415	\$62,104	\$0	\$0	\$310,519
5307 RTD0005996	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation		440000 Mobility Management	2018 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$6,250	\$0	\$0	\$31,250
5307 RTD0006356	Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation		121200 Revenue Vehicle Program		\$112,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$28,000,000	\$140,000,000
5307 RTD0006357	Authority (MBTA)		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$31,445,210	\$0	\$0	\$7,861,303	\$39,306,513
				Subtotal	\$145,784,680	\$449,368	\$0	\$35,996,803	\$182,230,851
	Massachusetts Bay Transportation								
5309 RTD0005979	Authority (MBTA)		132303 Green Line Extension Project	Subtotal	\$150,000,000 \$150,000,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$147,848,038 \$147,848,038	\$297,848,038 \$297,848,038
				Subtotal	\$0	Śū	\$0	Śū	\$0
				Subtotal	Ţ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Massachusetts Bay Transportation								
5337 RTD0006358	Authority (MBTA)		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$136,853,672	\$0	\$0	\$34,213,418	\$171,067,090
	The state of the s								
5337 RTD0006359	Authority (MBTA)		124400 System Upgrades Program						\$10,000,000 \$181,067,090
				Subtotal	Ş144,033,072	30	70	\$30,213, 4 10	Ţ101,007,030
	Manage busette Deu Trenne estation								
5220 PTD0006260	The state of the s		111400 Rus Program		¢5 /2/ 222	¢n.	¢n.	¢1 250 501	\$6,792,903
3339 K1D0000300	Authority (MBTA)		111400 Bus Frogram	Subtotal					\$6,792,903
							•		
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
						-			
			111209 BUY REPLACEMENT TROLLEY BUS		\$0	\$900,000	\$0	\$0	\$900,000
RTD0006089	Cape Ann Transportation Authority								
RTD0006089	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		111209 BOT REFEACEMENT TROLLET BOS	Subtotal	\$0	\$900,000	\$0	\$0	\$900,000
	Number 5307 RTD0005466 5307 RTD0005470 5307 RTD0005471 5307 RTD0005993 5307 RTD0005994 5307 RTD0005996 5307 RTD0006356 5307 RTD0006357	S307 RTD0005466 Cape Ann Transportation Authority MetroWest Regional Transit Authority MetroWest Regional Transit Authority MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Massachusetts Bay Transportation Massachusetts Bay Transportation	Number Transit Agency Item 5307 RTD0005466 Cape Ann Transportation Authority 117A00 5307 RTD0005470 Cape Ann Transportation Authority 5307 RTD0005471 Cape Ann Transportation Authority 5307 RTD0005993 MetroWest Regional Transit Authority 117C00 5307 RTD0005995 MetroWest Regional Transit Authority 117C00 5307 RTD0005996 MetroWest Regional Transit Authority MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation 5307 RTD0006356 Authority (MBTA) 5307 RTD0006357 Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Massachusetts Bay Transportation Massachusetts Bay Transportation	Number Transit Agency Item Project Description 5307 RTD0005466 Cape Ann Transportation Authority 117A00 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE 5307 RTD0005470 Cape Ann Transportation Authority 114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQ/COMPUTER/SFTWR 5307 RTD0005471 Cape Ann Transportation Authority 114220 ACQUIRE - MISC SUPPORT EQUIPMENT TERMINAL, INTERMODAL (TRANSIT): Facil. 5307 RTD0005993 MetroWest Regional Transit Authority 117C00 MetroWest Regional Transit Authority 117C00 NON FIXED ROUTE ADA PARA SERV ACQUISITION OF BUS SUPPORT 400005995 MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 121200 Revenue Vehicle Program Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 123400 Stations and Facilities Program Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 132303 Green Line Extension Project Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 123400 Stations and Facilities Program Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 12400 System Upgrades Program Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 124400 System Upgrades Program Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) 124400 System Upgrades Program	Number Transit Agency Item Project Description Carryover (unobligated)	Number Transit Agency Rem Project Description Carryover (unobligated) Funds	Number Transit Agency Item Project Description Carryover (unobligated) Funds Funds	Number Transit Agency Nem	Number Transit Agency Item Project Description Carryover (unobligated) Funds Funds Toc Incal Funds 100 1

mendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	MassDOT	MassDOT	Funding	Total D	rogrammed	Federal	Non-Federal	
djustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ▼	Planning Organization ▼	Name ▼	Massbord Project Description ▼	District ▼		Funds		Funds ▼	Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present Information as follows, if applicable: a) Planni Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO pri score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of er paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark detail h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
Section 1A / Regi	onally Prioritize	d Projects	'	<u>'</u>			'				<u>'</u>	
Regionally Priorit	ized Projects					1	T				I	
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	CMAQ	\$	13,427,220	\$ 10,741,776	\$ 2,685,444	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Trans Total MPO Contribution = \$190,000,000; AC Yr 5 funding flexed to FTA; match provided by loca contributions
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	STP	\$	21,872,780	\$ 17,498,224	\$ 4,374,556	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Tran Total MPO Contribution = \$190,000,000; AC Yr 5 funding flexed to FTA; match provided by loca contributions
	Roadway reconstruction program	604123	Boston Region	Ashland	ASHLAND- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 126 (POND STREET), FROM THE FRAMINGHAM T.L. TO THE HOLLISTON T.L.	3	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; STP+CMAQ+TAP Total Cost = \$14,636,338; MPO Evaluation Score = 54
	Roadway reconstruction program	604123	Boston Region	Ashland	ASHLAND- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 126 (POND STREET), FROM THE FRAMINGHAM T.L. TO THE HOLLISTON T.L.	3	TAP	\$	2,106,481	\$ 1,685,185	\$ 421,296	Construction; STP+CMAQ+TAP Total Cost = \$14,636,338; MPO Evaluation Score = 54; TA project proponent = Ashland
	Roadway reconstruction program	604123	Boston Region	Ashland	ASHLAND- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 126 (POND STREET), FROM THE FRAMINGHAM T.L. TO THE HOLLISTON T.L.	3	STP	\$	11,529,857	\$ 9,223,886	\$ 2,305,971	Construction; STP+CMAQ+TAP Total Cost = \$14,636,338; MPO Evaluation Score = 54
	Roadway reconstruction program	602077	Boston Region	Lynn	LYNN- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 129 (LYNNFIELD STREET), FROM GREAT WOODS ROAD TO WYOMA SQUARE	4	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$4,755, MPO Evaluation Score = 38
	Roadway reconstruction program	602077	Boston Region	Lynn	LYNN- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 129 (LYNNFIELD STREET), FROM GREAT WOODS ROAD TO WYOMA SQUARE	4	STP	\$	3,755,714	\$ 3,004,571	\$ 751,143	Construction; CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$4,755, MPO Evaluation Score = 38
	Roadway reconstruction program	602261	Boston Region	Walpole	WALPOLE- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 1A (MAIN STREET), FROM THE NORWOOD T.L. TO ROUTE 27, INCLUDES W-03-024 OVER THE NEPONSET RIVER	5	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; STP+CMAQ+TAP Total Cost \$17,390,216; MPO Evaluation Score = 51
	Roadway reconstruction program	602261	Boston Region	Walpole	WALPOLE- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 1A (MAIN STREET), FROM THE NORWOOD T.L. TO ROUTE 27, INCLUDES W-03-024 OVER THE NEPONSET RIVER	5	TAP	\$	1,858,437	\$ 1,486,750	\$ 371,687	Construction; STP+CMAQ+TAP Total Cost \$17,390,216; MPO Evaluation Score = 51; T/ project proponent = Walpole
	Roadway reconstruction program	602261	Boston Region	Walpole	WALPOLE- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 1A (MAIN STREET), FROM THE NORWOOD T.L. TO ROUTE 27, INCLUDES W-03-024 OVER THE NEPONSET RIVER	5	STP	\$	14,531,779	\$ 11,625,423	\$ 2,906,356	Construction; STP+CMAQ+TAP Total Cost \$17,390,216; MPO Evaluation Score = 51
	Roadway reconstruction program	606453	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- IMPROVEMENTS ON BOYLSTON STREET, FROM INTERSECTION OF BROOKLINE AVENUE & PARK DRIVE TO IPSWICH STREET	6	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost \$8,214,319; MPO Evaluation Score = 58
	Roadway reconstruction program	606453	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- IMPROVEMENTS ON BOYLSTON STREET, FROM INTERSECTION OF BROOKLINE AVENUE & PARK DRIVE TO IPSWICH STREET	6	TAP	\$	812,432	\$ 649,946	\$ 162,486	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost \$8,214,319; MPO Evaluation Score = 58; TAP p proponent = Boston
	Roadway reconstruction program	606453	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- IMPROVEMENTS ON BOYLSTON STREET, FROM INTERSECTION OF BROOKLINE AVENUE & PARK DRIVE TO IPSWICH STREET	6	STP	\$	6,401,887	\$ 5,121,510	\$ 1,280,377	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost \$8,214,319; MPO Evaluation Score = 58

mendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality		MassDOT			ogrammed			Non-Feder	ral	
djustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ▼	Planning Organization ▼	Name ▼	Project Description ▼	District ▼	Source ▼	Funds ▼	,	Funds	▼	Funds ▼		Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Plan Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and fundin sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO p score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark det h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
	Roadway reconstruction program	606226	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE	6	STP	\$	7,000,000	\$	5,600,000	\$ 1,4	400,000	Construction; TAP+STP Total Cost = \$152,000, AC Yr 1 of 5; Total funding in this TIP = \$76,626
	Roadway reconstruction program	606635	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM- NEWTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE, NEEDHAM STREET & CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE, N-04-002, FROM WEBSTER STREET (NEEDHAM) TO ROUTE 9 (NEWTON)	6	HSIP	\$	2,319,644	\$	2,087,680	\$ 2	231,964	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP+TAP+STP Total Co \$21,434,400; AC Yr 2 of 2; MPO Evaluation Sco 75
	Roadway reconstruction program	606635	Boston Region	Multiple	NEEDHAM- NEWTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE, NEEDHAM STREET & CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE, N-04-002, FROM WEBSTER STREET (NEEDHAM) TO ROUTE 9 (NEWTON)	6	STP	\$	8,397,556	\$	6,718,045	\$ 1,6	679,511	Construction; CMAQ+HSIP+TAP+STP Total Co \$21,434,400; AC Yr 2 of 2; MPO Evaluation Sco 75
	-		1		Regionally Pri	oritized Proje	cts subtotal >	\$ 9	98,013,787	\$ 7	78,642,994	\$ 19,37	70,793	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 1A / Fisc	al Constraint Ar	nalysis												
					Total Regional Federal A		rogrammed > rogrammed		98,013,787 73,489,573		98,029,447 80,061,875			\$ 15,660 Target Funds Available \$ 6,572,302 STP available
					om dropdown list to populate header and MPO column;		•							
	Source being use	ed for the project -	f multiple funding sour	ces are being used	from dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of	HSIP p	rogrammed >	\$	2,319,644	\$	4,296,710	■ Min. HS	iP	\$ 1,977,066 HSIP recommended not
	Source being use funds being progr	ed for the project - rammed in this fisc	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu	ces are being used nding source; Colu		·	rogrammed >		17,427,220	•	10,741,776			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Source being use funds being programount and only	ed for the project - i rammed in this fisc change if needed ate with Rail & Tra	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu or flex. Column K) No	ces are being used nding source; Colu n-federal funds aut	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of Imn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the	CMAQ p	Ü	\$	17,427,220	\$		◀ Min. CM	IAQ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin	ed for the project - i rammed in this fisc change if needed ate with Rail & Tra	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu or flex. Column K) No	ces are being used nding source; Colu n-federal funds aut	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an	CMAQ p	rogrammed >	\$	17,427,220	\$	10,741,776	◀ Min. CM	IAQ	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m
-Section 1B / Earr	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of	ed for the project - rammed in this fisc change if needed ate with Rail & Tra ther format.	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before pro	ces are being used nding source; Colu n-federal funds aut	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please	CMAQ p	rogrammed >	\$	17,427,220 4,777,350	\$	10,741,776	◀ Min. CM	IAQ	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m
	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any ot mark or Discretion	ed for the project - rammed in this fisc change if needed ate with Rail & Tra ther format.	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before pro	ces are being used nding source; Colu n-federal funds aut	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please	CMAQ p	rogrammed >	\$	17,427,220 4,777,350	\$	10,741,776	◀ Min. CM	IAQ	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m
	Source being use funds being progi amount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any ot	ed for the project - rammed in this fisc change if needed ate with Rail & Tra ther format.	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before pro	ces are being used nding source; Colu n-federal funds aut	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please	CMAQ p	rogrammed >	\$	17,427,220 4,777,350	\$	10,741,776	◀ Min. CM	IAQ	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m
	Source being use funds being prog amount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any ot mark or Discreti d Earmark Discretionary Earmark	ed for the project - rammed in this fisc change if needed ate with Rail & Tra ther format.	f multiple funding sour al year and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before pro	ces are being used nding source; Colu n-federal funds aut gramming; Colum	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI	CMAQ p	rogrammed ▶ rogrammed ▶ nd TAP Funds	\$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$	2,929,085	✓ Min. CM ✓ Min. TAI	IAQ	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m
	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any ot mark or Discreti d	of for the project - rammed in this fisc change if need a te with Rail & Tra ther format. Onary Grant F	multiple funding sour all ultiple and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced Projects Boston	ces are being used in a constant of the cons	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description	CMAQ pi TAP pi P, CMAQ, ar District	rogrammed rogrammed rogrammed HPP	\$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$	2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m
Other Federal Aid	Source being uses funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the mark or Discretified Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary	wid for the project - rammed in this fiss change if needed ate with Rail & Tra ther format. Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour all year and for each fu for flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced and Projects Boston Boston	ces are being used in a constant of the cons	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description	CMAQ pi TAP pi P, CMAQ, ar District	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded!
Other Federal Aid	Source being uses funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the source of	wid for the project - rammed in this fiss change if needed ate with Rail & Tra ther format. Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour all year and for each fu for flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced and Projects Boston Boston	ces are being used in a constant of the cons	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description	CMAQ pi TAP pi P, CMAQ, ar District	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded!
Other Federal Aid	Source being uses funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the source of	onary Grant F Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour all year and for each fu for flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced and Projects Boston Boston	ces are being used in a constant of the cons	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description O	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal A	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded! Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Other Federal Aid	Source being uses funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the source of	d for the project rammed in this fiss change if needed ate with Rail & Traher format. Onary Grant F Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour layer and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced by the column K) and the column K) are column K) and the column K) and the column K) and the column K) and the column K) are column K) and the column K) and the colum	nes are being used nding source; Columning source; Columning source; Columning; Columnin	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description O	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal A	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded!
Other Federal Aid Section 2A / State Bridge Program	Source being uses funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the fundamental source for the fundamental source for the fundamental source f	with the project rammed in this fiss change if needed atte with Rail & Traher format. Onary Grant F Project # Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour layer and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced by the column K) No source of t	nes are being use of moding source; Colum- ding source; Colum- dedral funds aut gramming; Colum- Municipalities Municipalities Multiple	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description O Description Bridge Progr.	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal A Multiple am / Inspection	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded! Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Other Federal Aid Section 2A / State Bridge Program	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the fundamental source of the fundam	with the project rammed in this fiss change if needed atte with Rail & Traher format. Onary Grant F Project # Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour layer and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced by the column K) and the column K) are column K) and the column K) and the column K) and the column K) and the column K) are column K) and the column K) and the colum	nes are being used nding source; Columning source; Columning source; Columning; Columnin	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the coalculates. Please verify the coalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description Description Bridge Progri	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal a Multiple am / Inspectic	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI	IAQ P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded! In the property of the pr
Section 2A / State Bridge Program	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the fund of the	with the project # Project # Project # Project # Project #	I multiple funding sour layer and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced by the column K) No source of t	nes are being use of moding source; Colum- ding source; Colum- dedral funds aut gramming; Colum- Municipalities Municipalities Multiple	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the coalculates. Please verify the coalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description Description Bridge Progri	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal a Multiple am / Inspectic	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	10,741,776 2,929,085	■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI		\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded! Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Other Federal Aid Section 2A / State Bridge Program	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the fund of the	wid for the project - rammed in this fiss change if needed atte with Rail & Trather format. Onary Grant F Project # Project # iability Project #	I multiple funding sour layer and for each fu or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced by the column K) No source of t	nes are being use of moding source; Colum- ding source; Colum- dedral funds aut gramming; Colum- Municipalities Municipalities Multiple	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the coalculates. Please verify the coalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description Description Bridge Progri	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal a Multiple am / Inspectic	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		▼ Min. CM ▼ Min. TAI	P	\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded! 4 Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 1B / Earn Other Federal Aid Section 2A / State Bridge Program Bridge Program	Source being use funds being programount and only FTA flex, coordin do not use any of the fund of the	with for the project - rammed in this fiss change if needed atte with Rail & Trather format. Onary Grant F Project # Project # iability Project # Project # Project #	multiple funding sour all year and for each fur or flex. Column K) No nsit Division before produced by the source of the source	nes are being used noting source; Columning source; Columning: Columning; Col	enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of umn J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the ocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an n L) Enter Additional Information as described - please Remaining HSI Description Description Description Bridge Progr. STOW- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, S-29-001, (ST 62) GLEASONDALE ROAD OVER THE	CMAQ p TAP p TAP p P, CMAQ, ar District District ther Federal A Multiple am / Inspection District am / Off-System	rogrammed Programmed P	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	17,427,220 4,777,350 15,660	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		■ Min. CM ■ Min. TAI		\$ (6,685,444) CMAQ recommended m \$ (1,848,265) TAP amount exceeded! I Funding Split Varies by Funding Source I Funding Split Varies by Funding Source I Sow Federal + 20% Non-Federal

Adjustment Type ▼ ► Bridge Program / 0	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID	Metropolitan	Municipality	MassDOT	MassDOT			Programmed			n-Federal	
► Bridge Program / 0		•	Planning Organization ▼	Name ▼	Project Description ▼		Source ▼	Funds	: ▼	Funds ▼	Fun	nds ▼	Additional Information Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Plann Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO pr score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of er paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark detail h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
	On-System (No	n-NHS)											
	Bridge Program	608009	Boston Region	Boxborough	BOXBOROUGH- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, B- 18-002, ROUTE 111 OVER I-495	3	NHPP-Off	\$	9,147,500	\$ 7,318,000	\$	1,829,500	AC Year 1 of 2, Total Cost \$14,295,000
					Bridge Program / On-Sys	stem (Non-N	NHS) subtotal ▶	\$	9,147,500	\$ 7,318,000	\$	1,829,500	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Bridge Program / S	Systematic Mai	ntonanco						1		<u> </u>	1		1
Blidge Flogram 7	Bridge Program	608596	Boston Region	Essex	ESSEX- SUPERSTRUCTURE REPLACEMENT, E-11-001 (2TV), ROUTE 133\MAIN STREET OVER ESSEX RIVER	4	NHPP-Off	\$	2,400,000	\$ 1,920,000	\$	480,000	
					Bridge Program / Systema	atic Maintena	ance subtotal >	- \$	2,400,000	\$ 1,920,000	\$	480,000	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Interstate Paveme	mt .							1			1		
interstate Paveme	Interstate Pavement	608208	Boston Region	Multiple	QUINCY- MILTON- BOSTON- INTERSTATE MAINTENANCE & RELATED WORK ON I-93	6	NHPP	\$	24,264,576	\$ 21,838,118	\$ \$	2,426,458	Construction / Includes \$540,000 of stormwater improvements
	1				Inste	rstate Paver	ment subtotal >	\$	24,264,576	\$ 21,838,118	\$	2,426,458	■ 90% Federal + 10% Non-Federal
Non-Interstate Pav		1								I			
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608480	Boston Region	Multiple	FOXBOROUGH- WALPOLE- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 1	5	NHPP	\$	8,063,129	\$ 6,450,503	\$	1,612,626	Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608484	Boston Region	Multiple	CANTON- MILTON- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 138	6	NHPP	\$	15,343,776	\$ 12,275,021	\$	3,068,755	Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608482	Boston Region	Multiple	CAMBRIDGE- SOMERVILLE- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 28	6	NHPP	\$	7,761,096	\$ 6,208,877	\$	1,552,219	Construction
		1			Non-Inte	rstate Paver	ment subtotal >	\$	31,168,001	\$ 24,934,401	\$	6,233,600	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Roadway Improve	ements												
	Roadway Improvements	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	District	STP	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	1	1			Roadwa	y Improvem	ents subtotal >	\$		\$ -	\$	-	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Safety Improveme	ents												
	Safety Improvements	608608	Boston Region	Braintree	BRAINTREE- HIGHWAY LIGHTING IMPROVEMENTS AT I-93/ROUTE 3 INTERCHANGE	6	STP	\$	2,688,726	\$ 2,150,981	\$	537,745	Construction / Total Project Cost \$9,697,229 / AC 2 of 2
	Safety Improvements	608611	Boston Region	Multiple	CANTON- MILTON- RANDOLPH- REPLACEMENT AND REHABILITATION OF THE HIGHWAY LIGHTING SYSTEM AT THE ROUTE 24/ROUTE 1/1-93 INTERCHANGE	6	HSIP	\$	9,434,070	\$ 8,490,663	\$ \$	943,407	Construction
	-				Safel	y Improvem	ents subtotal ▶	- \$	12,122,796	\$ 10,641,644	\$	1,481,152	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 2B / State	Prioritized Mod	lernization Pr	ojects					•		·	•		
- ADA Retrofits													
	ADA Retrofits	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	STP	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	1	I	1	1		ADA Retr	rofits subtotal >	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Intersection Impro	vements												
	Intersection Improvements	608562	Boston Region	Somerville	SOMERVILLE- SIGNAL AND INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT ON 1-93 AT MYSTIC AVENUE AND MCGRATH HIGHWAY (TOP 200 CRASH LOCATION)	4	HSIP	\$	2,688,000	\$ 2,419,200	\$	268,800	Construction / PSAC score 68
	Intersection Improvements	608564	Boston Region	Watertown	WATERTOWN- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 16 AND GALEN STREET	6	HSIP	\$	2,688,000	\$ 2,419,200	\$	268,800	Construction / PSAC score 56
	•	•		•	Intersectio	n Improvem	ents subtotal >	\$	5,376,000	\$ 4,838,400	\$	537,600	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Intelligent Transpo		s	1	1			1	,		Ī			
	Intelligent Transportation Systems	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	NHPP	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	

Section 3 / Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Project # Statewide Multiple Description Multiple NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ -	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planni Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding
Roadway Reconstruction 60835 Boston Region Medford MEDPORD. IMPROVEMENTS AT BROOKS 4 TAP \$ 1,200,000 \$ 960,000		sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO pr score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of e paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark detail h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
Roadway Reconstruction 60835 Boston Region Medford MEDPORD. IMPROVEMENTS AT BRCOKS 4 TAP \$ 1,200,000 \$ 960,000		
Reconstruction Rec	0 \$ 240,00	On Construction / TAP project proponent is Medford
Reconstruction Boston Region Soutpitton ELEMENTARY SCHOOL (SRTS) 5 1.P \$ 2.26,60.0 \$ 1,761,260	0 \$ 187,50	Construction / TAP project proponent is Salem
Reconstruction Rec	0 \$ 445,32	Construction / TAP project proponent is Stoughton
Reconstruction G07977 Boston Region Multiple RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 3 NHPP \$ 1,000,000 \$ 800,000	0 \$ 333,24	Construction / TAP project proponent is Wincheste
Section 2C / State Prioritized Expansion Projects Bicycles and Pedestrians Bicycles and Pedestrians subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	0 \$ 200,000	Construction / Total Project Cost = \$270,000,000 / YR 1 of 6 / PSAC score 49
Bicycles and Pedestrians Bicycles and Pedestrians Project # MPO N/A Description District CMAQ \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$	0 \$ 1,406,060	0 ◀ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Bicycles and Pedestrians Project # MPO N/A Description District CMAQ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		
Pedestrians Project # MPO N/A Description District CMAQ \$ - \$ - \$ -		
Capacity Capacity Project # MPO Municipalities Description District NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$	\$ -	-
Capacity Project # MPO Municipalities Description District NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - Capacity subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	-	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 3 / Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Project # Statewide Multiple Description Multiple NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		
Section 3 / Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Project # Statewide Multiple Description Multiple NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ -	\$ -	-
Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Project # Statewide Multiple Description Multiple NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$ -	▼ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs Project # Statewide Multiple Description Multiple NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		
Adjustments / Project # Statewide Multiple Description Multiple NHPP \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - Other Statewide Items subtotal ▶ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		
Other Statewide Items subtotal Soction 4 / Non-Federally Aided Projects Non-Federally Aided Projects Non Federal Aid 807977 Boston Region Multiple HOPKINTON-WESTBOROUGH-RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 3 NFA \$ 18,112,483 INTERCHANGE Non-Federal Aid subtotal Non-Federal Aid subtotal TIP Section 1 - 3: TIP Section 4: ▼	\$ -	-
Non-Federally Aided Projects Non Federal Aid 807977 Boston Region Multiple HOPKINTON- WESTBOROUGH- RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 3 NFA \$ 18,112,483 INTERCHANGE Non-Federal Aid subtotal ▶ \$ 18,112,483 INTERCHANGE TIP Section 1 - 3: TIP Section 4: ▼	\$ -	▼ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Non-Federally Aided Projects Non Federal 607977 Boston Region Multiple HOPKINTON-WESTBOROUGH-RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 3 NFA \$ 18,112,483 INTERCHANGE Non-Federal Aid subtotal \$ 18,112,483		
Non Federal Aid 607977 Boston Region Multiple HOPKINTON-WESTBOROUGH-RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 3 NFA \$ 18,112,483 INTERCHANGE Non-Federal Aid subtotal ▶ \$ 18,112,483 2020 Summary TIP Section 1 - 3: TIP Section 4: ▼		
Non-Federal Aid subtotal▶ \$ 18,112,483 2020 Summary TIP Section 1 - 3: TIP Section 4: ▼	\$ 18,112,48	Construction / Total Project Cost = \$270,000,000 / YR 1 of 6 / PSAC score 49
2020 Summary TIP Section 1 - 3: TIP Section 4: ▼	\$ 18,112,483	3 ◀100% Non-Federal
2020 Summary		
	Projects ▼	
Total ▶ \$ 251,835,920 \$ 18,112,483	3 \$ 269,948,403	3 ◀ Total Spending in Region
Federal Funds ► \$ 205,608,165 Non-Federal Funds ► \$ 46,227,755 \$ 18,112,483	\$ 205,608,165	Total Federal Spending in Region 8 ◀ Total Non-Federal Spending in Region

701 CMR 7.00 Use of Road Flaggers and Police Details on Public Works Projects / 701 CMR 7.00 (the Regulation) was promulgated and became law on October 3, 2008. Under this Regulation, the CMR is applicable to any Public works Project that is performed within the limits of, or that impact traffic on, any Public Road. The Municipal Limitation referenced in this Regulation is applicable only to projects where the Municipality is the Awarding Authority. For all projects contained in the TIP, the Commonwealth is the Awarding Authority. Therefore, all projects must be considered and implemented in accordance with 701 CMR 7.00, and the Road Flagger and Police Detail Guidelines. By placing a project on the TIP, the Municipality acknowledges that 701 CMR 7.00 is applicable to its project and design and construction will be fully compliant with this Regulation. This information, and additional information relative to guidance and implementation of the Regulation can be found at the following link on the MassDOT Highway Division website: http://www.massdot.state.ma.us/Highway/Baggers/main.aspx

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2020)

	Project		FTA Activit		Carryover					
FTA Program	Number	Transit Agency	Item	Project Description	(unobligated)	Federal Funds	State Funds	TDC	Local Funds	Total Cost
5307										
	5307 RTD0005472	Cape Ann Transportation Authority	117A00	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	2019 - \$350,000	\$350,000	\$0	\$0	\$87,500	\$437,500
	5307 RTD0005477	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQ/COMP/SFTWR	2019 - \$40,000	\$40,000	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$50,000
	5307 RTD0005478	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114220 ACQUIRE - MISC SUPPORT EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION OF BUS SUPPORT	2019 - \$11,296	\$11,296	\$2,824	\$0	\$0	\$14,120
	5307 RTD0005997	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		114200 EQUIP/FACILITIES	2019 - \$248,415	\$248,415	\$62,104	\$0	\$0	\$310,519
	5307 RTD0005998	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		440000 Mobility Management	2019 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$6,250	\$0	\$0	\$31,250
	5307 RTD0005999	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority	117C00	NON FIXED ROUTE ADA PARA SERV	2019 - \$1,300,000	\$1,300,000	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,625,000
	5307 RTD0006000	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation		113303 TERMINAL, INTERMODAL (TRANSIT)	2019 - \$150,000	\$150,000	\$37,500	\$0	\$0	\$187,500
	5307 RTD0006361	Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation		121200 Revenue Vehicle Program		\$40,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$10,000,000	\$50,000,000
	5307 RTD0006362	Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$44,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$11,000,000	\$55,000,000
	5307 RTD0006363	Authority (MBTA)		126301 Systemwide Signals Program		\$61,840,976	\$0	\$0	\$15,460,244	\$77,301,220
	3307 11120000303	racioney (mb rri)		120301 System Mac Signals (10gram	Subtotal	\$147,965,687	\$443,678	\$0	\$36,547,744	\$184,957,109
5309										
3303		Massachusetts Bay Transportation								
	5309 RTD0005987	Authority (MBTA)		132303 Green Line Extension Project		\$150,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$147,848,038	\$297,848,038
	3303 11100003307	Authority (WBTA)		152505 Green Line Extension Project	Subtotal	\$150,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$147,848,038	\$297,848,038
5310										
3310					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5311					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5337										
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation								
	5337 RTD0006364	Authority (MBTA)		122405 Bridge & Tunnel Program		\$24,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$6,000,000	\$30,000,000
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation				7-7,7,	**	**	+-,,	+,,
	5337 RTD0006365	Authority (MBTA)		123402 Elevator Program		\$48,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$12,000,000	\$60,000,000
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation		, and the second						
	5337 RTD0006366	Authority (MBTA)		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$47,347,989	\$0	\$0	\$11,836,997	\$59,184,986
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation								
	5337 RTD0006367	Authority (MBTA)		124400 System Upgrades Program		\$28,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$7,000,000	\$35,000,000
					Subtotal	\$147,347,989	\$0	\$0	\$36,836,997	\$184,184,986
5339										
		Married Control Dec. Trees of the con-								
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation								
	5339 RTD0006368	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA)		111400 Bus Program		\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,267
	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program	Subtotal	\$5,552,214 \$5,552,214	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$1,388,053 \$1,388,053	\$6,940,267 \$6,940,267
5320	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program	Subtotal					
5320	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program	Subtotal					
5320 Other Federal	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program		\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,267
	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program		\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,267
	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program	Subtotal Subtotal	\$5,552,214 \$0 \$0	\$0 \$0 \$0	\$0 \$0 \$0	\$1,388,053 \$0 \$0	\$6,940,267 \$0 \$0
Other Federal	5339 RTD0006368			111400 Bus Program	Subtotal	\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,267 \$0

nendment / djustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼	MassDOT District ▼	Funding Source ▼	Total Programmed Funds ▼	Federal Funds ▼	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable; a) Planni Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used: o advance construction status; d) MPO proj soore: o) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of ent paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details TAP project proponent; i) other information
Section 1A / Regi	onally Prioritize	d Projects									
Regionally Priorit	ized Projects										
	Roadway reconstruction program	608228	Boston Region	Framingham	FRAMINGHAM- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION AVENUE, FROM PROCTOR STREET TO MAIN STREET	3	HSIP	\$ 1,509,58	7 \$ 1,358,628	\$ 150,959	Construction; STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$10,304 MPO Evaluation Score = 58
	Roadway reconstruction program	608228	Boston Region	Framingham	FRAMINGHAM- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION AVENUE, FROM PROCTOR STREET TO MAIN STREET		TAP	\$ 1,006,39	1 \$ 805,113	\$ 201,278	Construction; STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$10,304 MPO Evaluation Score = 58; TAP project proponer Framingham
	Roadway reconstruction program	608228	Boston Region	Framingham	FRAMINGHAM- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION AVENUE, FROM PROCTOR STREET TO MAIN STREET		STP	\$ 7,788,900	3 \$ 6,231,122	\$ 1,557,781	Construction; STP+HSIP+TAP Total Cost = \$10,304 MPO Evaluation Score = 58
	Intersection improvements program	606130	Boston Region	Norwood	NORWOOD- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ® ROUTE 1A & UPLAND ROAD/WASHINGTON STREET & PROSPECT STREET/FULTON STREET		CMAQ	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Construction; CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$3,668,437; Evaluation Score = 53
	Intersection improvements program	606130	Boston Region	Norwood	NORWOOD- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 1A & UPLAND ROAD/WASHINGTON STREET & PROSPECT STREET/FULTON STREET		STP	\$ 2,668,43	7 \$ 2,134,750	\$ 533,687	Construction; CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$3,668,437; Evaluation Score = 53
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	608347	Boston Region	Beverly	BEVERLY-INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS @ 3 LOCATIONS: CABOT STREET (ROUTE 1A/97) @ DODGE STREET (ROUTE 1A), COUNTY WAY, LONGMEADOW ROAD & SCOTT STREET, MCKAY STREET @ BALCH STREET & VETERANS MEMORIAL BRIDGE (ROUTE 1A) AT RANTOUL, CABOT, WATER & FRONT STREETS	4	HSIP	\$ 2,339,729	9 \$ 2,105,756	\$ 233,973	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ Total Cost = \$3,360,0 MPO Evaluation Score = 63
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	608347	Boston Region	Beverly	BEVERLY-INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS @ 3 LOCATIONS: CABOT STREET (ROUTE 1A/97) @ DODGE STREET (ROUTE 1A), COUNTY WAY, LONGMEADOW ROAD & SCOTT STREET, MCKAY STREET @ BALCH STREET & VETERANS MEMORIAL BRIDGE (ROUTE 1A) AT RANTOUL, CABOT, WATER & FRONT STREETS	4	CMAQ	\$ 1,020,27	1 \$ 816,217	\$ 204,054	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ Total Cost = \$3,360,0 MPO Evaluation Score = 63
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	BN0009	Boston Region	Multiple	COMMUNITY TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM	NA	CMAQ	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 200,000	Planning, Design, or Construction; Set Aside for Lf Clean Air and Mobility Program
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	CMAQ	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Transit) MPO Contribution = \$190,000,000; AC Yr 6 of 6; fu flexed to FTA; match provided by local contributions
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	1570	Boston Region	Multiple	GREEN LINE EXTENSION PROJECT- EXTENSION TO COLLEGE AVENUE WITH THE UNION SQUARE SPUR	6	STP	\$ 19,700,000	\$ 15,760,000	\$ 3,940,000	Construction; STP+CMAQ+Section 5309 (Transit) MPO Contribution = \$190,000,000; AC Yr 6 of 6; further flexed to FTA; match provided by local contributions
	Roadway reconstruction program	606501	Boston Region	Holbrook	HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET	5	TAP	\$ 289,086	3 \$ 231,270	\$ 57,818	Construction; TAP+STP+Earmark Total Cost = \$2,890,880; MPO Evaluation Score = 45; TAP proproponent = Holbrook
	Roadway reconstruction program	606501	Boston Region	Holbrook	HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET	5	STP	\$ 1,074,543	2 \$ 859,634	\$ 214,908	Construction; TAP+STP+Earmark Total Cost = \$2,890,880; MPO Evaluation Score = 45
	Roadway reconstruction program	606226	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE	6	TAP	\$ 2,183,253	3 \$ 1,746,602	\$ 436,651	Construction; TAP+STP Total Cost = \$152,000,00 Yr 2 of 5; Total funding in this TIP = \$76,626,515; project proponent = Boston

djustment Type ▼	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	rtation Improveme	MassDOT		Total Programmed	Federal	Non-Federal		
ли с ипени туре ч	Program ▼	Project ID ▼		Name ▼	Project Description▼	District ▼		Funds ▼	Funds ▼	Funds ▼	Design / or Construction; sources used; c) advance score; e) name of entity re	follows, if applicable: a) Planni b) total project cost and funding construction status; d) MPO projectiving a transfer; f) name of enti- dederal match; g) earmark details;
	Roadway reconstruction program	606226	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE	6	STP	\$ 24,997,494	\$ 19,997,995	\$ 4,999,499		P Total Cost = \$152,000,000; ding in this TIP = \$76,626,515
	Bridge Program	604996	Boston Region	Woburn	WOBURN- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, W-43-017, NEW BOSTON STREET OVER MBTA	4	STP	\$ 17,026,434	\$ 13,621,147	\$ 3,405,287		st = \$17,026,434; MPO Evalua Score = 55
	Roadway reconstruction program	601607	Boston Region	Hull	HULL- RECONSTRUCTION OF ATLANTIC AVENUE AND RELATED WORK FROM NANTASKET AVENUE TO COHASSET TOWN LINE	5	STP	\$ 6,693,980	\$ 5,355,184	\$ 1,338,796		st = \$6,693,980; MPO Evaluat Score = 44
			1	1	Regionally Pr	oritized Proje	ects subtotal ▶	\$ 100,298,109	\$ 80,623,419	\$ 19,674,690	■ 80% Federal + 20	% Non-Federal
Section 1A / Fisca	I Constraint An	alysis			Total Regional Federal	Aid Funds P	rogrammed ►	\$ 100,298,109	\$ 100,298,110	∢ Total Budget	\$ 1	Target Funds Available
	0.000.000			B	-		programmed >			■ Max STP		STP available
		ID from ProjectInfo	; Column E) Choose	Municipality Name fr	m dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; om dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding nter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount of	HSIP I	programmed >	\$ 3,849,316	\$ 4,296,710	■ Min. HSIP	\$ 447,394	HSIP recommended not r
	funds being progra	ammed in this fisca	al year and for each fur	nding source; Colum	in J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify the calculates. Please verify the split/match - if matching an	CMAQ	programmed ►	\$ 13,020,271	\$ 10,741,776	■ Min. CMAQ	\$ (2,278,495)	CMAQ recommended me
		te with Rail & Trans			L) Enter Additional Information as described - please do	TAP	programmed ►	\$ 3,478,732	\$ 2,929,085	■ Min. TAP	\$ (549,647)	TAP amount exceeded!
					Remaining HS	ID 01440 -		\$ 1				
Section 1B / Earm	ark or Discretio	nary Grant Fu	ınded Projects		Remaining no	IP, CIVIAQ, a	na TAP Funas	y 1				
Other Federal Aid												
	Earmark Discretionary	606226	Poston Pagion	Municipalities	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE	6	HPP					
		000220	Boston Region	ividilicipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE		HPP	\$ 126,970	\$ 101,576	\$ 25,394	Demo ID MA183	
	Earmark Discretionary	606226	Boston Region	Municipalities		6	HPP	\$ 126,970 \$ 8,451,960			Demo ID MA183 Demo ID MA210	
					TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE				\$ 6,761,568	\$ 1,690,392		
	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary	606226 606501	Boston Region Boston Region	Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET	6	НРР	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177	ies by Funding Source
	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Relia	606226 606501	Boston Region Boston Region	Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET	6	НРР	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177	ies by Funding Source
	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Relia	606226 606501	Boston Region Boston Region	Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET	6	НРР	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177	ies by Funding Source
	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Relianspections	606226 606501 ability Project	Boston Region Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET CO Description	6 5 ther Federal	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ -	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ✓ Funding Split Var	ies by Funding Source
Section 2A / State Bridge Program /	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Reli Inspections Bridge Program	606226 606501 ability Project	Boston Region Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET CO Description	6 5 ther Federal	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ -	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ✓ Funding Split Var	
	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Reli Inspections Bridge Program	606226 606501 ability Project	Boston Region Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET CO Description	6 5 ther Federal	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ -	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236 \$ - \$ -	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ✓ Funding Split Var	
Bridge Program /	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Reli Inspections Bridge Program Off-System	606226 606501 ability Project	Boston Region Boston Region S	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET CO Description Bridge Progr MAYNARD- BRIDGE REPLACMENT, M-10-006, CARRYING FLORIDA ROAD OVER THE ASSABET RIVER	6 5 ther Federal District am / Inspection 3	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶ NHPP ons subtotal ▶	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ - \$ -	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236 \$ - \$ -	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ■ Funding Split Var ■ Funding Split Var	ies by Funding Source
Bridge Program /	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Reli Inspections Bridge Program Off-System Bridge Program	606226 606501 ability Project # Project #	Boston Region Boston Region S	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET CO Description Bridge Progr MAYNARD- BRIDGE REPLACMENT, M-10-006, CARRYING FLORIDA ROAD OVER THE ASSABET RIVER	6 5 ther Federal District am / Inspection 3	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶ NHPP ons subtotal ▶	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ - \$ -	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944 \$ - \$ -	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236 \$ - \$ -	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ✓ Funding Split Var ✓ Funding Split Var Construction	ies by Funding Source
Bridge Program / Bridge Program /	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Reli Inspections Bridge Program Off-System Bridge Program	606226 606501 ability Project # Project #	Boston Region Boston Region S	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET Description Bridge Progr MAYNARD- BRIDGE REPLACMENT, M-10-006, CARRYING FLORIDA ROAD OVER THE ASSABET RIVER Bridge Progr WILMINGTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, W-38- 029 (2KV), ST 129 LOWELL STREET OVER 1 93	6 5 ther Federal District am / Inspection 3	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶ NHPP ons subtotal ▶ STP-BR-OFF	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ - \$ -	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944 \$ - \$ 1,271,872 \$ 1,271,872	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236 \$ - \$ 5 \$ 317,968	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ✓ Funding Split Var ✓ Funding Split Var Construction	ies by Funding Source
Bridge Program / Bridge Program /	Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Reli Inspections Bridge Program Off-System Bridge Program	606226 606501 ability Project # Project # 608637	Boston Region Boston Region S MPO Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	TO SULLIVAN SQUARE BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE HOLBROOK- RECONSTRUCTION OF UNION STREET (ROUTE 139), FROM LINFIELD STREET TO CENTRE STREET/WATER STREET CO Description Bridge Progr MAYNARD- BRIDGE REPLACMENT, M-10-006, CARRYING FLORIDA ROAD OVER THE ASSABET RIVER Bridge Progr WILMINGTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, W-38-	6 5 bistrict am / Inspecti 3 am / Off-Sys	HPP HPP Aid subtotal ▶ NHPP ons subtotal ▶ STP-BR-OFF tem subtotal ▶	\$ 8,451,960 \$ 1,527,250 \$ 10,106,180 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,589,840	\$ 6,761,568 \$ 1,221,800 \$ 8,084,944 \$ - \$ 1,271,872 \$ 1,271,872 \$ 13,237,504	\$ 1,690,392 \$ 305,450 \$ 2,021,236 \$ - \$ - \$ 317,968 \$ 317,968	Demo ID MA210 Demo ID MA177 ■ Funding Split Var ■ Funding Split Var Construction ■ 80% Federal + 20	ies by Funding Source

Adjustment Type ▼	STIP	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT	MassDOT District ▼		Total Programmed Funds ▼	Federal	Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information =
wjusuneni Type v	Program ▼	Project ID ▼	Organization ▼	Name ▼	Project Description ▼	District ▼	Source ▼	Funas ▼	Funds ▼	Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Plannin Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO proje score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entit paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details; TAP project proponent; i) other information
► Bridge Program /	On-System (Nor	LNHS)									
Bridge Frogram?					MIDDLETON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, M-20-						
	Bridge Program	608522	Boston Region	Middleton	003, ROUTE 62 (MAPLE STREET) OVER IPSWICH RIVER ESSEX- SUPERSTRUCTURE REPLACEMENT,	4	NHPP-Off	\$ 3,933,440	\$ 3,146,752	\$ 786,688	Construction
	Bridge Program	608596	Boston Region	Essex	E-11-001 (2TV), ROUTE 133\MAIN STREET OVER ESSEX RIVER	4	NHPP-Off	\$ 4,028,000	\$ 3,222,400	\$ 805,600	Construction
	Bridge Program	608009	Boston Region	Boxborough	BOXBOROUGH- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, B- 18-002, ROUTE 111 OVER I-495	3	NHPP-Off	\$ 5,147,500	\$ 4,118,000	\$ 1,029,500	Construction / AC Year 2 of 2, Total Cost \$14,295,000
					Bridge Program / On-Sy	stem (Non-N	IHS) subtotal ▶	\$ 13,108,940	\$ 10,487,152	\$ 2,621,788	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Bridge Program /	Systematic Mair	ntenance									
	Bridge Program		МРО	Municipalities	Description	District	NHPP-On	s -	\$ -	\$ -	
					Bridge Program / Systema	atic Maintena	ance subtotal ►	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Interstate Paveme	nt							l .		1	1
	Interstate	Project #	MPO	Multiple	Description	District	NHPP	s -	\$ -	s -	
	Pavement				Inste	rstate Paver	nent subtotal ▶	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ 90% Federal + 10% Non-Federal
Non-Interstate Pa	/ement								<u> </u>		'
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608493	Boston Region	Topsfield	TOPSFIELD- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 1	4	NHPP	\$ 9,119,040	\$ 7,295,232	\$ 1,823,808	Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608495	Boston Region	Multiple	CONCORD- LEXINGTON- LINCOLN- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2A	4	NHPP	\$ 3,171,840	\$ 2,537,472	\$ 634,368	Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608498	Boston Region	Multiple	HINGHAM- WEMOUTH- BRAINTREE- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 53	5	NHPP	\$ 7,929,600	\$ 6,343,680	\$ 1,585,920	Construction
		ı			Non-Inte	rstate Paver	nent subtotal ►	\$ 20,220,480	\$ 16,176,384	\$ 4,044,096	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Roadway Improve							T.	T	I	1	
	Roadway Improvements	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	District	STP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	,	ı			Roadwa	ay Improvem	ents subtotal ►	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Safety Improvem								i			T
	Safety Improvements	Project #	MPO	Multiple	Description	District	STP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	,				Safe	ty Improvem	ents subtotal >	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 2B / State	Prioritized Mod	ernization Pro	ojects								
ADA Retrofits											
	ADA Retrofits	Project #	Statewide	Multiple	Description	4	STP	s -	\$ -	\$ -	
						ADA Retr	ofits subtotal ▶	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Intersection Impro	vements										
	Intersection Improvements	608566	Boston Region	Marlborough	MARLBOROUGH- IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 20 (EAST MAIN STREET) AT CURTIS AVENUE		HSIP	\$ 2,784,000	\$ 2,505,600	\$ 278,400	Construction / PSAC score 51.5
	Intersection Improvements	608567	Boston Region	Peabody	PEABODY-IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 114 AT SYLVAN STREET, CROSS STREET, NORTHSHORE MALL, LORIS ROAD, ROUTE 128 INTERCHANGE AND ESQUIRE DRIVE	4	HSIP	\$ 2,784,000	\$ 2,505,600	\$ 278,400	Construction / PSAC score 61.5
	Intersection Improvements	607342	Boston Region	Milton	MILTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 28 (RANDOLPH AVENUE) & CHICKATAWBUT ROAD	6	HSIP	\$ 1,531,200	\$ 1,378,080	\$ 153,120	Construction / PSAC score 43
	Intersection Improvements	608569	Boston Region	Quincy	QUINCY- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 3A (SOUTHERN ARTERY) AND BROAD STREET	6	HSIP	\$ 2,784,000	\$ 2,505,600	\$ 278,400	Construction / PSAC score 55
	1	1	1	1	DIVOND OTIVEET	1	1	1	l	1	1

Amendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	MassDOT	MassDOT	Funding	Total Prog	rammed	Federal		Non-Federal	
Adjustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ▼		Name ▼	Project	District ▼	Source ▼	Funds ▼		Funds ▼		Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼
			Organization ▼		Description ▼								<u>Present information as follows, if applicable:</u> a) Plannin Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding
													sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project
													score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details; l
													TAP project proponent; i) other information
Intelligent Transp													
►inteiligent i ransp	intelligent												
	Transportation	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	NHPP	\$	-	\$		\$ -	
					Intelligent Trans	sportation Sys	tem subtotal >	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	◀ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Roadway Recons	truction		1	1		T		1					
	Roadway Reconstruction	607901	Boston Region	Dedham	DEDHAM- PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS ALONG ELM STREET & RUSTCRAFT ROAD CORRIDORS	6	CMAQ	\$	2,581,113	\$	2,064,890	\$ 516,223	Construction / PSAC score 51.25
	Roadway				HOPKINTON- WESTBOROUGH-								Construction / Total Project Cost = \$270,000,000 / AC
	Reconstruction	607977	Boston Region	Multiple	RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 INTERCHANGE	3	NHPP	\$	37,500,000	\$	30,000,000	\$ 7,500,000	2 of 6 / PSAC score 49
						ay Reconstruc	tion subtotal ►	\$	40,081,113	\$:	32,064,890	\$ 8,016,223	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
Section 2C / Stat	e Prioritized Exp	ansion Projec	ts										
► Bicycles and Ped	lestrians												
,	Bicycles and				WAKEFIELD- LYNNFIELD- RAIL TRAIL								
	Pedestrians	607329	Boston Region	Multiple	EXTENSION, FROM THE GALVIN MIDDLE SCHOOL TO LYNNFIELD/PEABODY T.L.	4	CMAQ	\$	7,084,000	\$	5,667,200	\$ 1,416,800	Construction / PSAC score 32.5
	1		1		Bicycles	and Pedestr	ians subtotal ▶	\$	7,084,000	\$	5,667,200	\$ 1,416,800	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Capacity													
	Capacity	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	CMAQ	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
					1	Capa	acity subtotal ►	s	-	\$		\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
Section 3 / Plann	ing / Adjustmen	ts / Pass-throu	iahs										1
► Planning / Adjust			.3										
- 1 luming / Aujust	Planning /	lougilo											
	Adjustments /	Project #	Statewide	Multiple	ABP GANS Repayment	Multiple	NHPP	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
	Pass-throughs				Othe	r Statewide It	ems subtotal ►	s	-	s	-	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
					Callo	· Clatomido it	onio dabiotai p	1 🕶		1 •		1 4	1 1 anding opin variously i anding course
Section 4 / Non-F	ederally Aided F	Projects											
Non-Federally Air	ded Projects												
_					HOPKINTON- WESTBOROUGH-								Construction / Total Project Cost = \$270,000,000 / AC
	Non Federal Aid	607977	Boston Region	Multiple	RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 INTERCHANGE	3	NFA	\$	18,112,483			\$ 18,112,483	2 of 6 / PSAC score 49
		•	•			Non-Federa	I Aid subtotal▶	\$	18,112,483			\$ 18,112,483	■100% Non-Federal
2021 Sumi	nary							TIP Sectio	n 1 - 3: ▼	TIP Sectio	n 4: ▼	Total of All Projects ▼	
							Total ▶	\$ 2	48,346,318	\$	18,112,483	\$ 266,458,801	■ Total Spending in Region
						F	ederal Funds ►		00.050.306	Ψ	10,112,400	\$ 200,458,801	

701 CMR 7.00 Use of Road Flaggers and Police Details on Public Works Projects / 701 CMR 7.00 (the Regulation) was promulgated and became law on October 3, 2008. Under this Regulation, the CMR is applicable to any Public works Project that is performed within the limits of, or that impact traffic on, any Public Road. The Municipal Limitation referenced in this Regulation is applicable only to projects where the Municipality is the Awarding Authority. For all projects contained in the TIP, the Commonwealth is the Awarding Authority. Therefore, all projects must be considered and implemented in accordance with 701 CMR 7.00, and the Road Flagger and Police Detail Guidelines. By placing a project on the TIP, the Municipality acknowledges that 701 CMR 7.00 is applicable to its project and design and construction will be fully compliant with this Regulation. This information, and additional information relative to guidance and implementation of the Regulation can be found at the following link on the MassDOT Highway Division website: http://www.massdot.state.ma.us/Highway/Blaggers/main.aspx

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2021)

	Project		FTA Activity		Carryover		State			
FTA Program	Number	Transit Agency	Item	Project Description	(unobligated)	Federal Funds	Funds	TDC	Local Funds	Total Cost
5307										
	5307 RTD0005479	Cape Ann Transportation Authority	117A00	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	2020 - \$350,000	\$350,000	\$87,500	\$0	\$0	\$437,500
	5307 RTD0005480	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQ/COMP/SFTWR	2020 - \$40,000	\$40,000	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$50,000
	5307 RTD0005163	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		440000 Mobility Management	2020 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$6,250	\$0	\$0	\$31,250
	5307 RTD0006003	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority	117C00	NON FIXED ROUTE ADA PARA SERV	2020 - \$1,300,000	\$1,300,000	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,625,000
	5307 RTD0006004	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		113403 TERMINAL, INTERMODAL (TRANSIT) ACQUISITION OF BUS SUPPORT	2020 - \$150,000	\$150,000	\$37,500	\$0	\$0	\$187,500
	5307 RTD0006005	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		114200 EQUIP/FACILITIES	2020 - \$248,415	\$248,415	\$62,104	\$0	\$0	\$310,519
	5307 RTD0006369	(MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		121200 Revenue Vehicle Program		\$120,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$30,000,000	\$150,000,000
	5307 RTD0006370	(MBTA)		126301 Systemwide Signals Program		\$25,840,976	\$0	\$0	\$6,460,244	\$32,301,220
	3307 11100000370	(NIBTA)		120301 Systemwide Signals Program	Subtotal	\$147,954,391	\$528,354	\$0	\$36,460,244	\$184,942,989
5309										
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority								
	5309 RTD0005988	(MBTA)		132303 Green Line Extension Project		\$146,121,000	\$0	\$0	\$147,848,038	\$293,969,038
					Subtotal	\$146,121,000	\$0	\$0	\$147,848,038	\$293,969,038
5310					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5311						40	40	40	40	40
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5337		Advantage Devices and Albertage								
	F337 DTD000C371	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		122405 Bridge & Turnel Bresser		¢0C 000 000	\$0	\$0	¢24 000 000	¢120,000,000
	5337 RTD0006371	(MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		122405 Bridge & Tunnel Program		\$96,000,000	\$0	ŞU	\$24,000,000	\$120,000,000
	5337 RTD0006372	(MBTA)		122400 Stations and Facilities Decrees		Ć2F 247 000	\$0	\$0	ća 026 007	\$44,184,986
	5337 KIDUUU0372	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$35,347,989	ŞU	ŞU	\$8,836,997	\$44,184,980
	5337 RTD0006373	(MBTA)		124400 System Upgrades Program		\$16,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$20,000,000
				.,	Subtotal	\$147,347,989	\$0	\$0	\$36,836,997	\$184,184,986
5339										
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority								
	5339 RTD0006374	(MBTA)		111400 Bus Program		\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,267
					Subtotal	\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,267
5320										
O					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Federal					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Non-Federal										
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
					Total	\$446,975,594	\$528,354	\$0	\$222,533,332	\$670,037,280

mendment / djustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ♥	MassDOT Funding District ▼ Source ▼		Total Programmed Funds ▼		Federal Funds ▼	Non-Federal Funds ▼		Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning, Design / or Construction: b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score: e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h TAP project proponent; i) other information	
Section 1A / Regionally Prioritized Projects														
Regionally Priorit	Roadway reconstruction program	606226	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE	6	TAP	\$	2,000,000	\$ 1,600,000	\$	400,000	Construction; TAP+STP Total Cost = \$152,000,000; A 3 of 5; Total funding in this TIP = \$76,626,515; TA project proponent = Boston	
	Roadway reconstruction program	606226	Boston Region	Boston	BOSTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF RUTHERFORD AVENUE, FROM CITY SQUARE TO SULLIVAN SQUARE	6	STP	\$	40,445,768	\$ 32,356,614	\$	8,089,154	Construction; TAP+STP Total Cost = \$152,000,000; 3 of 5; Total funding in this TIP = \$76,626,515	
	Intersection improvements program	605857	Boston Region	Norwood	NORWOOD- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 1 & UNIVERSITY AVENUE/EVERETT STREET	5	HSIP	\$	631,724	\$ 568,552	\$	63,172	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$9,377 MPO Evaluation Score = 55	
	Intersection improvements program	605857	Boston Region	Norwood	NORWOOD- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 1 & UNIVERSITY AVENUE/EVERETT STREET	5	CMAQ	\$	3,000,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$	600,000	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$9,37 MPO Evaluation Score = 55	
	Intersection improvements program	605857	Boston Region	Norwood	NORWOOD- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS @ ROUTE 1 & UNIVERSITY AVENUE/EVERETT STREET	5	STP	\$	5,746,058	\$ 4,596,846	\$	1,149,212	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$9,37 MPO Evaluation Score = 55	
	Adjustments /	BN0009	Boston Region	Multiple	COMMUNITY TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM	NA	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$	200,000	Planning, Design, or Construction; Set Aside for L Clean Air and Mobility Program	
	Bicycles and pedestrians program	607738	Boston Region	Bedford	BEDFORD- MINUTEMAN BIKEWAY EXTENSION, FROM LOOMIS STREET TO THE CONCORD T.L.	4	CMAQ	\$	3,000,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$	600,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$7,860 MPO Evaluation Score = 47	
	Bicycles and pedestrians program	607738	Boston Region	Bedford	BEDFORD- MINUTEMAN BIKEWAY EXTENSION, FROM LOOMIS STREET TO THE CONCORD T.L.	4	TAP	\$	350,000	\$ 280,000	\$	70,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$7,86 MPO Evaluation Score = 47; TAP project propone Bedford	
	Bicycles and pedestrians program	607738	Boston Region	Bedford	BEDFORD- MINUTEMAN BIKEWAY EXTENSION, FROM LOOMIS STREET TO THE CONCORD T.L.	4	STP	\$	4,512,878	\$ 3,610,302	\$	902,576	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$7,86 MPO Evaluation Score = 47	
	Bicycles and pedestrians program	608164	Boston Region	Sudbury	SUDBURY- BIKE PATH CONSTRUCTION (BRUCE FREEMAN RAIL TRAIL)	3	CMAQ	\$	3,000,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$	600,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$8,00 MPO Evaluation Score = 40	
	Bicycles and pedestrians program	608164	Boston Region	Sudbury	SUDBURY- BIKE PATH CONSTRUCTION (BRUCE FREEMAN RAIL TRAIL)	3	TAP	\$	500,000	\$ 400,000	\$	100,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$8,00 MPO Evaluation Score = 40; TAP project propone Sudbury	
	Bicycles and pedestrians program	608164	Boston Region	Sudbury	SUDBURY- BIKE PATH CONSTRUCTION (BRUCE FREEMAN RAIL TRAIL)	3	STP	\$	4,504,000	\$ 3,603,200	\$	900,800	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$8,00- MPO Evaluation Score = 40	
	Roadway reconstruction program	607777	Boston Region	Watertown	WATERTOWN- REHABILITATION OF MOUNT AUBURN STREET (ROUTE 16)	6	HSIP	\$	2,000,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$	200,000	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$14,190,425; MPO Evaluation Score = 75	
	Roadway reconstruction program	607777	Boston Region	Watertown	WATERTOWN- REHABILITATION OF MOUNT AUBURN STREET (ROUTE 16)	6	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$	200,000	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$14,190,425; MPO Evaluation Score = 75	
	Roadway reconstruction program	607777	Boston Region	Watertown	WATERTOWN- REHABILITATION OF MOUNT AUBURN STREET (ROUTE 16)	6	STP	\$	11,190,425	\$ 8,952,340	\$	2,238,085	Construction; HSIP+CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$14,190,425; MPO Evaluation Score = 75	
	Roadway reconstruction program	608078	Boston Region	Chelsea	CHELSEA- RECONSTRUCTION ON BROADWAY (ROUTE 107), FROM CITY HALL AVENUE TO THE REVERE C.L.	6	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$	200,000	Construction; CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$9,028,628; Evaluation Score = 61	
	Roadway reconstruction program	608078	Boston Region	Chelsea	CHELSEA- RECONSTRUCTION ON BROADWAY (ROUTE 107), FROM CITY HALL AVENUE TO THE REVERE C.L.	6	STP	\$	8,028,628	\$ 6,422,902	\$	1,605,726	Construction; CMAQ+STP Total Cost = \$9,028,628; Evaluation Score = 61	
	Roadway reconstruction program	608229	Boston Region	Acton	ACTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT KELLEY'S CORNER, ROUTE 111 (MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE) AND ROUTE 27 (MAIN STREET)	3	CMAQ	\$	1,000,000	\$ 800,000	\$	200,000	Construction; CMAQ+TAP+STP Total Cost = \$8,67 MPO Evaluation Score = 45	

Amendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	rtation Improveme	MassDOT	_	Total		Federa	I	Non-	Federal			
Adjustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Project ID ▼		Name ▼	Project Description ▼	District ▼			ammed s ▼	Funds		Fund		Design / or Co sources used; score; e) name paying the nor	mation as fol onstruction; b) c) advance c e of entity rec n-state non-fe	on ▼ lows, if applicable: a) Plan total project cost and fundin onstruction status; d) MPO p eiving a transfer; f) name of of deral match; g) earmark deta her information
	Roadway reconstruction program	608229	Boston Region	Acton	ACTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT KELLEY'S CORNER, ROUTE 111 (MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE) AND ROUTE 27 (MAIN STREET)	3	TAP	\$	200,000	\$	160,000	\$	40,000			AP+STP Total Cost = \$8,6 e = 45; TAP project propor Acton
	Roadway reconstruction program	608229	Boston Region	Acton	ACTON- INTERSECTION & SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS AT KELLEY'S CORNER, ROUTE 111 (MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE) AND ROUTE 27 (MAIN STREET)	3	STP	\$	7,471,000	\$	5,976,800	\$	1,494,200	Construction		AP+STP Total Cost = \$8,6 luation Score = 45
	Roadway reconstruction program	608146	Boston Region	Marblehead	MARBLEHEAD- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT PLEASANT STREET & VILLAGE, VINE AND CROSS STREETS	4	STP	\$	959,378	\$	767,502	\$	191,876	Construction;		Cost = \$959,378; MPO Ev Score = 40
					Regionally Pr	oritized Proj	ects subtotal >	\$	49,716,309	\$	39,973,047	\$	9,743,262	◀ 80% Fed	deral + 20%	Non-Federal
Section 1A / Fisc	al Constraint Ar	nalysis			Total Regional Federal	id Eunde D	rogrammed b	e 1	01,539,859	¢	101,539,859	⊿ To	tal	\$	(0)	Funds Over Program
							programmed >		82,858,135		83,572,288		ax STP	\$		STP available
	Column C) Enter	r ID from ProjectIn	fo; Column E) Choose	e Municipality Nam	rom dropdown list to populate header and MPO column; e from dropdown list; Column H) Choose the Funding	HSIP	programmed >	\$	2,631,724	\$	4,296,710	⋖ Mi	n. HSIP	\$	1,664,986	HSIP recommended n
	of funds being pro	ogrammed in this	fiscal year and for each	h funding source; C	d enter multiple lines; Column I) Enter the total amount Column J) Federal funds autocalculates. Please verify	CMAO	programmed ▶	\$	13,000,000	\$	10.741.776	⊿ Mi	n CMAO	\$ (2 258 224)	CMAQ recommended
	the amount and o	only change if need	ded for flex. Column K	() Non-federal fund:	s autocalculates. Please verify the split/match - if	CIVIAQ	programmed P	Ψ	13,000,000	Ψ	10,741,770	- IVII	II. CIVIAG	Ψ (4	2,230,224)	CIVIAQ recommended
	matching an FTA	flex, coordinate w	ith Rail & Transit Divis		nming; Column L) Enter Additional Information as											
		a flex, coordinate was do not use any o				TAP	programmed >	\$	3,050,000	\$	2,929,085	⋖ Mi	n. TAP	\$	(120,915)	TAP amount exceeded
	described - pleas	e do not use any o	other format.		nming; Column L) Enter Additional Information as	·	programmed ▶		3,050,000		2,929,085	⋖ Mi	n. TAP	\$	(120,915)	TAP amount exceeded
	described - pleas	e do not use any o	other format.		nming; Column L) Enter Additional Information as	·					2,929,085	⋖ Mi	n. TAP	\$	(120,915)	TAP amount exceeded
	described - pleas	e do not use any c	unded Projects	sion before program	nming; Column L) Enter Additional Information as HSIP, CMA	Q, TAP Ove	erprogrammed	d \$	(0)					\$	(120,915)	TAP amount exceeded
	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary	onary Grant Fo	unded Projects Boston	sion before program	nming; Column L) Enter Additional Information as HSIP, CMA Description	Q, TAP Ove	erprogrammed HPP	\$	(0)	\$	-	\$	n. TAP	\$	(120,915)	TAP amount exceeded
	mark or Discretion	e do not use any c	unded Projects	sion before program	Pescription Description	District	HPP HPP	\$ \$ \$	(0)	\$	-	\$ \$				
Other Federal Ai	mark or Discretic d Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary	pnary Grant For Project #	Boston Boston	sion before program	Pescription Description	District	erprogrammed HPP	\$ \$ \$	(0)	\$	-	\$				TAP amount exceeded
Other Federal Air	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary	pnary Grant For Project #	Boston Boston	sion before program	Pescription Description	District	HPP HPP	\$ \$ \$	(0)	\$	-	\$ \$				
➤ Other Federal Aid	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary	project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston	sion before program	Pescription Description	District	HPP HPP	\$ \$ \$	(0)	\$	-	\$ \$				
Other Federal Air	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections	project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston	Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description	District District ther Federal	HPP HPP Aid subtotal	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$	-	\$ \$		▼ Funding	Split Varies	
Other Federal Aid Section 2A / State Bridge Program	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program	project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston	Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description	District District ther Federal	HPP HPP I Aid subtotal	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$		▼ Funding	Split Varies	s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / State ➤ Bridge Program	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program	project # Project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston	Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Description Description	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect	HPP HPP Aid subtotal NHPP Ions subtotal STP-BR-OFF	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(0)	\$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$ \$		◀ Funding	Split Varies	s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / State ➤ Bridge Program	mark or Discretion Barmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program	project # Project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston Statewide	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Description Description	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect	HPP HPP I Aid subtotal	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(0)	\$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	◀ Funding	Split Varies	s by Funding Source
Section 2A / State Bridge Program	mark or Discretion d Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary e Prioritized Rel / Inspections Bridge Program / Off-System Bridge Program	project # Project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston Statewide	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progri	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect	HPP HPP Aid subtotal NHPP Ions subtotal STP-BR-OFF	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(0)	\$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$ \$		◀ Funding	Split Varies	s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / Stat ➤ Bridge Program. ➤ Bridge Program.	mark or Discretion d Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary e Prioritized Rel / Inspections Bridge Program / Off-System Bridge Program	Project # Project # Project # Project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston Statewide	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progription Description Description Bridge Progription Bridge Progription	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys	HPP HPP Aid subtotal NHPP Ions subtotal STP-BR-OFF stem subtotal NHPP-On	\$ \$ \$	24,009,680	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction	Split Varies Split Varies	s by Funding Source s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / State ➤ Bridge Program. ➤ Bridge Program.	mark or Discretion Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program Bridge Program Bridge Program	project # Project # Project # Project # Project # Project #	Boston Boston Statewide	Municipalities Municipalities Multiple	Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progription Description Bridge Progription Bridge Progription Bridge Progription Bridge Progription Bridge Progription Bridge Progription	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys	HPP HPP Aid subtotal NHPP Ions subtotal STP-BR-OFF stem subtotal NHPP-On	\$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction	Split Varies Split Varies	s by Funding Source
Section 1B / Earn Other Federal Aid Section 2A / State Bridge Program Bridge Program Bridge Program	mark or Discreticed Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program Bridge Program On-System (NE Bridge Program	project #	Boston Boston Statewide	Municipalities Municipalities Multiple	Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progription Description Description Bridge Progription Bridge Progription	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys	HPP HPP Aid subtotal NHPP Ions subtotal STP-BR-OFF stem subtotal NHPP-On	\$ \$ \$	24,009,680	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction	Split Varies Split Varies	s by Funding Source s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / Stat ➤ Bridge Program A ➤ Bridge Program A	mark or Discreticed Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program Bridge Program On-System (NE Bridge Program	project #	Boston Boston Statewide	Municipalities Municipalities Multiple	Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progription Description Description Bridge Progription Bridge Progription	District District District District District Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys	HPP HPP Aid subtotal NHPP Ions subtotal STP-BR-OFF stem subtotal NHPP-On	\$ \$ \$	24,009,680	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction	Split Varies Split Varies	s by Funding Source s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / State ➤ Bridge Program Aid ➤ Bridge Program Aid	mark or Discreticed Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Prioritized Rel Inspections Bridge Program Bridge Program On-System (Ne- Bridge Program	project #	Boston Statewide Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progri Description Bridge Progri Boston- Superstructure repairs on B-16-365, BOWKER OVERPASS OVER STORROW DRIVE (EB) Bridge Program / O	District District District ther Federal Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys 6 n-System (N	HPP HPP I Aid subtotal NHPP IONS Subtotal NHPP-On IHS) subtotal NHPP-Off	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	24,009,680	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	19,207,744	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction ■ Funding	Split Varies Split Varies deral + 20%	s by Funding Source s by Funding Source
Section 2A / State Bridge Program Bridge Program Bridge Program Bridge Program	mark or Discreticed Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary e Prioritized Rel // Inspections Bridge Program Bridge Program // On-System (Ne- Bridge Program // On-System (No- Bridge Program	project #	Boston Statewide Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progription Description	District District District ther Federal Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys 6 n-System (N	HPP HPP I Aid subtotal NHPP IONS Subtotal NHPP-On IHS) subtotal NHPP-Off	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(0) - - - - 24,009,680	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	19,207,744	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction ■ Funding	Split Varies Split Varies deral + 20%	s by Funding Source s by Funding Source Non-Federal s by Funding Source
➤ Other Federal Aid ➤ Section 2A / Stat ➤ Bridge Program A ➤ Bridge Program A	mark or Discreticed Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary Earmark Discretionary e Prioritized Rel // Inspections Bridge Program Bridge Program // On-System (Ne- Bridge Program // On-System (No- Bridge Program	project #	Boston Statewide Boston Region	Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities Municipalities	Description Description Description Description Description Description Bridge Progription Description	District District District ther Federal Multiple am / Inspect District am / Off-Sys 6 n-System (N	HPP HPP I Aid subtotal NHPP IONS Subtotal NHPP-On IHS) subtotal NHPP-Off	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(0) 	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	19,207,744	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		■ Funding ■ Funding ■ 80% Fed Construction ■ Funding	Split Varies Split Varies deral + 20%	s by Funding Source s by Funding Source Non-Federal s by Funding Source

Amendment /	STIP	MassDOT	Metropolitan	Municipality	MassDOT	MassDOT Fu	nding	Total	Federal	Non-Federal	
Amendment / Adjustment Type ▼	Program ▼	Massbo⊺ Project ID ▼		Municipality Name ▼	Massuo1 Project Description ▼	District ▼ Sc	urce ▼	। ota। Programmed Funds ▼	Funds ▼	Non-rederal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable; a) Planning / Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
► Interstate Pavem	ent			<u>'</u>							
	Interstate Pavement	608210	Boston Region	Multiple	FOXBOROUGH- PLAINVILLE- WRENTHAM- FRANKLIN- INTERSTATE MAINTENANCE & RELATED WORK ON I-495	5	NHPP	\$ 11,497,920	\$ 10,348,128		2 Construction
					Inste	rstate Pavemen	t subtotal ►	\$ 11,497,920	\$ 10,348,128	\$ 1,149,79	2 ■ 90% Federal + 10% Non-Federal
► Non-Interstate Pa					DALEM LYAIN DECUDEACING AND DELATED				1		
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608817	Boston Region	Multiple	SALEM- LYNN- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 107	4	NHPP	\$ 2,566,500	\$ 2,053,200	\$ 513,30	0 Construction
	Non-Interstate Pavement	608818	Boston Region	Danvers	DANVERS- RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 114	4	NHPP	\$ 1,916,320	\$ 1,533,056	\$ 383,26	4 Construction
				•	Non-Inte	rstate Pavemen	t subtotal ▶	\$ 4,482,820	\$ 3,586,256	\$ 896,56	4 ■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Roadway Improv										1	
	Roadway Improvements	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	5	STP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
					Roadwa	y Improvements	s subtotal >	\$ -	-	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Safety Improven	Safety	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	Multiple	HSIP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Improvements	1			Safe	ty Improvements	s subtotal ►	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
► Section 2B / State	e Prioritized Mo	dernization Pr	ojects			, ,		•			1
► ADA Retrofits											
	ADA Retrofits	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	STP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
						ADA Retrofits	s subtotal >	\$ -	-	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Intersection Impr	rovements				_						
	Intersection Improvements	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	HSIP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
					Intersection	n Improvements	s subtotal >	\$ -	-	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
► Intelligent Trans	portation Syster	ns			T				1		
	Transportation Systems	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	NHPP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
					Intelligent Transp	portation Systen	i sudtotai 🕨	\$ -	-	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Roadway Recons	struction										
	Roadway Reconstruction	607977	Boston Region	Multiple	HOPKINTON- WESTBOROUGH- RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 INTERCHANGE	3	NHPP	\$ 37,500,000	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 7,500,00	0 Construction / Total Project Cost = \$270,000,000 / AC N 3 of 6 / PSAC score 49
						1					

Amendment / Adjustment Type ▼	STIP Program ▼	MassDOT Project ID ▼	Metropolitan Planning Organization ▼	Municipality Name ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼	MassDOT District ♥	Source ▼		al grammed ds ▼	Federal Funds ▼		Non-Federal Funds ▼	Additional Information ▼ Present information as follows, if applicable: a) Planning / Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information
► Section 2C / State	Prioritized Exp	ansion Projec	ts										
▶ Bicycles and Peder				•			•						
	Bicycles and Pedestrians	Project #	MPO	N/A	Description	District	CMAQ	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
	r oddomano		I .	-		Bicycles and Pedestr	ians subtotal ▶	\$		\$	-	\$ -	■ 80% Federal + 20% Non-Federal
► Capacity													
	Capacity	Project #	MPO	Municipalities	Description	District	CMAQ	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
				-	1	Capa	acity subtotal ►	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
► Section 3 / Planni	ng / Adjustment	ร / Pass-throเ	ıghs					•		<u>. </u>			
► Planning / Adjust	ments / Pass-thr	oughs											
	Planning / Adjustments / Pass-throughs	Project #	Statewide	Multiple	Description	Multiple	NHPP	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
				-		Other Statewide It	ems subtotal >	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	■ Funding Split Varies by Funding Source
► Section 4 / Non-Fe	ederally Aided P	roiects											
► Non-Federally Aid				<u> </u>	·	·							
	Non Federal Aid	607977	Boston Region	Multiple	HOPKINTON- WESTBOROUGH- RECONSTRUCTION OF I-90/I-495 INTERCHANGE	3	NFA	\$	18,112,483			\$ 18,112,483	Construction / Total Project Cost = \$270,000,000 / AC YR 3 of 6 / PSAC score 49
			•	1		Non-Federa	l Aid subtotal▶	\$	18,112,483			\$ 18,112,483	■100% Non-Federal
2022 Sumn	nary							TIP 3: ▼		TIP Section 4:		Total of All Projects ▼	
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·		E,	Total ► ederal Funds ►		127,206,729	\$ 18,112	2,483		 ▼ Total Spending in Region ▼ Total Federal Spending in Region
							ederal Funds >		, -, -				▼ Total Pederal Spending in Region ▼ Total Non-Federal Spending in Region

701 CMR 7.00 Use of Road Flaggers and Police Details on Public Works Projects / 701 CMR 7.00 (the Regulation) was promulgated and became law on October 3, 2008. Under this Regulation, the CMR is applicable to any Public works Project that is performed within the limits of, or that impact traffic on, any Public Road. The Municipal Limitation referenced in this Regulation is applicable only to projects where the Municipality is the Awarding Authority. For all projects contained in the TIP, the Commonwealth is the Awarding Authority. Therefore, all projects must be considered and implemented in accordance with 701 CMR 7.00, and the Road Flagger and Police Detail Guidelines. By placing a project on the TIP, the Municipality acknowledges that 701 CMR 7.00 is applicable to its project and design and construction will be fully compliant with this Regulation. This information, and additional information relative to guidance and implementation of the Regulation can be found at the following link on the MassDOT Highway/Ilaggers/main.aspx

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

Project List (FY2022)

	Project		FTA Activity		Carryover		State			
FTA Program	Number	Transit Agency	Item	Project Description	(unobligated)	Federal Funds	Funds	TDC	Local Funds	Total Cost
307										
	5307 RTD0006090	Cape Ann Transportation Authority	117A00	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	2021 - \$325,000	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$81,250	\$406,2
	5307 RTD0006091	Cape Ann Transportation Authority		114206 ACQUIRE - SHOP EQUIPMENT	2021 - \$40,000	\$40,000	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$50,0
	5307 RTD0006299	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority	117C00	NON FIXED ROUTE ADA PARA SERV ACQUISITION OF BUS SUPPORT	2021 - \$1,300,000	\$1,300,000	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,625,0
	5307 RTD0006300	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		114200 EQUIP/FACILITIES	2021 - \$248,415	\$248,415	\$62,104	\$0	\$0	\$310,5
	5307 RTD0006301	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority		113403 TERMINAL, INTERMODAL (TRANSIT)	2021 - \$150,000	\$150,000	\$37,500	\$0	\$0	\$187,5
	5307 RTD0006302	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority	,	440000 Mobility Management	2021 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$6,250	\$0	\$0	\$31,2
	5307 RTD0006375	(MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		121200 Revenue Vehicle Program		\$80,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$20,000,000	\$100,000,0
	5307 RTD0006376	(MBTA)		126301 Systemwide Signals Program		\$65,840,976	\$0	\$0	\$16,460,244	\$82,301,2
	3307 111 20000370	(mony		120002 System Mac Signals 7 Togram	Subtotal	\$147,929,391	\$440,854	\$0	\$36,541,494	\$184,911,7
309					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	:
310										
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
311					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	,
337										
	5337 RTD0006377	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA)		122405 Bridge & Tunnel Program		\$72,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$18,000,000	\$90,000,00
	5337 RTD0006378	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority		123400 Stations and Facilities Program		\$11,347,989	\$0	\$0	\$2,836,997	\$14,184,98
	5337 RTD0006379	(MBTA)		126301 Systemwide Signals Program	Subtotal	\$64,000,000 \$147,347,989	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$16,000,000 \$36,836,997	\$80,000,00 \$184,184,98
339					Subtotui	Ţ147,547,505	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	90		Ş10+,10+,50
		Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority	,							
	5339 RTD0006380	(MBTA)		111400 Bus Program		\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,26
		,			Subtotal	\$5,552,214	\$0	\$0	\$1,388,053	\$6,940,26
320					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	9
Other Federal					Subtotui	,,,		90		,
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	·
other Non-Federal								4-		
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	5
					Total	\$300,829,594	\$440,854	\$0	\$74,766,544	\$376,036,99

Funds listed under the Carry Over column are included in the Federal Amount

PROJECT INFORMATION KEY

ID Number: Projects' identification number in MassDOT's project-tracking system.

Municipality(ies): The municipality (or municipalities) in which a project is located.

Project Name: The project name or descriptor of project location.

STIP Program: Every project programmed in the TIP is categorized by MassDOT into one of three state priority areas: reliability, modernization, or expansion. Within these priority areas, projects are categorized into one of several STIP programs. This organization is illustrated below:

- 1. Reliability projects that focus on improving the reliability of the core transportation system:
 - a. Bridge Program
 - b. Interstate pavement
 - c. Non-interstate pavement
 - d. Roadway improvements
 - e. Safety improvements
- 2. Modernization projects that focus on modernizing existing assets so that they better accommodate current or anticipated growth:
 - a. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) retrofits

- b. Intersection improvements
- c. Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)
- d. Roadway reconstruction
- 3. Expansion projects that focus on the physical expansion of the transportation system:
 - a. Capacity
 - b. Bicycles and pedestrians

Air Quality Status: The air quality status of the project in the MPO's regional travel demand model. A project can be analyzed in the model if it adds capacity to the transportation system (for example, additional travel lanes on a highway, new transit service, or changes in transit service frequency or headways). Individual project benefits are not calculated, but are included in a total emission reduction calculation for the region. If the project is not included in the model it is shown as "exempt."

CO₂ Impact: As discussed above, if a project is included in the model it will have no individual carbon dioxide (CO₂) emission impact calculation associated with it. For all other projects, if project information is available, the quantified or assumed annual tons of carbon dioxide reduced (or increased) by the project are shown. A CO₂ impact analysis can be done for intersection improvement projects, bicycle and pedestrian projects, replacement bus projects, and new transit service. A CO₂ impact analysis cannot be done for bridge replacement projects or pavement maintenance/or rehabilitation projects; these projects

are listed as having no CO₂ impact. See Appendix C for more details on greenhouse gas (GHG) emission monitoring and evaluation.

Evaluation Rating: The number of points scored by the project based on the evaluation criteria.

MPO/CTPS Study: Past studies funded in the Unified Planning work Program (UPWP) or reports conducted within the project area.

LRTP Status: The time band that the project is programmed in the Long-Range Transportation Plan, if applicable.

Project Length: The length of the project in miles. This information is based on the best available data, and comes mainly from MassDOT's Project Information website and from communication with project proponents or MassDOT project managers. Project lengths are engineering design estimates and may change during project development and construction.

Project Description: The description of the project, if it is available. This is based on the written description of the project that is included on MassDOT's Project Information website

(www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/ProjectInfo.aspx)

Year: The programming year(s) of the project.

Funding Program: The funding program(s) of the project. See Chapter 2 for more details on funding programs.

Total Funding Programmed: The total funding programmed for the project based on the year of expenditure.

Information regarding TIP projects changes periodically. For more information on all projects please visit MassDOT's Project Information website (www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/ProjectInfo.aspx); the Boston Region MPO's website (www.bostonmpo.org/); or, contact Ali Kleyman, TIP Manager, at akleyman@ctps.org.

Municipality(ies): Abington, Weymouth

Project Name: Reconstruction & Widening on Route 18

(Main Street), from Highland Place to Route

139

STIP Program: Capacity

Air Quality Status: Model

CO2 Impact(tons): -179

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status: 2016-20

Project Length: 4.18

Project Description:

The proposed project consists of reconstructing and widening Route 18 from Highland Place in Weymouth to Route 139 in Abington including the replacement of Bridge W-32-13 over the MBTA. The roadway widening will provide an additional travel lane in each direction. A temporary alignment will be constructed adjacent to the bridge to the east to carry Route 18 traffic while the existing bridge is being replaced. A long three day weekend shutdown of MBTA service and detour of Route 18 traffic will be required to slide the new bridge superstructure onto the final bridge supports. The proposed roadway cross section consists of four 11.5 ft.; travel lanes, two 5 ft.; shoulders and two 5.5 ft.; sidewalks. Shared accommodations for all users have been provided in accordance with applicable guidelines. This project has been funded over 3 years. FFY 2018 is the final year of funding. The total project cost is \$81,812,268, and the funding in FFY 2018 is \$27,631,758, as shown in the table below.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Surface Transportation Program	\$22,105,406	\$5,526,352	\$27,631,758
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$22,105,406	\$5,526,352	\$27,631,758



Municipality(ies): Acton

Project Name: Intersection & Signal Improvements on SR 2

& SR 111 (Massachusetts Avenue) at Piper

Road & Taylor Road

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.21

Project Description:

Work consists of intersection safety upgrades for signs, pavement markings, and traffic signals as identified through a Road Safety Audit process in the Town of Acton.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,260,000	\$140,000	\$1,400,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,260,000	\$140,000	\$1,400,000



Municipality(ies): Acton

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Massachusetts

Avenue (Route 111) and Main Street (Route

27) (Kelley's Corner)

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 123

Evaluation Rating: 45

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.12

Project Description:

Intersection Improvements at Massachusetts Avenue (Route 111) and Main Street (Route 27) (Kelly's Corner). The objective of the improvements are to make the area safer to travel through as a pedestrian or bicyclist; reduce congestion; increase safety for residents, students, and patrons of local businesses; and, improve vehicle access to and from businesses and private development.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$5,976,800	\$1,494,200	\$7,471,000
2022	Transportation Alternatives	\$160,000	\$40,000	\$200,000
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$6,936,800	\$1,734,200	\$8,671,000



Municipality(ies): Acton, Concord

Project Name: Bruce Freeman Rail Trail Construction

(Phase II-B)

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 11

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.04

Project Description:

This rail to trail project begins at the intersection of Weatherbee Street and Great Road in Acton and continues across Route 2 to Commonwealth Avenue in Concord. This portion of the trail will connect the Bruce Freeman trail across Route 2 between Concord and Acton. The total approximate project length is 5500 feet, 1.04 Miles.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$7,596,597	\$1,899,149	\$9,495,746
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$7,596,597	\$1,899,149	\$9,495,746



Municipality(ies): Arlington, Belmont

Project Name: Highway Lighting Repair & Maintenance on

Route 2

STIP Program: Safety Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:

Project Description:

This project consists of highway lighting repair and maintenance along Route 2 in Arlington and Belmont.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Surface Transportation Program	\$7,280,405	\$1,820,101	\$9,100,506
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$7,280,405	\$1,820,101	\$9,100,506



Municipality(ies): Arlington, Belmont, Cambridge, Lexington

Project Name: Pavement Preservation on Route 2

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 7.32

Project Description:

NHS Pavement preservation of Route 2 from limit of Lexington Route 2 over I-95 project to limit of Cambridge Route 2 & 16 intersection.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	National Highway Performance Program	\$6,749,600	\$1,687,400	\$8,437,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$6,749,600	\$1,687,400	\$8,437,000



Municipality(ies): Ashland

Project Name: Reconstruction on Route 126 (Pond Street),

from the Framingham T.L. to the Holliston

T.L.

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 163

Evaluation Rating: 54

MPO / CTPS Study: Route 126 Corridor:

Transportation Improvement Study

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.71

Project Description:

The project limits are from the Framingham T.L. to the Holliston T.L., a distance of 1.7 miles. The project consists of milling and resurfacing with minor box widening. Traffic improvements at the intersection of Route 126 and Elliot Street entail signalization, stone masonry retaining wall construction, minor drainage improvements, installation of granite curbing and edging, construction of sidewalks and the resetting of guardrail.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$9,223,886	\$2,305,971	\$11,529,857
2020	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,685,185	\$421,296	\$2,106,481
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$11,709,070	\$2,927,268	\$14,636,338



Municipality(ies): Bedford

Project Name: Minuteman Bikeway Extension, from Loomis

Street to the Concord T.L.

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 23

Evaluation Rating: 47

MPO / CTPS Study:

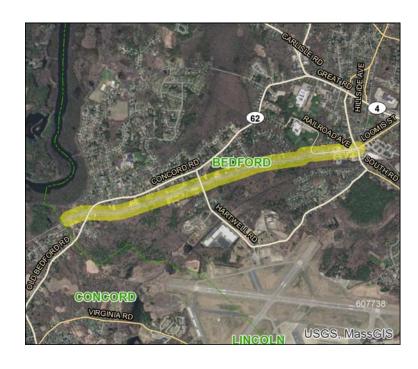
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.28

Project Description:

The Minuteman Bikeway currently ends at Depot Park, in Bedford, near the intersection of South Road and Loomis Street. This project proposes to extend the bikeway by making a 1,665 foot portion of Railroad Avenue accessible to bikes, and constructing 8,800 feet of bikeway on the Reformatory Branch Trail, from Railroad Avenue past Concord Road to Wheeler Drive, near the Bedford/Concord Town line. As a part of the Railroad Avenue reconstruction, sidewalks, bike accommodations, new drainage, pavement markings and signs and defined curb cuts will be constructed.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$2,400,000	\$600,000	\$3,000,000
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$3,610,302	\$902,576	\$4,512,878
2022	Transportation Alternatives	\$280,000	\$70,000	\$350,000
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$6,290,302	\$1,572,576	\$7,862,878



Municipality(ies): Beverly

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Three

Locations: Cabot St. (Route 1A/97) at Dodge St. (Route 1A), County Way, Longmeadow Rd and Scott St., McKay St. at Balch St. and Veterans Memorial Bridge (Route 1A) at Rantoul, Cabot, Water and Front Sts.

STIP Program: Planning/Adjustments/Pass-Throughs

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 692

Evaluation Rating: 63

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.38

Project Description:

The project involves updating and modernizing traffic signal equipment at the intersections of Cabot Street at Dodge Street/County Way/Longmeadow Road and Cabot Street at Rantoul Street/Front Street/Water Street/Goat Hill Lane; signalizing or installing a modern roundabout at the intersection of McKay Street at Balch Street; and proving on-street bicycle accommodations and ADA compliant wheelchair ramps at sidewalks at each intersection. Pavement milling and overlay at each intersection is also included in this work.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$816,217	\$204,054	\$1,020,271
2021	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,105,756	\$233,973	\$2,339,729
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$2,921,973	\$438,027	\$3,360,000



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Reconstruction of Melnea Cass Boulevard

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 3167

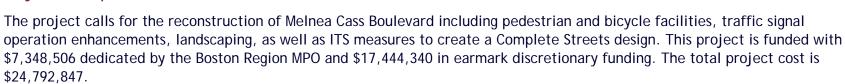
Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.94

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Earmark HPP (MA 154)	\$5,007,375	\$1,251,844	\$6,259,219
2019	Earmark HPP (MA 194)	\$2,779,011	\$694,753	\$3,473,764
2019	Earmark HPP 4284 (MA203)	\$4,005,900	\$1,001,475	\$5,007,375
2019	Earmark HPP 756 (MA 126)	\$2,163,186	\$540,797	\$2,703,983
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$5,878,805	\$1,469,701	\$7,348,506
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$19,834,277	\$4,958,570	\$24,792,847



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Morton Street

and Harvard Street

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.11

Project Description:

Morton Street and Harvard Street



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,350,000	\$150,000	\$1,500,000
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$1,350,000	\$150,000	\$1,500,000

Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Intersection and Signal Improvements at the

VFW Parkway and Spring Street

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.19

Project Description:

Work consists of intersection safety upgrades for signs, pavement markings, and traffic signals as identified through a Road Safety Audit Process.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$877,334	\$97,482	\$974,815
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$877,334	\$97,482	\$974,815



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Improvements on Boylston Street, from

Intersection of Brookline Avenue & Park

Drive to Ipswich Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 2117

Evaluation Rating: 58

MPO / CTPS Study:

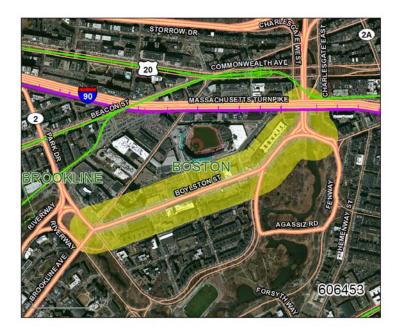
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.63

Project Description:

This Boylston Street roadway improvement project which will improve pedestrian mobility, encourage local and regional bicycle travel, and improve vehicular congestion.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$5,121,510	\$1,280,377	\$6,401,887
2020	Transportation Alternatives	\$649,946	\$162,486	\$812,432
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$6,571,455	\$1,642,864	\$8,214,319



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, North Washington

Street over the Boston Inner Harbor

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Assumed Nominal Reduction

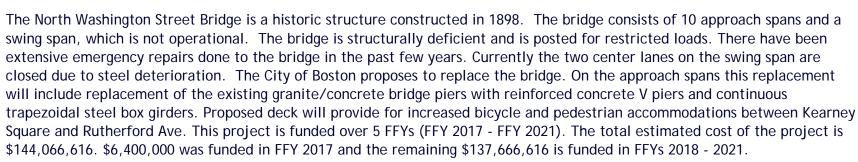
Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.24

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Bridge On NHS System	\$33,600,000	\$8,400,000	\$42,000,000
2019	Bridge On NHS System	\$33,600,000	\$8,400,000	\$42,000,000
2020	Bridge On NHS System	\$28,000,000	\$7,000,000	\$35,000,000
2021	Bridge On NHS System	\$14,933,293	\$3,733,323	\$18,666,616
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$110,133,293	\$27,533,323	\$137,666,616



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Reconstruction of Rutherford Avenue, from

Sullivan Square to North Washington St

Bridge

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Model

CO2 Impact(tons): Model

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.94

Project Description:

The project calls for the reconstruction of Rutherford Ave. from Sullivan Square to the N. Washington Street Bridge. It involves making the road a multi-modal urban boulevard corridor. This project will be funded over 5 years, with FFY 2020 being the first year of funding. The total project cost is estimated to be \$152,000,000, and the total funding in the FFYs 2018-2022 TIP is \$85,205,445. As shown in the table below, funding dedicated by the Boston Region MPO in the FFYs 2018-2022 TIP is \$76,626,515 and \$8,578,930 is earmark discretionary funding. The earmark discretionary funding is intended to be used for design of the project. Thus, funding in future TIP years (FFYs 2023 - 2024) will be approximately \$75,373,485 in order to make up the entire estimated construction cost (total federal participating cost).

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$5,600,000	\$1,400,000	\$7,000,000
2021	Earmark Demo ID (MA 183)	\$101,576	\$25,394	\$126,970
2021	Earmark Demo ID (MA 210)	\$6,761,568	\$1,690,392	\$8,451,960
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$19,997,995	\$4,999,499	\$24,997,494
2021	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,746,602	\$436,651	\$2,183,253
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$32,356,614	\$8,089,154	\$40,445,768
2022	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,600,000	\$400,000	\$2,000,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$68,164,355	\$17,041,090	\$85,205,445



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Superstructure Repairs, Bowker Overpass

over Storrow Drive (EB)

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.12

Project Description:

Work consists of bridge deck, parapet, expansion joint and substructure repairs to B-16-365(4FK), the Bowker Overpass over Storrow Drive, eastbound.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Bridge On NHS System	\$19,207,744	\$4,801,936	\$24,009,680
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$19,207,744	\$4,801,936	\$24,009,680



Municipality(ies): Boston

Project Name: Traffic Signal Improvements on Blue Hill

Avenue and Warren Street

STIP Program: Earmark Discretionary

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.27

Project Description:

The project provides for the upgrade of traffic signal control equipment at multiple locations along Blue Hill Ave. and Warren St. as well as the installation of a traffic signal system at one location. In addition to replacing outdated equipment that limits functionality the project will connect signals along the project area to the BTD traffic control center. The locations are Blue Hill Avenue at Morton Street; Blue Hill Avenue at Balsam and Johnston Streets; Blue Hill Avenue at Stratton and Westview Streets; Blue Hill Avenue at Talbot Avenue; Blue Hill Avenue at American Legion Highway; Blue Hill Avenue at Warren Street; Blue Hill Avenue; Warren Street at Waumbeck and Elm Hill Avenue; Warren Street at Quincy and Townsend Streets; Warren Street at Martin L. King Jr. Blvd.; Warren Street at #330 Mall Driveway; Warren Street at Clifford and Dale Streets; Warren Street at Moreland, Regent and St. James Streets; Warren Street at Keasarge Street and Warren Street at Dudley Street.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Earmark HPP2129(MA155)	\$2,000,837	\$500,209	\$2,501,046
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$2,000,837	\$500,209	\$2,501,046



Municipality(ies): Boston, Braintree, Milton, Quincy, Randolph,

Somerville

Project Name: Interstate Maintenance Resurfacing and

Related Work on I-93

STIP Program: Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 17.62

Project Description:

I-93 SE Expressway interstate maintenance resurfacing is proposed with a preservation treatment or thin bonded overlay to extend the pavement service life and improve safety.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	National Highway Performance Program	\$21,838,118	\$2,426,458	\$24,264,576
Total Fu	Inding Programmed	\$21,838,118	\$2,426,458	\$24,264,576



Municipality(ies): Boston, Brookline

Project Name: Multi-use Path Construction on New Fenway

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 60

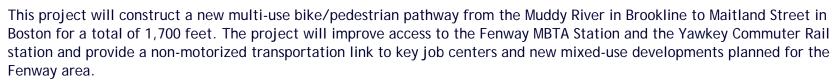
Evaluation Rating: 44

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.41

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$1,416,578	\$354,144	\$1,770,722
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,416,578	\$354,144	\$1,770,722



Municipality(ies): Boston, Cambridge

Project Name: Superstructure Replacement, B-16-179,

Austin Street over I-93 Ramps, MBTA

Commuter Rail and Orange Line

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.31

Project Description:

Work consists of superstructure replacement of Austin Street over I-93 ramps, MBTA Commuter Rail and Orange Line in Boston.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Bridge On NHS System	\$16,485,120	\$4,121,280	\$20,606,400
Total Fu	Inding Programmed	\$16,485,120	\$4,121,280	\$20,606,400



Municipality(ies): Boston, Randolph

Project Name: Bridge Preservation of 3 Bridges: B-16-165,

R-01-005 & R-01-007

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.12

Project Description:

Work to include the following structures Blue Hill Avenue over the MBTA; I-93 NB over Route 24 NB and I-93 over Route 24 SB. Work on the Blue Hill Avenue structure will involve both deck and substructure. Work on the I-93 bridges will include deck, superstructure and substructure repairs.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Bridge On NHS System	\$1,842,857	\$460,714	\$2,303,571
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,842,857	\$460,714	\$2,303,571



Municipality(ies): Boxborough

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, Route 111 over I-495

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

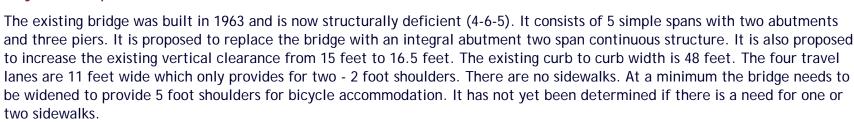
Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

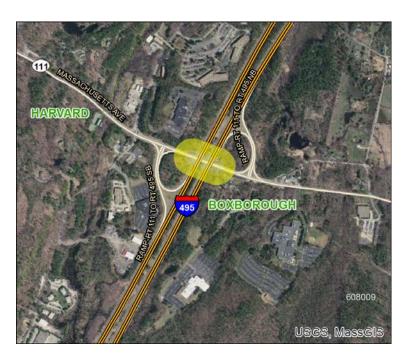
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.07

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Bridge Off NHS System	\$7,318,000	\$1,829,500	\$9,147,500
2021	Bridge Off NHS System	\$4,118,000	\$1,029,500	\$5,147,500
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$11,436,000	\$2,859,000	\$14,295,000



Municipality(ies): Braintree

Project Name: Adaptive Signal Controls in Route 37

(Granite Street)

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.25



Municipality(ies): Braintree, Hingham, Weymouth

Project Name: Resurfacing and related work on Route 53

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

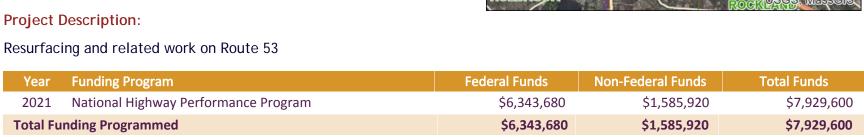
CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 6.81



Municipality(ies): Braintree, Quincy

Project Name: Highway Lighting Improvements at I-

93/Route 3 Interchange

STIP Program: Safety Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 8.14

Project Description:

Work consists of highway lighting improvements at the I-93/Route 3 interchange in Braintree.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$5,606,802	\$1,401,701	\$7,008,503
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$2,150,981	\$537,745	\$2,688,726
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$7,757,783	\$1,939,446	\$9,697,229



Municipality(ies): Brookline

Project Name: Pedestrian Bridge Rehabilitation over MBTA

off Carlton Street

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Assumed Nominal Reduction

Evaluation Rating: 41

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.03

Project Description:

This project involves the rehabilitation of a historic steel truss pedestrian bridge built in 1894. Due to the poor condition it is currently closed to pedestrian traffic since 1976. This project will restore this bridge as a pedestrian connection.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$2,469,790	\$617,448	\$3,087,238
2019	Earmark HPP Demo ID (MA 149)	\$600,885	\$150,221	\$751,106
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$3,070,675	\$767,669	\$3,838,344



Municipality(ies): Brookline

Project Name: Intersection & Signal Improvements at

Route 9 & Village Square (Gateway East)

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 74

Evaluation Rating: 68

MPO / CTPS Study:

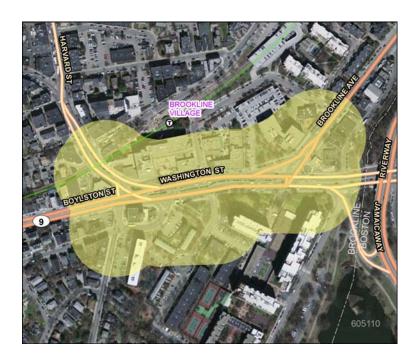
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.47

Project Description:

The project is located on Route 9 in the Gateway East or Village Square area of Brookline. The project will revitalize the corridor, improve the livability for residents and businesses, improve regional connections for bicycles and pedestrians and improve the overall streetscape. The project will demolish the pedestrian bridge which is currently closed. Walnut Street will be realigned to intersection Route 9 opposite Pearl Street forming a four way intersection. The signals at Washington Street and at Brookline Avenue will be upgraded and interconnected with new signals at the Walnut/Pearl Street intersection. The total project cost is \$7,000,834. The amount of funding in the FFYs 2018-2022 TIP (in FFY 2018) is \$6,000,834, and \$1,000,000 of funding is coming from a private sector contribution.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2018	Surface Transportation Program	\$2,996,667	\$749,167	\$3,745,834
2018	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,004,000	\$251,000	\$1,255,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$4,800,667	\$1,200,167	\$6,000,834



Municipality(ies): Cambridge, Somerville

Project Name: Green Line Extension Project - Extension to

College Avenue with the Union Square Spur

STIP Program: Planning/Adjustments/Pass-Throughs

Air Quality Status: Model

CO2 Impact(tons): Model

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 4.12

Project Description:

This project - the purpose of which is to improve corridor mobility, boost transit ridership, improve regional air quality, ensure equitable distribution of transit services, and support opportunities for sustainable development - will extend the MBTA Green Line from a relocated Lechmere Station in East Cambridge to College Avenue in Medford, with a branch to Union Square in Somerville. This project has been funded over 6 years. Funding started in FFY 2016 and FFY 2021 is the final year of funding. The total project cost is estimated to be \$2.8 billion with a total MPO contribution of \$190,000,000. The total amount of funding in the FFYs 2018-2022 TIP is \$152,000,000, as shown in the table below.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$10,741,776	\$2,685,444	\$13,427,220
2018	Surface Transportation Program	\$26,458,224	\$6,614,556	\$33,072,780
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$10,741,776	\$2,685,444	\$13,427,220
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$21,658,224	\$5,414,556	\$27,072,780
2020	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$10,741,776	\$2,685,444	\$13,427,220
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$17,498,224	\$4,374,556	\$21,872,780
2021	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$8,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$10,000,000
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$15,760,000	\$3,940,000	\$19,700,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$121,600,000	\$30,400,000	\$152,000,000



Municipality(ies): Cambridge, Somerville

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 28

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

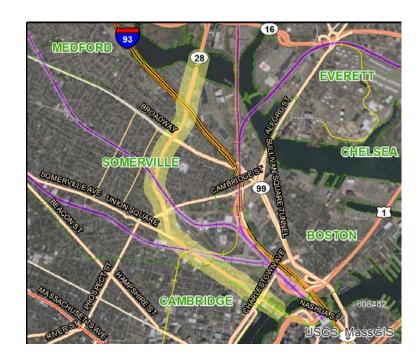
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.78

Project Description:

Work consists of resurfacing on Route 28 in Cambridge and Somerville.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	National Highway Performance Program	\$6,208,877	\$1,552,219	\$7,761,096
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$6,208,877	\$1,552,219	\$7,761,096



Municipality(ies): Canton, Foxborough, Norwood, Sharon,

Walpole

Project Name: Stormwater Improvements along Route 1,

Route 1A, and Interstate 95

STIP Program: Roadway Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 3.36

Project Description:

Work consists of stormwater improvements along Route 1, Route 1A, and I-95.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$420,988	\$105,247	\$526,235
Total F	unding Programmed	\$420,988	\$105,247	\$526,235



Municipality(ies): Canton, Milton

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 138

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 8.62

Project Description:

Work consists of resurfacing on Route 138 in Canton and Milton.



	Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
	2020	National Highway Performance Program	\$12,275,021	\$3,068,755	\$15,343,776
٦	Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$12,275,021	\$3,068,755	\$15,343,776

Municipality(ies): Canton, Milton, Randolph

Project Name: Replacement and Rehabilitation of the

Highway Lighting System at the Route

24/Route 1/I-93 Interchange

STIP Program: Safety Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.99

Project Description:

Work consists of replacement of rehabilitation of the highway lighting system at the Route 24/Route 1/I-93 interchange in Canton, Milton, and Randolph.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$8,490,663	\$943,407	\$9,434,070
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$8,490,663	\$943,407	\$9,434,070



Municipality(ies): Chelsea

Project Name: Reconstruction of Broadway, from City Hall

Ave to the Revere City Line

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 103

Evaluation Rating: 61

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.01

Project Description:

This project involves the reconstruction of one mile of Broadway. Improvements to the roadway will include surface and subsurface work include replacement of utilities. Construction of a dedicate bike lane along Broadway. Upgrades to the existing sidewalk network including ADA compliant ramps at all intersections.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$6,422,902	\$1,605,726	\$8,028,628
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$7,222,902	\$1,805,726	\$9,028,628



Municipality(ies): Chelsea, Danvers, Lynnfield, Malden,

Peabody, Revere, Saugus

Project Name: Guide and Traffic Sign Replacement on a

Section of Route 1

STIP Program: Safety Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 17.15

Project Description:

The project will consist of replacing guide and traffic signs, and supports, on Route 1 between the Tobin Bridge in Chelsea and Interstate 95 at the Danvers/Topsfield town line, including applicable signing on intersecting secondary roads. To ensure continued driver safety, new signs and supports meeting current retro reflectivity and design standards will be provided.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$6,475,576	\$719,508	\$7,195,084
Total Fu	Inding Programmed	\$6,475,576	\$719,508	\$7,195,084



Municipality(ies): Concord

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 2

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 5.23

Project Description:

Work consists of resurfacing on Route 2 in Concord.					
Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds	
2018	National Highway Performance Program	\$3,398,400	\$849,600	\$4,248,000	
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$3,398,400	\$849,600	\$4,248,000	



Municipality(ies): Concord, Lexington, Lincoln

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 2A

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

Total Funding Programmed



\$2,537,472

\$634,368

\$3,171,840

Municipality(ies): Danvers

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 114

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

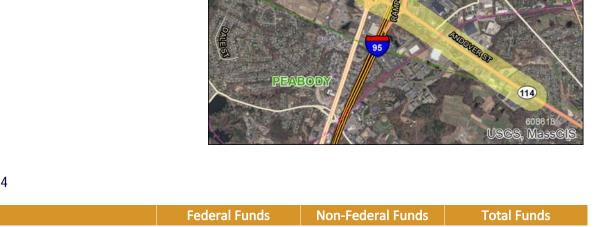
MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.22

Project Description:

Resurfacing and related work on Route 114



Yea	r Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
202	National Highway Performance Program	\$1,533,056	\$383,264	\$1,916,320
Total Funding Programmed		\$1,533,056	\$383,264	\$1,916,320

Municipality(ies): Danvers, Peabody

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

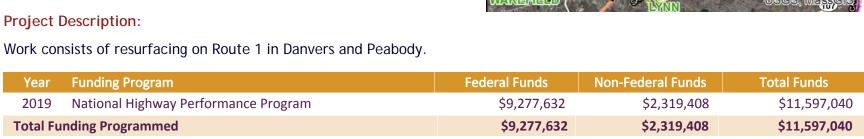
CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

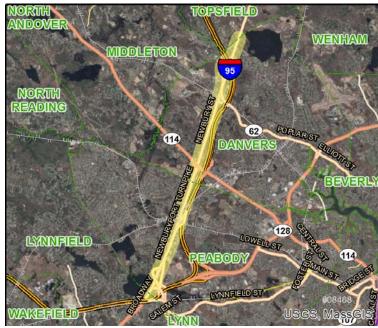
Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 6.2





Municipality(ies): Dedham

Project Name: Pedestrian Improvements along Elm Street

& Rustcraft Road Corridors

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 14

Evaluation Rating: 44

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.75

Project Description:

Improvements along Elm Street /Rust Craft Road corridor will primarily consist of installation of new curbing, sidewalks and ramps on both sides of the corridor. This area will also require drainage improvements to modify storm water management from sheet flow to catch basins necessary with the installation of new curb and sidewalk. Minor roadway widening is anticipated to achieve a minimum roadway width to accommodate a 5-foot bicycle lane. An off-road area for the drop off and pick up at the Dedham Corporate Center MBTA Commuter Rail station has already been constructed by the town.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$2,064,890	\$516,223	\$2,581,113
Total Fu	ınding Programmed	\$2,064,890	\$516,223	\$2,581,113



Municipality(ies): Dedham

Project Name: Reconstruction and Related Work of Bridge

Street (Route 109) and Ames Street

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.24

Project Description:

Reconstruction and Related work of Bridge Street (Route 109) and Ames Street

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	National Highway Performance Program	\$4,339,774	\$1,084,943	\$5,424,717
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$4,339,774	\$1,084,943	\$5,424,717



Municipality(ies): Essex

Project Name: Superstructure Replacement, E-11-001

(2TV), Route 133/Main Street over Essex

River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.4

Project Description:

Work consists of bridge preservation of Route 133/Main Street over the Essex River in Essex.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Bridge Off NHS System	\$1,920,000	\$480,000	\$2,400,000
2021	Bridge Off NHS System	\$3,222,400	\$805,600	\$4,028,000
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$5,142,400	\$1,285,600	\$6,428,000



Municipality(ies): Everett

Project Name: Reconstruction of Ferry Street, South Ferry

Street and a Portion of Elm Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 481

Evaluation Rating: 73

MPO / CTPS Study: Community Transportation Technical

Assistance Program (2013)

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.63

Project Description:

The project will reconstruct Ferry Street from the Malden city line (Belmont Street) to Route 16 and Elm Street between Ferry Street and Woodlawn Street. The work will include resurfacing, new sidewalks, wheelchair ramps and curb extensions. The traffic signals at five locations and the fire station will be upgraded. Signals at Chelsea Street will be replaced by a roundabout.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$1,020,470	\$255,118	\$1,275,588
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,303,943	\$144,883	\$1,448,825
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$10,520,142	\$2,630,035	\$13,150,177
2019	Transportation Alternatives	\$579,530	\$144,882	\$724,412
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$13,424,084	\$3,174,918	\$16,599,002



Municipality(ies): Foxborough, Franklin, Plainville, Wrentham

Project Name: Interstate Maintenance Resurfacing and

Related Work on I-495

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 11.65

Project Description:

The interstate maintenance resurfacing project consists of resurfacing the pavement with friction course and improving safety.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	National Highway Performance Program	\$10,348,128	\$1,149,792	\$11,497,920
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$10,348,128	\$1,149,792	\$11,497,920



Municipality(ies): Foxborough, Sharon, Walpole

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 7.54

Project Description:

Work consists of resurfacing on Route 1 in Foxborough and Walpole.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	National Highway Performance Program	\$6,450,503	\$1,612,626	\$8,063,129
Total	Funding Programmed	\$6,450,503	\$1,612,626	\$8,063,129



Municipality(ies): Framingham

Project Name: Reconstruction of Union Avenue, from

Proctor Street to Main Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): -240

Evaluation Rating: 58

MPO / CTPS Study: Safety and Operational Improvements at

Selected Intersections (2011)

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.36

Project Description:

The project involves improvements to Union Ave from Proctor Street to Main Street, with limited work on intersecting local roadways. Specifically, the proposed improvements include full depth pavement reconstruction, sidewalk reconstruction, traffic signal improvements, streetscape improvements, bicycle accommodation, warning and regulatory signing and pavement markings. The existing traffic signal at Mt. Wayte Avenue will be reconstructed and new traffic signals will be constructed at the Union Ave intersections with Lincoln Street and Walnut Street. Streetscape and ornamental lighting improvements will be constructed from the southerly beginning of the project up to the intersection with Lincoln Street. Minor roadway widening of less than 2 feet is proposed between Proctor St and Lexington St in order to provide a sufficient cross section for travel lanes, bike lanes and on-street parking. The Town is constructing significant stormwater improvements as part of a separate utility project to be completed prior to the roadway improvements.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,358,628	\$150,959	\$1,509,587
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$6,231,122	\$1,557,781	\$7,788,903
2021	Transportation Alternatives	\$805,113	\$201,278	\$1,006,391
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$8,394,864	\$1,910,018	\$10,304,881



Municipality(ies): Framingham, Marlborough, Sudbury, Wayland

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 20

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 12.41

Project Description:

Work consists of resurfacing on Route 20 in Sudbury and Marlborough.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	National Highway Performance Program	\$7,952,256	\$1,988,064	\$9,940,320
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$7,952,256	\$1,988,064	\$9,940,320



Municipality(ies): Framingham, Natick

Project Name: Cochituate Rail Trail, Phase Two, Including

Pedestrian Bridge, N-30-014, Over Route 9

and F-07-033=N-03-029 over Route 30

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 86

Evaluation Rating: 38

MPO / CTPS Study: Reconnaissance Study of the Saxonville

Branch ROW, aka the Cochituate Rail Trail

(2000)

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.41

Project Description:

The project involves construction of 2.4 miles of rail trail and includes a grade separated crossing at Route 30, as well as rehabilitation of the CSX bridge over Route 9. A section of the trail also includes a spur line connecting to the Natick Mall at Speen Street. The Trail will be, for the most part, off road with 4 at- grade roadway and 2 driveway crossings. At the northerly end, a grade separated crossing of Route 30 will constructed to provide the connection to the Framingham section of the CRT. At its southerly end, the CRT will connect to North Main Street (Route 27) on a retained fill section approximately opposite the North Street intersection.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$7,816,690	\$1,954,173	\$9,770,863
Total Fu	Inding Programmed	\$7,816,690	\$1,954,173	\$9,770,863



Municipality(ies): Hanover, Hingham, Marshfield, Norwell,

Pembroke, Rockland

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 3

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 10.74

Project Description:

The scope of work is a pavement preservation project with a highway safety purpose. Travel is permitted in the breakdown lane to handle directional peak hour traffic volumes.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	National Highway Performance Program	\$11,100,973	\$2,775,243	\$13,876,216
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$11,100,973	\$2,775,243	\$13,876,216



Municipality(ies): Hingham

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Derby Street,

Whiting Street (Route 53) and Gardner

Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): -161

Evaluation Rating: 28

MPO / CTPS Study: Route 53 Corridor Transportation Plan (2003)

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.38

Project Description:

Work on this project will consist of intersection improvements at Derby Street, Whiting Street (Route 53) and Gardner Street. Work includes the installation of a new traffic signal system and geometric modifications at the intersection, including left turn lanes on Derby Street. The project extends to the Cushing Street intersection and will also provide a turn lane at Recreation Park Road. The project will also include improved accommodation for bicycles and pedestrians.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$550,392	\$61,155	\$611,547
2018	Surface Transportation Program	\$1,786,276	\$446,569	\$2,232,845
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$2,336,668	\$507,724	\$2,844,392



Municipality(ies): Holbrook

Project Name: Reconstruction of Union Street (Route 139),

from Linfield Street to Centre Street/Water

Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 5

Evaluation Rating: 45

MPO / CTPS Study:

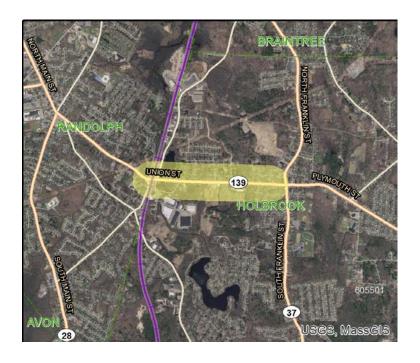
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.87

Project Description:

The purpose of this project is to rehabilitate a segment of Union Street from Linfield Street to Centre Street/Water Street. The proposed improvements will address poor roadway pavement conditions, deteriorating sidewalks, a lack of curbing and needed drainage improvements. The project will also address the need for upgraded pavement markings, signage and guard rail.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Earmark Demo ID (MA 177)	\$1,221,800	\$305,450	\$1,527,250
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$859,634	\$214,908	\$1,074,542
2021	Transportation Alternatives	\$231,270	\$57,818	\$289,088
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$2,312,704	\$578,176	\$2,890,880



Municipality(ies): Hopedale, Milford

Project Name: Resurfacing & Intersection Improvements on

Route 16 (Main Street), from Water Street

to the Hopedale T.L.

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 222

Evaluation Rating: 54

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.62

Project Description:

The project involves resurfacing along Route 16, from Water Street to just west of the Hopedale Town line, a distance of 0.6 miles. Additional work includes sidewalk reconstruction, culvert repairs and related work. The project includes improvements to the intersection of Route 16 and Route 140, including upgraded signal equipment and widening where feasible.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$629,924	\$157,481	\$787,405
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,746,428	\$194,048	\$1,940,476
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$2,376,352	\$351,529	\$2,727,881



Municipality(ies): Hopkinton

Project Name: Signal & Intersection Improvements on

Route 135

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 1431

Evaluation Rating: 65

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.82

Project Description:

The project involves intersection improvements at Route 85, Pleasant Street and Wood Street. The improvements include signal equipment upgrade, geometric modifications, and additional lanes at Route 85, possible signalization at Pleasant Street, and minor widening, geometric modifications and equipment upgrades at Wood Street. The project includes pavement rehabilitation from Ash Street to Wood Street, drainage improvements as needed, reconstructed sidewalks and wheelchair ramps, and streetscape enhancements in the town center.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,147,685	\$127,521	\$1,275,206
2019	Transportation Alternatives	\$4,719,355	\$1,179,839	\$5,899,194
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$6,667,041	\$1,507,359	\$8,174,400



Municipality(ies): Hopkinton, Westborough

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, Fruit Street Over CSX

& Sudbury River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.03

Project Description:

Bridge H-23-006=W-24-016 is both posted and structurally deficient. It is currently posted for 9-16-26 tons. It is currently rated 6-4-4. This structure has 4 spans and 3 piers. It spans both the CSX Railroad & Sudbury River. It has been recommended for replacement by the District 3 DBIE & DBE.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Bridge Surface TransportationProgram-Bridge-Off System	\$10,394,457	\$2,598,614	\$12,993,071
Total Fu	Inding Programmed	\$10,394,457	\$2,598,614	\$12,993,071



Municipality(ies): Hopkinton, Westborough

Project Name: Reconstruction of I-90/I-495 Interchange

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Model

CO2 Impact(tons): Model

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

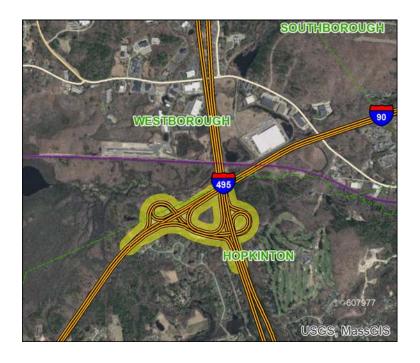
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 3.61

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	National Highway Performance Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2020	Non-Federal Aid		\$18,112,483	
2021	National Highway Performance Program	\$30,000,000	\$7,500,000	\$37,500,000
2021	Non-Federal Aid		\$18,112,483	
2022	National Highway Performance Program	\$30,000,000	\$7,500,000	\$37,500,000
2022	Non-Federal Aid		\$18,112,483	
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$60,800,000	\$69,537,449	\$130,337,449



Municipality(ies): Hull

Project Name: Reconstruction of Atlantic Avenue and

Related Work, from Nantasket Avenue to

Cohasset Town Line

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 7

Evaluation Rating: 36

MPO / CTPS Study:

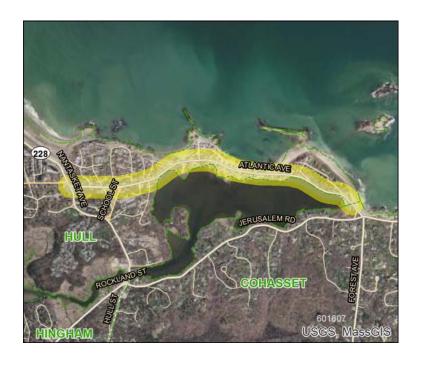
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.25

Project Description:

This project involves the reconstruction of Atlantic Avenue from Nantasket Avenue to the Cohasset Town Line. Minor widening of the roadway is also planned. Related work includes drainage improvements and reconstruction of sidewalks.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$5,355,184	\$1,338,796	\$6,693,980
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$5,355,184	\$1,338,796	\$6,693,980



Municipality(ies): Lynn

Project Name: Reconstruction on Route 129 (Lynnfield

Street), from Great Woods Road to Wyoma

Square

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 14

Evaluation Rating: 71

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.72

Project Description:

This roadway and safety improvement project includes drainage improvements, curbing, new sidewalks, wheelchair ramps, intersection improvements, pavement markings, signing, landscaping, and other incidental work. Project limits are from Colonial Avenue to about 150 feet south of Floyd Avenue (between Floyd and Cowdrey Road). The total project length is approximately 0.72 miles.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$3,004,571	\$751,143	\$3,755,714
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$3,804,571	\$951,143	\$4,755,714



Municipality(ies): Lynn, Salem

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 107

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 8.11

Project Description:

Resurfacing and related work on Route 107

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Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	National Highway Performance Program	\$2,053,200	\$513,300	\$2,566,500
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$2,053,200	\$513,300	\$2,566,500

Municipality(ies): Lynn, Saugus

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, Route 107 over the

Saugus River (AKA Belden G. Bly Bridge)

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Assumed Nominal Reduction

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.17

Project Description:

This project consists of the construction of the Route 107 (Fox Hill bridge) which spans the Saugus River. The new bridge will serve as the permanent replacement for the proposed Temporary drawbridge. The new bridge (AKA Belden G. Bly bridge) will be a single leaf bascule drawbridge.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Bridge On NHS System	\$41,221,913	\$10,305,478	\$51,527,391
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$41,221,913	\$10,305,478	\$51,527,391



Municipality(ies): Lynnfield, Reading, Wakefield

Project Name: Interstate Maintenance Resurfacing and

Related Work on I-95

STIP Program: Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 7.49

Project Description:

The interstate maintenance resurfacing proposes resurfacing and safety improvements.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	National Highway Performance Program	\$3,711,053	\$412,339	\$4,123,392
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$3,711,053	\$412,339	\$4,123,392



Municipality(ies): Lynnfield, Reading, Wakefield

Project Name: Guide and Traffic Sign Replacement on a

Section of Interstate 95

STIP Program: Safety Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 7.58

Project Description:

This project consists of replacing guide and traffic signs, and supports, on Interstate Route 95 (Route 128) between Route 28 (Exit 38) in Reading and Route 1 (Exit 44) in Lynnfield, including applicable signs on intersecting secondary roads. To ensure driver safety, new signs and supports will meet current retro reflectivity and design standards.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$4,061,959	\$451,329	\$4,513,288
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$4,061,959	\$451,329	\$4,513,288



Municipality(ies): Lynnfield, Wakefield

Project Name: Rail Trail Extension, from the Galvin Middle

School to Lynnfield/Peabody Town Line

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 174

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 4.35

Project Description:

The proposed Wakefield/Lynnfield Rail Trail extends from the Galvin Middle School in Wakefield north to the Lynnfield/Peabody Town Line, a distance of approximately 4.4 miles. Approximately 1.9 miles of the trail is located within Wakefield and 2.5 miles in Lynnfield. The corridor is the southern section of the former Newburyport Railroad and will connect to Peabody and the regional Border to Boston Trail.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$5,667,200	\$1,416,800	\$7,084,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$5,667,200	\$1,416,800	\$7,084,000



Municipality(ies): Marblehead

Project Name: Intersection Improvements to Pleasant

Street at Village/Vine/Cross Streets

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 1

Evaluation Rating: 40

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.12

Project Description:

The intersection improvements will include realignment of Vine Street to form a T intersection, narrowing and realigning Pleasant Street to minimize crossing distance, the installation of new sidewalk, signs, enhanced lighting, modest drainage modifications as well as ADA/AAB crossing enhancements and shared bicycle accommodations. The length of the project involves approximately 800 linear ft.; 400 linear ft. on Pleasant Street (200 ft. east and west of the intersection), 150 linear ft. on Village Street, 150 linear ft. on Vine Street, and 100 linear ft. on Cross Street. Drainage and utility adjustments will be made as needed to accommodate the proposed intersection channelization modifications.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$767,502	\$191,876	\$959,378
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$767,502	\$191,876	\$959,378



Municipality(ies): Marlborough

Project Name: Improvements at Route 20 (East Main

Street) at Curtis Avenue

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status:

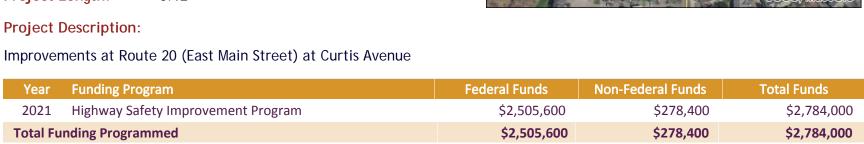
CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.12



Municipality(ies): Marshfield

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, Beach Street over the

Cut River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Assumed Nominal Reduction

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.02

Project Description:

The purpose of this project is to replace a locally owned, structurally deficient bridge carrying Beach Street over the Cut River in Marshfield in the same location with two sidewalks.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Bridge Surface TransportationProgram-Bridge-Off System	\$3,351,884	\$837,971	\$4,189,856
Total Fu	ınding Programmed	\$3,351,884	\$837,971	\$4,189,856



Municipality(ies): Maynard

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, M-10-006, Florida Road

over Assabet River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

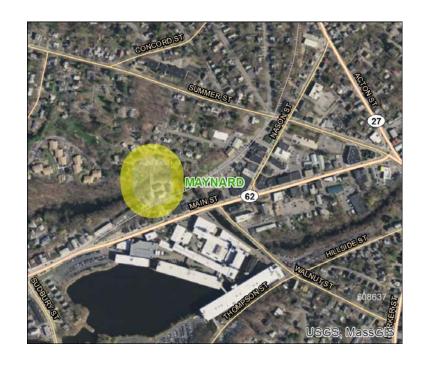
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.01

Project Description:

Work consists of bridge replacement of Florida Road over the Assabet River in Maynard.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Bridge Surface TransportationProgram-Bridge-Off System	\$1,271,872	\$317,968	\$1,589,840
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,271,872	\$317,968	\$1,589,840



Municipality(ies): Medford

Project Name: Safe Routes to School Improvements at

Brooks Elementary

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

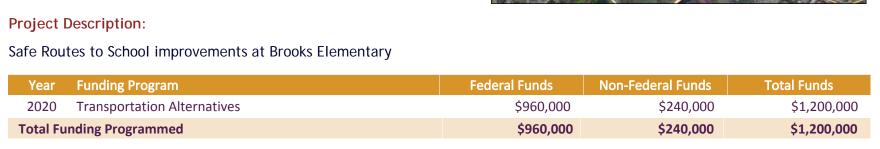
CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:



MEDFORD Brooks School

Municipality(ies): Middleton

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, M-20-003, Route

62/Maple Street over Ipswich River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.02

Project Description:

Work consists of bridge replacement of Route 62/Maple Street over the Ipswich River in Middleton.

Year Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021 Bridge Off NHS System	\$3,146,752	\$786,688	\$3,933,440
Total Funding Programmed	\$3,146,752	\$786,688	\$3,933,440



Municipality(ies): Milton

Project Name: Intersection & Signal Improvements at 2

Locations: SR 138 (Blue Hill Avenue) at Atherton Street & Bradlee Road and SR 138 (Blue Hill Avenue) at Milton Street & Dollar

Lane

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.17

Project Description:

Work consists of intersection safety upgrades for signs, pavement markings, and traffic signals as identified through a Road Safety Audit Process.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,069,200	\$118,800	\$1,188,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,069,200	\$118,800	\$1,188,000



Municipality(ies): Milton

Project Name: Deck Reconstruction over SE Expressway

(East Milton Square), includes Parking &

New Landscaped Area

STIP Program: Earmark Discretionary

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:

Project Description:

This project involves the redesign of the current deck built over the SE Expressway in Milton. The town hopes to utilize this space first to add additional parking and make the existing space more attractive. There is currently a parking shortage for the business in East Milton Square. The additional parking contributes to an economic development advantage.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Earmark HPP(MA 125)	\$1,201,770	\$300,443	\$1,502,213
2019	Earmark HPP (MA 134)	\$1,001,475	\$250,369	\$1,251,844
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$2,203,245	\$550,812	\$2,754,057



Municipality(ies): Milton

Project Name: Intersection & Signal Improvements at

Route 28 (Randolph Avenue) &

Chickatawbut Road

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.07

Project Description:

Improvements to this intersection will address the high number of accidents that occur at this intersection. This intersection ranks second in the state top 200 list given the severity of accidents that occur at this location

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,378,080	\$153,120	\$1,531,200
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$1,378,080	\$153,120	\$1,531,200



Municipality(ies): Natick

Project Name: Reconstruction of Route 27 (North Main

Street), from North Avenue to the Wayland

Town Line

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 209

Evaluation Rating: 60

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.18

Project Description:

The project begins on Route 27 (North Main Street) at North Avenue and extends northerly 2.2 miles to the Wayland town line, excluding the Route 9 interchange. The proposed improvements include minor widening of the section of roadway south of Route 9 to a more consistent cross-section. The pavement will be reconstructed utilizing reclaimed base course. Cement concrete sidewalks will be constructed on both sides of the roadway throughout the length of the project. The existing signals will be upgraded and, if warrants are met, new signals will be installed at Lake Street, Rutledge Road and Pine Street.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$1,932,267	\$483,067	\$2,415,334
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$7,162,986	\$1,790,747	\$8,953,733
2019	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,055,146	\$263,787	\$1,318,933
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$10,150,400	\$2,537,600	\$12,688,000



Municipality(ies): Needham, Newton

Project Name: Reconstruction of Highland Avenue,

Needham Street & Charles River Bridge,

from Webster Street to Route 9

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Model

CO2 Impact(tons): 1303

Evaluation Rating: 75

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status: 2016-20

Project Length: 1.44

Project Description:

(Replaces #601827 & #604344). Work will consist of reconstruction on Highland Avenue starting at Webster Street in Needham and continue onto Needham Street and in Newton. Also includes the rehabilitation of the bridge, N-04-002.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$1,600,000	\$400,000	\$2,000,000
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,087,680	\$231,964	\$2,319,644
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$3,880,851	\$970,213	\$4,851,064
2019	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,237,194	\$309,298	\$1,546,492
2020	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,087,680	\$231,964	\$2,319,644
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$6,718,045	\$1,679,511	\$8,397,556
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$17,611,449	\$3,822,951	\$21,434,400



Municipality(ies): Needham, Wellesley

Project Name: Rehab/Replacement of 6 Bridges on I-

95/Route 128 (Add-a-Lane Contract 5)

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Model

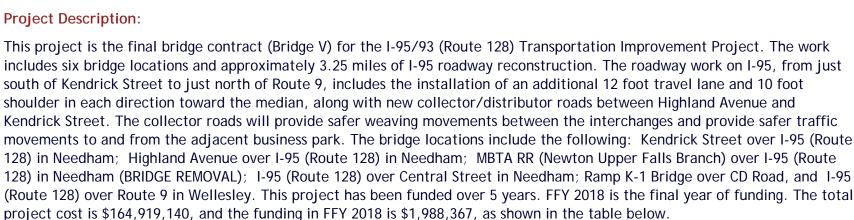
CO2 Impact(tons): Model

Evaluation Rating:

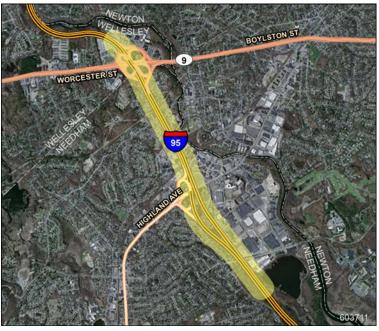
MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status: 2012-20

Project Length: 3.25



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	National Highway Performance Program	\$1,590,694	\$397,673	\$1,988,367
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$1,590,694	\$397,673	\$1,988,367



ID Number: BN0008

Municipality(ies): Newburyport

Project Name: Replace Hellcat Trail Boardwalk at the

Parker River National Wildlife Refuge

STIP Program: Earmark Discretionary

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.01

Project Description:

Replace Hellcat Trail Boardwalk at the Parker River National Wildlife Refuge

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Other Federal Aid	\$960,000	\$240,000	\$1,200,000
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$960,000	\$240,000	\$1,200,000



Municipality(ies): Newton, Wellesley, Weston

Project Name: Bridge Maintenance of N-12-063, N-12-054,

N-12-055 & N-12-056 on I-95/Route 128

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

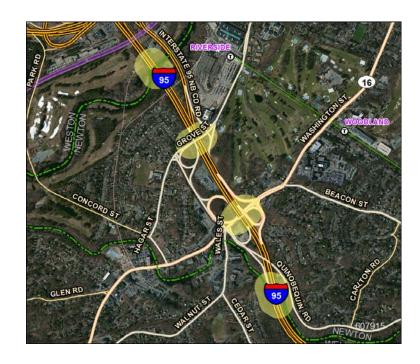
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.21

Project Description:

This project involves the systematic bridge maintenance of 4 bridges. N-12-063, N-12-054, N-12-055 and N-12-056

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Bridge On NHS System	\$1,277,334	\$319,333	\$1,596,667
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,277,334	\$319,333	\$1,596,667



Municipality(ies): Newton, Wellesley, Weston

Project Name: Pavement Resurfacing on I-95

STIP Program: Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.22

Project Description:

Pavement resurfacing and related work on I-95

	3			
Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	National Highway Performance Program	\$5,467,176	\$607,464	\$6,074,640
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$5,467,176	\$607,464	\$6,074,640



Municipality(ies): Norwood

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Route 1A &

Upland Road/Washington Street & Prospect

Street/Fulton Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 80

Evaluation Rating: 53

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.21

Project Description:

Work on this project includes traffic signal installation and associated geometric improvements at the intersection of Route 1A (Upland Road/Washington Street), Prospect Street and Fulton Street in Norwood.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$2,134,750	\$533,687	\$2,668,437
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$2,934,750	\$733,687	\$3,668,437



Municipality(ies): Norwood

Project Name: Intersection and Traffic Signal

Improvements at Providence Highway

(Route 1) and Morse Street

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.13

Project Description:

Work will consist of improving the intersection and signals at US Route 1 (Providence Highway) and Morse Street.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$877,334	\$97,482	\$974,815
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$877,334	\$97,482	\$974,815



Municipality(ies): Norwood

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Route 1 &

University Avenue/Everett Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 1204

Evaluation Rating: 55

MPO / CTPS Study: University Ave./I-95/I-93 Regional Traffic

Study (1999)

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.23

Project Description:

Work on this project includes traffic signal upgrades and associated geometric improvements. Related improvements include constructing an additional travel lane in each direction on Route 1, upgrading of traffic signals, lengthening of left turn lanes on Route 1, upgrading of pedestrian crossings at each leg of the intersection, and upgrading of bicycle amenities (loop detectors) at intersection. Rehabilitation of sidewalks, curbing, median structures, lighting and guard rail are also proposed.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$2,400,000	\$600,000	\$3,000,000
2022	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$568,552	\$63,172	\$631,724
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$4,596,846	\$1,149,212	\$5,746,058
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$7,565,398	\$1,812,384	\$9,377,782



Municipality(ies): Peabody

Project Name: Improvements at Route 114 at Sylvan

Street, Cross Street, Northshore Mall, Loris Road, Route 128 Interchange and Esquire

Drive

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.54

Project Description:

Improvements at Route 114 at Sylvan Street, Cross Street, Northshore Mall, Loris Road, Route 128 Interchange and Esquire Drive

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,505,600	\$278,400	\$2,784,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$2,505,600	\$278,400	\$2,784,000



Municipality(ies): Quincy

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Route 3A

(Southern Artery) and Broad Street

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

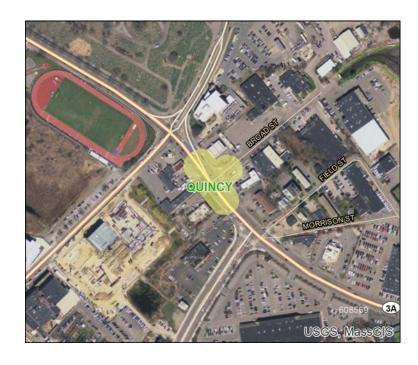
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 5.67

Project Description:

Intersection Improvements at Route 3A (Southern Artery) and Broad Street

Year Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021 Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,505,600	\$278,400	\$2,784,000
Total Funding Programmed	\$2,505,600	\$278,400	\$2,784,000



ID Number: BN0009

Municipality(ies): Regional

Project Name: Community Transportation Program

STIP Program: Planning/Adjustment/Pass-though

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:

Project Description:

Community Transportation Program (projects will be identified through a competitive process).

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,600,000	\$400,000	\$2,000,000

Municipality(ies): Salem

Project Name: Canal Street Rail Trail Construction (Phase 2)

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 7

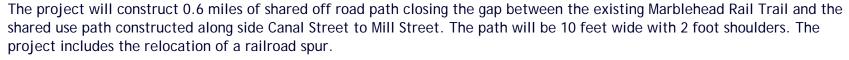
Evaluation Rating: 37

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.64

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Transportation Alternatives	\$2,229,965	\$557,491	\$2,787,456
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$2,229,965	\$557,491	\$2,787,456



Municipality(ies): Salem

Project Name: Safe Routes to School Improvements at

Bates Elementary School

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

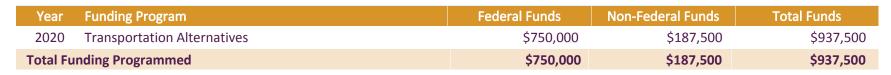
MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:

Project Description:

Safe Routes to School Improvements at Bates Elementary School





Municipality(ies): Salem

Project Name: Bridge Maintenance, No. S-01-018,

Structural Steel Repairs

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.03

Project Description:





Municipality(ies): Saugus

Project Name: Resurfacing & Related Work on Route 1

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 4.03

Project Description:

This project consists of resurfacing and related work along Route 1 in Saugus.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	National Highway Performance Program	\$7,850,304	\$1,962,576	\$9,812,880
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$7,850,304	\$1,962,576	\$9,812,880



Municipality(ies): Sharon

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, Maskwonicut Street

over Amtrak/MBTA

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.04

Project Description:

Work on this project shall consist of replacing the bridge that is currently closed due to deterioration.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Bridge Surface TransportationProgram-Bridge-Off System	\$4,175,920	\$1,043,980	\$5,219,900
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$4,175,920	\$1,043,980	\$5,219,900



Municipality(ies): Somerville

Project Name: Signal and Intersection Improvement on I-93

Mystic Avenue and McGrath Highway (Top

200 Crash Location)

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.98

Project Description:

The project includes traffic signal upgrade and safety improvements at Mystic Avenue northbound and Route 28 (Fellsway), at Route 38 southbound(Mystic Avenue) and Route 28 (McGrath Avenue) southbound, at Route 38 southbound (Mystic Avenue) and Route 28 (McGrath Avenue) northbound and at Route 38 southbound at Wheatland Street.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,419,200	\$268,800	\$2,688,000
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$2,419,200	\$268,800	\$2,688,000



Municipality(ies): Southborough

Project Name: Reconstruction of Main Street (Route 30),

from Sears Road to Park Street

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 256

Evaluation Rating: 42

MPO / CTPS Study: Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements in

Town Centers (2007)

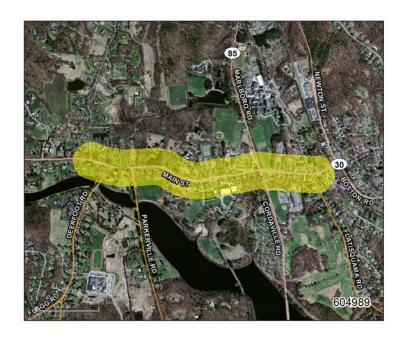
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.91

Project Description:

The purpose of this project is to reconstruct Main Street in Southborough with the intent to create a consistent roadway width. A continuous sidewalk will also be constructed along the southern side of the project. The intersection of Main Street (Route 30) and Marlborough Street/Cordaville Road (Route 85) are proposed to be realigned to include a new traffic signal system and left turn only lanes.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2018	Surface Transportation Program	\$3,852,352	\$963,088	\$4,815,440
2018	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,165,000	\$291,250	\$1,456,250
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$5,817,352	\$1,454,338	\$7,271,690



Municipality(ies): Stoughton

Project Name: Safe Routes to School Improvements at

West Elementary

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

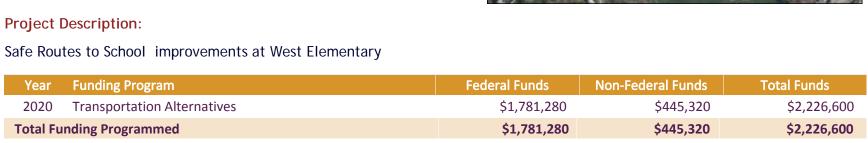
CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:



West Elementary School

Municipality(ies): Stow

Project Name: Bridge Rehabilitation, S-29-001, (ST 62)

Gleasondale Road over the Assabet River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.04

Project Description:

Work consists of replacing S-29-001.



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Bridge On NHS System	\$5,365,248	\$1,341,312	\$6,706,560
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$5,365,248	\$1,341,312	\$6,706,560

Municipality(ies): Stow

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, S-29-11, Box Mill Road

over Elizabeth Brook

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.02

Project Description:

Box Mill Road over Elizabeth Brook is a structurally deficient bridge. The full replacement will include new substructure, steel beams and concrete deck. One sidewalk will be added to the structure.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Bridge Surface TransportationProgram-Bridge-Off System	\$1,185,600	\$296,400	\$1,482,000
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,185,600	\$296,400	\$1,482,000



Municipality(ies): Sudbury

Project Name: Bruce Freeman Rail Trail, Phase 2D

STIP Program: Bicycles and Pedestrians

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 55

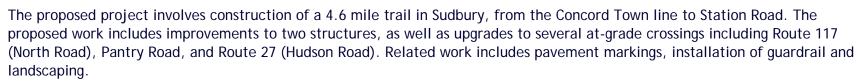
Evaluation Rating: 40

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 4.45

Project Description:



Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$2,400,000	\$600,000	\$3,000,000
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$3,603,200	\$900,800	\$4,504,000
2022	Transportation Alternatives	\$400,000	\$100,000	\$500,000
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$6,403,200	\$1,600,800	\$8,004,000



Municipality(ies): Swampscott

Project Name: Intersection & Signal Improvements at SR 1A

(Paradise Road) at Swampscott Mall

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.05

Project Description:

Work consists of intersection safety upgrades for signs, pavement markings, and traffic signals as identified through a Road Safety Audit Process.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,800,000	\$200,000	\$2,000,000
Total Fu	unding Programmed	\$1,800,000	\$200,000	\$2,000,000



Municipality(ies): Topsfield

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 4.69

	•	62			
Project Description:					
Resurfacing and related work on Route 1					
	5				
Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds	
		Federal Funds \$7,295,232	Non-Federal Funds \$1,823,808	Total Funds \$9,119,040	

Municipality(ies): Walpole

Project Name: Reconstruction on Route 1A (Main Street),

from the Norwood Town Line to Route 27

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 254

Evaluation Rating: 51

MPO / CTPS Study:

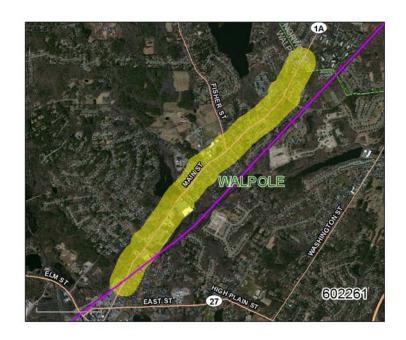
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 2.33

Project Description:

The proposed project consists of reconstructing 8000 feet of Route 1A including intersection and approach improvements at Fisher, Gould, North and Bullard/Willet Streets and at the Stop and Shop Plaza. The Route 1A bridge over the Neponset River, near the intersection with North Street, will be analyzed to determine if it can be rehabilitated or if it requires replacement. The limits of work are from approximately 2,000 feet north of Route 27 northerly to the Norwood town line.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2020	Surface Transportation Program	\$11,625,423	\$2,906,356	\$14,531,779
2020	Transportation Alternatives	\$1,486,750	\$371,687	\$1,858,437
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$13,912,173	\$3,478,043	\$17,390,216



Municipality(ies): Waltham

Project Name: Woerd Avenue over the Charles River

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.02

Project Description:

Bridge Replacement with a modular pre-cast concrete system, with sidewalks on both sides and approach work

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2018	Bridge Surface TransportationProgram-Bridge-Off System	\$1,758,354	\$439,589	\$2,197,943
Total Fu	inding Programmed	\$1,758,354	\$439,589	\$2,197,943



Municipality(ies): Waltham, Weston

Project Name: Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 20

STIP Program: Non-Interstate Pavement

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 6.69





Municipality(ies): Watertown

Project Name: Rehabilitation of Mount Auburn Street

(Route 16)

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): 592

Evaluation Rating: 75

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 1.78

Project Description:

Projects involves the reconstruction of Mount Auburn Street from the Cambridge City Line to the intersection with Summer Street, just east of Watertown Square, approximately 9,300 feet. The project involves revising the roadway geometry including roadway diet reduction of available number of lanes. Safety improvements, multi-modal accommodations including shared or exclusive bike lanes. Improvements to the existing traffic signal equipment and improved ADA amenities at intersections.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2022	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$800,000	\$200,000	\$1,000,000
2022	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$1,800,000	\$200,000	\$2,000,000
2022	Surface Transportation Program	\$8,952,340	\$2,238,085	\$11,190,425
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$11,552,340	\$2,638,085	\$14,190,425



Municipality(ies): Watertown

Project Name: Intersection Improvements at Route 16 and

Galen Street

STIP Program: Intersection Improvements

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

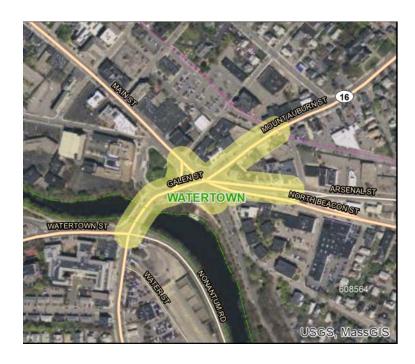
LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.27

Project Description:

Intersection Improvements at Route 16 and Galen Street

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2020	Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$2,419,200	\$268,800	\$2,688,000
Total Fu	Inding Programmed	\$2,419,200	\$268,800	\$2,688,000



Municipality(ies): Wilmington

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, Route 38 (Main Street)

over the B&M Railroad

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.03

Project Description:

A 3 day weekend closure is recommended for this project since this route is used by school bus and emergency vehicles.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Bridge On NHS System	\$8,608,768	\$2,152,192	\$10,760,960
Total Fu	nding Programmed	\$8,608,768	\$2,152,192	\$10,760,960



Municipality(ies): Wilmington

Project Name: Bridge replacement, W-38-029 (2KV). ST 129

Lowell Street over I 93

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Exempt

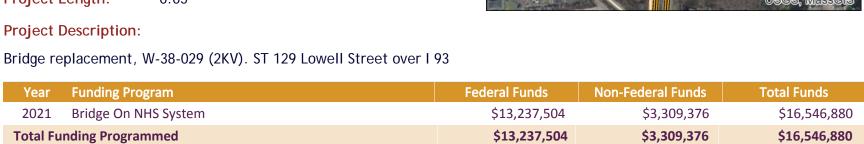
CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.05



READING

ILMINGTON !

ID Number: 608214

Municipality(ies): Winchester

Project Name: Stormwater Improvements along Route 3

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): No CO2 Impact

Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length: 0.55

Project Description:

This project consists of stormwater improvements to treat roadway runoff discharging to Upper Mystic Lake.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2019	Surface Transportation Program	\$186,368	\$46,592	\$232,960
Total Funding Programmed		\$186,368	\$46,592	\$232,960



ID Number: 608791

Municipality(ies): Winchester

Project Name: Safe Routes to School Improvements at

Vinson-Owen Elementary

STIP Program: Roadway Reconstruction

Air Quality Status: Exempt

CO2 Impact(tons): Qualitative Decrease

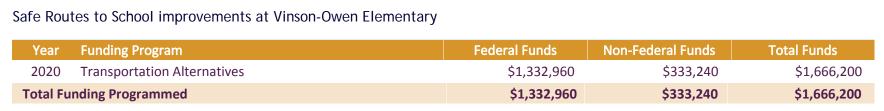
Evaluation Rating:

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status:

Project Length:

Project Description:





ID Number: 604996

Municipality(ies): Woburn

Project Name: Bridge Replacement, New Boston Street

over MBTA

STIP Program: Bridge

Air Quality Status: Model

CO2 Impact(tons): Model

Evaluation Rating: 55

MPO / CTPS Study:

LRTP Status: 2016-20

Project Length: 0.34

Project Description:

The work proposed in this project consists of constructing a new bridge over the NH Main Line of the MBTA Commuter Rail. Also included is the reconstruction of approximately 1,850 feet of New Boston Street.

Year	Funding Program	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	Total Funds
2021	Surface Transportation Program	\$13,621,147	\$3,405,287	\$17,026,434
Total Funding Programmed		\$13,621,147	\$3,405,287	\$17,026,434



4

CHAPTER FOUR

Using Performance Measures to Track and Demonstrate Progress

OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE-BASED PLANNING

Increasingly, over the past two decades, transportation agencies have been applying performance management—a strategic approach that uses performance data to help achieve desired outcomes—to support decision-making. Performance management is credited with improving project and program delivery, informing investment decision-making, focusing staff on leadership priorities, and providing greater transparency and accountability to the public.

Performance-based planning and programming (PBPP) refers to transportation agencies' application of performance management in their planning and programming work to achieve desired outcomes for the multimodal transportation system. For metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs), this embraces a range of activities and products developed together with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public as part of the 3C metropolitan transportation planning process. This includes developing the following:

• long-range transportation plans (LRTPs)

- other plans and processes (including those that are federally required, such as Strategic Highway Safety Plans, Transportation Asset Management Plans, the Congestion Management Process, Transit Asset Management Plans, and Public Transportation Agency Safety Plans, as well as others that are not required)
- programming documents, including state and metropolitan Transportation Improvement Programs (STIPs and TIPs)

The goal of PBPP is to ensure that transportation investment decisions—both for long-term planning and short-term funding—are oriented toward meeting established goals.

The cornerstone of the transportation authorization legislation, Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century's (MAP-21), was the establishment of a performance- and outcome-based surface transportation program. The current legislation, the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act), continues the PBPP provisions established under MAP-21.

States will invest resources in projects to achieve individual state targets that collectively will make

progress toward national goals, as detailed in the FAST Act:

- Safety—Achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads
- Infrastructure condition—Maintain the highway infrastructure asset system in a state of good repair
- Congestion reduction—Achieve a significant reduction in congestion on the National Highway System (NHS)
- **System reliability**—Improve the efficiency of the surface transportation system
- Freight movement and economic vitality— Improve the national freight network, strengthen the ability of rural communities to access national and international trade markets, and support regional economic development
- Environmental sustainability—Enhance the performance of the transportation system while protecting and enhancing the natural environment
- Reduced project delivery delays—Reduce project costs, promote jobs and the economy, expedite the movement of people and goods by accelerating project completion; eliminate delays in the project development and delivery process, including reducing regulatory burdens and improving agencies' work practices

Table 4-1 shows the relationship between these national goals and the MPO's goals, which were established as part of the MPO's current LRTP, *Charting Progress to 2040.* These goals and related objectives are described in Chapter 1 of this document.

TABLE 4-1:
NATIONAL AND MPO PERFORMANCE GOALS

National Goal	MPO Goal
Safety	Safety
Infrastructure Condition	System Preservation
System Reliability	Capacity Management/Mobility
Congestion Reduction	Capacity Management/Mobility
Environmental Sustainability	Clean Air/Clean Communities
Freight Movement/ Economic Vitality	Capacity Management/Mobility and Economic Vitality
Reduced Project Delivery Delays	Not applicable
Not applicable	Transportation Equity

This performance-based planning mandate is also designed to help the nation's public transportation systems to provide high-quality service to all users, including people with disabilities, seniors, and individuals who depend on public transportation.

PERFORMANCE-BASED PLANNING AND PROGRAMMING REQUIREMENTS

The US Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with states, MPOs, and other stakeholders, has

established measures in performance areas relevant to the aforementioned national goals. Table 4-2 lists federally required performance measures for the transit system and Table 4-3 lists federally required performance measures for the highway system.

TABLE 4-2: FEDERALLY REQUIRED TRANSIT PERFORMANCE MEASURES

National Goal	Transit Performance Area or Asset Category	Performance Measure
Safety	Fatalities ¹	Total number of reportable fatalities and rate per total vehicle revenue-miles by mode
Safety	Injuries ¹	Total number of reportable injuries and rate per total vehicle revenue-miles by mode
Safety	Safety Events ¹	Total number of reportable events and rate per total vehicle revenue-miles by mode
Safety	System Reliability	Mean distance between major mechanical failures by mode
Infrastructure Condition	Equipment	Percentage of vehicles that have met or exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB)
Infrastructure Condition	Rolling Stock	Percent of revenue vehicles within a particular asset class that have met or exceeded their ULB
Infrastructure Condition	Infrastructure	Percentage of track segments with performance restrictions
Infrastructure Condition	Facilities	Percentage of facilities within an asset class rated below 3.0 on the Federal Transit Administration's Transit Economic Requirements Model scale

Note: This table reflects federally required transit performance measures as of May 20, 2017. The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA), Cape Ann Transportation Authority (CATA), and MetroWest Regional Transit Authority (MWRTA) are developing targets for infrastructure condition measures, which are described in the Transit Asset Management (TAM) Rule, which was finalized in July 2016 and is in effect. The Boston Region MPO anticipates adopting metropolitan area targets for these measures by fall 2018. The Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan Rule, which requires public transportation operators and MPOs to develop targets for safety measures identified in the National Public Transportation Safety Plan, has not been finalized.

¹The definition of reportable for fatalities, injuries, and events is defined in the National Transit Database *Safety and Security Reporting Manual.* Sources: National Public Transportation Safety Plan, the proposed Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan Rule, and the final TAM Rule.

TABLE 4-3: FEDERALLY REQUIRED HIGHWAY PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Highway				
National Goal	Performance Area	Performance Measure		
Safety	Injuries and Fatalities	 Number of fatalities Fatality rate (per 100 million vehicle-miles traveled) Number of serious injuries Serious injury rate (per 100 million vehicle-miles traveled) Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries 		
Infrastructure Condition	Pavement Condition	 Percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in good condition Percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in poor condition Percentage of pavements on the non-Interstate NHS in good condition Percentage of pavements on the non-Interstate NHS in poor condition 		
Infrastructure Condition	Bridge Condition	 Percentage of NHS bridges classified as in <i>good</i> condition Percentage of NHS bridges classified as in <i>poor</i> condition 		
System Reliability	Performance of the National Highway System	 Percentage of person-miles traveled on the Interstate System that are reliable Percent of person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable Percent change in tailpipe carbon dioxide emission levels on the NHS compared to the calendar year 2017 levels¹ 		
Freight Movement and Economic Vitality	Freight Movement on the Interstate System	Truck Travel Time Reliability Index		
Congestion Reduction	Traffic Congestion	 Annual hours of peak hour excessive delay per capita Percent of non-single-occupant vehicle travel 		
Environmental Sustainability	On-Road Mobile Source Emissions	Total emissions reduction		

Note: This table reflects federally required highway performance measures as of May 20, 2017. Rules pertaining to these performance measures (except where noted) are now in effect. The MPO will develop targets for these measures according to the federal government's and Commonwealth's guidelines and schedules.

¹ The provisions of the final rules for federally required highway performance measures that pertain to carbon dioxide emissions on the National Highway System have been indefinitely delayed pending further notice and comment procedures. For more information on the MPO's response to the Commonwealth's greenhouse gas monitoring requirements, see Chapters 1 and 2 and Appendix C. NHS: National Highway System

States, public transit operators, and MPOs are required to set performance targets to address these measures and track progress toward attainment of desired outcomes for the transportation system.

MPOs must set targets no later than 180 days after their respective states or public transit operators have set their targets for highway or transit system performance. States, public transit operators, and MPOs are required to coordinate with one another and to share information and data so that there is consistency across these agencies' target setting processes.

Once the MPO has established targets for each performance measure, the MPO's LRTP and TIP will become planning and programming mechanisms to help achieve these targets. They will also become valuable reporting tools. Future LRTPs and TIPs will include descriptions of the MPO's performance measures and targets, including those that are federally required. The LRTPs will describe the state of the transportation system with respect to the federally required measures and will report on progress toward meeting required targets. The TIPs will describe the links between short-term capital investment priorities and these measures and targets, and discuss how these investments are anticipated to help the MPO achieve its targets.

STATUS OF PERFORMANCE-BASED PLANNING AND PROGRAMMING

MPO Performance-Based Planning and Programming Activities

The Boston Region MPO continues to integrate PBPP practices into its activities to meet FAST Act

performance-measure requirements and improve MPO decision-making. The MPO has conducted the following activities:

- established goals and objectives that align with national goals (indicated in Table 4-1)
- explored performance measures through its LRTP, Congestion Management Process (CMP), and studies funded through the Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP)
- coordinated with MassDOT, other
 Massachusetts MPOs (through the
 Transportation Program Managers Group's
 subcommittee on performance measures), the
 MBTA, and other stakeholders to ensure that
 FAST Act requirements are being met and to
 learn how to improve PBPP
- continued to gather and manage data to monitor performance
- developed tools to support performance reporting
- analyzed some performance-measure trends over time to identify priorities and prioritize investments that advance goals and objectives

There are two major next steps for the MPO. First, the MPO will establish a set of performance measures to track on an ongoing basis, including federally required measures and other measures of interest. Then, targets will be set for federally required measures, and potentially other measures.

Performance-Based Planning and Programming Activities in the TIP

The MPO's goals provide the foundation for the TIP evaluation criteria used in the project selection process, as described in Chapter 2. These criteria describe the ways that individual projects can help the MPO advance its various goals. Over time, the contributions made by TIP projects are expected to generate changes in the transportation system's performance.

In *Charting Progress to 2040*, the MPO strengthened the link between its spending and improvements to transportation performance by establishing a series of investment programs. These programs each support multiple MPO goals, and include the following:

- Complete Streets
- Intersection Improvements
- Bicycle Network and Pedestrian Connections
- Major Infrastructure (including highways funds flexed to transit infrastructure)
- Community Transportation/Parking/Clean Air and Mobility

As part of developing this LRTP, the MPO allocated a large portion of its discretionary funds to these investment programs over the two-decade span of the LRTP. These funds are assigned to TIP projects that meet the investment programs' criteria. Details about these programs and their relationship to MPO goals are shown in Figure 4-1. Table 4-4 and Figure 4-2 show how FFYs 2018–22 Regional Target funding is distributed across MPO investment programs.

TABLE 4-4:
PROJECTS AND FUNDING. BY MPO INVESTMENT PROGRAM

Investment Program	Number of Projects	Funding for Projects
Major Infrastructure	7	\$304.1 million
Complete Streets	15	\$140 million
Intersection Improvements	6	\$28.9 million
Bicycle Network and Pedestrian Connections	3	\$18.7 million
Community Transportation / Parking / Clean Air and Mobility	N/A	\$2.0 million
Total Projects	31	\$493.6 million

Note: No projects are currently programmed in the Community Transportation/Parking/Clean Air and Mobility Program. Funding amounts have been rounded to the nearest \$100,000. Source: CTPS.

FIGURE 4-1: MPO INVESTMENT PROGRAMS

Intersection Improvements	Complete Streets	Bicycle Network and Pedestrian Connections	Community Transportation/ Parking/ Clean Air and Mobility Program	Major Infrastructure

Funds projects to modernize existing traffic signals or add signals to improve safety and mobility.

Improvements may include

- Adding turning lanes
- Shortening crossing distances for pedestrians
- · Improving sidewalks
- Adding curb cuts
- Updating signal operations

Funds projects that modernize roadways to improve safety and mobility for all users.

Improvements may include

- Providing continuous sidewalks and bicycle lanes, cycle tracks, and other bicycle facilities
- Updating signals at intersections along a corridor
- Improving other corridor infrastructure, such as bridges, drainage, pavement, and roadway geometry

Funds projects to expand bicycle and pedestrian networks to improve safe access to transit, school, employment centers, and shopping destinations.

Improvements may include

- Constructing new, off-road bicycle or multi-use paths
- Improving bicycle and pedestrian crossings, or building new sidewalks
- Providing traffic calming, sidewalk network expansion, and other Complete Streets type upgrades
- Enhancing signage and lighting

Supports variety of project types:

Community Transportation:

Provides funding to launch locally developed transit services that support first-mile/last-mile connections to existing transit services and other destinations by purchasing shuttle buses and/or funding operating costs.

Park-and-Ride:

Targets funding to construct additional parking at transit stations that are at capacity, or at other viable locations.

Clean Air and Mobility Program:

Funds projects that improve mobility and air quality and promote mode shift (e.g. bike-share projects or shuttle-bus services). Funds projects that modernize and/or expand major highways and arterials to reduce congestion and improve safety.

Improvements may include

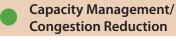
- Constructing expressway interchanges to eliminate weaving and reduce the likelihood of rollovers
- Adding travel lanes on expressways
- Adding/removing grade separations on major arterials.

May also support transit by flexing highway funds to transit and bridge projects.











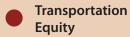
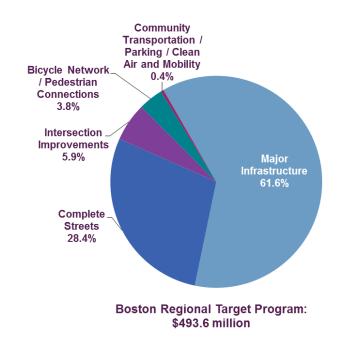




FIGURE 4-2: FFYS 2018-22 TIP REGIONAL TARGET FUNDING, BY MPO INVESTMENT PROGRAM



Source: CTPS.

The following sections of this chapter describe trends for several performance measures and demonstrate how transportation investments for the next five years would advance the MPO's goals and objectives using available project data. These sections will be updated over time as the MPO integrates methods for monitoring federally required performance measures and others into its PBPP practice.

TRACKING PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND DEMONSTRATING PROGRESS TOWARD GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

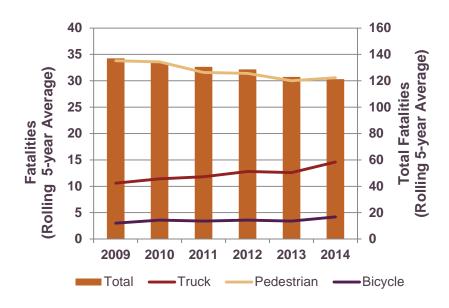
Safety—Using Performance Measures to Track Progress

Safety for all transportation modes continues to be a top priority for the Boston Region MPO. The MPO's goals commit to investing in projects and programs that reduce the severity of crashes for all modes.

The MPO tracks traffic fatalities and serious injuries in the Boston region using data on motor vehicle crashes to examine past trends, identify regional safety issues, and set future targets for preferred performance. Tracking these measures helps to gauge the effectiveness of MPO transportation investments in helping to reduce fatalities and injuries.

Between 2009 and 2014, traffic fatalities (based on a rolling five-year average) decreased from 137 fatalities in 2009 to 121 in 2014, a decline of 12 percent. Figure 4-3 shows the change in traffic fatalities by mode during this period and indicates that the decline in fatalities represents fewer automobile, pedestrian, and bicycle fatalities. Similarly, total traffic crashes and injuries declined by 24 percent and 25 percent, respectively, between 2009 and 2014. Information on injuries is shown in Figure 4-4.

FIGURE 4-3:
TRAFFIC FATALITIES IN THE BOSTON REGION BY MODE,
2009-2014

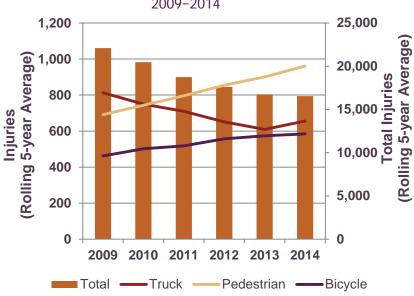


Sources: MassDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Fatality Reporting System, and the MassDOT Crash Data System.

Despite these overall gains, crashes and injuries involving pedestrians and bicyclists rose during this same period. Between 2009 and 2014, roughly two-thirds of pedestrian and bicycle crashes resulted in an injury. For pedestrian-involved crashes, the number of crashes increased by 22 percent and injuries by 39 percent. For bicyclist-involved crashes, the number of crashes increased by 17 percent and injuries by 27 percent.

In addition to pedestrian and bicycle safety issues, motor vehicle safety issues remain concerning. Though the number of traffic crashes is decreasing, there are a number of high-crash locations throughout the Boston region, including 69 of the Top 200 Crash Locations statewide.¹

FIGURE 4-4:
TRAFFIC INJURIES IN THE BOSTON REGION BY MODE,
2009-2014



Sources: MassDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Fatality Reporting System, and the MassDOT Crash Data System.

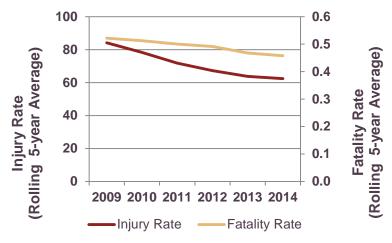
Figure 4-5 shows the change in the traffic fatality rate and traffic injury rate in the Boston region between 2009 and 2014; these rates are based on 100 million vehicle-miles traveled (VMT) and rolling five-year averages for fatalities, injuries, and VMT. During this period, the traffic fatality rate steadily declined by 12

¹ Source: MassDOT, 2014 Top Crash Locations Report, August 2016, http://www.massdot.state.ma.us/Portals/8/docs/traffic/CrashData/14TopCrashLocationsRpt.pdf.

percent from 0.52 fatalities per 100 million VMT to 0.46 fatalities per 100 million VMT. The traffic injury rate dropped by 26 percent, from 84 injuries per 100 million VMT to 62 injuries per 100 million VMT.

FIGURE 4-5:

TOTAL TRAFFIC INJURY RATE AND TRAFFIC FATALITY
RATE (PER 100 MILLION VEHICLE-MILES TRAVELED) IN THE
BOSTON REGION, 2009-2014



Sources: MassDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Fatality Reporting System, and the MassDOT Crash Data System.

In prioritizing its capital investments for the TIP, the MPO uses project-evaluation criteria to determine projects' ability to support the objective of reducing crash severity for all modes. These criteria assess the safety needs at locations where projects are proposed based on the equivalent property damage only (EPDO) method of assessing crash severity; this method applies weighting factors based on whether

motor vehicle crashes at the location involved property damage, injuries, or fatalities. These criteria also assess how well projects will address safety issues by considering proposed safety countermeasures that would be implemented.

Safety—Using Performance Measures to Demonstrate Progress

Within the TIP's Regional Target Program, 12 proposed highway investments will improve safety at 25 high-crash locations to reduce crash severity for all modes.²

Intersection Improvements

Three intersection improvement projects will enhance safety for automobiles, trucks, bicyclists, and pedestrians by implementing safety countermeasures at four high-crash locations: Derby Street, Whiting Street (Route 53) and Gardner Street in Hingham; Cabot Street at Dodge Street in Beverly; Cabot Street at Rantoul Street in Beverly; and Route 1 at University Avenue in Norwood.

Major Infrastructure

One example of a major infrastructure project that will improve safety is the Route 128 Add-a-Lane project, which will widen 3.25 miles of Interstate 95 in Needham and Wellesley to install an additional 12-foot travel lane and 10-foot shoulder in each direction

² The term "high-crash locations" refers to MassDOT-identified 2012-14 Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) clusters, which rank in the top five percent of crash clusters within each Regional Planning Agency (RPA) area. This ranking is based on a combination of factors, including EPDO index values based on motor vehicle crash data.

to address serious safety issues. The addition of a fourth travel lane will eliminate use of the breakdown lane during peak periods. Also, adding collector roads between Highland Avenue and Kendrick Streets will provide safer weaving movements between the interchanges.

Complete Streets

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program proposes 15 Complete Streets projects that will implement safety improvements at eight high-crash locations along corridors across the region. These corridor investments will provide safety improvements for automobiles, trucks, bicyclists, and pedestrians. In addition, improvements on these 15 corridors will provide safe and continuous accommodations for non-motorized users by adding 32 lane miles of new bicycle facilities and eight miles of new sidewalk.

For example, the reconstruction of Broadway in Chelsea will implement safety improvements that will address three high-crash locations along the one-mile corridor. In addition, reconstruction of Ferry Street in Everett will improve safe access for pedestrians to businesses, schools, and bus stops along the corridor by providing continuous sidewalks and improved crossings.

System Preservation—Tracking Performance Measures

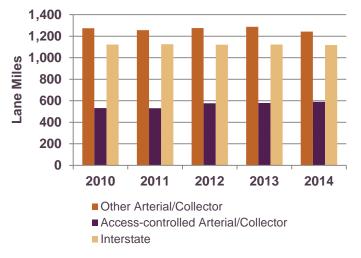
System preservation is a priority for the Boston Region MPO because the region's transportation infrastructure is aging. The demands placed on highway and transit facilities have been taxing to the point that routine maintenance is insufficient to keep up with the need. As a result, there is a significant backlog of maintenance and state-of-good-repair work to be done on the highway and transit systems, including on bridges, roadway pavement, transit rolling stock, and traffic- and transit-control equipment.

As of 2014, MassDOT's Pavement Management Program monitored approximately 4,150 lane miles of interstate, access-controlled arterial and collector roadways, and other arterial and collector roadways in the Boston region.³ It has been the policy of the MPO not to fund resurfacing-only projects through the TIP. However, the MPO does make funding decisions for roadway reconstruction projects that include resurfacing, usually full-depth reconstruction, in addition to other design elements.

Figure 4-6 displays the number of lane miles in the Boston region—sorted by roadway classification—that were in *good* condition, based on International Roughness Index ratings, between 2010 and 2014. The figure indicates that, during this period, the number of lane miles in good condition on MassDOTmaintained roadways has remained relatively constant for 1) interstates, 2) access-controlled arterials and collectors, and 3) other arterials and collectors. Specifically, the total number of interstate miles in *good* condition has remained relatively consistent over this period, while the total number of access-controlled arterial and collector miles in good condition has increased by 11 percent, and the total number of other arterial and collector miles in good condition has declined by about two percent.

³ This monitoring accounts for approximately 46 percent of the interstate, arterial, and collector roadways (approximately 9,100 lane miles) in the Commonwealth, according to the Boston Region MPO lane miles listed in the MassDOT's 2014 Road Inventory Year-End Report.

FIGURE 4-6:
LANE MILES OF PAVEMENT IN GOOD CONDITION IN THE BOSTON REGION BY ROADWAY CLASSIFICATION, 2010-2014



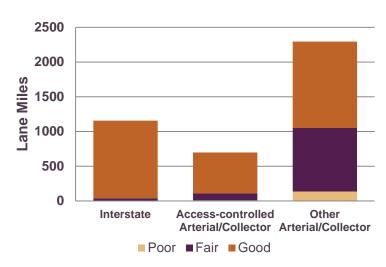
Note: This chart reflects data recorded in the year-end Massachusetts Road Inventory files for 2010 through 2014. The lane miles for each year in this chart were calculated using pavement condition data from the past five years to account for data collection cycles and data processing. *Good, fair, and poor* classifications are based on International Roughness Index (IRI) ratings.

Source: MassDOT Pavement Management Program.

Figure 4-7 shows the number of interstate, access-controlled arterial and collector, and other arterial and collector lane miles that are in *good*, *fair*, or *poor* condition. According to data on measured roadways from the 2014 year-end Massachusetts Road Inventory file, approximately 71 percent of roadway lane miles are in *good* condition, 25 percent are in *fair* condition, and four percent are in *poor* condition—which meets MassDOT's performance measure of at least 65 percent of the pavement in *good* condition. However, MassDOT-maintained arterial and collector

roadways (without access controls) continue to account for a disproportionate share of substandard roadway lane miles. This roadway type accounted for 55 percent of the monitored roadway lane miles, but about 88 percent of the roadway lane miles that are in substandard condition.

FIGURE 4-7:
PAVEMENT CONDITION IN THE BOSTON REGION BY ROADWAY CLASSIFICATION



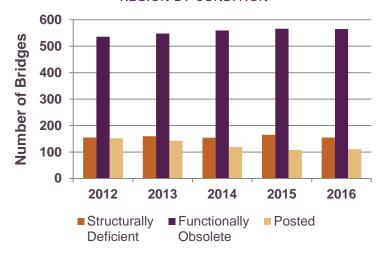
Note: This chart reflects data recorded in the year-end 2014 Massachusetts Road Inventory file, which includes pavement data collected primarily in 2013. *Good, fair*, and *poor* classifications are based on International Roughness Index (IRI) ratings.

Source: MassDOT Pavement Management Program.

MassDOT also monitors the condition of its bridges across the state. There are 2,866 bridges located within the Boston region. Some are in substandard condition because they have been deemed by

MassDOT bridge inspectors to be structurally deficient, functionally obsolete, or weight restricted (posted). Figure 4-8 displays the number of substandard bridges in the Boston region by condition between 2012 and 2016. During this period, the percentage of structurally deficient bridges remained relatively constant, varying between five and six percent of all bridges in the region. The share of functionally obsolete bridges increased from 19 to 20 percent, and the share of posted bridges declined from five to four percent.

FIGURE 4-8:
NUMBERS OF SUBSTANDARD BRIDGES IN THE BOSTON
REGION BY CONDITION



Source: MassDO1 Bridge Inventory.

In prioritizing its capital investments for the TIP, the MPO uses project-evaluation criteria to assess how well each project improves pavement, bridge, signal, and transit asset condition to advance the MPO's goal

of maintaining a state of good repair on the region's transportation system.

System Preservation—Demonstrating Progress Using Performance Measures

Virtually all of the Regional Target Program investments in the TIP advance the MPO's system preservation goal to maintain the transportation system by improving pavement condition, traffic signal equipment, or sidewalk infrastructure; prioritizing projects that enable improved emergency response; or improving the resiliency of the transportation system to extreme weather conditions. In addition, the Regional Target Program highway investments contribute modestly to bridge preservation. Yet, the MassDOT Bridge Program remains the primary funding source for replacement or rehabilitation of substandard bridges.

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP's Regional Target Program investments will improve approximately 67 lane miles of substandard pavement traveled daily by nearly 573,000 vehicles; 47 miles of substandard sidewalk; and 10 substandard bridges traveled daily by approximately 326,900 vehicles. In addition, there are 19 projects that will improve emergency response or make the transportation system more resilient to extreme weather conditions.

Intersection Improvements

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP's Regional Target Program will improve substandard pavement at seven locations and will also improve emergency response or make the transportation system more resilient to extreme weather conditions.

Complete Streets

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program will resurface or reconstruct more than 38 lane miles of substandard pavement; repair 27 miles of sidewalk infrastructure; and rehabilitate one substandard bridge on an arterial roadway. In addition, there are nine projects that will improve emergency response or make the transportation more resilient to extreme weather conditions.

For example, the reconstruction of Ferry Street in Everett will resurface more than three lane miles of substandard pavement while bringing six traffic signals, substandard sidewalks, street lighting, signs, and pavement markings into a state of good repair.

The reconstruction of Route 1A in Walpole will resurface nearly five lane miles of substandard pavement; repair nearly five miles of substandard sidewalk; signalize four intersections; and improve one substandard bridge.

Major Infrastructure

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP's Regional Target Program will resurface or reconstruct approximately 25 lane miles of substandard pavement, and improve more than 15 miles of sidewalk infrastructure and nine substandard bridges. In addition, there are five projects that will improve emergency response or make the transportation more resilient to extreme weather conditions.

For example, the reconstruction of Highland Avenue and Needham Street in Newton and Needham will improve four lane miles of substandard pavement, three miles of sidewalk infrastructure, and one substandard bridge, while bringing traffic signals, street lighting, signs, and pavement markings into a state of good repair.

The Route 128 Add-a-Lane project will replace one structurally deficient bridge and three functionally obsolete bridges as part of widening Interstate 95 in Needham and Wellesley.

Capacity Management/Mobility—Tracking Performance Measures

Through its goal and objectives for capacity management and mobility, the MPO seeks to maximize the region's existing transportation system so that both people and goods can move reliably and connect to key destinations. The Boston region is mature in development, which creates challenges to making major changes to its transportation infrastructure.

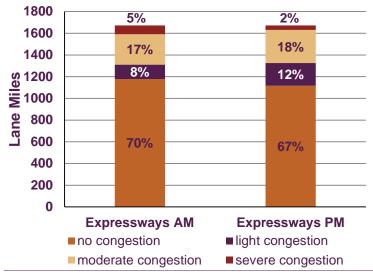
In order to determine how well the region's roadways are performing, the MPO applies performance measures that gauge the duration, extent, intensity, and reliability (or regularity) of the occurrence of congestion. MPO staff analyzed congestion in the region using the CMP Express Highway and Arterial Performance Dashboards to establish a baseline for future comparison. MPO staff established congestion thresholds based on travel time index (TTI), which is the average peak-period travel time divided by free-flow travel time. When the average peak-period travel time equals free-flow travel time, the index equals one (1); higher values indicate more congestion.

MPO staff established the following congestion thresholds based on TTI:

- No congestion (TTI less than 1.15)
- Light congestion (TTI between 1.15 and 1.29)
- Moderate congestion (TTI between 1.3 and 2.0)
- Severe congestion (TTI greater than 2.0)

Figure 4-9 displays the percentage of lane miles of congestion based on TTI on the CMP-monitored expressway network. In the Boston region, 22 percent of all expressway lane miles in the AM peak period and 20 percent of all expressway lane miles in PM peak period experience moderate to severe congestion.

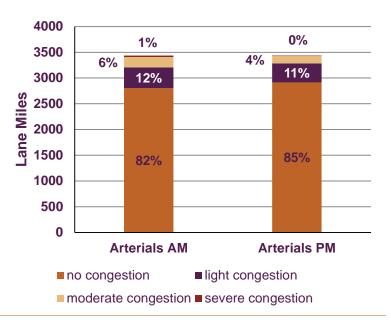
FIGURE 4-9:
LANE MILES OF CONGESTION IN THE BOSTON REGION:
CMP-MONITORED EXPRESSWAYS



Source: Boston Region MPO Congestion Management Process (2012 INRIX data).

The measure of lane miles of congestion was significantly less for the arterial network. Figure 4-10 displays the percentage of lane miles of congestion based on TTI on the CMP arterial network. For the arterial network, only seven percent of arterials in the AM peak period and four percent of arterials in the PM peak period experience moderate to severe congestion.

FIGURE 4-10:
LANE MILES OF CONGESTION IN THE BOSTON REGION:
CMP-MONITORED ARTERIALS



Source: Boston Region MPO Congestion Management Process (2012 INRIX data).

Moving forward, the MPO will continue to monitor roadway congestion data to track system performance. This annual analysis will depend on

routinely updated data sources, which may require the purchase of INRIX data or other comparable data.

As the MPO integrates methods for monitoring federally required system reliability, congestion reduction, and freight movement performance measures into its PBPP practice, it will report information specific to these measures.

In prioritizing its capital investments in the TIP, the MPO uses evaluation criteria to assess how well each project expands transportation options or helps reduce congestion and delay to advance the MPO's goal of managing capacity and improving mobility.

Capacity Management/Mobility— Demonstrating Progress Using Performance Measures

The MPO seeks to manage capacity on its transportation network and improve mobility for its users by extending transit service to provide alternatives to the single-occupancy vehicle (SOV) mode of travel, adding roadway capacity at bottleneck locations, and implementing traffic and operational improvements along congested corridors.

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program highway investments will add 71 lane miles of bicycle facilities, add 10 miles of new sidewalk, and improve intermodal connections and/or access to transit at 24 locations. In addition, these investments would result in about 9,700 hours of reduced daily vehicle delay.⁴

Intersection Improvements

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program will add five lane miles of bicycle lanes and over a mile of sidewalk infrastructure, and will improve intermodal connections and/or access to transit as a result of four projects. Combined, Intersection Improvement Program investments are expected to result in more than 1,970 hours of reduced daily vehicle delay.

Complete Streets

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program will add nearly 32 lane miles of bicycle facilities; eight miles of new sidewalk infrastructure; and improve intermodal connections and/or connections to transit along 13 corridors.

For example, the reconstruction of Route 126 (Pond Street) in Ashland will transform the corridor by adding sidewalks and bicycle lanes where no such facilities currently exist. These improvements for bicyclists and pedestrians will provide the necessary facilities to support access to existing MetroWest Regional Transit Authority (MWRTA) bus services in the corridor. In addition, the Gateway East project in Brookline will provide safe access for bicyclists by implementing bicycle lanes that physically separate the facility from the travel lane to reduce conflicts between motorists and bicyclists.

⁴ Calculations for reduced daily vehicle delay were conducted for a set of projects that exclude several highway projects that were included in the air quality modeling results in *Charting Progress to 2040*.

Major Infrastructure

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program highway investments will add more than 19 lane miles of bicycle facilities, nearly a mile of sidewalk infrastructure, and improve intermodal connections and/or access to transit along four corridors.

For example, the reconstruction of Route 18 (Main Street) in Weymouth will improve an arterial bottleneck location by widening a four-mile section of the corridor from two to four lanes. In addition, the project will expand transportation options by adding eight miles of bicycle lanes. The Route 128 Add-a-Lane project will improve an express highway bottleneck location by widening 3.25 miles of Interstate 95 in Needham and Wellesley.

Transportation Equity—Tracking Performance Measures

The MPO's transportation equity goals are to ensure that all residents fairly share the benefits and burdens of its transportation planning decisions, have opportunities to participate in the transportation planning process, and have a voice in the selection of the transportation investments in their communities. To this end, the MPO systematically integrates the concerns of specific populations it has identified as transportation equity populations into its planning process and strives to address these concerns through its selection of transportation projects.

Several populations are considered transportation equity populations by the MPO; their needs are specifically considered at the various stages of the MPO's planning process—including analyses of benefits and burdens, project evaluation, and public

outreach. These populations include minorities, the elderly (75 years or older), people with limited English proficiency (LEP), low income households, zerovehicle households, and people with disabilities. These populations include those that are protected by federal laws and regulations—such as minorities and persons with disabilities—as well as those that are not covered by federal laws or regulations but are of interest to the MPO from an equity standpoint (such as zero-vehicle households).

The MPO's equity considerations are rooted in several federal regulations and presidential executive orders, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Executive Order 12898 (addressing environmental justice), the Americans with Disabilities Act, and other US Department of Transportation orders. (For more information on these laws and orders, see Chapter 1.)

The MPO's project evaluation process analyzes the extent to which projects that are considered for funding through the TIP would potentially serve transportation equity populations. Table 4-5 lists each transportation equity population group and the percentage of the Boston region's total population that falls into each category.

TABLE 4-5:
TRANSPORTATION EQUITY POPULATIONS
IN THE BOSTON REGION

Transportation Equity Category	Equity Population ^a	Boston Region Total Population ^a	Share of Boston Region Total Population
Minority Population	878,118	3,161,712	27.8%
Limited English Proficiency Population ^b	312,343	2,985,344	10.5%
Elderly Population (75 years and older)	211,347	3,161,712	6.7%
Persons with Disabilities ^c	314,010	3,129,938	10.0%
Low-Income Households ^d	399,607	1,243,189	32.1%
Zero-Vehicle Households	196,718	1,243,189	15.8%

a: For the minority, LEP, elderly, and persons with disabilities categories, the amounts in the "Equity Population" and "Boston Region Total Populations" columns reflect numbers of people. For the low-income and zero-vehicle household categories, the amounts in these columns reflect numbers of households. b: Limited English proficiency is tabulated for the population aged five and older: c: Disability status is tabulated for the civilian noninstitutionalized population. d: The median household income in the Boston region was \$76,040 in 2010-14. The MPO's low-income threshold is 60 percent of this value, or \$45,624.

Sources: 2010 U S Census, 2010-14 American Community Survey.

Transportation Equity—Demonstrating Progress Using Performance Measures

The MPO's transportation investments advance transportation equity by prioritizing projects with the potential to serve transportation equity populations. When conducting evaluations of proposed TIP projects, the MPO examines whether each project has the potential to serve one or more of these populations by examining the share each equity population comprises of the total population within one-half mile of the project. This share is then compared to the share that each transportation equity population group makes up of the total Boston region population. Appendix A lists the results for each evaluated project.

Table 4-6 provides a illustrative comparison of the transportation equity populations that may be served by the Green Line Extension and the highway projects programmed in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP (funded by Regional Targets) to the total population that may be served by these investments (based on proximity to the project, as defined above).

The table shows that the share of each group that may be served by these Regional Target-funded projects (of the total population served by these projects) approaches or exceeds the share each group comprises of the total Boston region population (shown in Table 4-5).

TABLE 4-6:
TRANSPORTATION EQUITY POPULATIONS NEAR FFYS 201822 REGIONAL TARGET-FUNDED TIP PROJECTS

Transportation Equity Category	Equity Population in Project Area ^{a,b}	Total Population in Project Area ^{a,b}	Share of Population in Project Area
Minority Population	145,386	413,470	35.2%
Limited English Proficiency Population ^c	56,828	391,374	14.5%
Elderly Population	21,730	413,470	5.3%
Persons with Disabilities ^d	38,991	408,711	9.5%
Low-Income Households ^e	63,707	166,809	38.2%
Zero-Vehicle Households	41,566	166,809	24.9%

a: For minority, LEP, elderly, and persons with disabilities populations, the numbers in the "Equity Population in a Project Area" and "Share of Population in Project Area" columns reflect numbers of people. For the low-income and zero-vehicle household categories, the numbers in these columns reflect the number of households. b: This analysis examines populations located within a one-half mile buffer of FFYs 2018-22 TIP projects. c: Limited English proficiency is tabulated for the population aged five and older: d: Disability status is tabulated for the civilian noninstitutionalized population. e: The median household income in the Boston region was \$76,040 in 2010-14. The low income threshold is 60 percent of this value, or \$45,624.

Sources: 2010 U S Census, 2010-14 American Community Survey,

The results of this analysis indicate that the communities benefitting from these projects generally have a larger percentage of transportation equity populations than the Boston region as a whole.

However, this analysis uses a very basic approach for understanding how various transportation equity populations may be affected by TIP projects, and it also only includes a subset of all projects described in the TIP (statewide roadway and transit projects are not included).

The MPO is continuing to evaluate more sophisticated methods for conducting equity analyses on Regional Target-funded projects to ensure the equitable distribution of benefits and burdens from these projects across all communities in the Boston region. For instance, MPO staff are investigating data sources and analytical techniques to determine the most effective and appropriate ways to factor transportation equity populations into equity analyses. Future TIPs will describe new performance metrics and analyses as new methods are implemented.

Clean Air/Clean Communities— Tracking Performance Measures

The Boston Region MPO agrees that greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions contribute to climate change. If climate trends continue as projected, the conditions in the Boston region will include a rise in sea level coupled with storm-induced flooding, and warmer temperatures that would affect the region's infrastructure, economy, human health, and natural resources. Massachusetts is responding to this challenge by taking action to reduce the GHGs produced in the state, including those generated by the transportation sector. To that end, Massachusetts passed its Global Warming Solutions Act, which requires reductions of GHGs by 2020, and further reductions by 2050, relative to 1990 baseline conditions.

In prioritizing its capital investments for the TIP and to advance the MPO's goal of promoting clean air and clean communities, the MPO uses evaluation criteria to assess the projected transportation-related emissions of each project. For more information about the MPO's GHG monitoring and evaluation activities, see Appendix C.

Clean Air/Clean Communities— Demonstrating Progress Using Performance Measures

The MPO's transportation investments advance its goal of creating an environmentally friendly transportation system by prioritizing projects that reduce GHGs and other transportation-related emissions as well as those that address environmental problems.

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program highway investments are estimated to reduce nearly 12,200 annual tons of carbon dioxide (CO₂) and more than 18,300 annual kilograms of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), nitrogen oxides (NOx), and carbon monoxide (CO) because of traffic flow improvements and increased bicycle and pedestrian travel.⁵

Intersection Improvements

The Intersection Improvement projects in the FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program are estimated to reduce approximately 1,940 annual tons of CO₂ and 2,200 annual kilograms of VOC, NOx, and CO

because of traffic flow improvements and increased bicycle and pedestrian travel.

Complete Streets

The Complete Streets projects in the FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program are estimated to reduce more than 5,680 annual tons of CO₂ and more than 8,900 annual kilograms of VOC, NOx, and CO because of traffic flow improvements and increased bicycle and pedestrian travel.

For example, the reconstruction of Boylston Street in Boston will provide significant reductions in vehicle delay through improvements at five intersections, and encourage increased bicycle and pedestrian trips through safer pedestrian crossings and new bicycle lanes.

Major Infrastructure

The Major Infrastructure highway projects in the FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program are estimated to reduce more than 4,470 annual tons of CO₂ and nearly 6,690 annual kilograms of VOC, NOx, and CO because of traffic-flow improvements and increased bicycle and pedestrian travel.⁶

For example, the reconstruction of Highland Avenue and Needham Street in Newton and Needham will provide significant reductions in vehicle delay through intersection improvements, and encourage increased bicycle and pedestrian trips via safer pedestrian crossings and new bicycle lanes.

⁵ Calculations for carbon dioxide and other emission reductions exclude several highway projects that were included in the air quality modeling results in *Charting Progress to 2040*.

⁶ Calculations for carbon dioxide and other emission reductions exclude several highway projects that were included in the air quality modeling results in *Charting Progress to 2040*.

Economic Vitality—Tracking Performance Measures

The MPO seeks to ensure that the transportation network provides a strong foundation for an economically vibrant region, and for that reason, the MPO has set a goal for enhancing economic vitality. This goal supports the Boston region's land-use plan, MetroFuture, which was developed by the Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC).

One of MetroFuture's strategies is to coordinate transportation investments to guide economic growth in the region. MAPC worked with its state partners at the Executive Office of Housing and Economic Development (EOHED) and the Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs (EOEEA), as well as municipalities, to identify locations throughout the region appropriate for building housing stock and siting employers, and for preserving open space in the future. They also identified the infrastructure improvements required to support the outcomes planned for these local, regional, and state-level priority development and preservation areas.

This process identified locations that are best suited to support the type of continued economic vitality and future growth that the market demands, and which communities desire. Identifying these key growth and preservation locations also helps MAPC, the Boston Region MPO, and state agencies to understand both the infrastructure and technical-assistance needs required to support MetroFuture's vision and to prioritize limited regional and state funding for development and land preservation.

The MPO has not yet established performance measures to track the coordination of land-use

development and transportation investments. However, the MPO uses evaluation criteria to assess how well each project considered for TIP funding advances MetroFuture's land-use planning. This means supporting investments in locations that have already been developed for residential, commercial, or industrial use; locations with adequate sewer and water infrastructure; areas identified for economic development by state, regional, and local planning; and areas with a relatively high density of existing development.

Economic Vitality—Demonstrating Progress Using Performance Measures

The MPO's transportation investments advance economic vitality by prioritizing projects that provide access by multiple transportation modes to targeted development areas and that serve areas of concentrated development. The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program includes 21 highway investments that provide multimodal access to targeted development areas and 29 highway investments that serve areas of concentrated development.

Intersection Improvements

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program includes four Intersection Improvements projects that provide multimodal access to targeted development areas that are well suited to support continued economic vitality and future growth.

Complete Streets

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program includes 11 Complete Streets projects that provide

multimodal access to targeted development areas. For example, the reconstruction of Route 27 (North Main Street) in Natick will provide access to a 40R site located at the former Paperboard site at 182 North Main Street.

Major Infrastructure

The FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target Program includes five Major Infrastructure projects that provide multimodal access to five targeted development areas well suited to support continued economic vitality and future growth.

For example, the reconstruction of Rutherford Avenue in Boston, Route 18 (Main Street) in Weymouth, and Highland Avenue and Needham Street in Newton and Needham will expand transportation options and enhance access to transit to support future growth and facilitate new development.

In addition, the reconstruction of Highland Avenue and Needham Street in Newton and Needham will leverage other investments in the form of an EOHED MassWorks award. This award will fund reconstruction of two intersections within the limits of the corridor reconstruction to address safety and congestion and support future development.

Figure 4-11 describes how the FFYs 2018–22 Regional Target-funded highway projects address various performance areas.

FFYs 2018-22 TIP Target Program: Highway Projects by the Numbers

Between FFY 2018 and 2022, the MPO plans to fund



These projects will happen in



These projects will address safety and help preserve the transportation system by improving



10 substandard bridges



47 miles of substandard sidewalk



67 lane miles of substandard roadways



locations to allow for better emergency response or make the transportation system more resilient to extreme weather conditions

These projects will improve safety by addressing



across the following investment programs:



These projects will also enhance the system by:



Adding capacity and access:

- 10 new miles to sidewalk network
- 71 new lane miles to bike network
- 24 projects improve intermodal connections or access to transit
- 21 projects improve access to targeted development areas



Reducing Delay:

9,700 hours reduced per day



Addressing equity and the environment:

- 12,200 tons of CO₂ reduced per year
 - 25 projects addressing transportation equity populations

Source: MPO Evaluations of FFYs 2018–22 TIP Target Program Highway Projects HSIP: Highway Safety Improvement Program

NEXT STEPS IN ADVANCING PERFORMANCE MEASURES

As mentioned previously, two major next steps for the Boston Region MPO will be to

- establish a set of performance measures to track on an ongoing basis, including federally required measures and other measures of interest; and
- set targets for federally required measures, and potentially other measures.

Target Setting for Federally Required Measures

States and MPOs are required to establish targets for the highway performance measures listed in Table 4-3. States will establish targets according to schedules established in various rulemakings on performance measures. Once these state targets have been set, for each measure. MPOs will decide whether to

- agree to plan and program projects to contribute to the achievement of the state target; or
- set a separate target for the metropolitan planning area.

The Boston Region MPO participates in the Transportation Program Managers Group's subcommittee on performance measures, which is made up of staff of MassDOT and MPOs across the Commonwealth. The subcommittee focuses on performance measure and target coordination and shares knowledge and information regarding target-

setting. The subcommittee will determine how MPOs will work with MassDOT's targets as the MPOs decide whether to support a statewide target or set separate targets for their regions. During FFYs 2017 and 2018, the Boston Region MPO will set targets for highway performance measures.

Public transportation operators and MPOs are required to establish targets for the transit performance measures listed in Table 4-2. The Boston Region MPO has and will continue to coordinate with the MBTA, the MWRTA, and the Cape Ann Transportation Authority (CATA) on their target-setting processes. The input from these transit operators will inform how the Boston Region MPO sets transit-related targets.

As the MPO's targets for highway and transit performance measures are established, future TIPs will describe these targets, and how the MPO anticipates that TIP investments will help achieve them.

Other Performance Measure and Target Development

The FAST Act's requirements for performance management form the backbone of the Boston Region MPO's PBPP process. However, the MPO may choose to monitor other performance measures related to its goals in addition to those that are federally required. During FFYs 2017 and 2018, the MPO will review other potential performance measures to see whether there are others it wishes to track on an ongoing basis. As part of this process, the

MPO may choose to establish targets for some of these measures.

Ongoing Performance-based Planning and Programming Activities

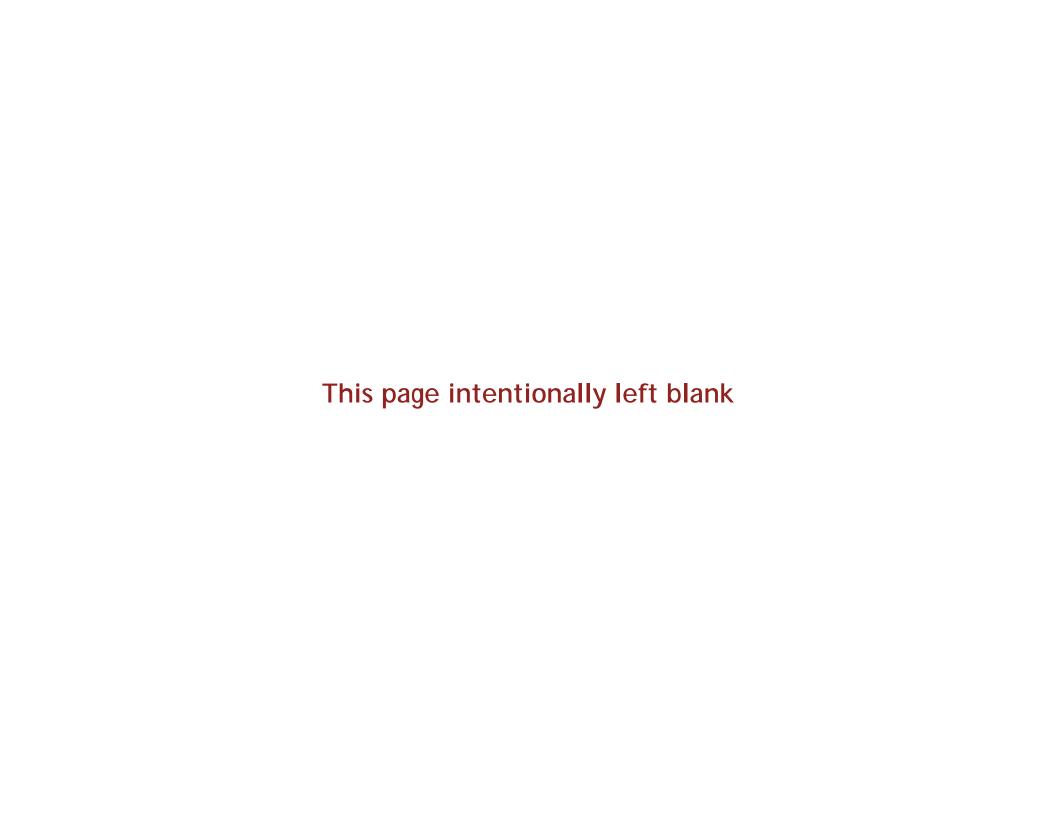
Performance-based planning is an ongoing process that will continue to evolve as the MPO monitors and evaluates its planning and investment programs using performance measures. In addition to establishing measures and setting targets, the MPO will advance performance-based planning through its core planning documents by

- continuing scenario planning to explore how various transportation investments made through the LRTP would support various goals and performance areas;
- tracking annual progress toward goals and objectives through TIP programming;
- considering performance-based planning needs and issues when deciding what activities to fund through the UPWP; and
- continuing to collect data and to monitor system level trends to guide investment decisions.

In future years, if in its annual monitoring the MPO sees that it is not making progress toward its targets, then the organization will need to consider modifying investment or policy priorities, and weigh the tradeoffs involved.

For example, allocating a greater share of funding to intersection improvements at high-crash locations may make significant progress toward reducing traffic fatalities and serious injuries; however, it also may

affect the MPO's ability to meet system preservation targets for pavement or bridge conditions. By continuously monitoring and evaluating its progress, the MPO will be able to make these difficult decisions across competing goals and objectives in a more informed manner, resulting in greater outcomes for all concerned.



5 CHAPTER FIVE Determination of Air Quality Conformity

BACKGROUND

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts—with the exception of the islands of Dukes County—meets federal air quality standards for ground-level ozone. Therefore, the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is not required to perform a conformity determination for ozone for its Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) or Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) to prove that new transportation projects will not result in emission levels that violate the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS).

In addition, the requirement to perform a conformity determination for carbon monoxide for several cities in the Boston region has expired. On April 1, 1996, the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) classified the cities of Boston, Cambridge, Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Medford, Quincy, Revere, and Somerville as in attainment (in compliance) for carbon monoxide emissions. Subsequently, a carbon monoxide maintenance plan was set up through the Massachusetts State Implementation Plan (SIP) to ensure that emission levels did not increase. As the maintenance plan was in effect, past LRTPs included an air-quality conformity analysis for these

communities. As of April 1, 2016, however, the 20year maintenance period for this carbon monoxide maintenance area expired and transportation conformity is no longer required for this pollutant in these communities. This is documented in a letter from the EPA dated May 12, 2016.

On April 22, 2002, the City of Waltham was redesignated as being in attainment for carbon monoxide emissions with an EPA-approved limitedmaintenance plan. In areas that have approved limited-maintenance plans, federal actions requiring conformity determinations under the EPA's transportation conformity rule are considered to satisfy the "budget test" (as budgets are not treated as being constraining in these areas for the length of the initial maintenance period). Any requirements for future "project-level" conformity determinations for projects located within this community will continue to use a "hot-spot" analysis to ensure that any new transportation projects in this area do not cause or contribute to violations of the carbon monoxide NAAQS.

Therefore, the MPO is not required to perform modeling analyses for a conformity determination for ozone or carbon monoxide; it is only required to provide the statement in the paragraph above regarding the Waltham "attainment area" in the TIP. However, the MPO still is required to provide a status report on the timely implementation of projects and programs that will reduce emissions from transportation sources—so-called transportation control measures—which are included in the Massachusetts SIP. This status report is provided below.

Timely Implementation of Transportation Control Measures

Transportation control measures (TCMs) were submitted to EPA as SIP revisions in 1979 and 1982, and also as part of the Central Artery/Tunnel (CA/T) project. The TCMs in the 1979 and 1982 submissions were accomplished through construction or implementation of ongoing programs.

The TCMs submitted as part of the CA/T project mitigation have been documented in the LRTP as recommended or completed projects, except for the following three projects:

- Final design of the Red Line-Blue Line Connector, a connection between the Blue Line at Government Center and the Red Line at Charles Station in Boston; this commitment was removed from the SIP in December 2015
- Improvements to the Fairmount commuter rail line
- Green Line Extension, the extension of light rail from Lechmere Station in Cambridge to Medford Hillside and Union Square in Somerville

MassDOT works with the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement TCMs documented in the SIP, and continues to keep the Boston Region MPO informed of the status of these projects through monthly reports at the MPO's regularly scheduled meetings. The Boston Region MPO will continue to include relevant projects—including those implemented to provide equal or better emissions outcomes when the primary TMCs do not meet deadlines—in the LRTP and TIP until the process for completing all active TCMs has concluded. When the process has been completed, the MPO will amend the LRTP and future TIPs and their conformity determinations to document any changes (including any interim projects or programs).

A Status Report of Uncompleted SIP Projects

The status of the TCM SIP projects has been updated using the SIP Transit Commitments Status Report, submitted to DEP by MassDOT in June 2016, with updates from staff through April 2017. Highlights of the report are presented below. For a detailed description of these projects' status, please visit the MassDOT website at

www.massdot.state.ma.us/planning/Main/PlanningProcess/StateImplementationPlan/SIPTransitCommitmentSubmissions.aspx

Red Line-Blue Line Connector - Final Design - SIP Required Completion by December 2011

MassDOT initiated a process to amend the SIP to permanently and completely remove the obligation to prepare a final design of the Red Line-Blue Line Connector. To that end, MassDOT officially sought approval from DEP to support a SIP amendment process. MassDOT did not propose to substitute any new projects in place of the Red Line-Blue Line Connector commitment, given the absence of any airquality benefits associated with that project (final design only). Correspondence from MassDOT to DEP to formally initiate the amendment process was submitted on July 27, 2011. This letter is posted on MassDOT's website.

On September 13, 2012, DEP held two hearings to accept public comment on MassDOT's proposed amendments to regulation 310 CMR 7.36, *Transit System Improvements*. The proposed amendment would eliminate the requirement to complete the final design of the Red Line-Blue Line Connector. Sixteen people attended the hearings, ten of whom gave oral testimony. All who spoke at the hearings were in favor of DEP preserving the commitment. DEP accepted written testimony until September 24, 2012.

On August 23, 2013, EPA sent a letter to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to provide an update on Massachusetts' air quality conformity. In that letter, EPA noted that the project to design the Red Line-Blue Line Connector had not met its completion date of December 2011, but that MassDOT was not obligated to implement interim emission-reduction projects because no emission reductions were associated with the design of the project.

On October 8, 2013, DEP approved a request made by MassDOT in July 2011 to revise 310 CMR 7.36 to remove the requirement that MassDOT complete the design of the Red Line-Blue Line Connector. This revision to the SIP needed to be approved by EPA. The text of the revision is available on the MassDOT website at

www.massdot.state.ma.us/Portals/17/docs/sip/Octobe r13UpdatedSIPReg.pdf.

On December 8, 2015, EPA published a final rule in the *Federal Register* approving the SIP revision submitted by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on November 6, 2013. The final rule removes from the SIP the commitment to design the Red Line-Blue Line Connector project. Because this commitment has been removed, the status of this project will no longer be reported as part of conformity in future TIPs.

Funding Source: This commitment has been nullified.

Fairmount Line Improvements Project - SIP Required Completion by December 2011

The Four Corners and Newmarket Stations on the Fairmount commuter rail line opened for service on July 1, 2013. All change orders have been paid and the project is officially closed out. The Talbot Avenue Station opened in November 2012.

A station at Blue Hill Avenue has been the subject of significant community controversy during the past seven years. Redesign of the station reached the 100 percent design phase, with plans submitted to MassDOT in March 2016. In October 2016, MassDOT updated the public on the design plans and the next steps toward implementing the project. The project team is now advancing with the understanding that continued coordination with the community is

paramount. Construction is scheduled to begin in spring 2017, and the station to open in spring 2019.

MassDOT and the MBTA prepared a Petition to Delay and an Interim Emission Offset Plan to be implemented for the duration of the delay of the Fairmount Line Improvements project. MassDOT estimated the amount of emission reduction that would be expected from the implementation of the new Fairmount Line stations. With input from Fairmount Line stakeholders, MassDOT proposed offset measures that would meet emissions-reduction targets while the project remains under construction. The measures include providing shuttle bus service in Boston connecting Andrew Square to Boston Medical Center and increasing service on MBTA bus Route 31, which serves the Boston neighborhoods of Dorchester and Mattapan. These measures were implemented on January 2, 2012, and currently are in place.

Funding Source: The Commonwealth

Green Line Extension to Somerville and Medford Project – SIP Required Completion by December 2014

State-level environmental review, under the Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act (MEPA), was completed in July 2010. Documents from the federal-level environmental review, under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), were submitted to the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) in September 2011. A public hearing was held on October 20, 2011. A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was issued by FTA on July 9, 2012.

On January 5, 2015, the US Secretary of Transportation and the MBTA signed the Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) for the Green Line Extension (GLX) project, approving \$996,121,000 of FTA New Starts funding to support design and construction of the project. Execution of the FFGA was the result of many years of planning, design and pre-construction efforts by MassDOT and the MBTA. in collaboration with the FTA and its project management oversight consultant. Federal funding is scheduled to be paid between federal fiscal years 2015 and 2022. As noted in the MassDOT Capital Investment Plan (CIP) for fiscal year 2016, MassDOT and the MBTA would use Commonwealth funds in addition to federal funding to support design and construction activities.

As the project proceeded, it was later found that the estimated cost to construct the GLX project had grown from the \$1.992 billion project cost established in January 2015. The new total cost was projected between \$2.7 billion and \$3.0 billion. The Commonwealth's share of overall project costs would then be between \$1.7 billion and \$2.0 billion, rather than the initial budget of \$996 million.

With the federal contribution capped at \$996 million and the Commonwealth responsible for all project cost increases, MassDOT and the MBTA re-evaluated the GLX project in order to recommend to the Commonwealth if, and how, the project should proceed. Then MassDOT and the MBTA worked to identify opportunities to value engineer elements of the project in order to bring costs of the overall project closer to the original anticipated costs. The MBTA

Fiscal and Management Control Board (FMCB) and the MassDOT Board of Directors were briefed on August 24, 2015 and September 9, 2015, respectively, about these developments.

Before seeking additional state funding, MassDOT and the MBTA considered the following:

- All available options to reduce costs
- All available options to identify additional funding from sources other than the Commonwealth
- Whether or not to proceed with the GLX project

MassDOT and the MBTA actively sought stakeholder and public input on, as well as staff analysis of, several options.

Option 1 - Reduce the Project Scope and Project Costs

Downsize, delay, or eliminate the planned vehicle maintenance and storage facility.

Option 2 - Find Additional Sources of Funds, Other than State Bonds

Other sources could include the following:

- Reallocation of \$158 million programmed by the Boston Region MPO for a future extension of the Green Line to Route 16 in Medford; the MPO subsequently endorsed this action in Amendment Four of the 2016–20 TIP
- Contributions from municipal partners;
 Cambridge and Somerville subsequently committed \$75 million towards the project

- Institutional and private contributions
- Additional federal funding that could be obtained by the Massachusetts congressional delegation

Option 3 - Change Procurement Method

Halt the construction manager/general contractor (CM/GC) project-delivery process and rebid the project—in smaller contract packages—using a more traditional procurement method.

Option 4 - Mothball or Cancel the Project

On May 9, 2016, the MBTA FMCB and the MassDOT Board of Directors voted to advance a scaled-down version of the project by submitting a redesign to federal regulators and continuing with plans for financing the project.

The GLX project management team developed a new approach to the GLX project that focused on maintaining the same functionality and service plan of the former concept (so as to not diminish ridership, and air quality and transportation benefits), but to do so in a manner that utilized different construction approaches and designs to reduce costs. In addition, the project management team developed station designs and a vehicle maintenance facility that could provide the same function as originally envisioned, but that were greatly reduced in scope and costs.

Based on this redesign, the project management team developed a new project, which had a total capital cost estimate of \$2.28 billion. While this is an increase of 15 percent over the prior costs, it is far more affordable for the MBTA and MassDOT.

The MBTA is now moving forward on the project utilizing a design-build (DB) project delivery method. The MBTA issued an invitation to bid in November 2016 and identified three qualified DB teams. A draft request for proposal (RFP) was issued in March 2017. A final RFP will be issued in May 2017 with proposals and bids due in September 2017. The award of the contract will occur in November 2017 with construction beginning in the spring of 2018.

Prior to the cost increase, the project had been moving forward, with MassDOT and MBTA implementing a four-phased project-delivery plan.

Under the new project-delivery method, the contractor will be required to bring one branch of the system into revenue service in June 2021 and the second branch into service in September 2021. The vehicle maintenance facility will be available for use at the time of the opening of the first branch of service.

New Green Line Vehicles: The MBTA vehicle procurement contract to purchase 24 Type 9 vehicles was awarded to CAF USA Inc. in an amount not to exceed \$118,159,822 at the MassDOT Board meeting held on May 14, 2014. The notice to proceed for this contract was issued on September 4, 2014.

CAF is in the process of developing drawing packages for the preliminary design; and the MBTA project team and CAF continue to hold technical working sessions and project meetings. In addition, weekly project management meetings are held between MBTA and CAF to discuss project status,

short-term schedules, and priorities. Monthly project status meetings are held to review and discuss all project issues, including schedules, deliverables, and milestones.

The first vehicle is to be delivered no later than 36 months from the notice to proceed. The pilot car delivery is scheduled between September and October 2017. The pilot car will receive comprehensive testing for six months followed by delivery of the remaining 22 vehicles, with the last car to be delivered by August 2018. All vehicles are expected to be in service in early 2019, well in advance of the opening of revenue service.

Somerville Community Path: The previous design included the construction of the Community Path from south of Lowell Street to the Inner Belt area of Somerville. As part of the redesign of the project, the MBTA found that the section of the Community Path from East Somerville Station (formerly known as Washington Street Station) to the Cambridge/North Point area was cost prohibitive. As a result, the new design includes the Community Path from its current terminal at Lowell Street to East Somerville Station. The Path Extension is not part of the SIP commitment and is currently under reconsideration.

SIP Requirement Status

By filing an Expanded Environmental Notification Form, procuring multiple design consultants, and publishing Draft and Final Environmental Impact Reports, MassDOT met the first four interim milestones associated with the GLX project.

MassDOT—which has committed substantial

resources to the project, a top transportation priority of the Commonwealth and the largest expansion of the MBTA rapid transit system in decades—has transitioned the project from the planning and environmental review phases to design, engineering, and eventual construction, coupled with the tasks associated with applying for federal New Starts funding.

In the 2011 SIP Status Report, MassDOT reported that the GLX project would not meet the legal deadline of December 31, 2014.

The timeline for overall project completion listed above represents a substantial delay beyond the current SIP deadline of December 31, 2014; this delay triggered the need to provide interim emission reduction offset projects and measures for the period of the delay (beginning January 1, 2015). Working with the Central Transportation Planning Staff, MassDOT and the MBTA calculated the reductions of non-methane hydrocarbon, carbon monoxide, and nitrogen oxide—reductions equal to or greater than those projected for the GLX itself, as specified in the SIP regulation—that will be required for the period of the delay.

In June 2012, MassDOT released a list of potential mitigation ideas received from the public that could be used as offset measures. In the summer and fall of 2012, MassDOT elicited public comments on these potential measures. The MBTA created an internal working group to determine a final portfolio of interim mitigation measures to implement by December 31,

2014, the legal deadline for implementation of the GLX.

This work resulted in a recommendation to implement the following three interim mitigation measures, which collectively would meet the emissions-reduction target for the project:

- Additional off-peak service along existing routes serving the GLX corridor, including the Green Line, and MBTA bus Routes 80, 88, 91, 94, and 96
- Purchase of 142 new hybrid electric vehicles for the MBTA's paratransit service, THE RIDE
- Additional park-and-ride spaces at the Salem and Beverly intermodal facilities

The Petition to Delay was submitted to DEP on July 22, 2014. The petition expands further on the analysis and determination of the interim offset measures. DEP conditionally approved MassDOT's request to delay the project and the implementation of the above mitigation measures. Both the Petition to Delay and the Conditional Approval are available on MassDOT's website. These measures went into effect at the beginning of 2015 and will remain in place for as long as is necessary.

Funding Source: The Commonwealth

Russia Wharf Ferry Terminal

Former MassDOT Secretary Richard Davey approved construction of the permitted Russia Wharf Ferry Terminal in South Boston and a \$460,000 ferry-service startup subsidy in October 2012. The 2005

facility plans and specifications were revised to meet the latest MassDOT Highway Division standards. The bid package was issued in the fall of 2013. A contractor was selected and the notice to proceed was issued in April 2014. Pre-construction activities progressed, but contractual issues associated with the project design led MassDOT to decide to rebid the contract. The new submission is due in May 2017. There is no regularly scheduled passenger water transportation service in this area, nor are there any plans to provide such a service.

The City of Boston, however, is undertaking design and engineering work to address the Old Northern Avenue Bridge, which will consider ferry vessel clearance. The city received a grant in 2012 to purchase two ferry vessels for use in Boston's inner harbor, which could serve this ferry terminal. The Massachusetts Convention Center Authority (MCCA) is working with the City of Boston, MassDOT, and other agencies to develop a business plan for potential ferry service from Lovejoy Wharf to the South Boston waterfront, as recommended in the 2015 South Boston Waterfront Sustainable Transportation Plan. This business plan will include current and future demand projections for ferry ridership, the number and size of ferries needed to satisfy the demand, and the cost for this service. The business plan should be completed in summer 2017, at which time MCCA could take over the City of Boston's grant to help with future costs.

Funding Source: The Commonwealth

6 CHAPTER SIX Financial Constraint

The Boston Region MPO has the discretion to allocate its share of funds from the Federal-Aid Highway Program—the MPO's Regional Targets—to projects identified as regional priorities as it sees fit. However, the allocation of those funds is constrained by projections of available federal aid.

As shown in the table below, the MPO has programmed its discretionary funds within the limits of projected funding for highway funding programs. As such, the FFYs 2018–22 TIP Regional Target highway funding program complies with financial constraint requirements.

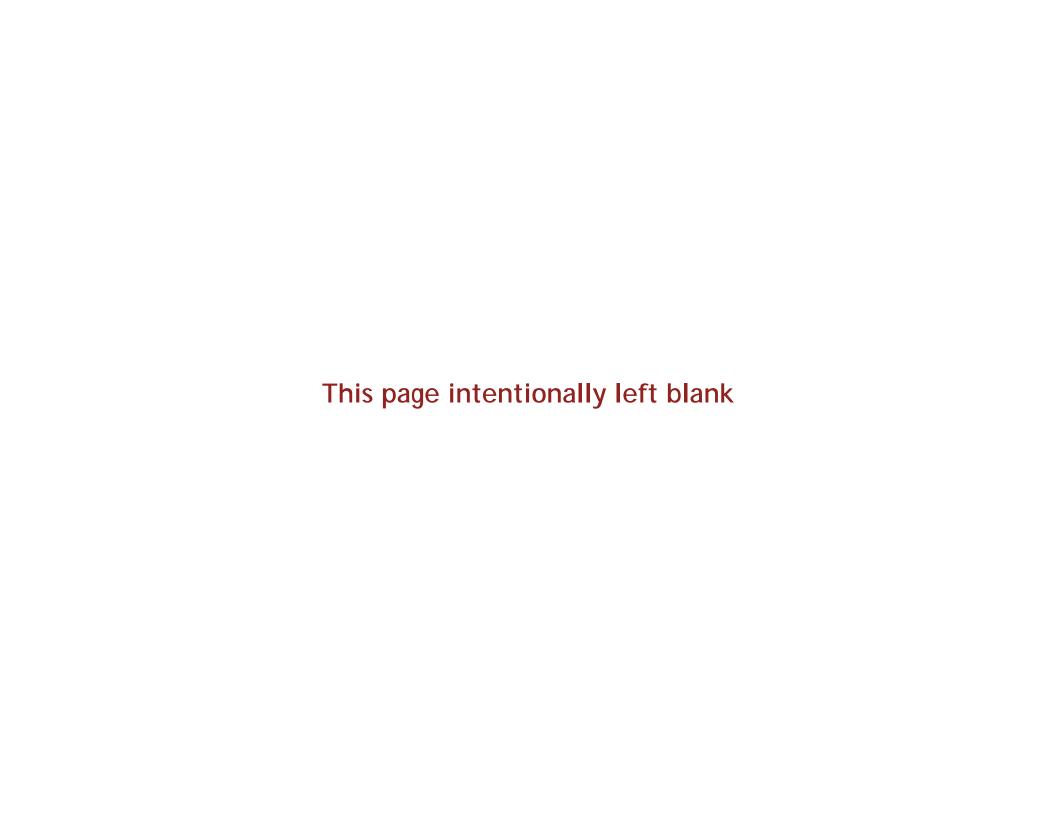
TABLE 6-1:

Boston Region MPO Regional Target Highway Funding Program MPO Discretionary Funds Sourced from the Federal-Aid Highway Program (including state matching funds, but excluding earmarked funds)

FFY 2018	FFY 2019	FFY 2020	FFY 2021	FFY 2022	FFYs 2018–22
\$95,038,936	\$98,794,261	\$98,029,447	\$100,298,109	\$101,539,859	\$493,700,612
\$95,024,497	\$98,754,989	\$98,013,787	\$100,298,109	\$101,539,859	\$493,631,241
\$77,071,365	\$80,826,690	\$80,061,876	\$82,330,538	\$83,572,288	\$403,862,757
\$73,487,024	\$61,376,260	\$73,489,573	\$79,949,790	\$82,858,135	\$371,160,782
\$1,988,367	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,988,367
\$10,741,776	\$10,741,776	\$10,741,776	\$10,741,776	\$10,741,776	\$53,708,880
<i>\$15,427,220</i>	\$20,905,547	\$17,427,220	\$13,020,271	\$13,000,000	\$79,780,258
\$4,296,710	\$4,296,710	\$4,296,710	\$4,296,710	\$4,296,710	\$21,483,550
\$611,547	\$6,984,151	\$2,319,644	\$3,849,316	\$2,631,724	\$16,396,382
\$2,929,085	\$2,929,085	\$2,929,085	\$2,929,085	\$2,929,085	\$14,645,425
\$5,498,706	\$9,489,031	\$4,777,350	\$3,478,732	\$3,050,000	\$26,293,819
	\$95,038,936 \$95,024,497 \$77,071,365 \$73,487,024 \$1,988,367 \$10,741,776 \$15,427,220 \$4,296,710 \$611,547 \$2,929,085	\$95,038,936 \$98,794,261 \$95,024,497 \$98,754,989 \$77,071,365 \$80,826,690 \$73,487,024 \$61,376,260 \$1,988,367 \$0 \$10,741,776 \$10,741,776 \$15,427,220 \$20,905,547 \$4,296,710 \$4,296,710 \$611,547 \$6,984,151 \$2,929,085 \$2,929,085	\$95,038,936\$98,794,261\$98,029,447\$95,024,497\$98,754,989\$98,013,787\$77,071,365\$80,826,690\$80,061,876\$73,487,024\$61,376,260\$73,489,573\$1,988,367\$0\$0\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$15,427,220\$20,905,547\$17,427,220\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$611,547\$6,984,151\$2,319,644\$2,929,085\$2,929,085\$2,929,085	\$95,038,936\$98,794,261\$98,029,447\$100,298,109\$95,024,497\$98,754,989\$98,013,787\$100,298,109\$77,071,365\$80,826,690\$80,061,876\$82,330,538\$73,487,024\$61,376,260\$73,489,573\$79,949,790\$1,988,367\$0\$0\$0\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$15,427,220\$20,905,547\$17,427,220\$13,020,271\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$611,547\$6,984,151\$2,319,644\$3,849,316\$2,929,085\$2,929,085\$2,929,085	\$95,038,936\$98,794,261\$98,029,447\$100,298,109\$101,539,859\$95,024,497\$98,754,989\$98,013,787\$100,298,109\$101,539,859\$77,071,365\$80,826,690\$80,061,876\$82,330,538\$83,572,288\$73,487,024\$61,376,260\$73,489,573\$79,949,790\$82,858,135\$1,988,367\$0\$0\$0\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$10,741,776\$15,427,220\$20,905,547\$17,427,220\$13,020,271\$13,000,000\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$4,296,710\$611,547\$6,984,151\$2,319,644\$3,849,316\$2,631,724\$2,929,085\$2,929,085\$2,929,085\$2,929,085

FFY: Federal Fiscal Year (October 1-September 30); STPBG: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (formerly Surface Transportation Program or STP); CMAQ: Congestion Mitigation Air Quality Improvement Program; HSIP: Highway Safety Improvement Program; TAP: Transportation Alternatives Program

^{*} National Highway Performance Program (NHPP) funds are from STPBG target amounts.



APP Univ

APPENDIX

Universe of Projects for Highway Discretionary ("Regional Target") Funding and Evaluation Results

This appendix lists information about transportation projects that cities and towns in the region identified as their priority projects to be considered for funding through the Boston Region MPO's Highway Discretionary ("Regional Target") Program. It also contains the evaluation results of those projects scored by MPO staff based on the evaluation criteria.

Through an outreach process that seeks input from local officials and interested parties, the MPO staff compiles project requests and relevant information into a Universe of Projects list for the MPO. The Universe of Projects list includes projects in varied stages of development, from projects in the conceptual stage to those that are fully designed and ready to be advertised for construction. The MPO staff also collects data on each project to support the evaluation of projects. (Typically, at a minimum, a functional design report is required.)

The MPO's project selection process uses evaluation criteria to make the process of selecting projects for programming in the TIP both more logical and more transparent. The criteria are based on the MPO's goals and objectives, which were adopted for its current Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), *Charting Progress to 2040*.

The MPO staff uses the project information and evaluations to prepare a First-Tier List of Projects that have high ratings in the evaluation process and could be made ready for advertising in the time frame of the TIP. The MPO staff then prepares a staff recommendation for the TIP taking into consideration the First-Tier List and factors such as the construction readiness of the project, the estimated project cost, community priority, geographic equity (to ensure that needs are addressed throughout the region), and consistency with the MPO's LRTP.

The MPO discusses the First-Tier List of Projects, the staff recommendation, and other information before voting on a draft TIP to release for a 21-day public review and comment period.

Table A-1 presents the Universe of Projects that MPO staff developed for the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. Table A-2 summarizes projects programmed with MPO Target funding in FFYs 2017-21, and Table A-3 summarizes the evaluation results for projects that MPO staff had enough data with which to evaluate and consider for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP.

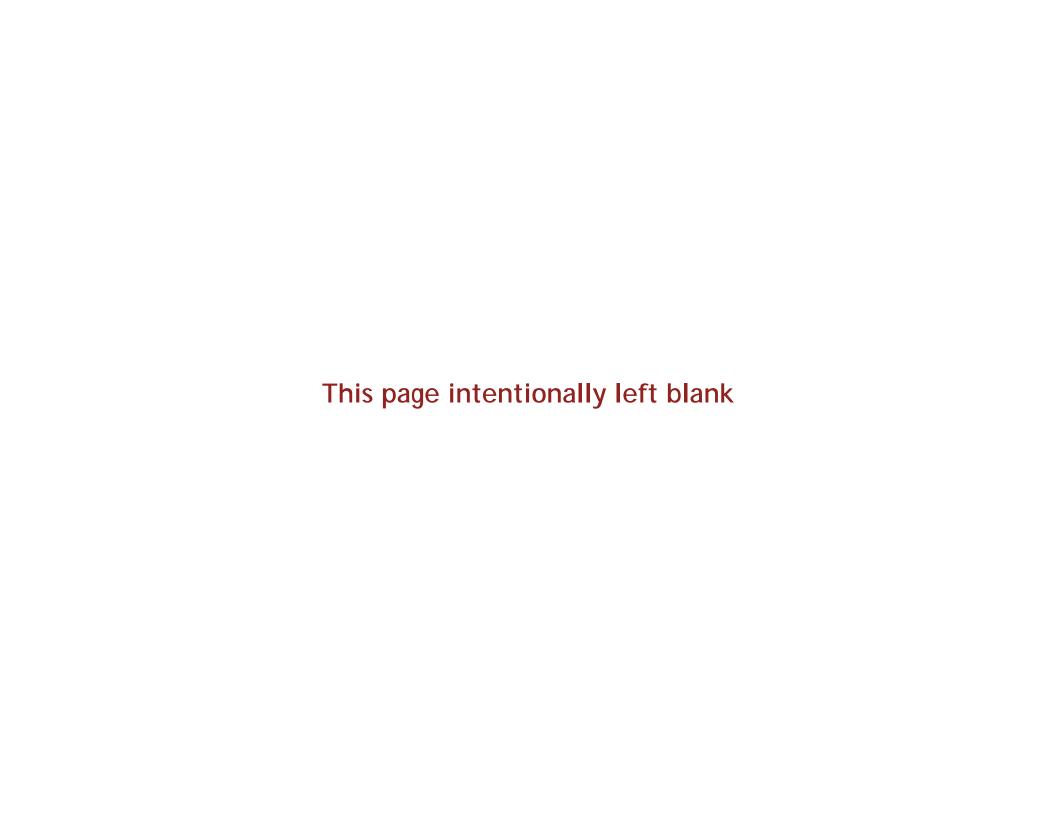


TABLE A-1
UNIVERSE OF PROJECTS TO CONSIDER FOR PROGRAMMING

TIP ID	Proponent	Project Description	MPO Investment Program
Evaluate	and Consider for	Programming	
607738	Bedford	Minuteman Bikeway Extension, from Loomis St to the Concord T.L.	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608006	MassDOT	Framingham - Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon Installation at Route 9 and Maynard Rd	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608164	Sudbury	Bruce Freeman Rail Trail, Phase 2D	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608007	Cohasset	Corridor Improvements and Related Work on Justice Cushing Highway (Route 3A), from Beechwood St to the Scituate Town Line	Complete Streets
608275	Malden	Lighting and sidewalk improvements on Exchange St	Complete Streets
607305	MassDOT	Reading - Intersection signalization at Route 28 and Hopkins St	Intersection Improvements
608229	Acton	Intersection and Signal Improvements at Kelley's Corner, Route 111 (Massachusetts Ave) and Route 27 (Main St)	Intersection Improvements
Evaluate	d in FFY 2016 and	d Consider for Programming (review for need to update evaluations)	
608348	Beverly	Rehabilitation of Bridge St	Complete Streets
606460	Boston	Improvements at Audobon Circle	Complete Streets
608449	Boston	Improvements along Commonwealth Ave (Route 30), from Alcorn St to Warren/Kelton Sts (Phase 3 and Phase 4)	Complete Streets
602310	Danvers	Reconstruction on Collins St, from Sylvan St to Centre and Holten Sts	Complete Streets
607899	Dedham	Dedham - Pedestrian Improvements along Bussey St, Including Superstructure Replacement, D-05-010, Bussey St over Mother Brook	Complete Streets
606002	Duxbury	Signal Installation at Route 3 (NB & SB) Ramps and Route 3A (Tremont St)	Complete Streets
601359	Franklin	Reconstruction of Pleasant St, from Main St to Chestnut St	Complete Streets
601607	Hull	Reconstruction of Atlantic Ave and Related Work, from Nantasket Ave to Cohasset Town Line	Complete Streets
605743	Ipswich	Resurfacing and Related Work on Central and South Main Sts	Complete Streets
604811	Marlborough	Reconstruction of Route 20 (East Main St), from Main St Easterly to Lincoln St	Complete Streets
604735	Medfield	Reconstruction of North St, from Frairy St to Pine St	Complete Streets
607777	Watertown	Rehabilitation of Mount Auburn St (Route 16)	Complete Streets
604745	Wrentham	Reconstruction of Taunton St (Route 152)	Complete Streets
601704	Newton	Reconstruction and Signal Improvements on Walnut St, from Homer St to Route 9	Complete Streets
608146	Marblehead	Intersection Improvements to Pleasant St at Village/Vine/Cross Sts	Intersection Improvements

TIP ID	Proponent	Project Description	MPO Investment Program
604231	Marlborough	Intersection and Signal Improvements on Route 20 (East Main St/Boston Post Rd) at Concord Rd	Intersection Improvements
607249	MassDOT	Sudbury - Intersection Improvements at Route 20 and Landham Rd	Intersection Improvements
606130	Norwood	Intersection Improvements at Route 1A and Upland Rd/Washington St and Prospect St/Fulton St	Intersection Improvements
603739	MassDOT	Wrentham - Construction of I-495/Route 1A Ramps	Major Infrastructure
604638	MassDOT	Danvers and Peabody - Mainline Improvements on Route 128 (Phase II)	Major Infrastructure
605313	Natick	Bridge Replacement, Route 27 (North Main Street) over Route 9 (Worcester Street) and Interchange Improvements	Major Infrastructure
601513	Saugus	Interchange Reconstruction at Walnut St and Route 1 (Phase II)	Major Infrastructure
607981	Somerville	McGrath Boulevard Project	Major Infrastructure
Priorities,	Not Ready for Ev	aluation	
602038	Framingham	Edgell Road Corridor Project	Complete Streets
5399	Salem	Reconstruction of Bridge St, from Flint St to Washington St	Complete Streets
na	Salem	Boston St	Complete Streets
608051	Wilmington	Reconstruction on Route 38 (Main St), from Route 62 to the Woburn C.L.	Complete Streets
603865	MassDOT	Framingham - Signal and Intersection Improvements at Route 9 (Worcester Rd) and Temple St	Intersection Improvements
606109	Framingham	Intersection Improvements at Route 126/135/MBTA and CSX Railroad	Intersection Improvements
604862	MassDOT	Bellingham - Ramp Construction and Relocation, I-495 at Route 126 (Hartford Ave)	Major Infrastructure
87790	MassDOT	Canton, Dedham, Norwood and Westwood - Interchange Improvements at I-95/I-93/University Ave/I-95 Widening	Major Infrastructure
PRC-App	roved, Not Planne	d for Evaluation in FFY 2017	
606304	Woburn	Middlesex Canal Park Improvements, from Alfred St to School St (Phase II - Segment 5)	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608070	Boston	Reconstruction of South Bank Park	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608658	Boston	Sidewalk, Wheelchair Ramp and crosswalk repairs at Various CA/T Locations (CRC 25) Contract 2	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608735	Boston	Sidewalk, Wheelchair Ramp and crosswalk repairs at Various CA/T Locations (CRC 25) Contract 3	Bicycle and Pedestrian
602929	Holliston	Multi-use Trail Construction on a Section of the Upper Charles Rail (2 Miles of Proposed 27 Miles - Phase I)	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608055	Boston	Grade Separated Multi-use Path Construction along the Paul Dudley White Path at North Harvard St Bridge over Charles River (Anderson Memorial Bridge)	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608741	Boston	Sidewalk, Wheelchair Ramp and crosswalk repairs at Various CA/T Locations (CRC 25) Contract 4	Bicycle and Pedestrian
604993	Cambridge	Innovation Boulevard Streetscape and Pedestrian Improvements, Between Main St and Binney St (Phase I)	Bicycle and Pedestrian
608097	Woburn	Bridge Replacement and Related Work, W-43-028, Washington Street over I-95	Bridge

TIP ID	Proponent	Project Description	MPO Investment Program
601906	MassDOT	Hudson - Bridge Replacement, Cox St over the Assabet River	Bridge
601507	Boston	Reconstruction of Tremont St, from Stuart St to Marginal Rd (1,830 Ft)	Complete Streets
601274	Boston	Reconstruction of Tremont St, from Court St to Boylston St	Complete Streets
603883	Canton	Reconstruction on Route 138, from I-93 to Dan Rd	Complete Streets
605974	Chelsea	Reconstruction on Washington Ave, from Revere Beach Parkway to Heard St	Complete Streets
608078	Chelsea	Reconstruction of Broadway, from City Hall Ave to the Revere City Line	Complete Streets
605745	Holliston	Reconstruction on Route 16 (Washington St), from Quail Run to the Sherborn T.L.	Complete Streets
605168	Hingham	Improvements on Route 3A from Otis St/Cole Rd Including Summer St and Rotary; Rockland St to George Washington Blvd	Complete Streets
602155	Holliston	Reconstruction of Norfolk St, from Sabina Dr to Holly La	Complete Streets
604697	Marlborough	Reconstruction of Farm Rd, from Cook La to Route 20 (Boston Post Rd)	Complete Streets
602252	Bolton	Reconstruction of Route 110 (Still River Rd)	Complete Streets
608045	Milford	Rehabilitation on Route 16, from Route 109 to Beaver St	Complete Streets
602364	Millis	Reconstruction of Village St, from Main St (Route 109) to the Medway Town Line	Complete Streets
604206	Milton	Rehabilitation of Central Ave, from Brook Rd to Eliot St	Complete Streets
608406	Milton	Reconstruction on Granite Ave, from Neponset River to Squantum St	Complete Streets
600932	Newton	Reconstruction on Route 30 (Commonwealth Ave), from Weston Town Line to Auburn St	Complete Streets
608707	Quincy	Reconstruction of Sea St	Complete Streets
608158	Westwood	Reconstruction of Canton St and Everett St	Complete Streets
607244	Winthrop	Reconstruction and Related Work along Winthrop St and Revere St Corridor	Complete Streets
607214	Stoughton	Reconstruction of Turnpike St	Complete Streets
608067	MassDOT	Woburn - Intersection Reconstruction at Route 3 (Cambridge Road) and Bedford Rd and South Bedford St	Intersection Improvements
604453	Bellingham	Improvements at 2 Locations: Mechanic St/Mendon St (Route 140) and North Main St/South Main St (Route 126)	Intersection Improvements
606666	Bolton	Intersection Improvements at I-495/Route 117 Interchange	Intersection Improvements
606318	Boston	Intersection Improvements at Gallivan Blvd (Route 203) and Morton St	Intersection Improvements
608755	Boston	Intersection Improvements at Morton St and Harvard St	Intersection Improvements
604911	Cambridge	Intersection Improvements at 7 Intersections on (Route 28 (Monsignor O'Brien Hwy)	Intersection Improvements
603137	Hingham	Intersection Improvements on Route 3A at Kilby St	Intersection Improvements

TIP ID	Proponent	Project Description	MPO Investment Program
602462	Holliston	Signal Installation at Route 16/126 and Oak St	Intersection Improvements
608443	Littleton, Ayer	Intersection Improvements on Route 2A at Willow Road and Bruce St	Intersection Improvements
607342	Milton	Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 28 (Randolph Ave) and Chickatawbut Rd	Intersection Improvements
607889	Needham	Intersection Improvements at Highland Ave and First Ave	Intersection Improvements
608137	Newton	Intersection Improvements at Oak St, Christina St and Needham St	Intersection Improvements
608013	Quincy	Intersection Improvements at Sea St and Quincy Shore Dr	Intersection Improvements
605708	Sharon	Signal and Intersection Improvements on South Main St	Intersection Improvements
608279	Stoughton	Intersection Improvements and Related Work at Central St, Canton St and Tosca Dr	Intersection Improvements
607727	Beverly	Interchange Reconstruction at Route 128/Exit 19 at Brimbal Avenue (Phase II)	Major Infrastructure
606475	Boston	Replacement of Allston I-90 Elevated Viaduct, B-16-359, Including Interchange Reconstruction Beacon Park Yard Layover and West Station	Major Infrastructure
608730	Boston	Fort Point Channel Water Transportation Facility Construction	Major Infrastructure
602091	Concord	Improvements and Upgrades to Concord Rotary (Routes 2/2A/119)	Major Infrastructure
608015	Concord	Reconstruction and Widening on Route 2, from Sandy Pond Rd to Bridge Over MBTA/B&M Railroad	Major Infrastructure
608096	MassDOT	Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield - Improvements Along Route 128/95, From North of Interchange 37 to Interchange 40, Including Modifications to Interchange 38	Major Infrastructure
603345	MassDOT	Hudson and Marlborough - Reconstruction on Routes I-290 and 495 and Bridge Replacement	Major Infrastructure
605012	MassDOT	Malden, Revere and Saugus - Reconstruction & Widening on Route 1, from Route 60 to Route 99	Major Infrastructure
607701	MassDOT	Southborough and Westborough - Improvements at I-495 and Route 9	Major Infrastructure
605605	MassDOT	Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield and Woburn - Interchange Improvements to I-93/I-95	Major Infrastructure
606472	Newton	Breakdown Lane Construction at Various Locations, From Route 128 to Exit 17	Major Infrastructure
607940	Newton	Improvements of Route 128/I-95 and Grove St	Major Infrastructure
607935	Weston	New Parking Construction Near the M7 Maintenance Garage	Parking

NOTE: Orange cells indicate projects that Boston Region MPO Staff have received updates about either from municipalities or the Massachusetts Department of Transportation.

Projects in **BOLD** are in the LRTP: project #605313 is in the 2021-25 LRTP and projects #607981 and #606109 are in the 2026-30 LRTP.

na = this is not an active MassDOT project, but is a priority of the city.

TABLE A-2
PROJECTS PROGRAMMED IN FFYS 2017-2021 WITH MPO TARGET FUNDS

TIP ID	Proponent	Project Description	Status (TIP/LRTP Year)	MPO Investment Program
607309	Hingham	Reconstruction and Related Work on Derby St from Pond Park Rd to Cushing St	2017	Complete Streets
604810	Marlborough	Reconstruction of Route 85 (Maple St)	2017	Complete Streets
604935	Woburn	Reconstruction of Montvale Ave, from I-93 Interchange to Central St	2017/2016-2020	Complete Streets
29492	Bedford, Billerica & Burlington	Middlesex Turnpike Improvements, from Crosby Drive North to Manning Rd (Phase III)	2017/2016-2020	Major Infrastructure
603711	MassDOT	Rehab/Replacement of 6 Bridges on I-95/Route 128 (Add-a-Lane Contract 5)	2017-2018/2016-2020	Major Infrastructure
601630	Weymouth	Reconstruction & Widening on Route 18 (Main St), from Highland PI to Route 139	2017-2019/2016-2020	Major Infrastructure
1570	Multiple	Green Line Extension Project - Extension to College Ave with the Union Square Spur	2017-2021/ 2016-2020 and 2021-2025	Major Infrastructure
605110	Brookline	Intersection & Signal Improvements at Route 9 & Village Square (Gateway East)	2018	Intersection Improvements
600518	MassDOT	Hingham - Intersection Improvements at Derby St, Whiting St (Route 53) and Gardner St	2018	Intersection Improvements
606635	Newton & Needham	Reconstruction of Highland Ave, Needham St & Charles River Bridge, from Webster St to Route 9	2018	Complete Streets
604989	Southborough	Reconstruction of Main St (Route 30), from Sears Rd to Park St	2018	Complete Streets
605789	Boston	Reconstruction of Melnea Cass Blvd	2019	Complete Streets
607652	Everett	Reconstruction of Ferry St, South Ferry St and a Portion of Elm St	2019	Complete Streets
607428	Hopedale & Milford	Resurfacing & Intersection Improvements on Route 16 (Main St), from Water St to the Hopedale T.L. and the Intersection of Route 140	2019	Complete Streets
606043	Hopkinton	Signal & Intersection Improvements on Route 135	2019	Intersection Improvements
608352	Salem	Canal Street Rail Trail Construction (Phase 2)	2019	Bicycle and Pedestrian
605034	Natick	Reconstruction of Route 27 (North Main St), from North Ave to the Wayland Town Line	2019/2021-2025	Complete Streets
604123	Ashland	Reconstruction on Route 126 (Pond St), from the Framingham T.L. to the Holliston T.L.	2020	Complete Streets
606453	Boston	Improvements on Boylston St, from Intersection of Brookline Ave & Park Dr to Ipswich St	2020	Complete Streets
602077	Lynn	Reconstruction on Route 129 (Lynnfield St), from Great Woods Rd to Wyoma Square	2020	Complete Streets
602261	Walpole	Reconstruction on Route 1A (Main St), from the Norwood Town Line to Route 27	2020	Complete Streets
606226	Boston	Reconstruction of Rutherford Ave, from City Square to Sullivan Square	2020-2021	Complete Streets
606501	Holbrook	Reconstruction of Union St (Route 139), from Linfield St to Centre St/Water St	2021	Complete Streets
605857	Norwood	Intersection Improvements at Route 1 & University Avenue/Everett Street	2021	Intersection Improvements

TIP ID	Proponent	Project Description	Status (TIP/LRTP Year)	MPO Investment Program
608347	Beverly	Intersection Improvements at Three Locations: Cabot St (Route 1A/97) at Dodge St (Route 1A), County Way, Longmeadow Rd and Scott St, McKay St at Balch St and Veterans Memorial Bridge (Route 1A) at Rantoul, Cabot, Water and Front Sts	2121	Intersection Improvements
608228	Framingham	Reconstruction of Union Ave, from Proctor St to Main St	2121	Complete Streets
604996	Woburn	Bridge Replacement, New Boston St over MBTA	2121/2016-2020	Major Infrastructure

TABLE A-3 PROJECT EVALUATION RESULTS

TIP ID	Proponent(s)	Project Name	DRAFT TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	FINAL TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	SAFETY (30 possible points)	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index (up to 5 points)	Crash Severity Rate: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index per VMT (up to 5 points)	Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)	Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)	SYSTEM PRESERVATION (29 possible points)	Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard pavement (up to 6 points)	Improves substandard traffic signal equipment (up to 6 points)	Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)	substandard sidewalk(s) (up	Improves emergency response (up to 2 points) Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)	Y MANAGEMENT/MOBILITY (29 possible points)	Reduces transit vehicle delay (up to 4 points)	Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle network (up to 4 points)	Improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit (up to 6 points)	Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)	Reduces vehicle congestion (up to 6 points)	CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES (16 possible points)	Reduces CO2 (up to 5 points)	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, Nox, CO) (up to 5 points)	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)	TRANSPORTATION EQUITY (12 possible points)	Serves Title VI/non-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)	ECONOMIC VITALITY (18 possible points)	Serves targeted development site (up to 6 points)	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture (up to 5 points)	Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)
Bicycle/l	Pedestrian								,					1	,		•				,				,			,	,					,			
607738	Bedford	Minuteman Bikeway Extension, from Loomis Street to the Concord T.L.	38	47	7	1	0	0	3	3	0	13	0	6	4	0	3	0 0	15	0	5	4	4	0	2	7	1	1	3	2	1	1	4	0	2	2	0
608164	Sudbury	Bruce Freeman Rail Trail, Phase 2D	38	40	7	1	0	0	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0 0	16	0	5	4	4	1	2	9	1	2	4	2	1	1	4	0	2	2	0
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608006	Framingham (MassDOT)	Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon Installation at Route 9 and Maynard Road	26	26	11	2	3	0	0	5	1	6	0	0	4	0	0	1 1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	1	4	0	2	2	0
		Installation at Route 9 and	26	26	11	2	3	0	0	5	1	6	0	0	4	0	0	1 1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	1	4	0	2	2	0

TIP ID	Proponent(s)	Project Name	DRAFT TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	FINAL TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	SAFETY (30 possible points)	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index (up to 5 points)	Crash Severity Rate: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index per VMT (up to 5 points)	Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)	Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)		Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) (up to 3 points)	substandard pavement (up to 6 points)	Improves substandard traffic signal equipment (up to 6 points)	Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard sidewalk(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves emergency response (up to 2 points)	Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)	BILITY	Reduces transit vehicle delay (up to 4 points)	1, 2,	al accommod	Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)	Reduces vehicle congestion (up to 6 points)	CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES (16 possible points)	Reduces CO2 (up to 5 points)	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, Nox, CO) (up to 5 points)	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)	TRANSPORTATION EQUITY (12 possible points)	Serves Title VI/non-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)	-	ECONOMIC VITALITY (18 possible points) Serves targeted development site (up to 6 points)	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of	Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)
608078	Chelsea	Reconstruction of Broadway, from City Hall Ave to the Revere City Line	61	61	17	5	5	0	3	4	0	10	0		4	0	2	0	0	5	0 0	1				8	2	3	1	2	12	12	2 9	9 4	2	3	0
608348	Chelsea	from City Hall Ave to the Revere	61 59		17	5	5	0	3	4			0	4		0	2	0	4	_	0 0		4	0	0	8	2	3	1	2	12	12				3	
		from City Hall Ave to the Revere City Line		59						-	0	10	0	4 6	4				0	13		2	4	0	6	8 9			1 1		_	4	8		1		0
608348	Beverly	from City Hall Ave to the Revere City Line Rehabilitation of Bridge St. Lighting and Sidewalk Improvements on Exchange	59	59	12	3	2	2	3	2	0	10	0 0	6 4	4	0	3		0	13	1 0	2	4 4 2 6	0	6		3	3	1 1 2	2	4	4	8	8 4	1 3	3	0 3
608348	Beverly Malden	from City Hall Ave to the Revere City Line Rehabilitation of Bridge St. Lighting and Sidewalk Improvements on Exchange Street	59	59 54 50	12 9	3	2	0	3	2	0 0	13	0 0 0	4 6 4	4 0	0	3	0	0 0	13	1 0	2	4 4 2 6	0 0 0	0 6 0	5	3	3	1 1 2 4	2	10	10	2 10 7	7 3	3	3	0 3

TIP ID	Proponent(s)	Project Name	DRAFT TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	FINAL TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	SAFETY (30 possible points)	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index (up to 5 points)	Crash Severity Rate: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index per VMT (up to 5 points)	Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)	Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)	SYSTEM PRESERVATION (29 possible points)	Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard pavement (up to 6 points)	Improves substandard traffic signal equipment (up to 6 points)	Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard sidewalk(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves emergency response (up to 2 points)	Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)	CAPACITY MANAGEMENT/MOBILITY (29 possible points)	Reduces transit vehicle delay (up to 4 points)	Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle network (up to 4 points)	Improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit (up to 6 points)	Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)	Reduces vehicle congestion (up to 6 points)	CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES (16 possible points)	Reduces CO2 (up to 5 points)	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, Nox, CO) (up to 5 points)	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)	TRANSPORTATION EQUITY (12 possible points)	Serves Title VI/non-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)	ECONOMIC VITALITY (18 possible points)	Serves targeted development site (up to 6 points)	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture (up to 5 points)	Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)
605743	Ipswich	Resurfacing and related work on Central and South Main Sts.	38	38	10	2	2	2	2	2	0	9	0	4	0	0	2	1	2	5	0	0	1	4	0	0	4	1	1	2	0	2	2	8	3	3	2	0
608007	Cohasset	Corridor Improvements and Related Work on Justice Cushing Highway (Route 3A), from Beechwood Street to the Scituate Town Line	36	36	15	4	2	3	3	3	0	7	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	6	0	4	1	0	1	0	5	1	1	1	2	0	0	3	0	1	2	0
604735	Medfield	Reconstruction of North St.	29	29	7	1	1	0	3	2	0	8	0	4	0	0	3	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	1	1	2	0	1	1	7	3	2	2	0
604745	Wrentham	Reconstruction of Taunton St. (Route 152)	29	29	8	1	1	1	2	3	0	7	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	4	1	0	0	0	4	1	1	2	0	1	1	4	0	2	2	0
		Pedestrian improvements along																						0							2	7	7					0

TIP ID	Proponent(s)	Project Name	DRAFT TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	FINAL TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	SAFETY (30 possible points)	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index (up to 5 points)	Crash Severity Rate: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index per VMT (up to 5 points)	Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)	Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)	SYSTEM PRESERVATION (29 possible points)	Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard pavement (up to 6 points)	Improves substandard traffic signal equipment (up to 6 points)	Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard sidewalk(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves emergency response (up to 2 points)	Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)	CAPACITY MANAGEMENT/MOBILITY (29 possible points)	Reduces transit vehicle delay (up to 4 points)	Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle network (up to 4 points)	Improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit (up to 6 points)	Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)	Reduces vehicle congestion (up to 6 points)	CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES (16 possible points)	Reduces CO2 (up to 5 points)	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, Nox, CO) (up to 5 points)	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)	TRANSPORTATION EQUITY (12 possible points)	Serves Title VVnon-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)	ECONOMIC VITALITY (18 possible points)	Serves targeted development site (up to 6 points)	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture (up to 5 points)	Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)
606130	Norwood	Intersection improvements at Route 1A and Upland Rd./Washington St. and Prospect St./Fulton St.	47	53	13	1	2	4	2	4	0	10	0	6	0	0	3	1	0	17	2	4	1	4	2	4	3	1	1	1	0	3	3	7	3	1	3	0
608229	Acton	Intersection Improvements at Massachusetts Avenue (Route 111) and Main Street (Route 27) (Kelly's Corner)	45	45	15	3	4	2	3	3	0	8	0	0	4	0	3	1	0	10	0	4	1	0	1	4	8	2	1	3	2	0	0	4	0	2	2	0
608146	Marblehead	Intersection improvements to Pleasant St. at Village/Vine/Cross Sts.	36	40	8	1	1	0	3	3	0	10	0	6	0	0	3	0	1	9	0	4	1	4	0	0	3	1	1	1	0	1	1	9	4	2	3	0
604231	Marlborough	Intersection and signal improvements on Route 20 (East Main St./Boston Post Rd.) at Concord Rd.	39	39	6	2	2	0	0	2	0	12	0	4	6	0	2	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	1	4	7	2	2	1	2	3	3	5	3	1	1	0
607249	Sudbury (MassDOT)	Intersection improvements at Route 20 and Landham Rd.	37	37	16	2	5	3	3	3	0	7	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	A	0	0	1	0	1	2	5	1	1	1	2	0	0	5	3	0	2	0

TIP ID	Proponent(s)	Project Name	DRAFT TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	FINAL TOTAL SCORE (out of 134)	SAFETY (30 possible points)	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index (up to 5 points)	Crash Severity Rate: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index per VMT (up to 5 points)	Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)	Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)	SYSTEM PRESERVATION (29 possible points)	Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard pavement (up to 6 points)	Improves substandard traffic signal equipment (up to 6 points)	Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard sidewalk(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves emergency response (up to 2 points)	Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)	CAPACITY MANAGEMENT/MOBILITY (29 possible points)	Reduces transit vehicle delay (up to 4 points)	Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle network (up to 4 points)	Improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit (up to 6 points)	Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)	Reduces vehicle congestion (up to 6 points)	CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES (16 possible points)	Reduces CO2 (up to 5 points)	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, Nox, CO) (up to 5 points)	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)	TRANSPORTATION EQUITY (12 possible points)	Serves Title VVnon-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)	ECONOMIC VITALITY (18 possible points)	Serves targeted development site (up to 6 points)	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture (up to 5 points)	Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)
607305	Reading (MassDOT)	Intersection Signalization at Route 28 & Hopkins Street	34	34	6	1	1	0	0	4	0	12	0	4	4	0	2	1	1	5	0	2	0	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	7	2	3	2	0
606002	Duxbury	Signal installation at Route 3 (NB and SB) ramps and Route 3A (Tremont St.)	33	33	6	2	1	1	0	2	0	11	0	4	6	0	0	1	0	10	0	4	0	0	2	4	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0
Major In	frastructure		1																																			
607981	Somerville	McGrath Boulevard project	68	68	13	3	2	0	4	4	0	14	0	6	6	0	2	0	0	11	0	0	1	6	0	4	8	3	3	0	2	10	10	12	4	5	3	0
608449	Boston	Commonwealth Avenue, phases 3 and 4	67	67	17	3	2	0	5	4	3	12	0	4	4	0	2	2	0	11	0	0	4	6	1	0	8	2	3	1	2	8	8	11	4	4	3	0
i e		Bridge replacement, Route 27																0	1	10	0	4	4		_													
605313	Natick (MassDOT)	(North Main St.) over Route 9 (Worcester St.)	53	56	18	5	3	3	3	4	0	19	3	6	6	0	3		'		ľ	4	1	4	1	0	2	-1	-1	2	2	1	1	6	0	3	3	0

TIP ID	Proponent(s) Project Name	7	TOTAL SCORE	FINAL TOTAL SCORE (out of 134) SAFETY (30 possible points)	Crash Severity Value: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index (up to 5 points)	Crash Severity Rate: Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) index per VMT (up to 5 points)	Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)	Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)	Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)	SYSTEM PRESERVATION (29 possible points)	substandard roadway bridge(s)	substandard pavement (up to 6 points)	Improves substandard traffic signal equipment (up to 6 points) Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves substandard sidewalk(s) (up to 3 points)	Improves emergency response (up to 2 points)	Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)	Doducos transit vobielo delay (un to 4 moints)	Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility (up to 5 points)	Improves bicycle network (up to 4 points)	Improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit (up to 6 points)	Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)	CLEAN AIR/CLEAN COMMUNITIES (16 possible points)	duces CO2 (up to 5 points)	Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, Nox, CO) (up to 5 points)	Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)	Is in an EOEEA-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)	TRANSPORTATION EQUITY (12 possible points)	Serves Title VI/non-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)	ECONOMIC VITALITY (18 possible points)	ent site (up to 6 points)	Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture (up to 5 points)	Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)	Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)
603739	Wrentham Construction of ramps	I-495/Route 1A 3	35 3	35 9	2	2	5	0	0	0	8	0	4 4	4 0	0	0	0	3 (0	0	0	2	5 10	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
604638	Peabody Mainline improv (MassDOT) 128 (phase II)	rements on Route	34 3	34 10	5	1	4	0	0	0	10	3	6 (0 0	0	1	0	5 1	0	0	0	2	2 3	1	1	1	0	3	3	3	1	1	1	0

Roadway Project Information Forms and Evaluation

INTRODUCTION

This appendix provides an explanation of the Project Information Form that is used by the MPO to evaluate roadway projects that are candidates for programming in the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). Some information in these forms is provided by the project proponent and other information is provided by MPO staff or by various state agencies. MPO staff and project proponents update these forms when new information about projects becomes available. The information gathered is then used during project evaluations, when the reviewers assess each candidate project by using evaluation criteria that reflect MPO visions and policies.

The first part of this appendix describes all of the information collected through the online Project Information Forms and the source of the information. The following sections describe the MPO's TIP project evaluation criteria and the point system used for scoring projects. These sections are organized based on the MPO's goals for Safety, System Preservation, Capacity Management/Mobility, Clean Air/Clean Communities, Transportation Equity, and Economic Vitality.

Project Information Forms are available through the TIP Interactive Database on the MPO website,

www.ctps.org/apps/tip11/tip_query.html. Proponents must log into the database and may enter project information online. Other information is input by MPO staff or automatically updated through links to other databases.

Under the current organization of the online TIP database, each section includes data gathered from various transportation-related databases as well as proponent provided information about the need for the project and the specific improvements proposed. Project information fields from transportation-related databases that are entered and maintained by MPO staff are shown under Project Background Information and numbered 1 through 41. Proponent provided fields are denoted by a 'P.'

Reviewing these aspects of project data collection and management as well as project evaluation illustrates the connection between the information entered into the Project Information Forms and the points awarded to each project.

ROADWAY PROJECT INFORMATION FORMS

Overview

Project Background Information

1 ID Number

The ID number is usually the MassDOT Project Information System (PROJIS) number assigned to the project. If the project does not have a PROJIS number, an identification number will be assigned to the project by the MPO for internal tracking purposes.

2 Municipality

The municipality (or municipalities) in which the project is located.

3 Project Name

The name of the project. (Source: MassDOT)

4 Project Category

Projects are categorized by MPO staff. The categories will be changed to reflect the applicable State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) Program and the MPO Investment Category for each project. The STIP Program categories are listed for each project in Chapter 3 of this document. The current project categories used in the online TIP database are as follows:

Arterial and Intersection – Arterial roadway and intersection projects

- Major Highway Limited access roadway projects
- Bridge Bridge projects
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects dedicated solely to bicycle and pedestrian facilities such as walkways, paths, and trails
- Transit Transit projects consisting of improvements to trains, buses, and ferries
- Enhancement Streetscape improvements and enhancements to transportation facilities
- Regional Mobility Transportation demand management (TDM) and Transportation Systems Management (TSM) programs or projects

5 MassDOT Highway Division District

The MassDOT Highway District in which the project is located.

6 MAPC Subregion

The Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC) subregion in which the project is located.

7 MAPC Community Type

The type of community in which the project is located. Community types are defined by the MAPC based on land-use and housing patterns, recent growth trends, and projected development patterns.

8 Estimated Cost

The estimated total cost of the project. (Source: MassDOT)

9 Evaluation Rating

The number of points awarded to the project in the MPO's project evaluation process.

10 Description

A description of the project, including its primary purpose, major elements, and geographic limits. (Source: MassDOT Project Information website, www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/ProjectInfo.as px.

11 Project Length (Miles)

Total length of the project in miles.

12 Project Lane Miles

Total lane miles of the project.

Community Support

P1 Community Priority

The priority rank of the project as determined by the community. (Source: Proponent)

Additional Status

13 MPO/CTPS Study

Past studies or reports, funded through the Unified Planning Work Program, that were conducted within the project area.

14 Air Quality Status

The air quality status of the project in the MPO's travel demand model. Projects with "exempt" status do not add capacity to the transportation system. Projects with "model" status add capacity to the transportation system and are included in the travel demand model.

Staff Comments

TIP Contact

The main municipal contact for TIP projects.

Project Design Status

Project "readiness" is a determination of the appropriate year of programming for a project. In order to make this determination, the MPO tracks project development milestones and coordinates with the MassDOT Highway Division to estimate when a project will be ready for advertising.

All **non-transit** projects programmed in the first fiscal element of the TIP must be advertised before the end of the federal fiscal year (FFY), September 30. That funding authorization is not transferred to the next FFY; therefore any "leftover" funds are effectively "lost" to the region. If a project in the first fiscal element of the TIP is determined to be "not ready to be advertised before September 30," it will be removed from the TIP and replaced with another project by amendment.

For projects in the first fiscal element of the TIP, it is important that project proponents communicate any perceived problems that may affect the schedule to the MPO as soon as possible.

Project Background Information

15 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Status

Projects are recorded in the MPO database as either, advertised, programmed, pre-TIP, or conceptual:

- **Advertised** Projects have been advertised by the implementing agency for bids.
- Programmed Projects have been programmed in the current TIP to receive funding.
- Pre-TIP Projects have received Project Review Committee (PRC) approval from MassDOT Highway Division and have an active PROJIS number, but do not have funds identified in the TIP.
- FFY 2018-22 Pre-TIP Projects that were included in the FFYs 2018-22 Universe of Projects.
- **Conceptual** Projects are project concepts or ideas that are not yet under design.

16 Functional Design Report (FDR) Status

The year that a functional design report was completed, if one has been prepared for the project.

17 Design Status

Current design status of the project in the MassDOT Highway Division's design process. Dates are provided where available.

Design status is noted as follows:

- PRC Approved
- 25% Submitted
- 25% Approved
- 75% Submitted
- 75% Approved
- 100% Submitted

- 100% Approved
- Plans, Specifications, and Estimate (PS&E) Submitted

(Source: MassDOT Project Info database)

18 Right-of-Way (ROW) Requirement

A notation of whether or not ROW acquisition is required for the project:

Required – ROW action is required for completion of the project

Not Required – No ROW action required for completion of the project

(Source: MassDOT Project Info database)

19 Right-of-Way Responsibility

The party responsible for providing ROW.

MassDOT Responsibility – Providing the required right-of-way is the responsibility of MassDOT.

Municipal Responsibility – Providing the required right-of-way is the responsibility of the municipality.

Municipal Approval – Municipal approval has been given to the right-of-way plan (with date of approval).

(Source: MassDOT Project Info)

20 Right-of-Way Certification ROW certification status: Expected – Expected date of ROW plan and order of taking

Recorded – Date the ROW plan and order of taking were recorded at the Registry of Deeds

Expires – Expiration date of the rights of entry, easements, or order of taking

(Source: MassDOT Project Info)

21 Required Permits

Permits required by the Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act (MEPA).

Possible required permits include the following:

- Environmental Impact Statement
- Construction Engineering Checklist
- Clean Water Act Section 404 Permit
- Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 Section 10 Permit
- MEPA Environmental Notification Form
- MEPA Environmental Impact Report
- Massachusetts Historical Commission Approval
- M.G.L. Ch. 131 Wetlands Order of Conditions
- Conservation Commission Order of Conditions (Source: MassDOT Project Info database)

Safety

The evaluation criteria below serve as a way to guide investments that implement the following MPO safety objectives:

Reduce the number and severity of crashes, all modes

- Reduce serious injuries and fatalities from transportation
- Protect transportation customers and employees from safety and security threats

Project Background Information

22 Top 200 Rank

Ranks of highest crash intersection clusters in the project area listed within MassDOT's top 200 High-Crash Intersection Locations. The crash rankings are weighted by crash severity as indicated by Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) values. (Source: MassDOT Highway Division 2012-14 Top Crash Locations Report)

23 EPDO/Injury Value

EPDO is an index used to assess the severity of crashes involving motor vehicles. Weighted values are assigned to each crash based on whether the crash resulted in property damage (weighted by one), injury (weighted by five), or a fatality (weighted by 10). (Source: MassDOT Highway Division, 2012-14 Top Crash Locations Report)

24 Crash Rate/Crashes per Mile

Crash rates for intersection projects are listed as total crashes per million vehicles entering the intersection. Crash rates for arterial projects are listed as total crashes per mile. (Source: MassDOT Highway Division, 2012-14 Top Crash Locations Report)

25 Bicycle-Involved Crashes (Total EPDO)

Total EPDO value of crashes involving bicyclists in the project area. (Source: MassDOT Highway Division, 2012-14 Top Crash Locations Report)

26 Pedestrian-Involved Crashes (Total EPDO)

Total EPDO value of crashes involving pedestrians in the project area. (Source: MassDOT Highway Division, 2011-13)

27 Truck-Involved Crashes (Total EPDO)

Total EPDO value of crashes involving truck crashes in the project area. (Source: MassDOT Highway Division, 2011-13)

Proponent Provided Information

P2 What is the primary safety need associated with this project and how does it address that need?

Responses to this question describes the need for the project from a local and a regional perspective, discussing the existing safety issues the project is designed to address and how the design would accomplish the needed improvements. When applicable, this information should be consistent with project need information provided in the MassDOT Highway Division Project Need Form. (Source: Proponent)

System Preservation

The evaluation criteria below serve to guide decisionmaking about investments that implement the following MPO system preservation objectives:

 Improve the condition of on- and off-system bridges

- Improve pavement condition on the MassDOTmonitored roadway system
- Maintain and modernize capital assets throughout the system
- Maintain and modernize capital assets throughout the system (surface condition of sidewalks)
- Prioritize projects that support planned response capability to existing or future extreme conditions (sea level rise, flooding, and other natural and security-related man-made hazards)
- Protect freight network elements, such as port facilities, that are vulnerable to climate-change impacts

Project Background Information

28 Existing Pavement Condition

(Source: MassDOT Roadway Inventory File)

Pavement Roughness (IRI) – International Roughness Index (IRI) rating reflects the calibrated value in inches of roughness per mile. IRI ratings are classified as follows:

- Good Ranges of 0 190
- Fair Ranges of 191- 320
- Poor Above 320

(Source: MassDOT Roadway Inventory File)

29 Equipment Condition

Existing signal equipment condition. (Source: Congestion Management Process (CMP), Massachusetts permitted signal information,

municipal signal information, and submitted design.)

30 Natural Hazard Zones**

- Project lies within a flood zone
- Project lies within a hurricane surge zone
- Project lies within one-quarter mile of an emergency support location
- Project lies within an area of liquefiable soils
- **Please refer to the All-hazards Planning Application

(www.ctps.org/map/www/apps/eehmApp/pub_eeh m_index.html) for more information on natural hazard zones.

Proponent Provided Information

P3 What are the infrastructure condition needs or issues of the project area?

Responses to this question provide additional pavement information from municipal pavement management programs. In addition, qualitative descriptions of existing problems or anticipated needs can be provided. When applicable, this information should be consistent with project need information provided in the MassDOT Project Need Form. (Source: Proponent)

P4 How does this project address the infrastructure condition needs or issues in the project area?

Responses to this question include details regarding the pavement management system employed by the community or agency, and how this system will maximize the useful life of any pavement repaired or replaced by the project. (Source: Proponent)

P5 What is the primary security need associated with this project and how does it address that need?

Responses to this question describe the need for the project from a local and a regional perspective, discussing the existing security issues the project is designed to address and how the design will accomplish those needed improvements. When applicable, this information should be consistent with project need information provided in the MassDOT Highway Division Project Need Form. (Source: Proponent)

Capacity Management/Mobility

The evaluation criteria below serve as a way to guide investments that implement the following MPO capacity management/mobility objectives:

- Improve reliability of transit
- Implement roadway management and operations strategies, constructing improvements to the bicycle and pedestrian network, and supporting community-based transportation
- Create connected network of bicycle and accessible sidewalk facilities (at both regional and neighborhood scale) by expanding existing facilities and closing gaps
- Increase automobile and bicycle parking capacity and usage at transit stations
- Increase the percentage of population and places of employment within one-quarter mile of transit stations and stops

- Increase the percentage of population and employment with access to bicycle facilities
- Improve access to and accessibility of transit and active modes
- Enhance intermodal connections
- Support community-based and private-initiative services and programs to meet last mile, reverse commute and other non-traditional transit/ transportation needs, including those of the elderly and persons with disabilities
- Eliminate bottlenecks on the freight network

Project Background Information

31 Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities Pedestrian Facilities:

- Sidewalks Indicates if sidewalks are present on one side or on both sides of the roadway
- Shared-use Path Facilities with a stabilized firm surface and separated from motor vehicle traffic by an open space or barrier
- Minimally Improved Path Facilities with a rough surface and separated from motor vehicle traffic by an open space or barrier

Bicycle Facilities:

 Cycle Track – Bikeways separated from a parallel motor vehicle roadway by a line of parked cars, landscaping, or another form of physical barrier that motor vehicles cannot cross

- Striped Bicycle Lane A portion of a roadway (greater than or equal to four feet) that has been designated by striping and pavement markings for preferential or exclusive use by bicyclists
- Marked Shared Lane Travel lanes with specific bicycle markings, often referred to as sharrows
- Signed Route A roadway designated and signed as a bicycle route
- Shared-use Path Facilities with a stabilized firm surface and separated from motor vehicle traffic by an open space or barrier
- Minimally Improved Path Facilities with a rough surface and separated from motor vehicle traffic by an open space or barrier

(Source: MassDOT Bicycle Facility Inventory and Roadway Inventory File and MPO bicycle GIS coverage)

32 Transit Vehicles Use of Roadway

The fixed route transit vehicles that use the roadway are identified.

33 Usage

- Average Daily Traffic Volumes
- Average Daily Truck Volumes
- Average Weekday Transit Rider Volumes
- AM Peak Hour Pedestrian Volumes
- AM Peak Hour Bicyclist Volumes
- PM Peak Hour Pedestrian Volumes
- PM Peak Hour Bicyclist Volumes

34 A.M./P.M. Travel Time Index***

The Travel Time Index directly compares peakperiod travel time conditions with free-flow travel time conditions. The Travel Time Index indicates how much contingency time should be considered to ensure an on-time arrival during the peak period versus optimum travel times. The Travel Time Index equals the average peak-period travel time divided by the free-flow travel time.

This information is taken from the Boston Region MPO's Congestion Management Process (CMP) Arterial Performance Dashboard. If a Project Funding Application Form does not have any CMP data listed, this does not necessarily mean that the roadway or intersection does not experience congestion problems; this simply means that data from the CMP are not available.

35 A.M./P.M. Speed Index***

The Speed Index equals the average speed divided by the posted speed limit of a Traffic Message Channel (TMC). The Speed Index indicates congestion more accurately than travel speeds alone because low travel speeds may be a result of low speed limits on certain facilities.

This information taken from the CMP Arterial Performance Dashboard. If a Project Funding Application Form does not have any CMP data listed, this does not necessarily mean that the roadway or intersection does not experience congestion problems; this simply means that data from the CMP are not available.

***Please refer to the CMP Arterial Performance Dashboard

(www.ctps.org/map/www/apps/arterialHighwayPer

<u>formanceDashboard/index.html</u>) for data on roadway congestion in the MPO region.

Proponent Provided Information

P6 What is the primary mobility need for this project and how does it address that need?

Responses to this question describe the need for the project from a local and a regional perspective. The information provided explains how the project will address the existing or anticipated mobility issues, improve level of service and reduces congestion, provide multimodal elements (for example, access to transit stations, parking, or bicycle or pedestrian connections), enhance freight mobility, and close gaps in the existing transportation system.

For roadway projects, it is the MPO's and MassDOT's policy that auto congestion reductions not occur at the expense of pedestrians, bicyclists, or transit users. When applicable, this information should be consistent with project need information provided in the MassDOT Project Need Form. (Source: Proponent)

- P7 What intelligent transportation systems (ITS) elements does this project include?
 - Examples of ITS elements include new signal systems or emergency vehicle override applications. (Source: Proponent)
- P8 How does the project improve access for pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transportation? How does the project support

MassDOT's mode shift goal of tripling the share of walking, biking, and transit travel?

Responses to this question describe what improvements are in the project for pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transportation, and what level of improvement will be achieved over existing conditions. (Source: Proponent)

Clean Air/Clean Communities

The evaluation criteria below serve to guide decisionmaking about investments that implement the following MPO clean air/clean communities objectives:

- Reduce greenhouse gases generated in the Boston region by all transportation modes as outlined in the Global Warming Solutions Act
- Reduce other transportation-related pollutants
- Minimize negative environmental impacts of the transportation system, when possible
- Support land-use policies consistent with smart and healthy growth

Project Background Information

36 CO₂ Impact

The quantified or assumed annual tons of carbon dioxide (CO₂) estimated to be reduced by the project. (Source: MPO Database)

37 Located in a Green Community

Indicates if the project is in an Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs (EOEEA) certified Green Community. (Source: EOEEA)

38 Located in an Area of Critical Environmental Concern

Indicates if the project is located in areas designated as an Area of Critical Environmental Concern by the Massachusetts Secretary of Energy and Environmental Affairs. (Source: MassGIS)

39 Located adjacent to (within 200 feet of) a waterway

Indicates if the project is within 200 feet of a hydrographic feature, including surface water (lakes, ponds, and reservoirs), flats, rivers, streams, and other water bodies. Areas within two hundred feet of a hydrographic feature are protected by the Massachusetts Rivers Protection Act. (Source: MassGIS)

Proponent Provided Information

P9 How does the project relate to community character?

Responses to this question indicate if the project is located in an existing community or neighborhood center or other pedestrian-oriented area, and discuss the community context for the project (cultural and historical aspects for example, and the effect this project will have on community character. (Source: Proponent)

P10 What are the environmental impacts of the project?

Response to this question address how the project will improve air or water quality, or reduce noise levels in the project area and in the region? Air quality improvements can come from reductions in the number or length of vehicle trips or from reductions in vehicle cold starts. Water quality improvements can result from reductions in runoff from impervious surfaces, water supply protection, and habitat protection. Noise barriers can reduce noise impacts. (Source: Proponent)

Transportation Equity

The evaluation criteria below serve to guide decisionmaking about investments that implement the following MPO transportation equity objectives:

- Target investments to areas that benefit a high percentage of low-income and minority populations
- Minimize any burdens associated with MPOfunded projects in low-income and minority areas
- Break down barriers to participation in MPOdecision-making

Proponent Provided Information

P11 Are any other transportation equity issues addressed by this project?

This question relates to projects that serve Title VI/non-discrimination populations. (Source: Proponent)

Economic Vitality

The evaluation criteria below serve as a way to guide decision-making about investments that implement the following MPO economic vitality objectives:

- Prioritize transportation investments that serve targeted development sites
- Prioritize transportation investments that support development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture
- Minimize the burden of housing and transportation costs for residents in the region

Proponent Provided Information

P12 How is the project consistent with local land-use policies? How does the project advance local efforts to improve design and access?

Responses to this question explain how the project will support existing or proposed local land-use policies. (Source: Proponent)

P13 How does the zoning of the area within one-half mile of this project support transit-oriented development and preserve any new roadway capacity?

Responses to this question address the project's impact on adjacent land uses. Consideration is given to whether there a local project currently under development that would provide a better balance between housing and jobs in this corridor. (Source: Proponent)

P14 How is the project consistent with state, regional, and local economic development priorities?

Responses to this question explain how the project will support economic development in the community or in the project area. (Source: Proponent)

Other

Cost per Unit

Two measures of cost per unit are derived by dividing project cost by quantified data in the MPO database. These measures can be used to compare similar types of projects.

40 Cost per User

Cost divided by average daily traffic (ADT)

41 Cost per Lane Mile

Cost divided by proposed total lane miles

PROJECT EVALUATION CRITERIA AND SCORING

Below is a summary of the point system used in the MPO's project evaluation process.

Safety

Safety Evaluation Scoring (30 total points possible):

Crash Severity Value: EPDO Index (up to 5 points)

- +5 EPDO value of 300 or more
- +4 EPDO value between 200-299

- +3 EPDO value between 100-199
- +2 EPDO value between 50-99
- +1 EPDO value less than 50
- +0 No EPDO value

Crash Severity Rate: EPDO Index per Vehicle-Miles Traveled (VMT) (up to 5 points)

- +5 Average annual EPDO per 1,000,000 VMT of 20 or more
- +4 Average annual EPDO per 1,000,000 VMT between 15-20
- +3 Average annual EPDO per 1,000,000 VMT between 10-15
- +2 Average annual EPDO per 1,000,000 VMT between 5-10
- +1 Average annual EPDO per 1,000,000 VMT less than 5
- +0 No EPDO rate

Improves truck-related safety issue (up to 5 points)

- +3 High total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures
- +2 Medium total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures
- +1 Low total effectiveness of truck safety countermeasures
- +0 Does not implement truck safety countermeasures

If project scores points above, then it is eligible for additional points below:

+2 Improves truck safety at HSIP Cluster

Improves bicycle safety (up to 5 points)

- +3 High total effectiveness of bicycle safety countermeasures
- +2 Medium total effectiveness of bicycle safety countermeasures
- +1 Low total effectiveness of bicycle safety countermeasures
- O Does not implement bicycle safety countermeasures

If project scores points above, then it is eligible for additional points below:

- +2 Improves bicycle safety at HSIP Bicycle Cluster
- +1 Improves bicycle safety at HSIP Cluster

Improves pedestrian safety (up to 5 points)

- +3 High total effectiveness of pedestrian safety countermeasures
- +2 Medium total effectiveness of pedestrian safety countermeasures
- +1 Low total effectiveness of pedestrian safety countermeasures
- O Does not implement pedestrian safety countermeasures

If project scores points above, then it is eligible for additional points below:

- +2 Improves pedestrian safety at HSIP Pedestrian Cluster
- +1 Improves pedestrian safety at HSIP Cluster

Improves safety or removes an at-grade railroad crossing (up to 5 points)

- +5 Removes an at-grade railroad crossing
- +3 Significantly improves safety at an at-grade railroad crossing
- +1 Improves safety at an at-grade railroad crossing
- 0 Does not include a railroad crossing

System Preservation

System Preservation Evaluation Scoring (29 total points possible):

Improves substandard roadway bridge(s) (up to 3 points)

- +3 Condition is structurally deficient and improvements are included in the project
- +1 Condition is functionally obsolete and improvements are included in the project
- +0 Does not improve substandard bridge or does not include a bridge

Improves substandard pavement (up to 6 points)

- +6 IRI rating greater than 320: Poor and pavement improvements are included in the project
- +4 IRI rating between 320 and 191: Fair and pavement improvements are included in the project
- 0 IRI rating less than 190: Good or better

Improves substandard signal equipment condition (up to 6 points)

- +6 Poor condition, improvements are included in the project
- +4 Fair condition, improvements are included in the project
- O Does not meet or address criteria

Improves transit asset(s) (up to 3 points)

- +2 Brings transit asset into State of Good Repair
- +1 Meets an identified-need in an Asset Management Plan
- +0 Does not meet or address criteria

Improves substandard sidewalk(s) (up to 3 points)

- +3 Poor condition and sidewalk improvements are included in the project
- +2 Fair condition and sidewalk improvements are included in the project
- +0 Sidewalk condition is good or better

Improves emergency response (up to 2 points)

- +1 Project improves an evacuation route, diversion route, or alternate diversion route
- +1 Project improves an access route to or in proximity to an emergency support location

Improves ability to respond to extreme conditions (up to 6 points)

- +2 Addresses flooding problem and/or sea level rise and enables facility to function in such a condition
- +1 Brings facility up to current seismic design standards
- +1 Addresses critical transportation infrastructure
- +1 Protects freight network elements

+1 Implements hazard mitigation or climate adaptation plans

Capacity Management/Mobility

Capacity Management/Mobility Evaluation Scoring (29 total points possible):

Reduces transit vehicle delay (up to 4 points)

- +3 5 hours or more of daily transit vehicle delay reduced
- +2 1-5 hours of daily transit vehicle delay reduced
- +1 Less than one hour of daily transit vehicle delay reduced
- +0 Does not reduce transit delay

If project scores points above, then it is eligible for additional points below:

+1 Improves one or more key bus route(s)

Improves pedestrian network and ADA accessibility (up to 5 points)

- +2 Adds new sidewalk(s) (including shared-use paths)
- +2 Improves ADA accessibility
- +1 Closes a gap in the pedestrian network
- 0 Does not improve pedestrian network

Improves bicycle network (up to 4 points)

- +3 Adds new physically separated bicycle facility (including shared-use paths)
- +2 Adds new buffered bicycle facility
- +1 Adds new standard bicycle facility
- +1 Closes a gap in the bicycle network

+0 Does not improve bicycle network

Improves intermodal accommodations/ connections to transit (up to 6 points)

- +6 Meets or addresses criteria to a high degree
- +4 Meets or addresses criteria to a medium degree
- +2 Meets or addresses criteria to a low degree
- +0 Does not meet or address criteria

Improves truck movement (up to 4 points)

- +3 Meets or addresses criteria to a high degree
- +2 Meets or addresses criteria to a medium degree
- +1 Meets or addresses criteria to a low degree
- +0 Does not meet or address criteria

If project scores points above, then it is eligible for additional points below:

+1 Addresses MPO-identified bottleneck location

Project reduces congestion (up to 6 points)

- +6 400 hours or more of daily vehicle delay reduced
- +4 100-400 hours of daily vehicle delay reduced
- +2 Less than 100 hours of daily vehicle delay reduced
- 0 Does not meet or address criteria

Clean Air/Clean Communities

Clean Air/Clean Communities Evaluation Scoring (16 total points possible):

Reduces CO₂ (up to 5 points)

+5 1,000 or more annual tons of CO₂ reduced

- +4 500-999 annual tons of CO₂ reduced
- +3 250-499 annual tons of CO₂ reduced
- +2 100-249 annual tons of CO₂ reduced
- +1 Less than 100 annual tons of CO₂ reduced
- 0 No impact
- -1 Less than 100 annual tons of CO₂ increased
- -2 100-249 annual tons of CO2 increased
- -3 250-499 annual tons of CO₂ increased
- -4 500-999 annual tons of CO₂ increased
- -5 1,000 or more annual tons of CO₂ increased

Reduces other transportation-related emissions (VOC, NOx, CO) (up to 5 points)

- +5 2,000 or more total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO reduced
- +4 1,000-1999 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO reduced
- +3 500-999 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO reduced
- +2 250-499 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO reduced
- +1 Less than 250 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO reduced
- 0 No impact
- Less than 250 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO increased
- -2 250-499 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO increased
- -3 500-999 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO increased
- -4 1,000-1999 total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO increased
- -5 2,000 or more total kilograms of VOC, NOx, CO increased

Addresses environmental impacts (up to 4 points)

- +1 Addresses water quality
- +1 Addresses cultural resources/open space
- +1 Addresses wetlands/resource areas
- +1 Addresses wildlife preservation/protected habitats
- 0 Does not meet or address criteria

Project is in an Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs (EOEEA)-certified "Green Community" (up to 2 points)

- +2 Project is located in a "Green Community"
- O Project is not located in a "Green Community"

Transportation Equity

Transportation Equity Evaluation Scoring (12 total points possible):

Serves Title VI/non-discrimination populations (up to 12 points)

- +2 Serves minority (high concentration) population
- +1 Serves minority (low concentration) population
- +2 Serves low-income (high concentration) population
- +1 Serves low-income (low concentration) population
- +2 Serves limited-English proficiency (high concentration) population
- +1 Serves limited-English proficiency (low concentration) population
- +2 Serves elderly (high concentration) population
- +1 Serves elderly (low concentration) population

- +2 Serves zero vehicle households (high concentration) population
- +1 Serves zero vehicle households (low concentration) population
- +2 Serves persons with disabilities (high concentration) population
- +1 Serves persons with disabilities (low concentration) population
- +0 Does not serve Title VI or non-discrimination populations
- -10 Creates a burden for Title VI/non -discrimination populations

Economic Vitality

Economic Vitality Evaluation Scoring (18 total points possible):

Serves targeted development site (up to 6 points)

- +2 Provides new transit access to or within site
- +1 Improves transit access to or within site
- +1 Provides for bicycle access to or within site
- +1 Provides for pedestrian access to or within site
- +1 Provides for improved road access to or within site
- +0 Does not provide any of the above measures

Provides for development consistent with the compact growth strategies of MetroFuture (up to 5 points)

+2 Mostly serves an existing area of concentrated development

- +1 Partly serves an existing area of concentrated development
- +1 Supports local zoning or other regulations that are supportive of smart growth development
- +2 Complements other local financial or regulatory support that fosters economic revitalization in a manner consistent with smart growth development principles
- 0 Does not provide for any of the above measures

Provides multimodal access to an activity center (up to 4 points)

- +1 Provides transit access (within a quarter mile) to an activity center
- +1 Provides truck access to an activity center
- +1 Provides bicycle access to an activity center
- +1 Provides pedestrian access to an activity center
- 0 Does not provide multimodal access

Leverages other investments (non-TIP funding) (up to 3 points)

- +3 Meets or addresses criteria to a high degree (>30% of the project cost)
- +2 Meets or addresses criteria to a medium degree (10-30% of the project cost)
- +1 Meets or addresses criteria to a low degree (<10% of the project cost)
- 0 Does not meet or address criteria

Economic Vitality Definitions

Targeted Development Areas

A targeted development area is located within one-half mile of the project area. Eligible targeted

development areas include 43D, 43E, and 40R sites, Regionally Significant Priority Development Areas, Growth District Initiatives, and MBTA transit station areas.

- 43D Priority Development Site: The Chapter 43D Program offers communities expedited permitting to promote targeted economic and housing development. Sites approved under the program are guaranteed local permitting decisions on priority development sites within 180 days. (Source: Executive Office of Housing and Economic Development)
- 43E Priority Development Site: The Chapter 43E Program promotes the expedited permitting of commercial, industrial, residential, and mixed-use projects on sites with dual designation as a Priority Development Site and Growth District. Sites approved under the program are guaranteed state permitting decisions on priority development sites within 180 days. (Source: Executive Office of Housing and Economic Development)
- 40R Smart Growth Zoning Overlay District:
 The program encourages communities to zone for compact residential and mixed-use development in "smart growth" locations by offering financial incentives and control over design. (Source: Department of Housing and Community Development)
- Regionally Significant Priority
 Development Area: A site or district that has been identified by the local municipality as an

eligible and desirable site for housing and/or economic development, and which has been identified as a "regionally significant" site by MAPC through a subregional screening process that considers development potential, accessibility, environmental impacts, equity, and other factors.

- Growth District Initiative: The initiative focuses on expediting commercial and residential development at appropriate locations for significant new growth. (Source: Executive Office of Housing and Economic Development)
- Eligible MBTA Transit Station Area: Areas within one-half mile of existing or proposed subway, trolley, commuter rail, or ferry service, with the exception of "undeveloped" station areas as defined by MAPC (www.mapc.org/TOD); or areas within one-quarter mile of an MBTA "Key Bus Route."

Municipality Provides Financial or Regulatory Support for Targeted Development

The proposed project will improve access to or within a commercial district served by a Main Street organization, local business association, Business Improvement District, or comparable, geographically targeted organization (i.e., not a city/town-wide chamber of commerce).

Local Efforts to improve Design and Access:

- Form-based codes
- Official design guidelines for new development or redevelopment

 Official local plan for pedestrian, bicycle, or handicap access, the recommendations of which are reflected in the proposal

APPENDIX Greenhouse Gas Monitoring and Evaluation

BACKGROUND

The Global Warming Solutions Act of 2008 (GWSA) requires statewide reductions in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions of 25 percent below 1990 levels by the year 2020, and 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050. As part of the GWSA, the Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs developed the Massachusetts Clean Energy and Climate Plan (CECP), which outlines programs to attain the 25 percent reduction by 2020—including a 7.6 percent reduction to be attributed to the transportation sector.

The Commonwealth's 13 metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs) are integrally involved in helping to achieve greenhouse gas reductions mandated under the GWSA. The MPOs work closely with the Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT) and other involved agencies to develop common transportation goals, policies, and projects that would help to reduce GHG emission levels statewide, and meet the specific requirements of the GWSA regulation – Global Warming Solutions Act Requirements for the Transportation Sector and the Massachusetts Department of Transportation (310 CMR 60.05). The purpose of this regulation is to assist the Commonwealth in achieving its adopted GHG emission-reduction goals by requiring the following:

- MassDOT to demonstrate that its GHG reduction commitments and targets are being achieved
- Each MPO to evaluate and track the GHG emissions and impacts of both its LRTP and TIP
- Each MPO, in consultation with MassDOT, to develop and utilize procedures to prioritize and select projects in its LRTP and TIP based on factors that include GHG emissions and impacts

The Commonwealth's MPOs are meeting the requirements of this regulation through the transportation goals and policies contained in their 2016 LRTPs, the major projects planned in the LRTPs, and the mix of new transportation projects that are programmed and implemented through the TIP.

The GHG tracking and evaluation processes enable the MPOs and MassDOT to identify the anticipated GHG impacts of the planned and programmed projects, and to use GHG impacts as criteria to prioritize transportation projects. This approach is consistent with the GHG reduction policies that promote healthy transportation modes through prioritizing and programming an appropriate balance of roadway, transit, bicycle and pedestrian

investments, as well as policies that support smartgrowth development patterns by creating a balanced multi-modal transportation system.

REGIONAL TRACKING AND EVALUATION IN LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLANS

MassDOT coordinated with MPOs and regional planning agencies to implement GHG tracking and evaluation during the development of LRTPs, which were adopted in September 2011. This collaboration continued for the MPOs' 2016 LRTPs and amendments, federal fiscal years (FFYs) 2016–19 TIPs, FFYs 2017–21 TIPs, and FFYs 2018–22 TIPs. Working together, MassDOT and the MPOs have attained the following milestones:

- As a supplement to the 2016 LRTPs and Amendment One to the Boston Region MPO's LRTP, Charting Progress to 2040, the MPOs have completed modeling and developed long-range statewide projections for GHG emissions resulting from the transportation sector. Using the Boston Region MPO's travel demand model and the statewide travel demand model, the MPOs have projected GHG emissions for 2018, 2019, and 2020 No-Build (base) and Build (action) conditions, and for 2040 No-Build (base) and Build (action) conditions.
- All of the MPOs have discussed climate change, addressed GHG emissionsreduction projections in their LRTPs, and prepared statements affirming their support

for reducing GHG emissions as a regional goal.

TRACKING AND EVALUATION IN THE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

In addition to monitoring the GHG impacts of projects in the LRTP that will add capacity to the transportation system, it also is important to monitor and evaluate the GHG impacts of all transportation projects that are programmed in the TIP. The TIP includes both the larger, capacity-adding projects from the LRTP and smaller projects, which are not included in the LRTP but that may affect GHG emissions. The principal objective of this tracking is to enable the MPOs to evaluate the expected GHG impacts of different projects and to use this information as criteria to prioritize and program projects in future TIPs.

In order to monitor and evaluate the GHG impacts of TIP projects, MassDOT and the MPOs have developed approaches for identifying anticipated GHG emission impacts of different types of projects. Since carbon dioxide (CO₂) is the largest component of GHG emissions overall and is the focus of regulation 310 CMR 60.05, CO₂ has been used to measure the GHG impacts of transportation projects in the TIP and LRTP. All TIP projects have been sorted into two categories for analysis: 1) projects with quantified CO₂ impacts, and 2) projects with assumed CO₂ impacts. Projects with quantified impacts consist of capacity-adding projects from the LRTP and projects from the TIP that underwent a Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement

(CMAQ) Program spreadsheet analysis. Projects with assumed impacts are those that would be expected to produce a minor decrease or increase in emissions, and those that would be assumed to have no CO₂ impact.

PROJECTS WITH QUANTIFIED IMPACTS

Travel Demand Model

Projects with quantified impacts include capacityadding projects in the LRTP that were analyzed using the Boston Region MPO's travel demand model set. No independent TIP calculations were done for these projects.

Off-Model Methods

MassDOT's Office of Transportation Planning provided spreadsheets that are used to determine projects' eligibility for funding through the CMAQ Program. Typically, the MPO staff use data from projects' functional design reports, which are submitted at the 25-percent design phase, to conduct these calculations. These spreadsheets were used for calculating estimated projections of CO₂ for each project to comply with the GWSA regulations. These estimates are shown in Tables C-1 and C-2. A note of "to be determined" is shown for those projects for which a functional design report was not yet available.

As part of this TIP, analyses were done for the types of projects described below. A summary of the steps in the analyses are provided.

Traffic Operational Improvement

An intersection reconstruction or signalization project that typically reduces delays and, therefore, idling

- Step 1: Calculate the AM-peak-hour total intersection delay (seconds)
- Step 2: Calculate the PM-peak-hour total intersection delay (seconds)
- Step 3: Select the peak hour with the longer intersection delay
- Step 4: Calculate the selected peak-hour total intersection delay with improvements
- Step 5: Calculate the vehicle delay in hours per day (assumes peak-hour delay is 10 percent of daily delay)
- Step 6: Input the emission factors for arterial idling speed from the US Environmental Protection Agency's Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator (MOVES)
- Step 7: Calculate the net emissions change in kilograms per day
- Step 8: Calculate the net emissions change in kilograms per year (seasonally adjusted)
- Step 9: Calculate the cost-effectiveness (first year cost per kilogram of emissions reduced)

Pedestrian and Bicycle Infrastructure

A shared-use path that would enable more walking and biking trips and reduce automobile trips

 Step 1: Calculate the estimated number of oneway trips based on the percentage of workers residing in the communities served by the

- facility and the communities' bicycle and pedestrian commuter mode share
- Step 2: Calculate the reduction in vehicle-miles traveled per day and per year (assumes each trip is the length of the facility and that the facility operates 200 days per year)
- Step 3: Input the MOVES emission factors for the average commuter travel speed (assumes 35 miles per hour)
- Step 4: Calculate the net emissions change in kilograms per year (seasonally adjusted)
- Step 5: Calculate the cost-effectiveness (first year cost per kilogram of emissions reduced)

Bus Replacement

A program that replaces old buses with new buses that reduce emissions or run on cleaner fuel

- Step 1: Input the MOVES emission factors for the average bus travel speed (assumes 18 miles per hour) for both the old model year bus and the new model year bus
- Step 2: Calculate the fleet vehicle miles per day based on the vehicle revenue-miles and operating days per year
- Step 3: Calculate the net emissions change in kilograms per year (seasonally adjusted)
- Step 4: Calculate the cost-effectiveness (first year cost per kilogram of emissions reduced)

Calculations may be performed on the following project types; however, there are no projects of these types in this TIP.

New and Additional Transit Service

A new bus or shuttle service that reduces automobile trips

Park-and-Ride Lot

A facility that reduces automobile trips by encouraging high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) travel through carpooling or transit

Alternative Fuel Vehicles

A new vehicle procurement that replaces traditional gas or diesel vehicles with alternative fuel or advanced technology vehicles

Anti-Idling Strategies

Anti-idling strategies include incorporating anti-idling technology into fleets and using light-emitting diode (LED) lights on trucks for the purpose of illuminating worksites

Bike Share Projects

Bicycles are made available for shared use to individuals on a short-term basis allowing each bicycle to serve several users per day

Induced Travel

Considers new or reduced automobile trips associated with a roadway capacity change

Speed Reduction Projects

Considers emission reductions associated with a reduction in roadway speeds of not less than 55 miles per hour

Transit Signal Priority Projects

Technology at a signalized intersection or along a corridor that impacts bus travel times

Truck Stop Electrification

Provides truck drivers the necessary services, such as heating, air conditioning, or appliances, without requiring them to idle their engine

PROJECTS WITH ASSUMED IMPACTS

Qualitative Decrease or Increase in CO₂ Emissions

Projects with assumed CO₂ impacts are those that could produce a minor decrease or increase in emissions, but the change in emissions cannot be calculated with any precision. Examples include a bicycle rack installation, Safe Routes to School project, or transit marketing or customer service improvement. These projects are categorized as producing an assumed nominal increase or decrease.

No CO₂ Impact

Projects that do not change the capacity or use of a facility—for example, a resurfacing project that restores a roadway to its previous condition, or a bridge rehabilitation or replacement that restores the bridge to its previous condition—are assumed to have no CO_2 impact.

More details on these projects, including a description of each project's anticipated CO₂ impacts, are discussed in Chapter 3. The following tables display the GHG impact analyses of projects funded in the Highway Program (Table C-1) and Transit Program

(Table C-2). Table C-3 summarizes the GHG impact analyses of highway projects completed in FFY 2017. Table C-4 summarizes the GHG impact analyses of transit projects completed in FFY 2017. A project is considered completed when the construction contract has been awarded or the transit vehicles have been purchased.

TABLE C-1: GREENHOUSE GAS REGIONAL HIGHWAY PROJECT TRACKING

	GREENHOUSE GAS REGIONAL HIGHWA	ti i koseo i ik	MORINO	
MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
608229	Acton - Intersection and Signal Improvements at Kelley's Corner	Quantified	111,958	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
606223	Acton-Concord - Bruce Freeman Rail Construction (Phase II-B)	Quantified	10,315	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
607748	Acton - Intersection and Signal Improvements on SR 2 and SR 111 (Massachusetts Ave) at Piper Rd and Taylor Rd	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
606381	Arlington- Belmont - Highway Lighting Repair and Maintenance on Route 2	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
604123	Ashland - Reconstruction on Route 126 (Pond St) from Framingham Town Line to Holliston Town Line	Quantified	148,097	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
607738	Bedford - Minuteman Bikeway Extension from Loomis St to the Concord Town Line	Quantified	21,098	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
608347	Beverly- Intersection Improvements at 3 Locations: Cabot St (Route 1A/97) at Dodge St (Route 1A), County Way, Longmeadow Rd and Scott St, McKay St at Balch St and Veterans Memorial Bridge (Route 1A) at Rantoul, Cabot, Water, and Front Sts	Quantified	582,422	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement
608614	Boston - Superstructure Replacement, B-16-179, Austin St over I-93 Ramps, MBTA Commuter Rail and Orange Line	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
604173	Boston- Bridge Rehabilitation, B-16-016, North Washington St over the Boston Inner Harbor	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
607888	Boston-Brookline - Multi-Use Path Construction on New Fenway	Quantified	54,724	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
608755	Boston- Intersection Improvements at Morton St and Harvard St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions

MassDOT Project		GHG Analysis	GHG CO ₂	
ID	MassDOT Project Description	Type	(kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
606453	Boston- Improvements on Boylston St, from Intersection of Brookline Ave and Park Dr to Ipswich St	Quantified	1,920,790	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
607759	Boston- Intersection and Signal Improvements at the VFW Pkwy and Spring St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
606728	Boston- Superstructure Repairs on B-16-365, Bowker Overpass over Storrow Dr (EB)	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608234	Boston-Randolph - Bridge Preservation of 3 Bridges: B-16-165, R-01-005 and R-01-007	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
605789	Boston- Reconstruction of Melnea Cass Blvd	Quantified	2,872,641	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
606226	Boston- Reconstruction of Rutherford Ave, from City Square to Sullivan Square	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
606134	Boston- Traffic Signal Improvements on Blue Hill Ave and Warren St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608009	Boxborough- Bridge Replacement, B-18-002, Route 111 over I-495	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608651	Braintree - Adaptive Signal Controls on Route 37 (Granite St)	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608608	Braintree - Highway Lighting Improvements at I-93/Route 3 Interchange	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
605110	Brookline- Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 9 and Village Square (Gateway East)	Quantified	67,056	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
606316	Brookline- Pedestrian Bridge Rehabilitation, B-27-016, over MBTA off Carlton St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608482	Cambridge-Somerville - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 28	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608484	Canton-Milton - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 138	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608599	Canton-Foxborough-Norwood-Walpole - Stormwater Improvements along Route 1, Route 1A, and Interstate 95	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
608611	Canton-Milton-Randolph - Replacement and Rehabilitation of the Highway Lighting System at the Route 24/Route 1/I-93 Interchange	Qualitative	(kg/yi)	No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608078	Chelsea- Reconstruction on Broadway (Route 107) from City Hall to Revere City Line	Quantified	93,278	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
608206	Chelsea to Danvers - Guide and Traffic Sign Replacement on a Section of US Route 1	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
BN1800	Community Transportation Program	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
608495	Concord-Lexington-Lincoln - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 2A	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608478	Concord - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 2	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608818	Danvers - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 114	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607901	Dedham - Pedestrian Improvements along Elm St and Rustcraft Rd Corridors	Quantified	12,722	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
608587	Dedham - Reconstruction and Related Work on Bridge St (Route 109) and Ames St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608596	Essex - Bridge Preservation, E-11-001, Route 133/Main St over Essex River	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607652	Everett - Reconstruction of Ferry St, South Ferry St and a Portion of Elm St	Quantified	435,976	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
608210	Foxborough-Plainville-Wrentham-Franklin - Interstate Maintenance and Related Work on I-495	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608480	Foxborough-Walpole - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607732	Framingham-Natick - Cochituate Rail Trail Construction including Pedestrian Bridge, N-03-014, over Route 9 and F-07-033=N-03-029 over Route 30	Quantified	62,441	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
608228	Framingham - Reconstruction of Union Ave, from Proctor St to Main St	Quantified	-217,978	Quantified Increase in Emissions
608498	Hingham-Weymouth-Braintree - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 53	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
600518	Hingham - Intersection Improvements at Derby St, Whiting St, and Gardner St	Quantified	-145,683	Quantified Increase in Emissions
606501	Holbrook - Reconstruction of Union Street (Route 139), from Linfield St to Centre St and Water St	Quantified	4,097	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
607428	Hopedale-Milford - Resurfacing and Intersection Improvements on Route 16 (Main St), from Water St west to approximately 120 feet west of the Milford/Hopedale town line and the intersection of Route 140	Quantified	201,148	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
606043	Hopkinton - Signal and Intersection Improvements on Route 135	Quantified	1,298,625	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
606632	Hopkinton-Westborough - Bridge Replacement, H-23-006=W-24-016, Fruit St over CSX and Sudbury River	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607977	Hopkinton-Westborough - Reconstruction of I-90/I-495 Interchange	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
601607	Hull - Reconstruction of Atlantic Avenue and Related Work	Quantified	6,586	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
608379	Lexington-Belmont-Arlington-Cambridge - Pavement Preservation on Route 2	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
602077	Lynn - Reconstruction on Route 129 (Lynnfield St), from Great Woods Rd to Wyoma Square	Quantified	12,761	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
604952	Lynn-Saugus - Bridge Replacement, L-18-016=S-05-008, Route 107 over the Saugus River (AKA - Belden G. Bly Bridge)	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608146	Marblehead - Intersection Improvements at Pleasant St and Village, Vine and Cross St	Quantified	531	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement
608566	Marlborough - Improvements at Route 20 (East Main St) at Curtis Ave	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
608467	Marlborough-Sudbury - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 20	Qualitative	(3 , /	No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
604655	Marshfield - Bridge Replacement, M-07-007, Beach St over the Cut River	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608069	Marshfield-Pembroke-Norwell-Hanover-Rockland-Hingham - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 3	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608637	Maynard - Bridge Replacement, M-10-006, Florida Rd over Assabet River	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608835	Medford - Improvements at Brook Elementary School	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608522	Middleton - Bridge Replacement- M-20-003, RT 62/Maple St over Ipswich River	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607342	Milton - Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 28 (Randolph Ave) and Chickatawbut Rd	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
607763	Milton - Intersection and Signal Improvements at 2 Locations: SR 138 (Blue Hill Ave) at Atherton St and Bradlee Rd and SR 138 (Blue Hill Ave) at Milton St and Dollar Ln	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
607330	Milton - Deck Reconstruction Over SE Expressway (East Milton Square)	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
605034	Natick - Reconstruction of Route 27 (North Main St), from North Ave to the Wayland Town Line	Quantified	189,410	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
606635	Needham-Newton - Reconstruction of Highland Ave, Needham St and Charles River Bridge, N-04-002, from Webster St (Needham) to Route 9 (Newton)	Quantified	1,186,210	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
603711	Needham-Wellesley - Rehab/Replacement of 6 Bridges on I-95/Route 128: N-04-020, N-04-021, N-04-022, N-04-026, N-04-027, N-04-037 and W-13-023 (Add-a-Lane- Contract V)	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
607915	Newton-Wellesley-Weston - Bridge Maintenance of N-12-063, N-12-054, N-12-055 and N-12-056 on I-95/Route 128	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
608052	Norwood - Intersection and Signal Improvements at US 1 (Providence Highway) and Morse St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
605857	Norwood - Intersection Improvements at Route 1 and University Ave/Everett St	Quantified	1,092,131	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement
606130	Norwood - Intersection Improvements at Route 1A and Upland Rd	Quantified	72,964	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement
608468	Peabody-Danvers - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608567	Peabody - Improvements at Route 114 at Sylvan St, Cross St, Northshore Mall, Loris Rd, Route 128 Interchange	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608208	Quincy-Milton-Boston - Interstate Maintenance and Related Work on I-93	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608569	Quincy- Intersection Improvements at Route 3A (Southern Artery) and Broad St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608205	Reading to Lynnfield - Guide and Traffic Sign Replacement on a Section of I-95 (SR 128)	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608219	Reading-Wakefield - Interstate Maintenance and Related Work on I-95	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608743	Salem - Improvements at Bates Elementary School	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608521	Salem - Structural Steel Repairs, Bridge No. S-01-018	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608352	Salem - Canal St Rail Trail Construction (Phase 2)	Quantified	6,651	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
608817	Salem-Lynn - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 107	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608008	Saugus - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
608079	Sharon - Bridge Replacement, S-09-003 (40N), Maskwonicut St over Amtrak/MBTA	Qualitative	(Ng/J-)	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
BN1570	Somerville-Medford - Green Line Extension Project - Extension to College Ave with the Union Square Spur	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
608562	Somerville - Signal and Intersection Improvement on I-93 at Mystic Ave and McGrath Highway	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
604989	Southborough - Reconstruction of Main Street (Route 30), from Sears Rd to Park St	Quantified	231,813	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
608829	Stoughton - Improvements at West Elementary School	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
605342	Stow - Bridge Replacement, S-29-001, (ST 62) Gleasondale Rd over the Assabet River	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608255	Stow - Bridge Replacement, S-29-011, Box Mill Rd over Elizabeth Brook	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608164	Sudbury - Bike Path Construction (Bruce Freeman Rail Trail)	Quantified	49,903	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
607761	Swampscott - Intersection and Signal Improvements at SR 1A (Paradise Road) at Swampscott Mall	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608493	Topsfield - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 1	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607329	Wakefield-Lynnfield - Rail Trail Extension, from the Galvin Middle School to Lynnfield/Peabody Town Line	Quantified	158,032	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
602261	Walpole - Reconstruction on Route 1A (Main St), from the Norwood Town Line to Route 27, includes W-03-024 over the Neponset River	Quantified	230,473	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
607533	Waltham - Bridge Replacement, W-04-006, Woerd Ave over Charles River	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
607777	Watertown - Rehabilitation of Mount Auburn St (Route 16)	Quantified	536,769	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project
608564	Watertown - Intersection Improvements at Route 16 and Galen St	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608823	Wellesley-Newton-Weston - Pavement Resurfacing and Related Work on I-95	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608528	Weston-Waltham - Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 20	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
601630	Weymouth-Abington - Reconstruction and Widening on Route 18 (Main St) from Highland Place to Route 139 (4.0 Miles) includes replacing W-32-013, Route 18 over the Old Colony Railroad (MBTA)	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
608703	Wilmington - Bridge Replacement W-38-029 (2KV) Route 129 Lowell St Over I-93	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
607327	Wilmington - Bridge Replacement W-38-002 (2KV) Route 38 Main St Over the B&M Railroad	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
608791	Winchester - Improvements at Vinson-Owen Elementary School	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions
608214	Winchester - Stormwater Improvements along Route 3	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
604996	Woburn - Bridge Replacement, W-43-017, New Boston St over MBTA	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model

TABLE C-2 GREENHOUSE GAS REGIONAL TRANSIT PROJECT TRACKING

Regional Transit Authority	Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
САТА	Acquire - Miscellaneous Support Equipment	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
САТА	Acquire - Shop Equipment/Software Maintenance	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
CATA	Buy Replacement Trolley Buses (2)	Quantified	530	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement
CATA	Construct - Bus Shelter-CATA HUB/COA	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
CATA	Preventative Maintenance	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
CATA	Rehab - Shelters Railroad, Park and Ride, Emerson Ave	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
CATA	Rehab/Renovate - Bus Passenger Shelters	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MBTA	Bridge and Tunnel Program	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MBTA	Green Line Extension Project - Extension to College Avenue with the Union Square Spur	Quantified		LRTP project included in the statewide model
MBTA	Stations and Facilities	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MBTA	Bus Overhaul	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MBTA	Bus Program	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions

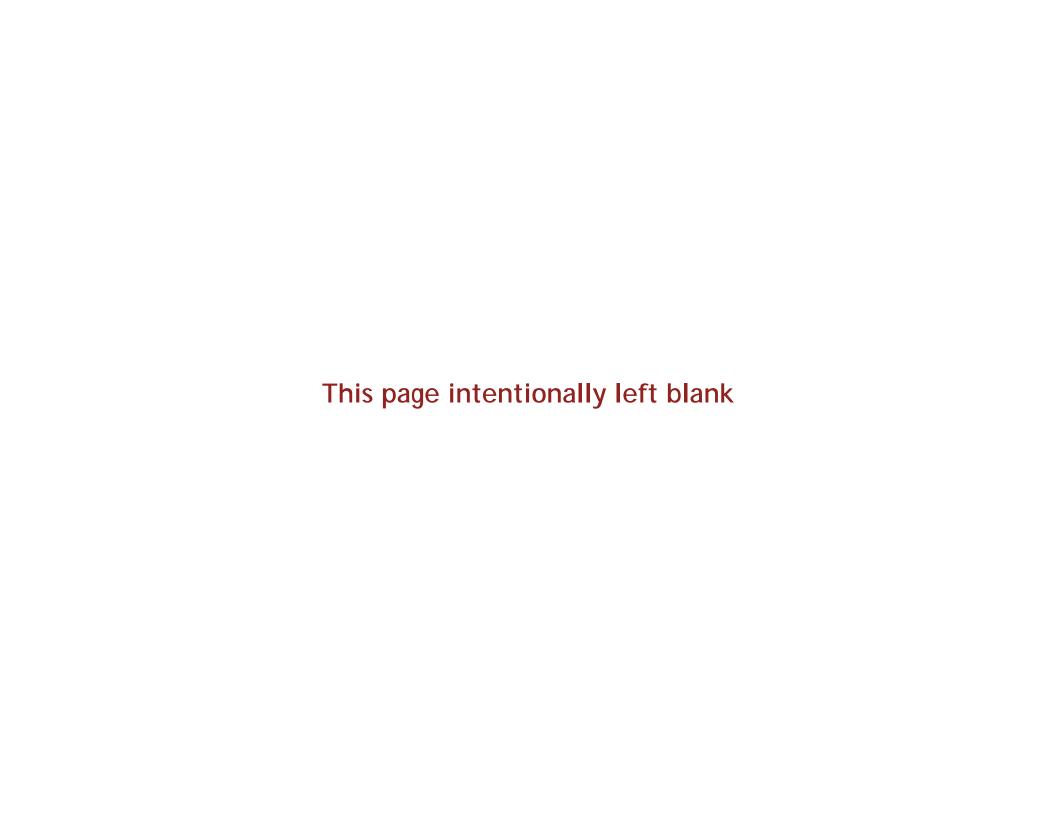
Regional Transit Authority	Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description
MBTA	Bus Procurement (60 Hybrid Buses)	Quantified	2,398,879	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement
MBTA	Elevator Program	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
МВТА	Revenue Vehicle Program	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MBTA	Positive Train Control	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
МВТА	Systems Upgrade	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MBTA	Signal Program	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MWRTA	Acquisition of Bus Support Equipment/Facilities	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MWRTA	Construct Miscellaneous Electric/Power Equipment	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MWRTA	Mobility Management	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MWRTA	Non-Fixed Route ADA Paratransit Services	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions
MWRTA	Terminal, Intermodal (Transit)	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions

TABLE C-3: GREENHOUSE GAS REGIONAL HIGHWAY "COMPLETED" PROJECT TRACKING

MassDOT Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO ₂ Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description	FFY of Contract Award
606284	Boston- Improvements to Commonwealth Avenue, from Amory Street to Alcorn Street	Quantified	162,389	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	2015
605657	Medway- Reconstruction on Route 109, from Holliston Street to 100 Feet West of Highland Street	Quantified	707,616	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	2015
605146	Salem- Reconstruction on Canal Street, from Washington Street and Mill Street to Loring Avenue and Jefferson Avenue	Quantified	66,226	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	2015
604531	Acton- Assabet River Rail Trail	Quantified	61,690	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure	2015
602000	Weston- Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 30 (South Ave) and Wellesley Street	Quantified	214,099	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement	2015
607209	Somerville- Cambridge- Reconstruction of Beacon Street, from Oxford Street to Cambridge City Line	Quantified	684,057	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	2015
601579	Wayland- Signal and Intersection Improvements at Route 27 (Main Street) and Route 30 (Commonwealth Road	Quantified	205,105	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement	2016
29492	Bedford-Billerica - Middlesex Turnpike Improvements, from Crosby Dr north to Manning Rd, includes reconstruction of B-04-006 (Phase III)	Quantified	LRTP	LRTP project included in the statewide model	2017
604761	Boston - Multi-Use Trail Construction (South Bay Harbor), from Ruggles Station to Fort Point Channel	Quantified	767,491	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure	2017
607309	Hingham – Reconstruction and related work on Derby St, from Pond Park Rd to Cushing St	Quantified	-113,400	Quantified Increase in Emissions	2017
604810	Marlborough - Reconstruction of Route 85 (Maple St)	Quantified	589,680	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	2017
602165	Stoneham - Signal and Intersection Improvements at Route 28/North St	Quantified	139,709	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement	2017
604935	Woburn - Reconstruction of Montvale Ave, from I-93 Interchange to Central St (approximately 1,850 feet)	Quantified	98,885	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	2017

TABLE C-4:
GREENHOUSE GAS REGIONAL TRANSIT "COMPLETED" PROJECT TRACKING

Regional		GHG Analysis	GHG CO ₂		FFY of
Transit Authority	Project Description	Type	Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description	Contract Award
CATA	Bus Replacement - 30-Foot Bus (2)	Quantified	786	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2015
CATA	Bus Replacement - Less than 30-Foot Bus (3)	Quantified	18,666	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2015
МВТА	Revenue Vehicle Program - Bus Replacement (60)	Quantified	2,398,879	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2015
MWRTA	Van Replacement (2)	Quantified	4,457	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2015
MWRTA	Mini-Van Replacement (8)	Quantified	5,211	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2015
MWRTA	Bus Replacement - Less than 30-Foot Bus (2)	Quantified	8,640	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2015
CATA	Bus Replacement - 30-Foot Bus (4)	Quantified	1,660	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2016
CATA	Bus Replacement - Less than 30-Foot Bus (3)	Quantified	10,151	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2016
MBTA	Revenue Vehicle Program - Bus Replacement (369)	Quantified	1,264,520	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2016
MWRTA	Bus Replacement - Less than 30-Foot Bus (5)	Quantified	20,107	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2016
CATA	Buy Replacement 30-Foot Buses (3)	Quantified	1,278	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2017
MWRTA	Non-Fixed Route ADA Paratransit Vehicles (4)	Quantified	6,653	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2017
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APPENDIX Public Comments on the FFYs 2018-22 TIP

OVERVIEW OF CONTENTS

MPO staff initiated outreach activities for the FFYs 2018–22 TIP in November 2016 and maintained communication with stakeholders as the document developed. As a result, the MPO received a substantial number of written comments while developing the draft TIP, which are summarized in this appendix.

Additionally, the MPO released the draft document for a formal 21-day public review period. The review period began on April 25, 2017, and closed on May 15, 2017. The comments received during this review period and responses from the MPO to the commenters are summarized in Table F.1.

SUMMARY OF WRITTEN COMMENTS RECEIVED DURING TIP DEVELOPMENT

MPO staff's responses to comments are noted in purple.

Most frequent comments (at least two comments were received on each subject below):

- Requests inclusion of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) (Sudbury)
 - Project programmed in FFY 2022
- Supports inclusion of Reconstruction on Route 1A (Main Street) (Walpole)
 - Project programmed in FFY 2020
- Requests inclusion of the Intersection Improvements at Route 1A and Upland Road/Washington Street and Prospect Street/Fulton Street (Norwood)
 - Project programmed in FFY 2021
- Requests inclusion of the Intersection and Signal Improvements at Kelley's Corner (Acton)
 - Project programmed in FFY 2022
- Requests inclusion of the Intersection Improvements at Route 20 and Landham Road (Sudbury)

Project will continue to be considered for programming in the TIP when funding becomes available

 Questions the decision to award the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) three points for improving substandard sidewalks

Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

• States that the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) is not ready for evaluation, as the project has no functional design report

Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

• States the estimates for emissions reduction for the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) are likely too high Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

Other comments:

- MetroWest Regional Collaborative
 - Supports the following projects:
 - Reconstruction of Route 85 North (Bolton Street) (Marlborough)

Project programmed in FFY 2017

Reconstruction of Route 126 (Pond Street) (Ashland)

Project programmed in FFY 2020

Reconstruction of Main Street (Route 30) (Southborough)

Project programmed in FFY 2018

Reconstruction of Route 27 (North Main Street) (Natick)

Project programmed in FFY 2019

Cochituate Rail Trail, Phase 2 (Framingham and Natick)

Project programmed in FFY 2018

o Requests the restoration of the Reconstruction of Union Avenue (Framingham) to FFY 2021

Project programmed in FFY 2021

 Requests that the MPO improve Route 126, as a whole, and restore Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 126 (Holliston) to the TIP

Reconstruction of Route 126 in Ashland programmed in FFY 2018; Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 126 in Holliston, and other projects on Route 126, will be considered for programming in the TIP when they are ready for evaluation and when funding becomes available

Expresses interest in the addition of sidewalks to Route 20 in Wayland

Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 20 (Wayland) programmed in FFY 2019

- Senator John F. Keenan
 - Requests programming the Reconstruction of Union Street (Holbrook) in an earlier TIP element
 Project programmed in FFY 2021
- John J. Carroll, General Manager, Town of Norwood
 - Requests inclusion of the Intersection Improvements at Route 1A and Upland Road/Washington Street and Prospect Street/Fulton Street (Norwood) in the FFY 2019 element of the TIP
 Project programmed in FFY 2021
- William C. Campbell, City Clerk, City of Woburn
 - Requests inclusion of the Intersection Reconstruction at Route 3 (Cambridge Road), Bedford Road, and South Bedford Street (Woburn)

Project will be considered for programming in the TIP when it is ready for evaluation and when funding becomes available

- Philip E. Lemnios, Town Manager, Town of Hull
 - Requests inclusion of the Reconstruction of Atlantic Avenue (Hull)

Project programmed in FFY 2021

- Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination
 - Requests inclusion of the Minuteman Bikeway Extension (Bedford)

Project programmed in FFY 2022

- Roy Lichtenstein
 - o Requests the resurfacing of Route 9 in Wellesley

Resurfacing began on Route 9 from the limit of the Add-a-Lane Project to East of Overbrook Intersection (Wellesley) in FFY 2016; Resurfacing and Related Work on Route 9, from Dearborn Street to Natick Town Line (Wellesley), and other projects must be advanced by the Town of Wellesley in order to become eligible for TIP funding

Requests resurfacing of Route 1 in Norwood and Walpole

Project must be advanced by the Towns of Norwood and Walpole in order to become eligible for TIP funding

- Daniel A. DePompei, Sudbury resident
 - Requests clarification about the data used to calculate emissions reduction scores assigned to the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) (Sudbury)

Explained scoring procedure

 States the Intersection Improvements at Route 20 and Landham Road (Sudbury) should be prioritized over the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) (Sudbury)

Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) (Sudbury) programmed in FFY 2022; Route 20 and Landham Road (Sudbury) project will be considered for programming in the TIP when funding becomes available

- Stephen A. Lanzendorf, Sudbury resident, regarding the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) (Sudbury):
 - Questions the awarding of four points for improving intermodal accommodations or connections to travel, stating that the project should be recognized as a recreational trail and is unlikely to offer any meaningful benefit to commuters

Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

Questions the awarding of one point for providing multimodal access to an activity center

Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

 Questions the awarding of one point for addressing environmental impacts, stating that the project will likely have significantly adverse environmental impacts

Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

- Pat Brown, Sudbury resident
 - Asks that the MPO include what it considers to constitute "reasonable access to transit" into the scoring description for the "improves intermodal accommodations/connections to transit" criterion

Feedback considered in the final project evaluation

 Requests inclusion of a link to the explanatory document for TIP scoring criteria on the TIP Interactive Database homepage

Feedback will be considered in future changes to the TIP Interactive Database

 Requests that project proponents and MPO staff update project information and evaluation scores in the TIP Interactive Database

Project proponents and MPO staff will continue to update the TIP Interactive Database

o Requests more detailed scoring information in the TIP Interactive Database

Feedback will be considered in future changes to the TIP Interactive Database

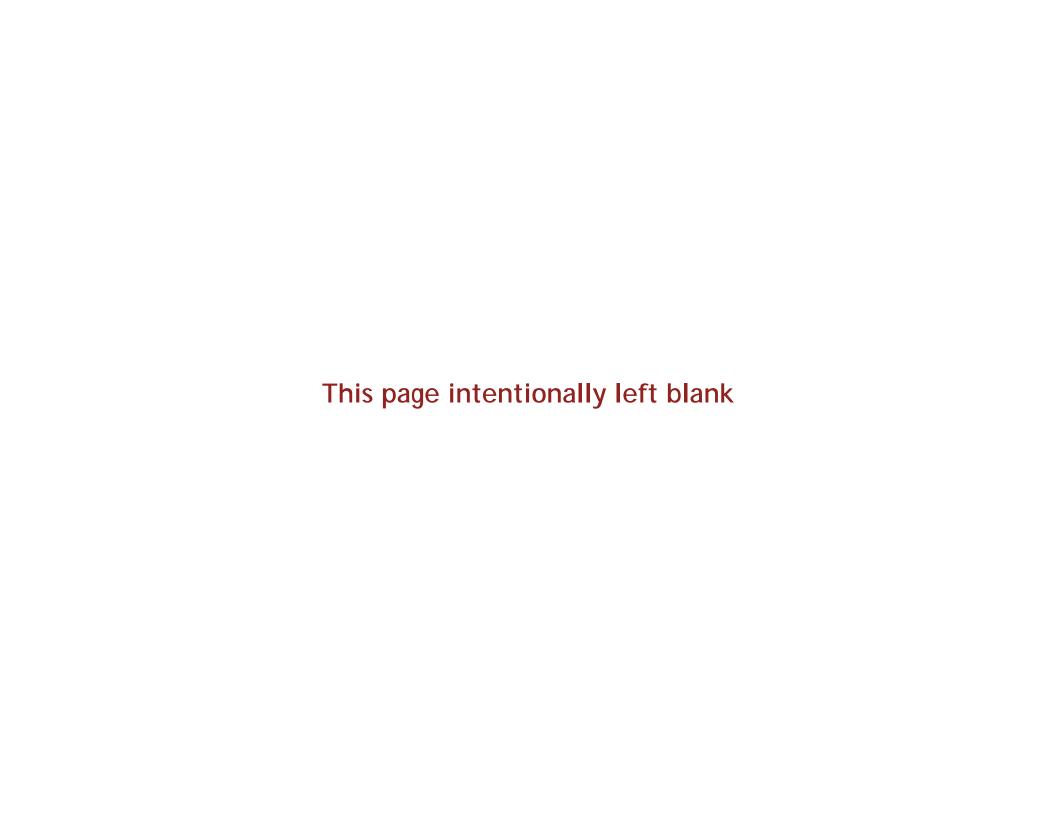


TABLE D-1: PUBLIC COMMENTS

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response				
Regional Transportation Advisory Council									
TIP Outreach	Support	Organization: RTAC	Thanks the MPO staff for its attention to reframing and improving communication, information, and material related to the TIP. States this information has been helpful in explaining the TIP processes to stakeholders and the public.	1	Thank you for your comment.				
Project Scoring & Evaluation	Request	Organization: RTAC	Expresses appreciation for the MPO's attention to newly established priorities and the "binning" approach by which projects are compared to other projects of the same type in the TIP scoring. Requests the MPO begin to consider criteria related to the sustainability of projects in the Community Transportation category. Notes a study has been identified to do this in the FFY 2018 UPWP. States there are several projects on the TIP programming scenario list that were given initial approval as much as 15 or 20 years ago. Notes there have been many examples of changes in both regional and local priorities since that time. Requests that the MPO reconfirm that those projects are still priorities with the project sponsors, and to re-score the projects on a regular basis.	1	Thank you for your comment. The Community Transportation/Parking/Clean Air and Mobility investment program will be defined by the MPO and MPO staff during FFY 2018. MPO Staff will work with MassDOT to ensure that projects listed in the Universe of Projects are active and remain priorities of the municipal project proponents. If considered necessary, projects will be reevaluated and rescored during TIP development.				
Project Programming & Funding	Request	Organization: RTAC	Expresses appreciation of the effort MPO staff has made in shuffling projects to keep them on their original schedule and ensure they are "shovel-ready." Encourages the MPO to consider any opportunities to fund programmed projects from sources other than the MPO, should such opportunities arise, so that funds can be reallocated to other projects to reduce the backlog on the MPO list.	1-2	Thank you for your comment. During development of the TIP and discussions with MassDOT, all options for funding projects will be considered.				
Cost Estimates	Support	Organization: RTAC	States the Advisory Council looks forward to continuing discussion with the MPO and MassDOT on cost estimation, processes to budget realistically, and avoidance of major cost increases.	2	Thank you for your comment.				
Subregional Groups									
Project Selection in the MAGIC Region	Support + Request	Organization: MAGIC	Supports inclusion of three projects programmed in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. MAGIC's top priorities are as follows (listed in order of priority): 1) Minuteman Bikeway Extension (Bedford) 2) Bruce Freeman Rail Trail, Phase 2D 3) Intersection Improvements at Massachusetts Avenue (Route 111) and Main Street (Route 27) (Kelley's Corner) Requests consideration of programming the Intersection Improvements at Route 20 and Landham Road project.	3-4	As noted, the three projects supported by the Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. When developing the FFYs 2019-23 TIP, the MPO will maintain its commitment to currently programmed projects and consider programming the unfunded priority projects in the Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination's subregion that were evaluated by MPO staff during this past TIP cycle. In addition, as those unfunded projects advance to the 25% design stage, MPO staff will evaluate and add them to the list of evaluated projects for the MPO's consideration.				

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
Project Selection in the South Shore Region	Support + Request	Organization: SSC	Supports inclusion of five projects in the South Shore region in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. SSC's top priorities are as follows (listed in order of priority): 1) Reconstruction and Related Work on Derby Street from Pond Park Road to Cushing Street 2) Intersection Improvements at Derby Street, Whiting Street (Route 53) and Gardner Street 3) Intersection Improvements at Middle Street, Libbey Industrial Parkway and Tara Drive 4) Reconstruction and Widening on Route 18 (Main Street) 5) Reconstruction of Atlantic Avenue and Related Work from Nantasket Avenue to Cohasset Town Line Requests consideration of two projects not currently programmed in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP: 1) Signal Installation at Route 3 (northbound and southbound) Ramps and Route 3A (Tremont Street) 2) Reconstruction of Union Street (Route 139), from Linfield Street to Center Street/Water Street	5-6	As noted, the four projects supported by the South Shore Coalition are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. When developing the FFYs 2019-23 TIP, the MPO will maintain its commitment to currently programmed projects and consider programming the unfunded priority projects in the South Shore Coalitions's subregion that were evaluated by MPO staff during this past TIP cycle. In addition, as those unfunded projects advance to the 25% design stage, MPO staff will evaluate and add them to the list of evaluated projects for the MPO's consideration.
Project Selection in the TRIC Region	Support + Request	Organization: TRIC	Supports the following four projects programmed in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP, and requests scheduling them in the earliest possible TIP element. TRIC's top priorities are as follows (listed in order of priority): 1) Reconstruction of Route 1A (Walpole) 2) Intersection Improvements at Route 1A and Upload Rd./Washington St. and Prospect St./Fulton St. (Norwood) 3) Intersection Improvements at Route 1 and University Ave./Everett St. (Norwood) 4) Reconstruction of Highland Avenue, Needham Street, and the Charles River Bridge (Needham & Newton) TRIC's overall top priority is the I-93 / I-95 Canton Interchange Project. While they are aware of fiscal constraints, they are hopeful that the final phase of the Interchange Project will begin before the Dedham Corridor phase is completed.	7-8	As noted, the four projects supported by the Three Rivers Interlocal Council are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. When developing the FFYs 2019-23 TIP, the MPO will maintain its commitment to currently programmed projects and consider programming the unfunded priority projects in the Three Rivers Interlocal Council's subregion that were evaluated by MPO staff during this past TIP cycle. In addition, as those unfunded projects advance to the 25% design stage, MPO staff will evaluate and add them to the list of evaluated projects for the MPO's consideration.

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
Project Selection	Support + Request	Organization: A Better City	Supports inclusion of ten projects in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP that A Better City and its members identify as priorities. Requests consideration of Improvements Along Commonwealth Avenue (Boston) and the McGrath Boulevard Project (Somerville), if not in the current draft TIP, then in future amendments and future TIPs.	9-10	As noted, the ten projects supported by A Better City are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The Commonwealth Avenue project is considered a Major Infrastructure project because the construction cost is estimated to be more than \$20 million. Therefore, before this project can be included in the TIP, the MPO board needs to include it in the Boston Region MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Deliberations about programming this project can take place during the development of the next LRTP, which will begin in FFY 2018. The McGrath Boulevard project is included in the MPO's current LRTP, Charting Progress to 2040. Assuming this project maintains it place in the next LRTP, the MPO board can consider programming it in the TIP in coming years. The investment goals established by the MPO are factors that dictate the programming of projects in the TIP. No Major Infrastructure projects were added to the TIP during this year's TIP development cycle due to the fact that currently, about 60 percent of the MPO's TIP Target Program funding is dedicated to projects classified as Major Infrastructure, while the MPO's goal for spending in this category is 44 percent. The Major Infrastructure commitments currently programmed in the TIP include the Rutherford Avenue project (# 606226) and the Green Line Extension to College Avenue with the Union Square Spur (# 1570). Therefore, when recommending new projects for programming, MPO staff focused on funding bicycle and pedestrian projects, Complete Streets projects, and intersection improvement projects. The Commonwealth Avenue and McGrath Boulevard projects, which are both Major Infrastructure projects, will be considered for TIP funding by the MPO board in the future.
Replacement of Allston I-90 Elevated Viaduct, including Interchange Reconstruction Beacon Park Yard Layover and West Station (Boston)	Request	Organization: A Better City	Requests immediate evaluation of the Replacement of Allston I-90 Elevated Viaduct. States that this critical project should move forward as soon as funding becomes available, and construction is scheduled to begin before FFY 2022.	10	The project to replace the Interstate 90 Allston Viaduct is categorized as a Major Infrastructure project. As such, the project must be evaluated and recommended in the MPO's Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) before it can be programmed in the TIP to recieve federal funds. We expect the MPO board will consider programming the project during the next update to the LRTP, which will be endorsed in 2019.
Universe of Projects	Request	Organization: A Better City	Requests that a number of bus rapid transit (BRT) projects and routes being considered in the urban core be added to the Universe of Projects. The BRT projects should be considered for inclusion in the TIP in future amendments as more information is developed. Requests that the South Station Expansion Project be added to the Universe of Projects for work that will begin during this TIP cycle, if funding is available.	10	Bus rapid transit projects and the expansion of MBTA stations are planned and prioritized for funding by MassDOT and the MBTA. The selection process for those transit projects is different than for the projects that typically make up the TIP's Universe of Projects. The latter tend to consist of roadway improvement projects because the funding programs that the MPO has discretion over are administered by the Federal Highway Administration. The MBTA and other transit authorities in the state receive funding from the Federal Transit Administration. The prioritization of their capital improvements primarily occurs via the Capital Investment Plan (CIP) process, now underway. For more information on MassDOT's transit planning efforts, please refer to Focus40 (www.mbtafocus40.com/) and the Capital Investment Plan (www.massdot.state.ma.us/InformationCenter/CapitalInvestmentPlan.aspx). Both of these planning efforts will provide opportunities for public input.
Multiple	Support	Organization: CrossTown Connect TMA	Supports the inclusion of 11 projects that help improve the transportation infrastructure in, around, and accessing the region served by CrossTown Connect. Expresses particular appreciation for the inclusion of the Minuteman Bikeway Extension (Bedford), Bruce Freeman Rail Trail, Phase 2D (Sudbury), and Intersection and Signal Improvements at Kelley's Corner (Acton).	11-12	As noted, the eleven projects supported by CrossTown Connect TMA are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. See Chapter 3 of the TIP.

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
Modernization of the MBTA	Request	Organization: CrossTown Connect TMA	Requests investment toward modernizing and increasing reliability of the MBTA, particularly the Red Line. States that a number of shuttles use Alewife Station as a beginning and end point, and the station is a gateway to the region. The MBTA needs to run efficiently in order for the TMA's services to run efficiently and for the region to benefit as much as possible.	13	The MBTA's capital investments and expansion projects are prioritized through planning processes led by the MassDOT and the MBTA, including Focus40 (the long-term investment strategy); the MassDOT Capital Investment Plan (the five-year financial plan for MassDOT and the MBTA); and the MBTA's Stations and Facilities Plan. (For more information visit www.mbtafocus40.com/ and www.massdot.state.ma.us/InformationCenter/CapitalInvestmentPlan.aspx.)These planning efforts also factor into the development of the MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan, which will be underway in the coming year. MBTA projects currently planned for funding in FFYs 2018-22 are included in the following tables on the MPO's website: FFYs 2018-22 TIP tables at www.bostonmpo.org/data/pdf/plans/tip/FFYs_2018_2022_Draft_TIP_Tables_042417.pdf; and MBTA Transit Program shown by federal fiscal year at www.bostonmpo.org/data/pdf/plans/tip/FFYs_2018_2022_TIP_Draft_MBTA_Program_by_FY.p df. Please remain involved in these efforts in order to make your priorities known.
Project Selection	Support	Organization: MASCO	Supports inclusion of six projects in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP that will improve multimodal access to the Longwood Medical Area (LMA). States that transit and roadway congestion constrain access to the LMA and contribute to 62% of area employees having commutes more than 40 minutes long.	14-15	The projects you cite are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP, in the following years: - 605110 in FFY 2018 (Section 1A) - 606316 in FFY 2019 (Section 1B) - 605789 in FFY 2019 (Section 1A) - 606453 in FFY 2020 (Section 1A) - 607888 in FFY 2019 (Section 2C) - 606728 in FFY 2022 (Section 2A)
Project Selection in the 495 / MetroWest Region	Support + Request	Organization: 495/MetroWest Partnership	Supports inclusion of 22 projects within the 495/MetroWest Region in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. Expresses particular appreciation for the inclusion of the Reconstruction of I-90/I-495 Interchange, Resurfacing and Intersection Improvements on Route 16 (Milford), and MWRTA funding, all of which address 495/MetroWest Partnership-defined "transportation nightmares." Appreciates the inclusion of a variety of new projects that traverse several subregions. Requests that the MPO consider 24 projects within the 495/MetroWest Region for TIP funding; nine of these projects have been designated as "transportation nightmares" by the 495/MetroWest Partnership. States that a lack of sound financial footing for transportation infrastructure results in major projects that would have significant regional impact remaining idle in the TIP Universe of Projects. Notes that projects such as Improvements at I-495 and Route 9 (Southborough, Westborough) and the Reconstruction of I-290/I-495 Interchange (Hudson, Marlborough) must be addressed to successfully confront congestion, safety, air quality, and sustainable development issues in the region.	16-20	As noted, the 22 projects supported by the MetroWest Partnership are programmed for funding in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. See Chapter 3 of the TIP. When developing the FFYs 2019-23 TIP, the MPO will maintain its commitment to currently programmed projects and consider programming the MetroWest Partnership's unfunded priority projects that were evaluated by MPO staff during this past TIP cycle. In addition, as those unfunded projects advance to the 25% design stage, MPO staff will evaluate and add them to the list of evaluated projects for the MPO's consideration.
Funding for 495/MetroWest Region Communities	Request	Organization: 495/MetroWest Partnership	Notes that several communities in the 495/MetroWest Region have projects in the TIP Universe but have not received TIP funding since 2008 or before. The communities include, but may not be limited to, Bellingham, Holliston, Medfield, Millis, and Wrentham. Several other communities have received no TIP funding for the time period between 2008 and 2022, and do not have projects ready for consideration. States that this demonstrates the challenge for municipalities when funding project designs as the designs may be outdated by the time the projects are considered for the TIP. The Partnership will recommend that policymakers consider state design funding in exchange for partial municipal funding of projects.	19	The MPO is examining the regional distribution of TIP funding and considering forming a subcommittee to examine the challenges faced by some municipalities that make it difficult for them to initiate and advance projects through the TIP process and win federal funding. It is also important that municipalities (project proponents) take the initiative to understand and be involved in the TIP process and other transportation planning processes in the region.

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
State Representativ			cal Advocacy Organizations (Project Specific Comments)	_	
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phases 2B & 2D)	Support	Legislative: Sen. Mike Barrett, Sen. Jamie Eldridge, Rep. Cory Atkins, Rep. Jennifer E. Benson Organizations: CrossTown Connect TMA, 495/MetroWest Partnership, Friends of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail Concord residents: Bruce Bowden, Nancy Kerr, Richard A. Wells, Don Detweiler, Erik Waters, William Lehr, Dean Sullender, Pat Goldstein, Suzanne Knight, Steve Sutter Sudbury residents: Alexander Glover, Chris Menge, Bettina Westerberg, Jason Viehland, Clyde Newton, Maile Hulihan Acton residents: Irwin Abrams, Jim Snyder-Grant, Nancy Savage, Anne H. Anderson, Martin Burke, Bethel Gilbert, Dot Keyworth Framingham residents: Sandy Gotlib, Katherine Reiner, Ed Kross Medford resident: John G. Sieber Carlisle resident: Steven W. Hinton, Bob Macauley Westford residents: David Martin, Chris Barrett Chelmsford resident: Mary Reese Weston resident: David Hutcheson Belmont resident: John Dieckmann Lowell resident: Szifra Birke Aspen, CO resident: Nathaniel B. Bates Nashua, NH resident: Denise Marchionda	Supports the inclusion of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phases 2B and 2D) in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The completed project will connect communities along the trail to public transportation, recreation areas, local businesses, schools, and other amenities. Quality of life along the corridor will be enhanced, and increased tourism will benefit the local economy. The trail will encourage mode shift, reducing vehicle trips and reducing emissions, and provide a safe transportation option for cyclists and pedestrians.	11- 12, 16- 20, 21-60	Phases 2B and 2D of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail project are funded in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. Phase 2B is programmed in the FFY 2019 element of the TIP, and listed under Section 2C/State Prioritized Expansion Projects. Phase 2D is programmed in the FFY 2022 element, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects. See Chapter 3 of the TIP document.
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2B)	Support	Acton residents: Barbara Dowds, Joe Holmes Lawrence resident: J. Breen Chelmsford resident: Michael Mark Ross Westford resident: Emily Teller	Supports the inclusion of Phase 2B of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The project will connect the existing trail to West Concord and allow cyclists and pedestrians to safely cross Route 2. Phase 2B will connect trail users to nearby communities, public transportation, and local businesses. The project will improve quality of life and is consistent with other efforts to mitigate climate change.	61-65	Phase 2B of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail project is programmed in the FFY 2019 element of the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The funding amount is listed under Section 2C/State Prioritized Expansion Projects. For details, please see www.bostonmpo.org/data/pdf/plans/tip/FFYs_2018_2022_Draft_TIP_Tables_042417.pdf
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D)	Support	Municipal: Melissa Murphy-Rodrigues, Sudbury Town Manager Organization: MAGIC Concord resident: Barbara Pike Sudbury residents: Leonard Simon, James C. Richards, Dick Williamson Groton resident: Thomas Knatt	Supports the inclusion of Phase 2D of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (BFRT) in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The completed trail will provide safe bicycle and pedestrian access to nearby schools, recreation and conservation areas, local businesses, and public transportation. Phase 2D is an important connection with Phase 2C, since Phase 2D would bring the trail out of a more rural area in Concord and through the town center of Sudbury. On March 7, the Sudbury Board of Selectmen voted unanimously to request \$330,000 in free cash to continue designing the BFRT to MassDOT's standards. The Town Meeting voted overwhelmingly in favor of approving that funding.	66-72	Phase 2D of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail project is programmed in the FFY 2022 element of the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The funding amount is listed under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects. For details, please see www.bostonmpo.org/data/pdf/plans/tip/FFYs_2018_2022_Draft_TIP_Tables_042417.pdf
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2B)	Request	Acton resident: Terra Friedrichs	Requests the use of field stone in the construction of the bridge over Route 2 rather than manufactured blocks, stating this will help retain "town character." Requests information regarding who to contact about design of the bridge. MPO staff have assisted with this request.	73	Commenter has received information that the project proponent is responsible for design decisions.

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D)	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	States that Phase 2D of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail received one point in the TIP evaluation process, under the "improves truck movement" criterion, because the construction of the trail is expected to result in removing bicycle traffic from local roads. Requests that the greenhouse gas reduction estimate for the project be reduced to reflect users who will not be removing cars from the road, as they already use bicycles. Adds that the improvement in truck movement should be quantifiable. Alternately, if there is no discernable diversion of bicycle traffic from roadways, the point for "improves truck movement" should be removed. States that the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D) was awarded three points in the TIP project evaluation process under the "improves substandard sidewalk" criterion in the System Preservation category. Because this is an expansion project, she asks how it would be awarded points for preservation. Notes that the five points awarded under the "improves pedestrian network" criterion in the Capacity Management/Mobility category includes two points for "adds new sidewalk(s) (including shared use paths)." Requests removal of the three points for improving substandard sidewalks.	74-75	The Town of Sudbury's Environmental Planner stated that some sections of the trail are routinely used, even though there are rail tracks and ties in place. The running team from the high school regularly uses a portion of the path as part of a running circuit. In these and some other frequently visited sections, there are path clearings, commonly called "goat paths," that indicate routine use. Based on this input, MPO staff assigned points for system preservation and improving a currently used path/sidewalk. The project was also awarded points for adding a new sidewalk. This project will allow the entire trail to be used and, since it will be paved, it will be accessible to more users.
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail (Phase 2D)	Request	Sudbury resident: Bill Schineller	Asks if Eversource should be offered right of first refusal over MassDOT to create Phase 2D of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail, citing MAPC's promotion of "piggybacking" on utilities projects and Eversource's planned north-south upgrade between Sudbury and Maynard/Concord in 2020.	76	The general division of responsibilities for this project is such that the town is responsible for funding the design, engineering, right-of-way, and permitting work while it receives federal and state funds for project construction. When a transportation project receives federal and state funds for construction, the project proponent must ensure compliance with MassDOT's engineering standards. In this case, since Sudbury is the project proponent, it is the responsibility of the town to engage Eversource, if the company is interested in getting involved in construction of the trail. Projects funded in the TIP are supported by multiple interrelated planning processes, including the MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan, MassDOT's Bicycle Transportation Plan, and local transportation planning and long-range planning. As communities undertake roadway and transportation improvements, they often plan for these to coincide with needed utility work.
Bruce Freeman Rail Trail	Oppose	Acton resident: Kurt Marden	States that building the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail on the right-of-way as planned would destroy what could be a viable circumferential light rail commuter line between Lowell and Walpole that would connect nearly all existing commuter lines. A small percentage of advocates desire the trail, and building it would be at the expense of creating an interconnected transit system in the outer Boston suburbs.	77-78	Rail corridors are generally leased to municipalities for use as rail trails with provisions that the state can take the corridor back if rail service is being introduced back into that area.
Reconstruction of Highland Avenue					

	ROJECT(S) ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
High Nee and R (N	onstruction of nland Avenue, edham Street If the Charles iver Bridge Needham)	Oppose	Municipal: Mayor Setti Warren; Marianne B. Cooley, Chair, Needham Board of Selectmen; Kate Fitzpatrick, Needham Town Manager; James Cote, Newton City Councilor Organizations: TRIC, TripAdvisor, Newton Technology Park, Newton Center Associates, New Art Center Boston Development Group, Building 36, William James College, ArtScience Group, Sheraton Needham Hotel, New Coat Painting, Global Urban Solutions, Creative Development Co., Bakers Best Catering, Ball Consulting Group, Karyopharm Therapeutics, Massachusetts Bay Community College, Mantra Computing Newton residents: Allison Yee, Jarrad Glennon, Steffi Aronson Karp, Ruth Barnett, Jane Frantz, Michael Norman, Carrie Tracy, Vadim Kagan, Jan Huffman, Alan Huberman, Drew Grandi, Kent Gonzales, David P. Boronkay, Linda R. Green, Julie Lamie, Diane Pruente Needham residents: Glenn A. Mulno, Jim Galovski, Mary H., Martin Sklar, Rhanna Kidwell, Glenn K. Rosengard, Daniel Gersh, Marina Glekel, Matthew Talcoff Dedham resident: Linda L. Logan Dover resident: Wendy Bornstein Walpole resident: Karen Griffey Waltham resident: Rachel Weinstein Boston resident: Michelle Kohanloo Chestnut Hill resident: Joyce Plotkin Others: Scott Wolf, John Brennan, Joanne Briggs, Joanne Minichino, John Foley, Emily Connor, David Conti	Opposes reprogramming the Reconstruction of Highland Avenue from the FFY 2018 to the FFY 2019 element of the TIP. The congestion and safety issues along the corridor are a detriment to the local economy and quality of life. The project is essential to the region's economic and residential growth; delaying the project will affect planned developments that are contingent on the proposed improvements, and congestion will worsen if traffic conditions are not addressed. Improving travel times is vital to both attracting and retaining residents and employees, as is improving the currently dangerous conditions for cyclists and pedestrians. Requests that MassDOT accelerate their efforts in order to keep the project on its former timeline.	7-8, 79- 137	Due to the large number of easements that need to be acquired for construction of this project, it is not possible to meet a schedule of advertising this project for construction in FFY 2018.
High Nee and R (N	onstruction of pland Avenue, edham Street If the Charles iver Bridge Jewton and Needham)	Oppose	Newton resident: Srdjan S. Nedeljkovic	Asks that the MPO delay the Reconstruction of Highland Avenue and that the Commonwealth withhold further funding until a plan is developed regarding underground utilities. States that the current design does not move overhead utilities underground, despite appeals to the City of Newton. At a minimum, a plan should be developed for a conduit to be placed during roadway construction; a plan should also be developed to determine construction factors and a definite cost estimate. Construction should not begin until underground utilities have been addressed and included in the design.	138	Your comment was transmitted to MassDOT. The responsibility of relocating utilities underground lies with the City of Newton and not MassDOT. The cost of relocating utilities would be paid by rate payers of the City of Newton. Although the relocation of utilities underground was discussed during project design and development, it was determined to be cost prohibitive and, therefore, was not pursued as a viable option. Relocating utilities underground is not necessary in order to construct this project and, therefore, MassDOT is not participating in this design element. To become involved in the transportation planning and construction process in the Boston Region, you are encouraged to attend MPO meetings and contact the MassDOT project manager for more information on specific construction issues concerning this project. You can look up information on the project online (www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/ProjectInfo.aspx) and contact MassDOT through this website.
High Nee and R (N	onstruction of aland Avenue, edham Street I the Charles iver Bridge Jewton and Needham)	Oppose	Newton resident: Bob K.	Asks that the Reconstruction of Highland Avenue receive only local funds from Needham and Newton, rather than federal and state funds. States that federal and state funding is not justified and unnecessary. Current financial issues in the Commonwealth should render this project a low priority.	139	Every year, the MPO receives funding from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to program transportation construction projects that are determined by the MPO to be a priority for the region. In order to select projects for funding, MPO staff evaluates each project using criteria that reflect the MPO's goals and objectives in the Long-Range Transportation Plan. This project had a high score and significant community support, both from residents and elected officials. For all of these reasons, it was selected for funding in the Transportation Improvement Program to be constructed using federal funds and state matching funds.

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
Reconstruction of Highland Avenue, Needham Street and the Charles River Bridge (Newton and Needham)	Support + Request	Newton resident: Andreae Downs	Supports the inclusion of the Reconstruction of Highland Avenue project in the FFYs 2019 and 2020 elements of the TIP, noting disappointment in the delay from FFY 2018. Expresses gratitude that MassDOT will use the delay to modernize and improve the bike/ped elements of the project. Notes that new developments are contingent on the completion of the project.Requests that MassDOT work closely with Newton officials regarding changes to the design, and that better avenues of communication are established.	140	Due to the large number of easements that need to be acquired for construction of this project, it is not possible to meet a schedule of advertising this project for construction in FFY 2018.MassDOT will continue to coordinate with the municipalities affected by this project.
Reconstruction of Highland Avenue, Needham Street and the Charles River Bridge (Newton and Needham)	Request	Needham resident: Christina Hua	States that plans for Highland Avenue show that a wooden fence would be built on their property beyond the sound barrier leading to I-95 South. Their neighbor received a wooden fence while they only received four panels.	141	Your comment was transmitted to MassDOT. According to the MassDOT project manager, no fencing is being installed on abutter properties as part of the Reconstruction of Highland Avenue project (MassDOT ID # 606635). The fencing you see may be related to the I-95/Route 128 (Add-a-Lane) project (MassDOT ID # 603711). To become involved in the transportation planning and construction process in the Boston region, you are encouraged to attend MPO meetings and contact the MassDOT project manager for more information on specific construction issues. You can look up information on the project online (www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/ProjectInfo.aspx) and contact MassDOT through this website.
Minuteman Bikeway Extension					
Minuteman Bikeway Extension (Bedford)	Support	Organizations: CrossTown Connect TMA, MAGIC, Bedford Friends of the Minuteman Bikeway	Supports inclusion of the Minuteman Bikeway Extension in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The project is a step toward building a regional trail network that will connect Concord to Alewife Station and the urban core, as well as link the communities along the trail; this could benefit the local economy by attracting residents and visitors. The project will also promote community health and reduce greenhouse gases. The Bedford Friends of the Minuteman Bikeway note they collected 392 signatures in support of the project.	3-4, 11- 12, 142- 144	This project is funded in the FFY 2022 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Minuteman Bikeway Extension (Bedford)	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	States that the Minuteman Bikeway Extension was awarded three points under the "improves substandard sidewalk" criterion in the System Preservation category. Because this is an expansion project, she asks how it would be awarded points for preservation. Notes that the five points awarded under the "improves pedestrian network" criterion in the Capacity Management/Mobility category includes two points earned under the "adds new sidewalk(s) (including shared use paths)" criterion. Requests removal of the three points for improving substandard sidewalks.	74-75	The Minuteman Bikeway project includes a section on Railroad Avenue where existing sidewalks will be improved and new sidewalks added. Additionally, this section of the Minuteman Bikeway currently functions as the Reformatory Branch Trail. Existing conditions along the Reformatory Branch Trail are described in the feasibility study. The existing trail is described as being frequented by bicyclists and pedestrians and as a popular recreational path. Additionally, the path is currently covered with gravel. Due to these existing conditions, points were awarded for system preservation. Since this project both improves existing assets and plans to add new pedestrian and bicycle amenities, it was awarded points in each category.
Other Projects (No	t Currently Pr	ogrammed)			
Grade Separated Multi-Use Path Construction along the Paul Dudley White Path at North Harvard Street Bridge over Charles River (Anderson Memorial Bridge) (Boston)	Request	Boston resident: Paul Moyer	Requests inclusion of the Grade Separated Multi-Use Path Construction project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. States the proposed tunnel underneath North Harvard Street would eliminate the currently dangerous at-grade intersection.	145	When developing the FFYs 2019-23 TIP, the MPO will maintain its commitment to currently programmed projects and will consider the unfunded projects that were evaluated by MPO staff during this past TIP cycle. This project was not evaluated by MPO staff because a functional design report was not provided; these reports are critical to understanding a project's proposed improvements. During the next TIP cycle, MPO staff will again reach out to project proponents and MassDOT in order to obtain information with which to evaluate this project, so that it may be considered for funding in the FFYs 2019-23 TIP.

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Bowker Overpass (Boston)	Request	Boston resident: Paul Moyer	Requests inclusion of the Signal Installation at Route 3 Ramps and Route 3A project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. States that signalization is a high priority for the town, as two higher-density developments at the location have recently completed full build-out, and medical office use is expanding in the vicinity. Notes that heavier traffic is anticipated for the 400-year anniversaries of Plymouth and other coastal communities. Requests the MPO reconsider these aspects in the scoring the project.	145	A project addressing the Bowker Overpass is programmed for funding in the FFY 2022 element of the TIP. This project is referenced in the TIP as project ID number 606728, Superstructure Repairs on B-16-365, Bowker Overpass over Storrow Drive (EB).
I-93/I-95 Canton Interchange Project	Request	Legislative: Representative William C. Galvin Municipal: Charles Aspinwall, Canton Town Administrator	Requests the inclusion of the I-93/I-95 Canton Interchange Project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The flaws in the current design have been known for decades. The sharp turns are a safety hazard for truckers and have resulted in numerous accidents involving serious personal injury, the release of hazardous materials, and deaths. Traffic congestion has reduced air quality, hampered local businesses, and impeded economic growth, costing the region millions in potential tax revenue. Completion of the project will honor a long-standing commitment of the Commonwealth to residents who use the corridor.	146- 147	This project will be reevaluated and considered for inclusion in the MPO's new Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), which will be developed in FFY 2019. Prior to being programmed in the TIP to receive federal funding, this project would need to be included as a priority in the LRTP.
Signal Installation at Route 3 (NB & SB) Ramps and Route 3A (Tremont St) (Duxbury)	Request	Organization: SSC Municipal: Duxbury Board of Selectmen	Requests the inclusion of the Signal Installation at Route 3 Ramps and Route 3A project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. States that signalization is a high priority for the town, as two high-density developments at the location have recently completed full build-out, and medical office use is expanding in the vicinity. Notes that heavier traffic is anticipated for the 400-year anniversaries of Plymouth and other coastal communities. Requests that the MPO reconsider these aspects in the scoring the project.	5-6, 148- 149	This project is not currently included in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. MPO staff can examine the project evaluation score during development of the next TIP. For consideration for future TIP funding, it is important that the municipality, as the project proponent, participate in MPO meetings and the TIP development process to advocate for the community's priority projects. The MPO may consider this project for funding in the FFYs 2019-23 TIP or, if funding becomes available, include it in an amendment to the FFYs 2018-22 TIP.
Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon Installation at Route 9 and Maynard Road (Framingham)	Request	Organization: 495/MetroWest PartnershipFramingham resident: William Hanson	Requests future inclusion of the Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon Installation project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. Notes that a large number of pedestrians cross the four-lane divided highway. Many of these crossings are made by Framingham State students, and in 2012 one student was killed while attempting the crossing. The 495/MetroWest Partnership identifies this project location as a "transportation nightmare."	16- 20, 150	When developing the FFYs 2019-23 TIP, the MPO will maintain its commitment to currently programmed projects and will consider the unfunded projects that were evaluated by MPO staff during this past TIP cycle. The MPO will continue to consider this project as funding becomes available.
Southern New England Trunkline Trail (Franklin and Medway)	Request	Other: David Labonte	Requests that the MPO consider funding the Southern New England Trunkline Trail (SNETT) in Franklin and Medway. States that for two-and-a-half years, advocacy groups and residents have been waiting for funds to be released from the 2014 Environmental Bond Bill for the trail. States that there are tens of thousands of residents who want the state to help develop the SNETT.	151	In order for the MPO to consider funding a project along the SNETT, the project would need to be included as a priority in the statewide Bicycle Transportation Plan. MassDOT is currently updating the statewide Bicycle Transportation Plan. Information on the planning process and how to get involved is located at www.massdot.state.ma.us/planning/Main/StatewidePlans/BicyclePlan.aspx. Alternatively, to advance the project at the local level and seek federal funding for construction through the MPO, municipal staff would need to engage MassDOT in discussion of this project, initiate a project review through MassDOT's project design and development process, and fund the design. It is important that project proponents engage with the MPO by participating in MPO meetings and the TIP development process to advocate for their priority projects. As projects advance to the 25% design stage, MPO staff can evaluate and present them to the MPO for consideration.
Intersection Improvements at Route 20 & Landham Road (Sudbury)	Request	Municipal: Melissa Murphy-Rodrigues, Sudbury Town Manager Organizations: MAGIC, 495/Metrowest Partnership Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	Requests inclusion of the Intersection Improvements at Route 20 and Landham Road project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The intersection is a significant safety concern; there have been 170 reported accidents in the past 10 years, one resulting in a fatality. The proposed improvements will also improve traffic flow by widening the roadway and introducing turning lanes. The Town of Sudbury has advocated for improvements to the intersection for a number of years.	3-4, 16- 20, 66- 67, 74-75	This project will continue to be considered for TIP funding when funds become available.

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Commuter Parking	Request	Boston resident: Charles Dow	Requests increased commuter parking at Braintree, MBTA station on the Red Line, and at the intersection of Route 24 and Route 139 in Stoughton.	152	The MBTA's capital investments and expansion projects are prioritized through planning processes led by MassDOT and the MBTA, including Focus40 (the long-term investment strategy); the MassDOT Capital Investment Plan (the five-year financial plan for MassDOT and the MBTA); and the MBTA's Stations and Facilities Plan. (For more information visit www.mbtafocus40.com/ and www.massdot.state.ma.us/InformationCenter/CapitalInvestmentPlan.aspx.) The MPO is also in the process of developing a funding program for Community Transportation and Parking projects. If there is a project to expand parking, which is advanced by a community and supported by the MBTA, it could be considered for funding under the MPO's Community Transportation and Parking Program.
Spur Line to the Highland Avenue Corridor (Newton and Needham)	Request	Needham resident: Martin Sklar	Requests a public/private partnership to create a spur line for the D Branch of the Green Line to the Highland Avenue corridor. States that a transit option in the area would reduce traffic. The right-of-way from the prior rail line could be used, allowing a reasonable cost for construction. Adds that benefits to the private sector would benefit in ways that are hard to quantify, and raises the question of sustainability of the spur line.	119	The MBTA's capital investments and expansion projects are prioritized through planning processes led by MassDOT and the MBTA, including Focus40 (the long-term investment strategy); the MassDOT Capital Investment Plan (the five-year financial plan for MassDOT and the MBTA); and the MBTA's Stations and Facilities Plan. (For more information visit www.mbtafocus40.com/ and www.massdot.state.ma.us/InformationCenter/CapitalInvestmentPlan.aspx.) These planning and programming efforts are inputs to the MPO's long-range transportation plan (LRTP), which will be developed in the coming year. Please remain involved in these efforts in order to make your priorities known.
Various Improvements in the Wells Avenue / Needham / Newton Development Area	Request	Newton resident: Andrea Edson	Requests improved public transportation planning in the Wells Avenue / Needham / Newton development area. States that a lack of comprehensive public transit in the area has resulted in heavy vehicle congestion, which will worsen due to new exits and entrances to Route 128. States the bike lane from on Nahanton Street is dangerous, as it crosses the Route 128/I-95 North exit. Requests the installation of a stop sign for bike lane traffic. Requests that the Route 60 bus stop at Putterham Circle, granting those in the area easy access to Skyline Park. Requests the installation of sidewalks along Hammond Pond Parkway. Requests planning efforts for connecting the Needham commuter rail line to Wells Avenue.	153	Transit projects and other MBTA capital investments are planned through processes led by the MassDOT and the MBTA, including Focus40 (the long-term investment strategy); the MassDOT Capital Investment Plan (the five-year financial plan for MassDOT and the MBTA); and the MBTA's Stations and Facilities Plan. (For more information visit www.mbtafocus40.com/ and www.massdot.state.ma.us/InformationCenter/CapitalInvestmentPlan.aspx.) These planning efforts prioritize expansion and reliability projects for the MBTA. Projects for constructing bicycle lanes, sidewalks, and improved pedestrian connections must be prioritized by the municipality. The municipal proponent must discuss the priority projects with the appropriate MassDOT district office, an important step toward determining the timing of construction and identifying funding. Then the projects can be initiated and advanced through the MassDOT project development and design process.

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Multiple	Request	Boston resident: Carl Seglem	Requests prioritization of the following projects not programmed in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP: McGrath Boulevard Project (Somerville) Commonwealth Avenue, Phases 3 and 4 (Boston) Lighting and Sidewalk Improvements on Exchange Street (Malden)	154	The Commonwealth Avenue project is considered a Major Infrastructure project because the construction cost is estimated to be more than \$20 million. Therefore, before this project can be included in the TIP, the MPO board needs to include it in the Boston Region MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Deliberations about programming this project can take place during the development of the next LRTP, which will begin in FFY 2018. The McGrath Boulevard project is included in the MPO's current LRTP, Charting Progress to 2040. Assuming this project maintains it place in the next LRTP, the MPO board can consider programming it in the TIP in coming years. The investment goals established by the MPO are factors that dictate the programming of projects in the TIP. No Major Infrastructure projects were added to the TIP during this year's TIP development cycle due to the fact that currently, about 60 percent of the MPO's TIP Target Program funding is dedicated to projects classified as Major Infrastructure, while the MPO's goal for spending in this category is 44 percent. The Major Infrastructure commitments currently programmed in the TIP include the Rutherford Avenue project (#606226) and the Green Line Extension to College Avenue with the Union Square Spur (#1570). Therefore, when recommending new projects for programming, MPO staff focused on funding bicycle and pedestrian projects, Complete Streets projects, and intersection improvement projects. The Commonwealth Avenue and McGrath Boulevard projects, which are both Major Infrastructure projects, will be considered for TIP funding by the MPO board in the future. The City of Malden's project, Lighting and Sidewalk Improvements on Exchange Street, was evaluated by MPO staff earlier this year. Due to the high demand for funding and the numerous worthy transportation construction projects in the region, the MPO did not choose to fund this project during this TIP cycle. The MPO hopes that the City of Malden will continue to advance this project and remain involved
Other Projects (Cur	rently Progra	mmed)			
Intersection and Signal Improvements at Kelley's Corner, Route 111, and Route 27 (Acton)	Support	Municipal: Acton Board of Selectmen, Acton Design Review Board, Acton 2020 Committee Organizations/Businesses: 495/MetroWest Partnership, MAGIC, CrossTown Connect TMA, Vincent Cuttone (local business owner) Acton residents: Terra Friedrichs, Brendan Bettez	Supports inclusion of the Intersection and Signal Improvements at Kelley's Corner in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The project area is currently dangerous for pedestrians, many of whom are students, due to a lack of pedestrian facilities and traffic flow. The project will address regional vehicular congestion and provide safe bicycle and pedestrian facilities, creating a foundation for a walkable town center and economic growth. The proposed improvements to bicycle and pedestrian safety are in line with Acton residents' support of Complete Streets projects.	3-4, 11- 12, 16- 20, 155- 159	This project is funded in the FFY 2022 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Reconstruction on Route 126 (Pond Street) (Ashland)	Support	Organization: 495/MetroWest Partnership Ashland resident: Yolanda Greaves	Supports the inclusion of the Reconstruction of Route 126 project in the FFY 2020 element of the TIP. States that the project will upgrade a major business corridor in Ashland, and that residents of the community fully support the project. Notes they are actively working to move engineering along which, if possible, would mean the project could move into the FFY 2019 element.	16- 20, 160	This project is funded in the FFY 2020 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects. If this project is ready to advertise for construction sooner and funding becomes available in the TIP, the MPO could consider advancing this project to the FFY 2019 element of the TIP.
Reconstruction of Melnea Cass Boulevard (Boston)	Oppose	Boston resident: Anne McKinnon	Requests reconsideration of programming the Reconstruction of Melnea Cass Boulevard project in the 2019 element of the TIP as currently designed. States the project cost is too high for the project area, adding that few residents of the neighborhood support the current design.	161	Your comment will be transmitted to the MPO board and MassDOT for their consideration. Please remain involved in the design process, which is conducted by the City of Boston. The City of Boston is responsible for design, engineering, permitting, and the related public process.
Pedestrian Bridge Rehabilitation over MBTA off Carlton Street (Brookline)	Support	Municipal: Melvin A. Kleckner, Brookline Town Administrator Organization: MASCO	Supports the inclusion of the Pedestrian Bridge Rehabilitation project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP, noting disappointment that the project moved from the FFY 2018 to the FFY 2019 element. States the project will restore a historic pedestrian link to the Emerald Necklace Parks and provide universal access to this regional resource. Notes the project is a mitigation measure, required by MEPA, associated with Phase II of the Muddy River Restoration project, also scheduled to begin in FFY 2019.	14- 15, 162- 163	The decision was made to shift this project from the FFY 2018 to FFY 2019 element of the TIP because of delays in the design and engineering process, which will likely prevent the project from being advertised for construction in FFY 2018.

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Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 9 & Village Square (Gateway East) (Brookline)	Support	Municipal: Melvin A. Kleckner, Brookline Town Administrator; Brookline Housing Authority Organization: MASCO	Supports inclusion of the Intersection and Signal Improvements at Route 9 & Village Square project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The project will enhance the mobility of cyclists and pedestrians, including many low-income residents south of Route 9. The improvements will provide protected access to Brookline Village; MBTA rail and bus service; the Longwood Medical Area; and the Emerald Necklace park system's multi-use paths, which are used for both recreational purposes and access to regional employment centers.	162- 168	This project is funded in the FFY 2018 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Reconstruction of Broadway (Chelsea)	Support	Boston resident: Carl Seglem	Supports the inclusion of the Reconstruction of Broadway project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP.	154	This project is funded in the FFY 2022 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Reconstruction of Union Avenue (Framingham)	Support	Framingham resident: Ed Kross	Requests the use of basins under sidewalks in order to place storm grates out of the path of cyclists. Inlets can be vertical as part of the curb, with a solid cleanout access cover located in the sidewalk. Notes that basin covers in concrete sidewalks are less susceptible to settling than those located in the roadway.	169	Please contact the project proponent, the City of Framingham, for issues regarding project design.
Signal and Intersection Improvements on Route 135 (Hopkinton)	Support	Municipal: Hopkinton Board of Selectmen Organization: 495/MetroWest Partnership	Supports inclusion of the Signal and Intersection Improvements on Route 135 project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. States that Route 135 serves as Hopkinton's principal commercial corridor and as a major regional corridor for MetroWest and Central Massachusetts towns. The project is needed to address the projected 75% increase in traffic volume that is expected to result from traffic associated with permitted development. The proposed improvements will provide access to the Town's public safety facilities, town hall, public library, and the new village district. Adds that the start of the Boston Marathon is within the project limits. Notes that two locations in the project area are ranked with the top 5% of high crash locations within the MPO.	16- 20, 170- 171	This project is funded in the FFY 2019 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Safe Routes to School Improvements at Brooks Elementary (Medford)	Support	Medford residents: Ken Krause, Lois Bronnenkant, Ellery Klein, Martha Ondras	Supports the inclusion of the Safe Routes to School Improvements at Brooks Elementary in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The area is currently dangerous for pedestrians and children, and design changes are needed to ensure a safe flow of traffic.	172- 175	This project is funded in the FFY 2020 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 2B.
Reconstruction of Route 27 (North Main Street) (Natick)	Support	Municipal: Natick Board of Selectmen Organization: 495/MetroWest Partnership	Support the inclusion of the Reconstruction of Route 27 project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. States the project will support numerous economic development and quality of life initiatives within the community, including connecting housing and business developments to Natick Center and the Natick Center MBTA station.	16- 20, 176- 179	This project is funded in the FFY 2019 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Cochituate Rail Trail, Phase 2 (Natick and Framingham)	Support	Municipal: Natick Board of Selectmen Organization: 495/MetroWest Partnership	Supports the inclusion of the Cochituate Rail Trail, Phase 2, in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The project will support economic development and quality of life initiatives within the community. Expresses appreciation of MassDOT's support of the increased funding level, stating that the cost increase is attributable to the full replacement of the Route 9 bridge, as well as the expansion of the project scope. A nearby development is partially funding the work on Route 30. The Town has recently acquired the CSX right-of-way. Notes that the Town anticipates that a project will be initiated to establish a link between the trail and a redesigned Natick Center MBTA station, which is now at the beginning of a comprehensive design process.	16- 20, 176- 179	This project is funded in the FFY 2018 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 2C/Regionally Prioritized Projects.

APPENDIX D-18 Transportation Improvement Program

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Green Line Extension to College Avenue	Support	Organization: A Better City Medford residents: Ken Krause, Martha Ondras	Supports the inclusion of the Green Line Extension to College Avenue project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The project will provide access to educational and job opportunities, reduce vehicle congestion, and increase mobility for low-income households and the elderly.	9-10, 172, 180	This project is funded in the FFYs 2018-21 TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Rehabilitation of Mount Auburn Street (Route 16) (Watertown)	Support	Municipal: Matthew Shuman, Town Engineer Boston resident: Carl Seglem	Supports the inclusion of the Rehabilitation of Mount Auburn Street project in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. The Town looks forward to proceeding with design to meet the FFY 2022 schedule.	154, 181	This project is funded in the FFY 2022 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
Reconstruction of Route 1A (Main Street) (Walpole)	Support	Municipal: James A. Johnson, Town Administrator Organization: TRIC	Supports the inclusion of the Reconstruction of Route 1A project in the FFY 2020 element of the TIP. States the project is imperative to addressing significant traffic and pedestrian safety concerns, as well as enhancing the economic development potential in the region. The corridor is one of the region's main thoroughfares, and the project area encompasses several businesses, large commercial plazas, residential areas, and several public schools. Adds the project has been in development since 1997.	7-8, 182	This project is funded in the FFY 2020 element of the TIP. The funding amount is listed in Chapter 3 of the TIP document, under Section 1A/Regionally Prioritized Projects.
TIP Process and Documentation					
TIP Document	Request	MassDOT: Office of Transportation Planning	Requests minor changes and clarifications to the document text and TIP tables.	183- 185	The requested changes and clarifications will be addressed and incorporated into the final draft of the TIP tables and TIP document. The final version of the TIP will be transmitted to MassDOT after the MPO board endorses the document at their meeting on May 25.
Funding for Bike/Ped Projects	Request	Beverly resident: Kellie N. Gentry	Requests a higher percentage of funding for bike/ped connectivity projects, stating that only 3.8% of the FFYs 2018-22 TIP is dedicated to such projects.	186	During development of the current Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), Charting Progress to 2040, the MPO set a goal to invest five percent of the funding in the five-year TIP to bicycle and pedestrian projects. This amount equates to approximately \$5 million to \$6 million per year. These investment goals could change when the MPO revisits its goals during the development of the next LRTP, which will be adopted by the MPO in FFY 2019.
CMAQ Eligibility	Comment Only	Acton resident: Kurt Marden	Questions CMAQ funding for three projects (Cochituate Rail Trail, Phase 2; the Lynnfield/Wakefield Trail Extension; and Phase 2B of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail) in the FFYs 2018-22 TIP. Using BFRT as an example, states that the projected number of trips on the corridor would not meet cost-effectiveness guidelines outlined in the CMAQ Guidance. Cites sections IV and VI of the Guidance regarding cost-effectiveness. Adds that the projects will not significantly reduce vehicle emissions, stating that very few commuters use the Minuteman Bikeway Extension during peak hours. Cites section VII of the CMAQ Guidance, noting that trails should not be exclusively recreational and should reduce vehicle trips. Questions how many commuters would use the BFRT in inclement weather.	77-78	The noted bicycle trails were selected, as a result of MassDOT's project selection process, to receive statewide Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ) funding. MassDOT is committed to promoting bicycling as an important transportation mode that can reduce emissions and support healthy lifestyles. MassDOT's Bicycle Transportation Plan proposes the creation of the Bay State Greenway system, a cohesive network of bicycle facilities. The sections of the Bruce Freeman Rail Trail in the towns of Acton, Carlisle, Concord, and Westford are part of this system. The section in Sudbury (funded by the MPO) and the proposed extension to Framingham will extend this trail to create a 25-mile path. The rail trail in Wakefield and Lynnfield is part of the Border to Boston Trail, which is also part of the Bay Sate Greenway system. As outlined in the MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), the MPO is committed, through its vision, goals, and objectives, to provide a transportation system that includes bicycle and pedestrian options to support a sustainable, healthy, livable, and economically vibrant region. In the LRTP, the MPO set aside funding for a bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure program to promote walking and biking in the region. A network of bicycle and pedestrian facilities will provide alternatives to travel by automobile. Under Section V1.A of CMAQ MAP-21 Interim Program Guidance dated November 12, 2013, areas eligible to receive CMAQ funding include ozone, carbon monoxide, and particulate matter nonattainment and maintenance areas, including areas where the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) have been revoked. The Boston MPO was formerly in an ozone nonattainment area prior to the revocation of the ozone standard, so it continues to receive this funding, as noted in Section VI.A. CMAQ funds are used to ensure continued attainment of the air quality standards. Your comment relative to "geographic areas that are eligible to use CMAQ funds" reflects the language in Sectio

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					MPO is in attainment for particulate matter, so this section does not apply in this case. The MPO uses MassDOT's TIP Greenhouse Gas Assessment and Reporting Guidance to calculate the air quality benefits and cost effectiveness of projects proposed for programming in the TIP. This guidance is used for determining CMAQ eligibility. Each project that receives CMAQ funding has been reviewed by a statewide CMAQ Eligibility Committee. Members of the Federal Highway Administration, Federal Transit Administration, and Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection are part of the committee that deems projects eligible for CMAQ funding. For the air quality analysis, MassDOT provides spreadsheets for each project type, including bicycle and pedestrian projects. Inputs include information on the facility length and service area, and population and employment are considered. Another important factor is the bicycle and commuter mode share; census and American Community Survey data were used to account for work-related trips. The mode share estimate may be a conservative assumption since it only takes into account commuters who travel to work and does not consider those who would use the facility for shopping and school trips. The bike facilities that you mentioned provide access to commercial areas and schools, so not all trips on those facilities are commuting trips. Such trips replace automobile trips and are not recreational trips. Many of these facilities provide access to MBTA commuter rail stations as well.
Cost Estimates	Request	Other: AnaCristina Fragoso	States that cost estimates for projects based on the 25% submittal phase and cost adjustments of 4% for projects beginning in 2019 are too low. Requests reconsideration of the adjustment contingency if the estimate is based on an early submittal.	187	The Chief Engineer for MassDOT has an initiative underway to improve project delivery, a key component of which involves improving methods for estimating project construction costs. The agency is working with the Transportation Agency Liaison Committee/Highway Division Committee of the American Council of Engineering Companies on these project delivery issues. Currently, MassDOT is proposing to take the following actions to improve project cost estimation: Including design contingencies in project cost estimates and assigning larger design contingencies to high-risk projects Using a value for inflation that is adjusted to the midpoint time of construction Developing guidance on incorporating costs for utility relocation and traffic police into the estimates Developing protocols for entering costs into MassDOT's project information database Establishing guidance for estimating project costs at the pre-25% design stage Developing guidance that provides a framework for designers to prepare preliminary design estimates (25% design) Your comment has been transmitted to MassDOT for their consideration. Boston Region MPO staff and staff of the other MPOs in the state currently adhere to an approach recommended by MassDOT for adjusting projects' construction costs for inflation: this guidance requires using an annual four percent inflation rate for project cost estimates beginning in the second programming year of the TIP.
Local Access Scoring	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	States data underlying the local access score, known to be flawed, is used for project rankings for local access. The availability of sidewalks is calculated based upon sidewalks listed in the MassDOT Roads Inventory. The database lists these known problems with the current data set. Many communities do not have the resources to update the Inventory for their community—nor do they have any incentive to do so, since listing more sidewalks would decrease their apparent need for funding to build bicycle/pedestrian accommodations. Requests the MPO insist on a minimum level of accuracy for all communities for comparative rankings or decrease the points awarded projects for improving local access.	74-75	The scoring of projects in the TIP evaluation process does not rely on the local access score developed by MAPC. The availability of sidewalks is determined either from a site visit, information in engineering design drawings or reports, conversations with municipal staff, or aerial images provided via Google Earth. Further, the scoring process does not rely on the listing of sidewalk availability in the MassDOT Roadway Inventory. A project may receive points for improving access if it would close a gap in the sidewalk network or the bicycle network. This determination is made using verifiable data.
Table of Evaluated Projects (Appendix A)	Support	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	Expresses appreciation for the new format for the table of evaluated projects. States that breaking out all sub-scoring and providing a text summary for each column is clearer than previous iterations of the table. Adds that the glossary of acronyms continues to be useful.	74-75	Thank you for your comment. We continuously strive to improve the clarity of our materials and documentation.

PROJECT(S) /ISSUE(S)	SUPPORT OPPOSE REQUEST	COMMENTER(S)	COMMENT (SUMMARIZED)	Page in PDF	Draft Response
CMAQ Funding for Shared Use Paths	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	States that CMAQ funding for shared use paths should be based upon the facility reducing GHG emissions by reducing single-occupant auto travel. Trails provide recreation opportunities, and recreational users may drive to the trail. Requests that the MPO consider this when developing TIP documents in the future.	74-75	For the air quality analysis, MassDOT provides spreadsheets for each project type, including bicycle and pedestrian projects. Inputs include information on the facility length and service area, and population and employment are considered. Another important factor is the bicycle and commuter mode share; census and American Community Survey data were used to account for work-related trips. The mode share estimate may be a conservative assumption since it only takes into account commuters who travel to work and does not consider those who would use the facility for shopping and school trips. The MPO uses bicycle facility data from the 2011 MassDOT Road Inventory and 2011 MassDOT Bicycle Accommodation Inventory, as well as the Metropolitan Area Planning Council's Bicycle and Pedestrian Mapping Index for bicycle and pedestrian planning in the MPO area; however, we understand that we have a limited amount of actual bicycle data with which to work. Addressing your comments would require us to perform before-and-after studies and surveys to determine those users who drive to the site; use it for recreation only; bike instead of using their car for traveling to work, school or for shopping purposes; or bike on another facility. A request to conduct this additional work could be submitted as a comment during the development of the next Unified Planning Work Program.
Project Evaluations/ EPDO / Injury Values for Shared Use Paths	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	States that EPDO/Injury values for shared-use paths do not accurately reflect their expected contribution to public safety. EPDO/Injury values accurately report accidents involving motor vehicles, while accidents involving bicycles and pedestrians but not involving a motor vehicle are not customarily reported. Adds that the meaning of EPDO values in project areas for shared-use paths is unclear. Requests that the FFYs 2018-22 TIP state that only accidents involving motorized vehicles are reliably reported under items 23, 25, and 26 on pages B-4 and B-5. This should also be noted in the discussion of safety improvements in Chapter 4. Requests that the MPO consider how to derive meaningful safety measurements for shared-use paths in future TIP documents.	74-75	As you correctly state, EPDO values reflect crashes involving motor vehicles, but not bicycle and pedestrian crashes that do not involve motor vehicles. For off-road paths specifically, EPDO values provide an important quantitative approach to measure crash severity and crash rates at locations where a path crosses a road. Other aspects of safety are assessed in the project evaluation process through the use of evaluation criteria that qualitatively measure the effectiveness of bicycle safety countermeasures. For example, a project that adds a protected bicycle lane may be awarded more points than a project that adds an on-road bicycle lane. The MPO staff can clarify how EPDO values are used for evaluating shared-use paths in the document that describes the TIP evaluation criteria. Also, new or revised safety measurements will be considered when the MPO undertakes a revision of the TIP project evaluation criteria.
Document Readability (Chapter 2)	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	States page 2-8 of the TIP document, which documents project ranking criteria, lacks sufficient contrast between text and background for legibility. Requests recoloring of the page.	74-75	The color scheme of this graphic will be adjusted.
Quantification of CO2 Reduction	Request	Sudbury resident: Pat Brown	Requests that the MPO either quantify CO2 reduction in tons (the method used in the Highway Program Project Detail pages) or in kilograms (the method used in Appendix C), or clarify why different units are used in different sections.	74-75	The MPO quantifies greenhouse gas reductions associated with projects in both kilograms and tons. Kilograms are used for reporting in Appendix C of the TIP, as required by MassDOT's TIP Greenhouse Gas Assessment and Reporting Guidance. The measurement is reported in tons in the project descriptions in Chapter 3 of the TIP because it is assumed that it is easier for the public to visualize tons than kilograms.

PUBLIC COMMENTS ON THE FFYS 2018-22 TIP

APPENDIX D-21

APPENDIX MPO Glossary of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
3C	continuous, comprehensive, cooperative [metropolitan transportation planning process]
A&F	Administration and Finance Committee
AACT	Access Advisory Committee to the MBTA
ABP	Accelerated Bridge Program [MassDOT]
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
ADT	average daily traffic
AADT	annual average daily traffic
AFC	automated fare collection [system]
AMPO	Association of Metropolitan Planning Organizations
APC	automatic passenger counter
APTA	American Public Transportation Association
ARAN	automatic road analyzer
ARRA	The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009
ASL	American sign language
ATR	automatic traffic recorder
AVL	automatic vehicle location
AWDT	average weekday daily traffic
BCIL	Boston Center for Independent Living
BPDA	Boston Planning and Development Agency, formerly known as the Boston Redevelopment Authority
	(BRA) [City of Boston]
BRA	Boston Redevelopment Authority [City of Boston]
BRT	bus rapid transit
BTD	Boston Transportation Department

Acronym	Definition
CA/T	Central Artery/Tunnel [project] (also known as "the Big Dig")
CAA	Clean Air Act of 1970
CAAA	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990
CATA	Cape Ann Transportation Authority
CBD	central business district
CFR	Code of Federal Regulation
CHSTP	Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan
CIC	Community Innovation Challenge
CIP	Capital Investment Plan [MassDOT]
CMAQ	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality [federal funding program]
CMP	Congestion Management Process
CNG	compressed natural gas
CO	carbon monoxide
CO_2	carbon dioxide
CTPS	Central Transportation Planning Staff
CTTAP	Community Transportation Technical Assistance Program
DBMS	Database Management System
DCAMM	Division of Capital Asset Management and Maintenance [Massachusetts]
DCR	Department of Conservation and Recreation
DEIR	draft environmental impact report
DEP	Department of Environmental Protection [Massachusetts]
DMU	diesel multiple unit [transit vehicle]
DTA	dynamic traffic assignment [travel demand modeling]
EERPAT	Energy and Emissions Reduction Policy Analysis Tool
EIR	environmental impact report
EIS	environmental impact statement
EJ	environmental justice
EOEEA	Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs
EOHED	Massachusetts Executive Office of Housing and Economic Development

Acronym	Definition
EOHHS	Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency [federal]
EPDO	equivalent property damage only [a traffic-related index]
ETC	electronic toll collection
FAST Act	Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act
FDR	functional design report
FEIR	final environmental impact report
FFGA	full funding grant agreement
FFY, FFYs	federal fiscal year, federal fiscal years
FHEA	Fair Housing Equity Assessment
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
FMCB	Fiscal and Management Control Board of the MBTA
FONSI	finding of no significant impact
FTA	Federal Transit Administration
GANS	grant anticipation notes [municipal bond financing]
GHG	greenhouse gas [as in greenhouse gas emissions]
GIS	geographic information system
GLX	Green Line Extension [Green Line Extension project]
GPS	global positioning system
GTFS	General Transit Feed Specification [data standard]
GWI	global warming index
GWSA	Global Warming Solutions Act of 2008 [Massachusetts]
HOV	high-occupancy vehicle
HPP	high-priority projects
HSIP	Highway Safety Improvement Program [federal funding program]
HTC	Healthy Transportation Compact
ICC	Inner Core Committee [MAPC municipal subregion]
IMS	intermodal management system
INVEST	Infrastructure Voluntary Evaluation Sustainability Tool [FHWA]

MPO Glossary of Acronyms

APPENDIX E-3

Acronym	Definition
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IT&S	Information Technology and Systems [CTPS group]
ITDP	Institute for Transportation and Development Policy
ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers
ITS	intelligent transportation systems
JARC	Job Access and Reverse Commute [program]
LAP	language access plan
LCW	Livable Community Workshop
LEP	limited English proficiency
LNG	liquefied natural gas
LOS	level of service
LRTA	Lowell Regional Transit Authority
LRTP	Long-Range Transportation Plan [MPO certification document]
MAGIC	Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination [MAPC municipal subregion]
MAP-21	Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act
MAPC	Metropolitan Area Planning Council
MARPA	Massachusetts Association of Regional Planning Agencies
MassDOT	Massachusetts Department of Transportation
MassGIS	[Commonwealth's] Office of Geographic Information Systems
Massport	Massachusetts Port Authority
MassRIDES	MassDOT's statewide travel options program
MBCR	Massachusetts Bay Commuter Railroad
MBTA	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (also known as "the T")
MCAD	Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination
MEMA	Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency
MEPA	Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act
MGL	Massachusetts general laws
MHS	metropolitan highway system
MOU	memorandum of understanding
MOVES	Motor Vehicle Emissions Simulator [EPA air quality model]

Acronym	Definition
MPO	metropolitan planning organization [Boston Region MPO]
MPOinfo	Boston Region MPO's email contact list
MWGMC	MetroWest Growth Management Committee [MAPC municipal subregion]
MWRC	MetroWest Regional Collaborative [MAPC municipal subregion]
MWRTA	MetroWest Regional Transit Authority
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NBPD	National Bicycle and Pedestrian Documentation Project
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act
NHPP	National Highway Performance Program
NHS	National Highway System
NMHC	non-methane hydrocarbons
NOx	nitrogen oxides
NTD	National Transit Database
NTP	notice to proceed
O&M	operations and management
ODCR	Office of Diversity and Civil Rights [MassDOT]
OE	operating expenses
OTA	Office for Transportation Access [MBTA]
OTP	Office of Transportation Planning [MassDOT]
P3	Public Participation Plan [MPO document]
PBPP	performance-based planning and programming
PDM	Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program [federal]
PEV	pedestrian environmental variable
PL	metropolitan planning funds [FHWA] or public law funds
PM	particulate matter [category of air pollution]
PMT	Program for Mass Transportation [MBTA]
ppm	parts per million
PRC	Project Review Committee [MassDOT]
PSAC	Project Selection Advisory Council [MassDOT]

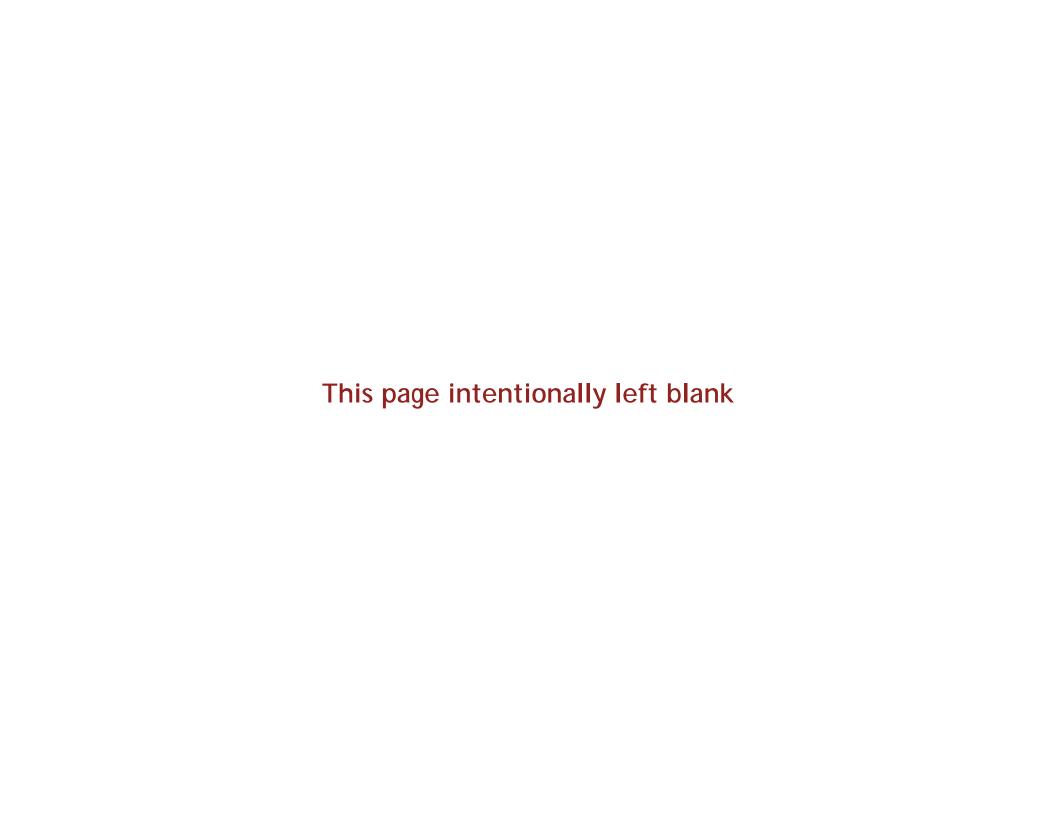
MPO Glossary of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
Acronym	
RCCs	Regional Coordinating Councils
RIF	roadway inventory file
RMV	Registry of Motor Vehicles [MassDOT division]
ROC	Rider Oversight Committee [MBTA]
ROW	right-of-way
RPA	regional planning agency
RSA	Roadway Safety Audit [FHWA]
RSS	rich site summary [Web, feed]
RTA	regional transit authority
RTAC	Regional Transportation Advisory Council [of the Boston Region MPO]
RTC	Regional Transportation Center
SAFE	service and fare equity [Title VI]
SAFETEA-LU	Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act-A Legacy for Users
SCCCT	Statewide Coordinating Council on Community Transportation
SCI	sustainable communities initiative
SDO	supplier diversity office
SFY	state fiscal year
SGR	State of good repair
SHRP	Strategic Highway Research Program
SHSP	Strategic Highway Safety Plan
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SNAC	special needs advisory committee
SNLA	Small Necessities Leave Act
SORE	statement of revenue and expenses
SOV	single-occupancy vehicle
SPR	Statewide Planning and Research
SRTS	Safe Routes to School [federal program]
STB	State Transportation Building [Boston]
STBGP	Surface Transportation Block Grant Program [federal funding program; replaced STP]
STIP	State Transportation Improvement Program
	·

Acronym	Definition
STP	Surface Transportation Program [federal funding program; replaced by STBGP]
TAM	transit asset management
TAP	Transportation Alternatives Program [federal funding program]
TAZ	transportation analysis zone [travel demand modeling term]
TCMs	transportation control measures
TCRP	Transit Cooperative Research Program
TDM	travel-demand management, or transportation-demand management
TE	transportation equity
TEAMS	Travel Efficiency Assessment Method
TIGER	Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery [TIGER Discretionary Grant program, federal]
TIP	Transportation Improvement Program [MPO certification document]
Title VI	Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
TMA [1]	transportation management area [FTA, FHWA]
TMA [2]	Transportation Management Association
TMC	turning movement counts
TOD	transit-oriented development
TRB	Transportation Research Board
TREDIS	Transportation Economic Development Impact System [software]
TSIMS	Transportation Safety Information Management System
TSM	transportation systems management [FHWA]
UFP	ultrafine particles
UPWP	Unified Planning Work Program [MPO certification document]
USDOT	United States Department of Transportation [agency oversees FHWA and FTA]
USGS	United States Geological Survey
UZA	urbanized area
V/C	volume-to-capacity ratio
VHT	vehicle-hours traveled
VMS	variable message signs

MPO Glossary of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
VMT	vehicle-miles traveled
VOCs	volatile organic compounds [pollutants]
VRH	vehicle revenue-hours
VRM	vehicle revenue-miles
WalkBoston	pedestrian advocacy group [Boston area]
WAT	walk-access transit
WMM	weMove Massachusetts [MassDOT planning initiative]
WTS	Women in Transportation Seminar
YMM	youMove Massachusetts [MassDOT planning initiative]





Geographic Distribution Analysis of the TIP's MPO Target Programming

PURPOSE AND METHODOLOGY

Purpose

Appendix F summarizes the geographic distribution of Regional Target Program funding within the Boston region between federal fiscal years (FFYs) 2008 and 2022. This data was first compiled for FFYs 2008 through 2013 as part of a response to the Boston Region MPO's 2014 Certification Review by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA). For this FFYs 2018–22 TIP, the data was updated to reflect the distribution of regional Target Program funding, as currently planned, through FFY 2022.

The purpose of this data collection and analysis is to understand the geographic spread of the TIP Target Program funding throughout the region. In other words, this exercise serves to illuminate which communities and areas of our metropolitan region have received Regional Target Program funding for transportation construction projects. (Additional federal transportation dollars from earmarks and MassDOT discretionary items are excluded from this analysis.)

Methodology

MPO staff took the following steps to develop the dataset:

- Recorded information about TIP projects and the amount of funding programmed in each FFY.
- For each FFY, calculated the amount of programmed funds associated with each municipality. Funding from FFYs 2008 to 2017 is displayed in a single column, while funding information in the current five-year TIP cycle is displayed for each FFY.
- Recorded the total amount of programmed funds for each municipality for each FFY in the dataset.
- For projects that spanned multiple municipalities, divided programmed funds equally by the number of municipalities located within the project area.

- As project cost estimates changed, only cost increases that were accommodated with Regional Target Program funding were included in the updated data.
- For projects that are partially funded by Regional Target Program funding and partially funded through other sources, only the Regional Target Program funding amount is included in the updated data.

NEXT STEPS

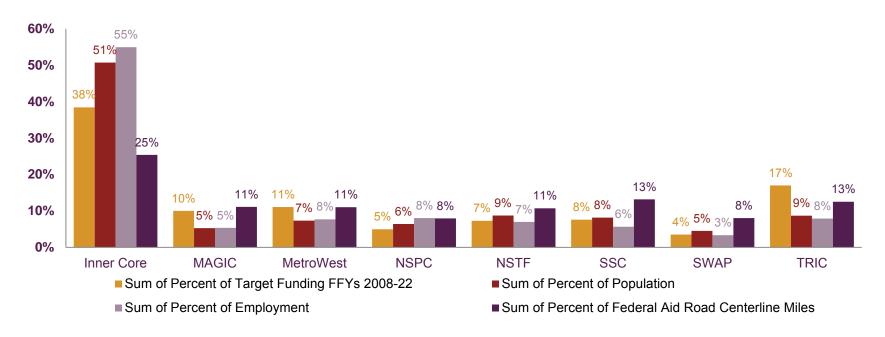
The data summarized in this appendix could be used in various ways to help guide spending decisions in future TIPs. Some analyses that the MPO could perform in the future include the following:

- Add to this analysis TIP projects that are funded through statewide funding programs (e.g., Statewide CMAQ).
- Examine the geographic distribution of TIP funding per Massachusetts Area Planning Council (MAPC) subregion or MAPC community type.
- Examine TIP funding by community and compare that data to the number of road miles, the Chapter 90 apportionment, and the distribution of needs—as identified in the Needs Assessment of the Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), *Charting Progress to 2040*—for each community.

Maintaining a database to track the geographic distribution of TIP funding can serve as one important input into the funding decisions made each FFY. When considered in combination with other data, as described above, this data on geographic distribution of Regional Target Program funding can help guide the MPO's public outreach and decision making to help ensure that, over time, we are meeting the transportation needs of the region.

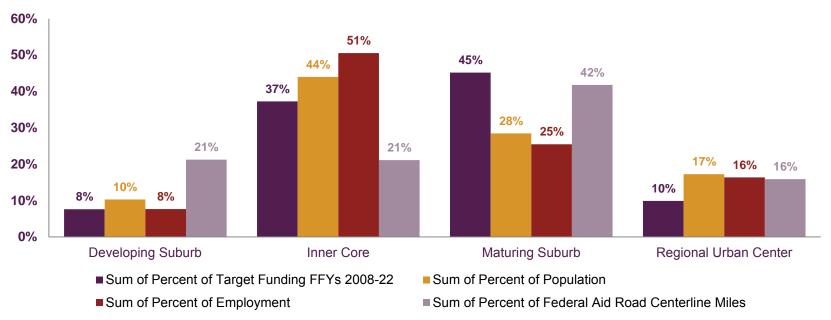
Figures F-1 and F-2 summarize this data by subregion and municipality type and Table F-1 shows the detailed data for each municipality in the Boston region.





MAGIC = Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination, NSPC = North Shore Planning Council, NSTF = North Shore Task Force, SSC = South Shore Coalition, SWAP = South West Advisory Planning Committee, TRIC = Three Rivers Interlocal Council

FIGURE F-2: TIP TARGET FUNDING BY MUNICIPALITY TYPE, FFYS 2008-22



MAGIC = Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination, NSPC = North Shore Planning Council, NSTF = North Shore Task Force, SSC = South Shore Coalition, SWAP = South West Advisory Planning Committee, TRIC = Three Rivers Interlocal Council

TABLE F-1:
TIP TARGET PROGRAMMING BY MUNICIPALITY (FFYS 2008-22)

Municipality	Subregion	Community Type	Percent of Population	Percent of Employment	Total Federal Aid Road Centerline Miles (2016)	FFYs 2008- 2017 TIP	FFY 2018 TIP	FFY 2019 TIP	FFY 2020 TIP	FFY 2021 TIP	FFY 2022 TIP	FFYs 2018- 2022 TIP	FFYs 2008- 2022 TIP
Acton	MAGIC	Maturing Suburb	0.7%	0.5%	43	\$275,507					\$8,671,000	\$8,671,000	\$8,671,000
Arlington	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.4%	0.4%	30	\$5,125,719						\$0	\$0
Ashland	MetroWest	Maturing Suburb	0.5%	0.3%	22	\$0			\$14,636,338			\$14,636,338	\$14,636,338
Bedford	MAGIC	Maturing Suburb	0.4%	1.1%	28	\$20,655,636					\$7,862,878	\$7,862,878	\$7,862,878
Bellingham	SWAP	Developing Suburb	0.5%	0.3%	35	\$0						\$0	\$0
Belmont	Inner Core	Inner Core	0.8%	0.4%	23	\$17,229,071						\$0	\$0
Beverly	NSTF	Regional Urban Center	1.2%	1.2%	48	\$21,982,712				\$3,360,000		\$3,360,000	\$3,360,000
Bolton	MAGIC	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	21	\$0						\$0	\$0
Boston	Inner Core	Inner Core	19.5%	30.7%	180	\$29,525,377		\$7,348,506	\$15,214,319	\$27,180,747	\$42,445,768	\$92,189,340	\$92,189,340
Boxborough	MAGIC	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.2%	12	\$0						\$0	\$0
Braintree	SSC	Maturing Suburb	1.1%	1.5%	47	\$0						\$0	\$0
Brookline	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.9%	0.8%	47	\$213,702	\$6,000,834					\$6,000,834	\$6,000,834
Burlington	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	2.2%	41	\$20,655,636						\$0	\$0
Cambridge	Inner Core	Inner Core	3.3%	5.9%	60	\$4,766,654	\$15,500,000	\$13,500,000	\$11,766,667	\$9,900,000		\$50,666,667	\$50,666,667
Canton	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.7%	1.2%	35	\$10,688,605						\$0	\$0
Carlisle	MAGIC	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.0%	16	\$0						\$0	\$0
Chelsea	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.1%	0.8%	23	\$0					\$9,028,628	\$9,028,628	\$9,028,628
Cohasset	SSC	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	23	\$0						\$0	\$0
Concord	MAGIC	Maturing Suburb	0.6%	0.7%	41	\$26,093,441						\$0	\$0
Danvers	NSTF	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	1.4%	47	\$32,716,174						\$0	\$0
Dedham	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	0.9%	36	\$21,129,280						\$0	\$0
Dover	SWAP	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.0%	22	\$0						\$0	\$0
Duxbury	SSC	Maturing Suburb	0.5%	0.2%	42	\$247,076						\$0	\$0

					Total Federal Aid Road Centerline								
Municipality	Subregion	Community Type	Percent of Population	Percent of Employment	Miles (2016)	FFYs 2008- 2017 TIP	FFY 2018 TIP	FFY 2019 TIP	FFY 2020 TIP	FFY 2021 TIP	FFY 2022 TIP	FFYs 2018- 2022 TIP	FFYs 2008- 2022 TIP
Essex	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.1%	0.1%	9	\$6,166,644						\$0	\$0
Everett	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.3%	0.7%	23	\$2,421,270		\$16,599,002				\$16,599,002	\$16,599,002
Foxborough	TRIC	Developing Suburb	0.5%	0.7%	39	\$2,711,153						\$0	\$0
Framingham	MetroWest	Regional Urban Center	2.2%	2.5%	88	\$550,814				\$10,304,881		\$10,304,881	\$10,304,881
Franklin	SWAP	Developing Suburb	1.0%	0.8%	40	\$4,991,116						\$0	\$0
Gloucester	NSTF	Regional Urban Center	0.9%	0.6%	40	\$0						\$0	\$0
Hamilton	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	16	\$0						\$0	\$0
Hanover	ssc	Developing Suburb	0.4%	0.4%	37	\$1,993,926						\$0	\$0
Hingham	SSC	Maturing Suburb	0.7%	0.7%	50	\$4,927,769	\$2,844,392					\$2,844,392	\$2,844,392
Holbrook	ssc	Maturing Suburb	0.3%	0.1%	15	\$0				\$1,363,630		\$1,363,630	\$1,363,630
Holliston	MetroWest	Developing Suburb	0.4%	0.3%	23	\$0						\$0	\$0
Hopkinton	SWAP	Developing Suburb	0.5%	0.5%	29	\$0		\$8,174,400				\$8,174,400	\$8,174,400
Hudson	MAGIC	Developing Suburb	0.6%	0.5%	31	\$11,114,480						\$0	\$0
Hull	ssc	Maturing Suburb	0.3%	0.1%	16	\$1,885,976				\$6,693,980		\$6,693,980	\$6,693,980
Ipswich	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.4%	0.3%	30	\$3,250,305						\$0	\$0
Lexington	MAGIC	Maturing Suburb	1.0%	1.1%	60	\$7,438,080						\$0	\$0
Lincoln	MAGIC	Maturing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	24	\$22,492,311						\$0	\$0
Littleton	MAGIC	Developing Suburb	0.3%	0.3%	35	\$4,200,000						\$0	\$0
Lynn	Inner Core	Regional Urban Center	2.9%	1.3%	50	\$5,531,280			\$4,755,714			\$4,755,714	\$4,755,714
Lynnfield	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.4%	0.3%	21	\$0						\$0	\$0
Malden	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.9%	0.8%	41	\$0						\$0	\$0
Manchester	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	14	\$0						\$0	\$0
Marblehead	NSTF	Maturing Suburb	0.6%	0.3%	21	\$0					\$959,378	\$959,378	\$959,378
Marlborough	MetroWest	Regional Urban Center	1.2%	1.6%	72	\$5,613,636						\$0	\$0
Marshfield	SSC	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	0.3%	43	\$5,929,736						\$0	\$0

		Community	Percent of	Percent of	Total Federal Aid Road Centerline Miles	FFYs 2008-	FFY 2018	FFY 2019	FFY 2020	FFY 2021	FFY 2022	FFYs 2018-	FFYs 2008-
Municipality Maynard	Subregion MAGIC	Type Maturing	Population 0.3%	Employment 0.2%	(2016) 13	2017 TIP \$0	TIP	TIP	TIP	TIP	TIP	2022 TIP \$0	2022 TIP \$0
Medfield	TRIC	Suburb Maturing	0.4%	0.2%	20	\$0						\$0	\$0
Medford	Inner Core	Suburb Inner Core	1.8%	1.0%	46	\$0	\$15,500,000	\$13,500,000	\$11,766,667	\$9,900,000		\$50,666,667	\$50,666,667
Medway	SWAP	Developing	0.4%	0.2%	24	\$12,062,567	Ψ13,300,000	ψ10,000,000	ψ11,700,007	ψ3,300,000		\$0	\$0
		Suburb											
Melrose	Inner Core	Inner Core Developing	0.9%	0.3%	19	\$4,405,030						\$0	\$0
Middleton	NSTF	Suburb Regional Urban	0.3%	0.3%	22	\$0		.				\$0	\$0
Milford	SWAP	Center Developing	0.9%	0.8%	41	\$7,600,000		\$2,727,881				\$2,727,881	\$2,727,881
Millis	SWAP	Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	19	\$0						\$0	\$0
Milton	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.9%	0.3%	43	\$0						\$0	\$0
Nahant	Inner Core	Maturing Suburb	0.1%	0.0%	7	\$0						\$0	\$0
Natick	MetroWest	Maturing Suburb	1.0%	1.3%	43	\$4,450,987		\$12,688,000				\$12,688,000	\$12,688,000
Needham	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.9%	1.0%	44	\$86,380,380	\$994,184	\$5,358,600	\$5,358,600			\$11,711,384	\$11,711,384
Newton	Inner Core	Inner Core	2.7%	2.9%	91	\$10,988,203		\$5,358,600	\$5,358,600			\$10,717,200	\$10,717,200
Norfolk	SWAP	Developing Suburb	0.4%	0.2%	23	\$2,711,153						\$0	\$0
North Reading	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.5%	0.4%	24	\$0						\$0	\$0
Norwell	SSC	Developing Suburb	0.3%	0.4%	32	\$0						\$0	\$0
Norwood	TRIC	Regional Urban Center	0.9%	1.3%	37	\$0				\$3,668,437	\$9,377,782	\$13,046,219	\$13,046,219
Peabody	NSTF	Regional Urban Center	1.6%	1.3%	44	\$0						\$0	\$0
Pembroke	SSC	Maturing Suburb	0.6%	0.3%	40	\$0						\$0	\$0
Quincy	Inner Core	Regional Urban Center	2.9%	2.6%	68	\$3,575,278						\$0	\$0
Randolph	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	1.0%	0.5%	31	\$10,529,796						\$0	\$0
Reading	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	0.4%	26	\$8,072,234			_			\$0	\$0
Revere	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.6%	0.5%	38	\$0						\$0	\$0
Rockland	SSC	Developing Suburb	0.6%	0.4%	25	\$7,500,000						\$0	\$0
Rockport	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	10	\$0						\$0	\$0

		Community	Percent of	Percent of	Total Federal Aid Road Centerline Miles	FFYs 2008-	FFY 2018	FFY 2019	FFY 2020	FFY 2021	FFY 2022	FFYs 2018-	FFYs 2008-
Municipality	Subregion	Туре	Population	Employment	(2016)	2017 TIP	TIP	TIP	TIP	TIP	TIP	2022 TIP	2022 TIP
Salem	NSTF	Regional Urban Center	1.3%	1.1%	30	\$10,126,263	\$2,787,456					\$2,787,456	\$2,787,456
Saugus	Inner Core	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	0.6%	27	\$0						\$0	\$0
Scituate	SSC	Maturing Suburb	0.6%	0.2%	42	\$0						\$0	\$0
Sharon	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.6%	0.2%	38	\$0						\$0	\$0
Sherborn	SWAP	Developing Suburb	0.1%	0.0%	19	\$0						\$0	\$0
Somerville	Inner Core	Inner Core	2.4%	1.2%	40	\$53,320,945	\$15,500,000	\$13,500,000	\$11,766,667	\$9,900,000		\$50,666,667	\$50,666,667
Southborough	MetroWest	Maturing Suburb	0.3%	0.4%	40	\$71,521	\$7,271,690					\$7,271,690	\$7,271,690
Stoneham	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.7%	0.4%	26	\$1,809,703						\$0	\$0
Stoughton	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.9%	0.7%	43	\$0						\$0	\$0
Stow	MAGIC	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	26	\$0						\$0	\$0
Sudbury	MAGIC	Maturing Suburb	0.6%	0.5%	45	\$0					\$8,004,000	\$8,004,000	\$8,004,000
Swampscott	NSTF	Maturing Suburb	0.4%	0.2%	13	\$0						\$0	\$0
Topsfield	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	22	\$3,936,780						\$0	\$0
Wakefield	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.8%	0.8%	30	\$2,254,636						\$0	\$0
Walpole	TRIC	Developing Suburb	0.8%	0.6%	51	\$0			\$17,390,216			\$17,390,216	\$17,390,216
Waltham	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.9%	3.0%	55	\$0						\$0	\$0
Watertown	Inner Core	Inner Core	1.0%	1.1%	22	\$5,387,812					\$14,190,425	\$14,190,425	\$14,190,425
Wayland	MetroWest	Maturing Suburb	0.4%	0.2%	28	\$0						\$0	\$0
Wellesley	MetroWest	Maturing Suburb	0.9%	0.9%	32	\$72,271,630	\$994,184					\$994,184	\$994,184
Wenham	NSTF	Developing Suburb	0.2%	0.1%	17	\$0						\$0	\$0
Weston	MetroWest	Maturing Suburb	0.4%	0.2%	45	\$0						\$0	\$0
Westwood	TRIC	Maturing Suburb	0.5%	0.5%	28	\$24,638,546						\$0	\$0
Weymouth	SSC	Maturing Suburb	1.7%	1.0%	57	\$27,733,300	\$27,631,758					\$27,631,758	\$27,631,758
Wilmington	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.7%	1.0%	42	\$0						\$0	\$0
Winchester	NSPC	Maturing Suburb	0.7%	0.5%	26	\$1,809,703						\$0	\$0

Municipality	Subregion	Community Type	Percent of Population	Percent of Employment	Total Federal Aid Road Centerline Miles (2016)	FFYs 2008- 2017 TIP	FFY 2018 TIP	FFY 2019 TIP	FFY 2020 TIP	FFY 2021 TIP	FFY 2022 TIP	FFYs 2018- 2022 TIP	FFYs 2008- 2022 TIP
Winthrop	Inner Core	Inner Core	0.6%	0.1%	14	\$0						\$0	\$0
Woburn	NSPC	Regional Urban Center	1.2%	2.2%	48	\$6,562,541				\$17,026,434		\$17,026,434	\$17,026,434
Wrentham	SWAP	Developing Suburb	0.3%	0.3%	34	\$2,711,153						\$0	\$0

MAGIC = Minuteman Advisory Group on Interlocal Coordination, NSPC = North Shore Planning Council, NSTF = North Shore Task Force, SSC = South Shore Coalition, SWAP = South West Advisory Planning Committee, TRIC = Three Rivers Interlocal Council

